

THE CITY OF KYLE, TEXAS ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT



FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

THE CITY OF KYLE, TEXAS

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT



City Manager Bryan Langley

Director of Finance Perwez A. Moheet, CPA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

Prepared by Financial Services Department



Elected Officials

Mayor Travis Mitchell

Mayor Pro Tem Robert Rizo

Council Member, District 1 Bear Heiser

Council Member, District 3 Miguel Zuniga

Council Member, District 4 Lauralee Harris

Council Member, District 5 Daniela Parsley

Council Member, District 6 Michael Tobias

CITY OF KYLE, TEXAS ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION



100 W. Center Street ● Kyle, Texas 78640 ● Tel (512) 262-1010 ● Fax (512) 262-3800

March 15, 2024

Mayor, Mayor Pro Tem, and Council Members City of Kyle, Texas

We are pleased to submit to you the City of Kyle's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023. This annual financial report provides detailed information regarding the City's financial condition and activities to City Council, Boards and Commissions, taxpayers and residents of Kyle, City management, regulatory and grantor agencies, City's bondholders, and other interested entities.

City management is responsible for both the accuracy of the financial information presented and the completeness and fairness of the presentations including all disclosures. We believe the financial information, as presented, is accurate in all material respects and is presented in a manner which fairly sets forth the financial position and results of operations of the City of Kyle. These financial statements have been prepared by the Financial Services Department in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for local governments.

The City's financial statements and accompanying notes to the financial statements included in the City's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report have been audited by the independent audit firm, ABIP, PC, Certified Public Accountants. Accordingly, this audit fully complies with Article VIII, Section 8.13 of the City Charter which requires an annual audit of all accounts of the City by an independent Certified Public Accountant.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section immediately follows the independent auditor's report. The MD&A section provides an introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the audited financial statements. This letter of transmittal is also intended to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it.

REPORTING ENTITY

The City's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report provides financial information on all funds of the City of Kyle. The City provides a full range of municipal services including general government, public safety, emergency management, permits and inspections, planning and zoning, code enforcement, public recreation and culture, economic development, solid waste collection and recycling, street maintenance and construction, stormwater and drainage management, and water and wastewater utility services.

KYLE'S GOVERNMENT, ECONOMY, AND OUTLOOK

General Information

The City of Kyle is a political subdivision and municipal corporation of the State of Texas, duly organized and existing under the laws of the State of Texas including the City's Home Rule Charter, initially adopted by the voters in the year 2000.

The City operates as a Home Rule City under a Council-Manager form of government with a City Council comprised of the Mayor and six Council Members. The City Council appoints the City Manager who is the chief executive officer responsible for executing the City Council's policies and for providing the day-to-day management oversight for all municipal services.

Kyle is a thriving community strategically located eight miles north of San Marcos, 20 miles south of Austin and 60 miles north of San Antonio with easy access to major highways and roadways including Interstate Highway 35. Kyle is the second largest city in Hays County and enjoys a south-central location convenient to most major population and employment centers in Texas. The City covers approximately thirty three (33) square miles and had an estimated population of 58,450 as of January 2024.

Local Economy

The City of Kyle residents enjoy a vibrant local economy and an excellent quality of life. Among the many factors attributing to the vibrancy of Kyle include a high per capita household income, low unemployment rate, educated workforce, employment growth, and the continued addition of new businesses in the consumer retail, medical, and light manufacturing sectors.

Among the major indicators of a stable yet expanding local economy include growth in population, building permits, taxable valuations, property tax collection rate, and the trend for sales tax collections. We are pleased to report that the taxable property valuations increased by 20.6% as compared to the prior tax year, property tax collection rate has continued to surpass the 99.0% level, and sales tax collections increased by 11.7% as compared to the prior year. In addition, the total population in the City of Kyle has increased to an estimated 58,450 residents.

Long-term Planning

Following an extensive public involvement process, the City has completed updating the Comprehensive Plan. This Plan provides a clear understanding of the community's goals and visions and provides guidance for future development and growth related decisions. Kyle has been experiencing rapid growth which in turn applies significant impact on all aspects of managing the City operations, including financial, tax structure, transportation systems, provision of utilities, and access to goods and services.

To ensure adequate provision of basic services while fostering a high quality of life and preserving Kyle's unique community, it is necessary for the City to be proactive in planning for the future. The Comprehensive Plan for the City of Kyle provides guidance for service provisions, protecting cultural and natural features representative of Kyle's history and character, directing growth in key locations, and ensuring a high quality of life for its residents.

Major Initiatives

The City Council adopted several policy-based priorities to develop and sustain the City of Kyle as a vibrant, healthy, family-friendly, and safe community. These policy-based priorities include but are not limited to the following:

- Economic Development Initiatives & Programs
- Brick & Mortar District Development Program
- Downtown Revitalization Program
- City-wide Beautification Program
- Parks & Trail System Improvements
- Sidewalk Widening Program
- Roadway Reconstruction Program
- Storm Drainage Improvement & Flood Risk Mitigation Initiatives
- Water and Wastewater Infrastructure Improvements
- Long-Term Water Supply & Capacity Planning
- Wastewater Treatment Capacity Expansion

Several major programs were initiated and completed in the City of Kyle during fiscal year 2023. These program initiatives include the following:

- Major economic development agreements executed for retail, medical and healthcare, and other light manufacturing sector employers which will result in the creation of new jobs in the City.
- Phase I completed for the City's wastewater treatment plant expansion project.
- Completion of major water and wastewater transmission and collection lines.
- Construction was completed for the City's new Public Safety Center, a \$37.0 million voter-authorized capital improvement project.
- Completion of major improvements including hike and bike trails throughout the City's parks system.
- Implementation of technology enhancements throughout the City's operations and service delivery systems.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Budgetary Information

The City's adopted budget for fiscal year 2024 totaled \$251.4 million and included \$55.8 million for the General Fund to provide public safety, code enforcement, parks, street maintenance, library, and other municipal services to the residents of Kyle.

The budget development and adoption process were based on the City's commitment and dedication to complete transparency and inclusiveness in its local government. The City included an extensive public participation process including budget work-sessions, public hearings, and public meetings throughout the budget development, deliberation, and adoption process.

The City's budget for fiscal year 2024 was adopted with a 7.65% reduction in the property tax rate to \$0.4693 per \$100 of assessed taxable valuation. The adopted budget provided funding for the addition of thirty-five (35.0) net full-time positions for police, public works, and parks operations including an aggressive capital improvements program and acquisition of heavy equipment and machinery.

The approved budget for fiscal year 2024 included no changes in the water and wastewater service rates, no changes in the City's storm drainage fee, or changes to the other major fees and charges for city services. However, a 2.5% rate increase was included for solid waste collection services based on the contract terms agreed to by the City with Texas Disposal Systems.

Bond Rating

The City's bond rating of AA- was reaffirmed by Standard and Poor's rating agency based on the City's strong liquidity and financial position, stable economic growth outlook in Kyle, and the City's strong financial management team and financial management practices.

Financial Policies

The City has adopted a comprehensive set of financial policies to ensure that the City's financial resources are prudently managed and safeguarded against misuse or loss. The City has established and maintains its goal for a balanced budget to achieve long-term financial stability and viability for the taxpayers and residents of Kyle.

Internal Controls

City management is responsible for establishing, implementing, and maintaining a framework of internal controls designed to ensure that assets of the City are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting information is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP. The system of internal control is designed to provide reasonable assurance, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of controls should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived, and the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

Budgetary Controls

As required under the City Charter, the annual operating budget is proposed by the City Manager and approved by the City Council after holding public discussions and hearings. Primary responsibility for budget variance analysis of actual expenses or revenue and overall programs rests with the City departments who are responsible for their department operations and delivery of program services. As evidenced in the financial statements, notes to the financial statements, and schedules/tables included in the City's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, the City of Kyle continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management, transparency, and accountability.

Budgetary compliance is a significant tool for managing and controlling governmental activities, as well as ensuring conformance with the City's budgetary limits and specifications. The objective of budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City Council. Levels of budgetary control, that is the levels at which expenditure cannot legally exceed appropriations, are established at the department level within individual Funds.

The City utilizes an encumbrance system of accounting as one mechanism to accomplish effective budgetary control. Encumbered amounts lapse at year end and a few items are re-appropriated as part of the following year's budget. Another budgetary control is the monthly revenue and expenditure report summarizing by department budget and actual budget variances that are generated by the Financial Services Department and provided to each City department for their review, monitoring, and assessment of their line-item budget expenditures.

On a quarterly basis, the Financial Services Department prepares and posts financial performance reports accessible to City Council, taxpayers, residents, City staff, regulatory and grantor agencies, City's bondholders, and all other interested entities regarding the status of revenue, expenditures, and fund balance in each of the City's accounting Funds.

Risk Management

The City is a member of the Texas Municipal League's (TML) Intergovernmental Risk Pool. The Pool was established for providing coverage to member cities against risks, which are inherent in operating a municipal government. The City pays annual premiums to TML Intergovernmental Risk Pool for liability, property, and worker's compensation insurance coverage. An independent insurance brokerage firm underwrites surety bonds for selected city officials and staff.

Transparency in Financial Reporting

The City is fully committed to actively pursuing transparency in its policymaking, administration, budgeting, management oversight, and financial reporting. The City's Financial Services Department has streamlined its website to facilitate user-friendly access to the City's financial documents including operating and capital budgets, financial performance reports, annual comprehensive financial reports, capital improvements plan, financial policies, official statements, and other financial reports and documents.

OTHER INFORMATION

Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada awards a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to a governmental unit that publishes an Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which meets and or exceeds the reporting criteria and standards as required under the GFOA program.

As in prior fiscal years, the City of Kyle was awarded the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting by the GFOA for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report issued for fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

The City of Kyle was also the recipient of the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award presented by the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA). This award is the highest form of recognition in governmental budgeting and represents a significant achievement by an organization.

Acknowledgments

The compilation and issuance of the City's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report was made possible with the dedication and contributions of the accounting and financial reporting team members in the City's Financial Services Department.

We also want to acknowledge the professional and comprehensive approach that the City's independent auditor, ABIP, PC, certified public accountants adhered to for the successful completion of the audit.

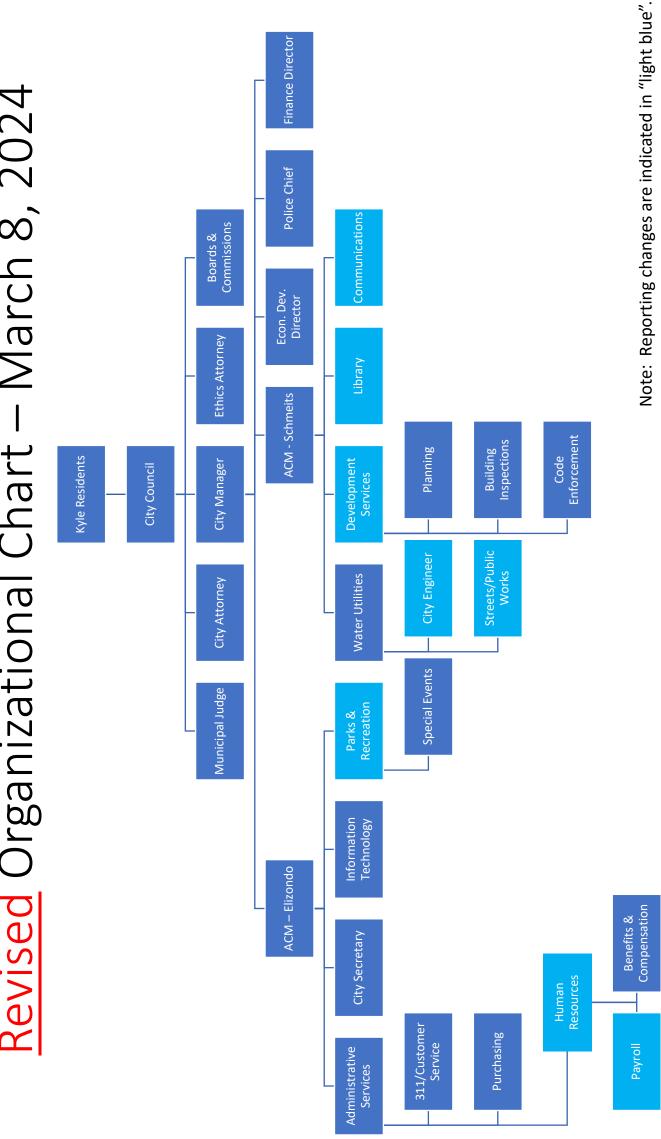
In closing, we want to express our appreciation and gratitude for the City Council's guidance, policy directives, and continued support in all aspects of the City's financial management and reporting responsibilities.

Respectfully submitted,

Bryan Langley City Manager Perwez A. Moheet, CPA Director of Finance

Benery Mount

Revised Organizational Chart – March 8, 2024





Elected Officials and Executive Management Team

City Council

Travis Mitchell	. Mayor
Bear Heiser	District 1
Robert Rizo	Mayor Pro-Tem, District 2
Miguel Zuniga, Ph.D	.District 3
Dr. Lauralee Harris	District 4
Daniela Parsley	.District 5
Michael Tobias	District 6

Executive Management Team

Bryan Langley	. City Manager
Amber Schmeits	. Assistant City Manager
Jesse Elizondo	. Assistant City Manager
Melissa McCollum	. Chief Development Officer
Rosie Truelove	. Director of Administrative Services
Jennifer Kirkland	.City Secretary
Leon Barba, P.E	.City Engineer
Rachel Sonnier	. Director of Communications
Victoria Vargas	. Director of Economic Development
Perwez A. Moheet, CPA	. Director of Financial Services
Marco Forti	Director of Information Technology
Kelly Stilwell	Building Official
Vacant	. Director of Parks and Recreation
Jeff Barnett	. Chief of Police
Vacant	. Director of Library Services
Michael Murphy	Director of Water Utilities
Will Atkinson	. Director of Planning



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Kyle Texas

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2022

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



FINANCIAL SECTION







INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Kyle, Texas

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Kyle, Texas (the City), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Kyle, Texas as of September 30, 2023 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual comprehensive financial report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

San Antonio, Texas April 2, 2024

ABIP, PC

The City management is pleased to present the City of Kyle's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis section of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report presents a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Kyle for the year ended September 30, 2023. The analysis is intended to assist readers in focusing on key financial issues and changes in the City's financial position and in identifying any significant variances from the approved budget.

We encourage our readers to consider the information presented in this section of the annual report in conjunction with additional information that we have provided in our letter of transmittal and the financial statements furnished in this report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City's total assets and deferred outflows exceeded total liabilities and deferred inflows at the end of fiscal year 2023 resulting in a net position of \$530.4 million as of September 30, 2023. Of the total \$530.4 million net position, \$87.3 million remained unrestricted and is available to meet any future obligations of the City.
- Net position for all governmental activities totaled \$230.7 million and \$299.6 million for businesstype activities at September 30, 2023.
- \$47.2 million or 51.6% increase in the combined fund balance totaling \$138.6 million for all governmental funds at September 30, 2023, as compared to the prior fiscal year.
- \$1.3 million or 3.9% increase in the ending balance of the City's General Fund totaling \$34.4 million at September 30, 2023, as compared to the prior fiscal year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Kyle's basic financial statements, consisting of three components:

- Government-wide financial statements,
- Fund financial statements, and
- Notes to the financial statements.

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements, including information on individual funds.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner comparable to a private-sector business. The two government-wide statements are as follows:

• The **Statement of Net Position** presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows and deferred inflows, liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Kyle is improving or deteriorating.

• The **Statement of Activities** presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenue and expenses are reported in this statement including items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods, such as revenue for uncollected taxes and expenditures for earned but unused vacation leave. This statement includes the annual depreciation for infrastructure and governmental assets.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, planning, economic development, street maintenance, code enforcement, recreation and culture, and solid waste and recycling services. The business-type activities of the City include services provided by the water and wastewater utility system.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements are intended to report financial information in groupings of related accounts used to account for and manage resources that have been designated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Kyle, like other local governments, utilizes a fund accounting system to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into the following three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds - are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds. These funds focus on current sources and uses of resources and on the balances of available resources at the end of the fiscal year. This information may be useful in evaluating what financial resources are available in the near term to finance the City's future obligations.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City's General Fund is reported as a major fund and information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. In addition, the City maintains several governmental funds organized according to their type (special revenue, debt service, and capital projects). Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for each major fund which is first shown on the Balance Sheet for Governmental Funds.

A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with the annual budget appropriations and is presented as required supplementary information. Individual fund data for each of the non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements.

Proprietary Funds – are generally used to account for services for which the City charges customers. Proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information shown in government-wide financial statements, only in more detail.

The City maintains one type of proprietary fund, an Enterprise Fund. This fund is used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses one enterprise fund to account for its water operations, wastewater utility operations, and storm drainage.

Fiduciary Funds – are used to account for resources held in a trust or agency capacity. These funds cannot be used to support governmental activities. The City uses an Other Post Employment Benefit Trust Fund to account for and report resources that are required to be held and committed to a trust for members of the city-paid retiree health insurance benefit plan.

Basis of Reporting – The government-wide statements and fund-level proprietary statements are reported using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to fully understanding the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information

The Required Supplementary Information (RSI) section immediately follows the basic financial statements and accompanying notes to the financial statements section of this annual report. The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for the General Fund. The RSI section provides a comparison of revenues, expenditures, and other financing sources and uses of budgetary resources and demonstrates budgetary compliance for the General Fund and this section also provides a schedule of funding process for the retirement plan.

In addition, following the RSI section are other statements and schedules, including the combining statements for non-major governmental funds.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the government's financial position. For the fiscal year ending September 30, 2023, the City's total assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$530.4 million.

Below are summary highlights of the City's Net Position as of the end of fiscal year 2023 at September 30, 2023:

- Governmental Activities:
 - ❖ Current and Other Assets increased by \$56.6 million or 50.8% primarily from the net results of operations.

- ❖ Capital Assets increased by a net \$37.1 million or 18.4% at the fiscal year-end. Capital outlay totals \$32.0 million net of depreciation of \$7.6 million.
- Liabilities increased by a net \$59.1 million or 48.3% as a result of debt service payments.

• Business-type Activities:

- ❖ Current and Other Assets increased by \$5.5 million or 6.5% primarily from the net results of operations.
- ❖ Capital Assets increased by a net \$54.1 million or 28.1%, primarily from wastewater projects.
- ❖ Total liabilities decreased by a net \$0.02 million or 0.1% primarily from an increase in accounts payable, and an increase in the Net Pension Liability.

The following table reflects a condensed summary of Statement of Net Position compared to prior year:

City of Kyle, Texas Net Position Information For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023 (With Comparative Totals for September 30, 2022)						
		rnment vities		ss-type vities	То	tals
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Current & other assets Capital assets	\$ 168,081,743 239,123,087	\$ 111,449,562 201,979,269	\$ 89,578,684 246,714,505	\$ 84,111,769 192,613,470	\$ 257,660,427 485,837,592	\$ 195,561,331 394,592,739
Total assets	\$ 407,204,830	\$ 313,428,831	\$ 336,293,189	\$ 276,725,239	\$ 743,498,019	\$ 590,154,070
Total Deferred Outflow of Resources						
Charge for Refunding	\$ 1,066,607	\$ 1,218,980	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,066,607	\$ 1,218,980
Pension Plan	4,055,065	1,739,276	1,351,694	579,762	5,406,759	2,319,038
OPEB Plan	403,148	195,003	134,384	65,006	537,532	260,009
Total Deferred	\$ 5,524,820	\$ 3,153,259	\$ 1,486,078	\$ 644,768	\$ 7,010,898	\$ 3,798,027
Liabilities Non-current liabilities Total liabilities	\$ 37,986,280 143,523,558 \$ 181,509,838	\$ 30,763,732 91,617,786 \$ 122,381,518	\$ 3,473,846 34,503,837 \$ 37,977,683	\$ 4,508,903 33,491,194 \$ 38,000,097	\$ 41,460,126 178,027,395 \$ 219,487,521	\$ 35,272,635 125,108,980 \$ 160,381,615
Total habilities	ψ 101,505,050	ψ 122,301,310	\$ 31,711,003	\$ 30,000,077	\$217,407,321	ψ 100,501,015
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources						
Pension Plan	\$ 67,906	\$ 1,445,471	\$ 22,636	\$ 481,826	\$ 90,542	\$ 1,927,297
OPEB Plan	435,511	390,581	145,170	130,195	580,681	520,776
Total Deferred	\$ 503,417	\$ 1,836,052	\$ 167,806	\$ 612,021	\$ 671,223	\$ 2,448,073
Net investment	¢ 1/2 200 /00	¢ 127 490 004	¢ 21.4.125.421	¢ 150 051 221	¢ 277 515 101	¢ 207 221 225
in capital assets Restricted	\$ 163,389,680	\$ 127,480,004	\$ 214,125,421	\$ 159,851,331	\$ 377,515,101	\$ 287,331,335
Unrestricted	13,992,055	6,876,878	51,497,685	50,645,129	65,489,740	57,522,007
Total of Net Position	53,334,661 \$ 230,716,396	\$192,364,520	34,010,672 \$ 299,633,778	\$238,757,888	\$7,345,333 \$530,350,174	\$6,269,066 \$431,122,408

The largest portion of the City's \$530.4 million net position includes \$377.5 million or 71.2% is its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment); less depreciation and any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of depreciation and related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Another major portion of the City's \$530.4 million net position is its restricted resources totaling \$65.5 million or 12.3% to be used for capital improvements. The City's \$530.4 million net position also includes resources restricted for special purposes such as for the municipal court and law enforcement in the amount of \$0.19 million or 0.04% and \$0.6 million or 0.1% for debt service. The remaining balance of the City's \$530.4 million net position comprised of unrestricted resources totaling \$87.3 million or 16.5% which may be used to meet future obligations of the City of Kyle.

Changes in Net Position

The following table provides a summary of activities that resulted in the changes to the City's Net Position compared to prior year.

This section intentionally left blank.

City of Kyle, Texas Changes in Net Position Information For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023 (With Comparative Totals for September 30, 2022)

	Government Activities				Totals	
			Activities		2022	
D	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Revenue						
Program Revenue Charges for services	\$ 11,576,274	\$ 20,059,521	\$ 32,745,845	\$ 30,286,608	\$ 44,322,119	\$ 50,346,129
Operating grants and	\$ 11,370,274	\$ 20,039,321	\$ 32,745,845	\$ 30,280,008	\$ 44,322,119	\$ 50,540,129
contributions	645,024	154,636	1,560,000	2,000,000	2 205 024	2 154 626
Capital grants and	043,024	134,030	1,300,000	2,000,000	2,205,024	2,154,636
contributions	12 200 504		47 275 110	26 212 266	60 475 614	26 212 266
General Revenue	13,200,504	-	47,275,110	26,213,366	60,475,614	26,213,366
Property taxes	29,513,667	25,629,065			29,513,667	25,629,065
Sales tax	16,772,273	14,979,806	-	-	16,772,273	14,979,806
Franchise tax			-	-		* *
Other taxes	3,470,034	3,209,076 789,522	-	-	3,470,034	3,209,076
Contributions	742,833	789,322	-	-	742,833	789,522
not restricted	451 000	10 147 505			451 000	10 147 505
	451,998	10,147,595	129.764	-	451,998	10,147,595 950,162
Investment earnings Miscellaneous	9,997,707	950,162	128,764	0.226.250	10,126,471	*
	5,239,498	259,075	7,716,445	9,226,359	12,955,943	9,485,434
Total Revenue	\$ 91,609,812	\$ 76,178,458	\$ 89,426,164	\$ 67,726,333	\$ 181,035,976	\$ 143,904,791
Expense						
General government	\$ 16,377,665	\$ 13,422,799	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 16,377,665	\$ 13,422,799
Public safety	13,309,320	10,062,483	-	-	13,309,320	10,062,483
Public works	14,728,555	12,926,445	-	-	14,728,555	12,926,445
Culture/Recreation	5,678,181	3,587,831	-	-	5,678,181	3,587,831
Interest on long term debt	4,762,531	2,715,339	-	-	4,762,531	2,715,339
Issuance Costs	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other debt service	-	432,200	-	-	-	432,200
Water	-	-	16,055,517	13,697,635	16,055,517	13,697,635
Wastewater	-	-	8,761,443	7,379,689	8,761,443	7,379,689
Storm Drainage			2,134,999	1,503,519	2,134,999	1,503,519
Total Expenses	\$ 54,856,252	\$ 43,147,097	\$ 26,951,959	\$ 22,580,843	\$ 81,808,211	\$ 65,727,940
Change in net position						
before Transfers	\$ 36,753,560	\$ 33,031,361	\$ 62,474,205	\$ 45,145,490	\$ 99,227,765	\$ 78,176,851
Transfers (net)	1,598,314	874,002	(1,598,314)	(874,002)	Ψ 11,421,103	Ψ /0,1/0,051
Change in net position	38,351,875	33,905,363	60,875,890	44,271,488	99,227,765	78,176,851
Net position - beginning	192,364,521	158,459,158	238,757,888	194,486,404	431,122,409	352,945,562
Net position - beginning Net position - ending	\$ 230,716,396	\$ 192,364,521	\$ 299,633,778	\$ 238,757,888	\$ 530,350,174	\$431,122,413
1100 position - chaing	Ψ 230,710,390	ψ 172,30 1 ,321	Ψ 277,033,110	Ψ 230,737,000	ψ 230,330,174	Ψ Τ31,122,113

Governmental Activities – Government-wide Statements

Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$38.4 million. Key elements of this change in net position are explained below:

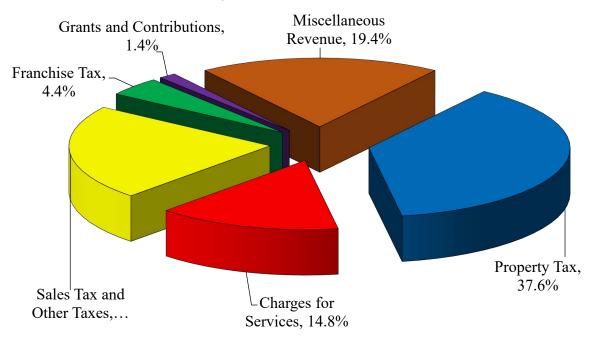
Program Revenue. Total program revenue, which are charges for services, operating grants/contributions and capital grants/contributions decreased by approximately \$8.0 million from the prior year due mainly to net decrease in charges for services of \$8.5 million and net increase in operating and capital grants/contributions of \$0.5 million.

General Revenue. Property taxes, sales tax, franchise fees, and other taxes increased by \$5.9 million or 13.2%. Property tax increased by \$3.9 million or 15.2%, sales tax increased by \$1.8 million or 12.0%, investment earnings increased by \$9.0 million or 952.2% and other taxes decreased by \$0.05 million or 5.9% from the prior fiscal year.

Expenses. Governmental expenses resulted in an overall increase of \$11.7 million or 27.1% compared to the prior year. Following are the main reasons for the increase in expenditures:

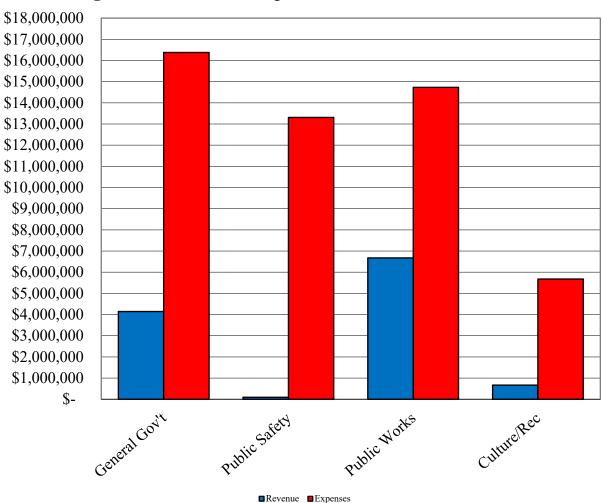
- General Government increased by \$3.0 million or 22.0%.
- Public Safety increased by \$3.2 million or 32.3%. This increase is due to the addition of new staff in Public Safety.
- Public Works increased by \$1.8 million or 13.9%. This increase is the result of increase in operating costs associated with sanitation and recycling services.
- Culture and Recreation increased by \$2.1 million or 58.3% and Bond Interest increased by \$2.0 million or 75.4%.
- Water, Wastewater, and Storm Drainage funds increased by \$2.4 million or 17.2%.
- The legal level of budgetary control is maintained at the function level.

Revenue by Source - Governmental Activities



- As shown in the above chart, the primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are from property taxes (\$29.5 million or 37.6%), charges for services (\$11.6 million or 14.8%), and sales and other tax (\$17.5 million or 22.3%).
- Charges for services include revenue sources such as fees for building inspections, plan review, recreational program fees, trash collection charges, etc.
- Revenue from property taxes increased by \$3.9 million or 15.2% between 2022 and 2023. This increase is due to the increase in the certified tax roll for taxable assessed valuations from \$4.27 billion in 2022 to \$5.95 billion in 2023. The property tax rate adopted effective October 2022 (fiscal year 2023) was \$0.5082 per \$100 of assessed valuation which is the same rate from the previous year.
- Sales and other taxes, which represented \$17.5 million or 19.1% of total revenue for governmental activities increased from the prior year.

Program Revenue and Expenses - Governmental Activities

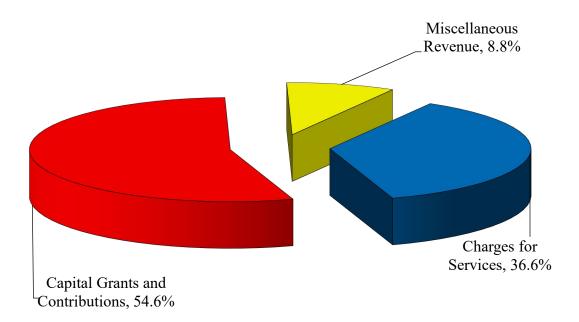


- Based on the chart above General Government is the largest expense function (\$16.4 million or 32.7%). This is followed by Public Works (\$14.7 million or 29.4%), Public Safety (\$13.3 million or 26.6%), and Culture/Recreation (\$5.7 million or 11.3%).
- Interest on Debt and Other Debt Fees do not have a source of program revenue so they are not included in the above chart. The balance of funding for all of the above activities comes from property, sales and other taxes, investment income and transfers from other funds.

Business-Type Activities – Government-wide Statements

Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$60.9 million in fiscal year 2023. This was the net result of \$89.4 million in revenue, \$27.0 million in expenses, and \$1.6 million in transfers out. The two charts below provide similar information as shown previously but only for business-type activities instead of governmental activities.

Revenue by Source - Business-Type Activities



\$40,000,000 \$35,000,000 \$25,000,000 \$15,000,000 \$5,000,000 \$ Water Wastewater Storm Drainage

Direct Program Revenue and Expenses - Business-Type Activities

Revenue. Charges for services revenue for business-type activities include City's Water, Wastewater and Storm Drainage Utility operations which increased from the prior year. Revenue from charges for services increased by \$2.5 million or 8.1% from the prior year due to the addition of new customers. Contributions for capital grants increased by \$21.1 million as compared to the previous year.

Expenses. Business-type expenses totaled \$27.0 million, an overall increase of \$4.4 million or 19.4% from the prior fiscal year.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUND LEVEL STATEMENTS

In comparison to the government-wide statements, the fund-level statements focus on the key funds of the City. The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The City reports the following types of governmental funds: the general fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds, and capital projects funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and available resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of government's net resources available at the end of the fiscal year.

As of September 30, 2023, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balance of \$138.6 million. Of this amount \$104.2 million is restricted or assigned and the remaining \$34.4 million is unassigned fund balance available for future obligations.

General Fund – The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City. On September 30, 2023, the unassigned fund balance totaled \$34.4 million. The unassigned General Fund Balance increased by \$1.3 million or 3.9% at September 30, 2023 as compared to the prior fiscal year primarily due a combination of increase in revenue and reduction in budgeted expenditures. The current year tax collection rate was 99.5% of the levy.

Overall, total General Fund revenue increased by \$3.6 million or 7.0% and actual expenditures increased by approximately \$8.4 million or 24.9% during fiscal year 2023 as compared to the prior fiscal year 2022. General government functions, which serves as a roll-up for non-specific activities, increased by \$2.9 million or 23.7% over the prior year. Public Safety increased by \$2.3 million or 23.2%, Culture/Recreation increased by \$1.7 million or 55.9% and Public Works increased by \$1.0 million or 13.5%. The increase was mainly due to increases to non-CIP capital outlay items.

Budget Variances. All expenditures for the City's General Fund functions and activities were within adopted budget appropriations for fiscal year 2023. The following two charts illustrate first, a breakdown of general governmental activity revenue by source and second, a comparison of program revenue and expenditures by function.

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for financial activity related to the City's general bonded indebtedness, as well as other long-term obligations. Revenues from property taxes used for Debt Service increased by \$3.9 million in 2023 to \$12.2. The related debt service increased to \$14.7 million, which is primarily attributable to outstanding debt in 2023.

The Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial activity related to the City indebtedness for Capital Projects, other City contributions, and the operating activities of those projects. During 2023, fund balance increased by \$41.5 million. The increase in the Capital Projects was mainly due to fund the following projects: (i) to plan, design, reconstruction, expand and upgrade of 9 specific roadways from the 2020 CO Bond Fund approved by voters in 2022.

Other Governmental Funds – In addition to the General Fund, Governmental Funds include Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Fund and Capital Projects Funds. As of September 30, 2023, the all Other Governmental Funds reported combined ending fund balance of \$21.9 million. Please refer to Exhibit C-3 on pages 26 and 27 and Exhibit H-2 on pages 89 through 92 of the financial statements for detailed information pending to changes in fund balances for Governmental Funds.

Proprietary Funds

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements but in more detail. The City accounts for its Water, Wastewater Utility, and Storm Drainage operations in an Enterprise Fund within the Proprietary Fund category for business-type activities.

Operating revenue for the water fund showed a \$1.2 million or 6.5% increase from the prior year, the operating revenue for the wastewater fund showed a \$1.2 million or 11.1% increase from the previous year. The storm drainage fund showed an increase of \$0.12 million or 6.8% increase from the previous year. Factors that contributed to the increase in net position are discussed in the business-type activities section of the government-wide statements.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT MANAGEMENT

Capital Assets

The City of Kyle's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of September 30, 2023, totaled \$484.4 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets include land, buildings and improvements, equipment, vehicles, infrastructure, and construction in progress. The total increase in the City of Kyle's investment in capital assets for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023 was \$91.1 million or 23.1% from the prior year.

The following table summarizes the City of Kyle's investment in capital assets:

City of Kyle, Texas Capital Assets Information September 30, 2023

(With Comparative Totals for September 30, 2022)

	Gover Activ		Business-type Activities		Totals	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Land	\$ 6,043,135	\$ 5,159,762	\$ 691,935	\$ 691,935	\$ 6,735,070	\$ 5,851,697
Buildings Improvements other than	18,853,586	18,622,136	3,139,171	3,139,171	21,992,757	21,761,307
buildings Machinery and againment	5,976,171	5,523,866	218,368,819	164,130,105	224,344,990	169,653,971
Machinery and equipment Infrastructure	9,170,106 221,890,327	8,854,528 181,463,264	4,511,012	4,380,021	13,681,118 221,890,327	13,234,549 181,463,264
Construction in Progress	55,603,343	53,973,647	65,670,355	60,506,076	121,273,698	114,479,723
Right-to-Use Assets Less: Accumulated	2,128,570	1,371,136	750,724	550,151	2,879,294	1,921,287
depreciation	(80,542,151)	(7,298,970)	(46,417,512)	(40,783,990)	(126,959,663)	(48,082,960)
Total	\$ 239,123,087	\$ 267,669,369	\$ 246,714,503	\$ 192,613,469	\$ 485,837,591	\$ 460,282,838

Significant changes in capital asset balances during the fiscal year resulted from the following events:

- Parks, study and design for road improvements and real estate acquisition totaled approximately \$32.0 million for the year.
- Contributed capital is \$47.3 million in the Business-Type Activities and \$14.3 million in the Government Activities.

Detailed information on capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023 is provided in Note D to the Financial Statements on pages 51 to 53.

Debt Management

At September 30, 2023, the City's net outstanding debt totaled \$175.0 million. This is an increase of approximately \$43.7 million.

The City's bond rating was maintained at AA- by Standard & Poor's rating agency based on the City's strong liquidity and financial position, stable economic growth outlook in Kyle, and the City's strong financial management conditions due largely to its financial management practices.

The City of Kyle currently does not have any outstanding debt associated with special assessments such as for Public Improvement District bonds.

The table below summarizes the status of the City's outstanding debt (principal amount only) as of September 30, 2023, with a comparison of outstanding debt from the prior year. In addition, please refer to Note F – Long-Term Liabilities on page 49 in the Notes to the Financial Statement for detailed information on the changes in long-term debt.

City of Kyle, Texas Outstanding Debt Information September 30, 2023

(With Comparative Totals for September 30, 2022)

	Government Activities		Business-Type Activities		То	tals
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Debt obligations Premium on bonds Capital lease - Plant	\$ 132,780,000 9,981,543	\$ 93,920,000 4,489,293	\$ 26,965,000 5,223,760	\$ 27,485,000 5,324,496	\$ 159,745,000 15,205,303	\$ 121,405,000 9,813,789
Total	\$ 142,761,543	\$ 98,409,293	\$ 32,188,760	\$ 32,809,496	\$ 174,950,303	\$ 131,218,789

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

Local Economy and Outlook

The City of Kyle residents enjoy a vibrant local economy and an excellent quality of life. Among the many factors attributing to the vibrancy of Kyle include a high per capita household income, low unemployment rate, educated workforce, employment growth, and the continued addition of new businesses in the consumer, medical, and light manufacturing sectors.

All leading indicators during fiscal year 2023 showed that the City of Kyle's local economy has been robust and the outlook over the next year's budget development cycle is that of continued growth.

Among the major indicators of a stable yet an expanding local economy include growth in population, building permits, taxable valuations, property tax collection rate, and the trend for sales tax collections.

Accordingly, we are pleased to report the following trends in the economic indicators for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022 as compared to the prior year:

- 39.3% increase in taxable assessed property valuations.
- 99.5% annual property tax collection rate.
- 11.7% increase in sales tax collections.
- 8.0% projected annual increase in population.

Variances in Budget Appropriations General Fund (Budgetary Basis) - Expenditures						
Generari	Original	Final	Actual			
	Budget	Budget	Results			
General Government	\$ 17,295,336	\$ 17,478,548	\$ 14,983,230			
Public Safety	15,008,884	15,060,634	12,313,260			
Public Works	8,517,968	8,517,968	8,184,222			
Culture and Recreation	4,456,415	4,462,771	4,858,815			
Principal & Interest	-	-	601,037			
Capital Outlay	476,244	501,694	1,127,625			
	\$ 45,754,847	\$ 46,021,615	\$ 42,068,189			

Changes in original budget appropriations to the final amended budget appropriations resulted in a net \$0.27 million increase in appropriations. This increase can be summarized by the following:

• General Government, Public Safety and Capital Outlay had a net change of approximately \$260,000 increase to adjusted appropriated balances to meet changing needs of the City throughout the year.

Next Year's Budget

The fiscal year 2024 adopted budget totals \$272.5 million and includes \$71.6 million for the General Fund to provide public safety, code enforcement, parks, street maintenance, library, and other municipal services to the citizens of Kyle.

The fiscal year 2024 Budget was adopted with a property tax rate of \$0.4693 per \$100 of assessed taxable valuation. This is a reduction of property tax rate as compared to the prior fiscal year. The fiscal year 2024 adopted budget makes significant investment totaling \$136.1 million in the City's capital improvements program. The budget provides for an average 7.0 percent pay increase for civil service employees (police officers), a 7.0 percent pay increase for civilian City employees, compliance with the meet and confer requirements for civil service employees, addition of new positions for police officers, library, public works, code enforcement, and emergency dispatch operations. The budget also provides for new vehicles, trucks, and heavy equipment.

The adopted budget for fiscal year 2024 did not increase rates for water and wastewater services but did include a 2.4 percent rate increase for solid waste collection services based on the contract terms entered into by the City with Texas Disposal Systems.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City of Kyle's Director of Finance, 100 West Center St., Kyle, Texas 78640.



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



CITY OF KYLE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	Primary Government							
				Business -				
	C	Governmental		Type				
		Activities		Activities		Total		
ASSETS								
Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	78,912,156	\$	31,916,463	\$	110,828,619		
Receivable (Net)		16,433,683		6,670,403		23,104,086		
Due from Other Funds		510,526		(510,526)		-		
Prepaid Items		6,776		4,659		11,435		
Permanently Restricted:								
Restricted Pooled Cash and Investments		71,119,470		51,131,309		122,250,779		
Capital Assets:								
Nondepreciable, Capital Assets		61,646,478		66,362,290		128,008,768		
Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated Depreciation,		176,418,744		179,979,116		356,397,860		
Right-to-Use Lease Assets-Net of Accumulated Depr		1,057,865		373,099		1,430,964		
Net OPEB Asset - Health		1,099,132		366,376		1,465,508		
Total Assets		407,204,830		336,293,189		743,498,019		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred Charge for Refunding		1,066,607		_		1,066,607		
Related to Pension Plan		4,055,065		1,351,694		5,406,759		
Related to OPEB Plan		403,148		134,384		537,532		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		5,524,820		1,486,078		7,010,898		

CITY OF KYLE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	Primary Government						
				Business -			
	G	overnmental		Type			
		Activities		Activities		Total	
LIABILITIES							
Accounts Payable		4,339,341		1,310,367		5,649,708	
Wages and Salaries Payable		919,867		287,913		1,207,780	
Contracts Payable		268,996		· -		268,996	
Customer Deposits		4,164		1,031,328		1,035,492	
Accrued Interest Payable		1,569,833		141,200		1,711,033	
Unearned Revenues		21,892,245		· -		21,892,245	
Other Current Liabilities		2,266		_		2,266	
Liabilities Payable		118,127		_		118,127	
Noncurrent Liabilities:		,				,	
Due Within One Year		8,871,441		703,038		9,574,479	
Due in More Than One Year:		0,0,-,		, , , , , , ,		,,,,,,,,	
Bonds Payable - Noncurrent and Leases		135,025,166		31,886,046		166,911,212	
Compensated Absences Payable		2,662,289		672,423		3,334,712	
Net Pension Liability		5,594,628		1,864,877		7,459,505	
Net OPEB Liability - SDBF		241,475		80,491		321,966	
Total Liabilities		181,509,838		37,977,683		219,487,521	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Related to Pension Plan		67,906		22,636		90,542	
Deferred Inflow Related to OPEB Plan		435,511		145,170		580,681	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		503,417		167,806		671,223	
NET POSITION							
Net Investment in Capital Assets and Lease Assets		163,389,680		214,125,421		377,515,101	
Restricted:		, ,		, ,		, ,	
Restricted for OPEB		1,099,132		366,376		1,465,508	
Restricted for Capital Acquistion		-		51,131,309		51,131,309	
Restricted for Debt Service	638,892				638,892		
Restricted for Tourism and Other Purposes		12,254,031		_		12,254,031	
Unrestricted Net Position		53,334,661		34,010,672		87,345,333	
Total Net Position	\$	230,716,396	\$	299,633,778	\$	530,350,174	

CITY OF KYLE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

		-			Pre	ogram Revenues			
	Expenses		(Charges for Grants		Operating Grants and Contributions	C	Capital Grants and Contributions	
Primary Government:									
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:									
General Government	\$	16,377,665	\$	4,140,606	\$	-	\$	13,200,504	
Public Safety		13,309,320		95,407		163,168		-	
Public Works		14,728,555		6,672,415		481,856		-	
Culture and Recreation		5,678,181		667,846		-		-	
Interest and Other Fees		4,762,531							
Total Governmental Activities		54,856,252		11,576,274		645,024		13,200,504	
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:									
Water Fund		16,055,517		18,924,130		1,560,000		15,694,909	
Wastewater Fund		8,761,445		11,944,220		-		16,857,173	
Storm Drainage Fund		2,134,998		1,877,495				14,723,028	
Total Business-Type Activities		26,951,960		32,745,845		1,560,000		47,275,110	
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$	81,808,212	\$	44,322,119	\$	2,205,024	\$	60,475,614	

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service

General Sales and Use Taxes

Franchise Tax

Other Taxes

Grants and Contributions

Miscellaneous Revenue

Investment Earnings

Transfers In (Out)

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning

Net Position - Ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

	Primar	y Governmen	ıt	
Governmental	Bu	siness-Type		
Activities		Activities		Total
				0.50.445
\$ 963,445		-	\$	963,445
(13,050,745		-		(13,050,745)
(7,574,284 (5,010,335	*	-		(7,574,284) (5,010,335)
(4,762,531	,	_		(4,762,531)
-				
(29,434,450	0)			(29,434,450)
	-	20,123,522		20,123,522
	-	20,039,948		20,039,948
		14,465,525	_	14,465,525
	<u>-</u>	54,628,995	_	54,628,995
(29,434,45	0)	54,628,995		25,194,545
17,117,854	1	_		17,117,854
12,395,813	3	-		12,395,813
16,772,273	3	-		16,772,273
3,470,034	1	-		3,470,034
742,833	3	-		742,833
451,998		-		451,998
5,239,498		7,716,445		12,955,943
9,997,708		128,764		10,126,472
1,598,314	1	(1,598,314)		
67,786,32	5	6,246,895		74,033,220
38,351,87	5	60,875,890		99,227,765
192,364,52	1	238,757,888		431,122,409
\$ 230,716,390	<u> </u>	299,633,778	\$	530,350,174

CITY OF KYLE BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

		General Fund		ebt Service Fund	Capital Projects
ASSETS					
Pooled Cash and Investments Restricted Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivable (Net) Due from Other Funds Prepaid Items	\$	31,224,878 - 6,113,706 510,704 6,776	\$	707,123 165,877	\$ 25,356,373 58,313,304 10,000,000
Total Assets	\$	37,856,064	\$	873,000	\$ 93,669,677
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable Wages and Salaries Payable Contracts Payable Customer Deposits Due to Other Funds Accrued Interest Payable Unearned Revenues Other Current Liabilities	\$	1,606,324 917,262 218,996 4,164 178 - - 2,266	\$	389 - - - - 80,840 -	\$ 2,245,400 - - - - - 9,877,441
Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets		118,127		-	-
Total Liabilities		2,867,317		81,229	12,122,841
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes Deferred Inflows - Unavailable Revenue		207,329 363,000		152,879	-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		570,329		152,879	=
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable Fund Balance: Prepaid Items Restricted Fund Balance:		6,776		-	-
Restricted Fund Balance - Tourism and Other Restricted Fund Balance - Debt Service Restricted Fund Balance - Capital Projects Assigned Fund Balance:		- - -		638,892	56,811,761
Assigned Fund Balance - Capital Projects Unassigned Fund Balance		34,411,642		-	24,735,075
Total Fund Balances	_	34,418,418		638,892	81,546,836
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	\$	37,856,064	\$	873,000	\$ 93,669,677

(General Government Grants		Other Funds	(Total Governmental Funds
\$	12,145,289	\$	10,185,616	\$	78,912,156
Ψ	12,143,267	Ψ	12,099,043	Ψ	71,119,470
	900		153,200		16,433,683
	-		3,623		514,327
	_		5,625		6,776
\$	12,146,189	\$	22,441,482	\$	166,986,412
Ψ	12,140,109	Ψ	22,441,462	Ψ	100,900,412
\$	1,424	\$	485,804	\$	4,339,341
	1,713		892		919,867
	-		50,000		268,996
	-		-		4,164
	-		3,623		3,801
	-		-		80,840
	12,014,804		-		21,892,245
	-		-		2,266
	-		-		118,127
	12,017,941		540,319		27,629,647
	_		_		360,208
	-		-		363,000
					723,208
					<u> </u>
	-		-		6,776
	128,248		12,125,783		12,254,031
	-		-		638,892
	-		1,757,560		58,569,321
	-		8,024,020		32,759,095
	-		(6,200)		34,405,442
-	128,248	_	21,901,163	_	138,633,557
\$	12,146,189	\$	22,441,482	\$	166,986,412

CITY OF KYLE

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

\$ 138,633,557

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds. In addition, long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. The net effect of including the beginning balances for capital assets (net of depreciation) and long-term debt in the governmental activities is to increase (decrease) net position.

105,208,022

Some assets, liabilities and deferred outflows/inflows, reported in the statement of net position do not require the use or provide current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the balance sheet in governmental funds.

(13,125,179)

Deferred Charge on Refunding	\$1,066,607
Unamortized Premiums	(9,981,542)
Net Pension Liability	(5,594,628)
Deferred Inflows Property Tax	360,208
Compensated Absences	(2,662,289)
Pension Plan Deferred Inflows	(67,907)
Pension Plan Deferred Outflow	s 4,055,070
Deferred Inflow	363,000
Interest Accrual	(1,488,993)
Net OPEB Asset	1,099,132
Net OPEB Liability	(241,475)
OPEB Plan Deferred Outflows	403,148
OPEB Plan Deferred Inflows	(435,511)
Subtotal	\$(13,125,183)

Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 230,716,400

$\label{eq:cityofkyle} \textbf{STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES}\\ \textbf{GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS}$

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

		neral und	D	ebt Service Fund		Capital Projects
REVENUES:						
Taxes:						
Property Taxes	\$ 16	5,281,191	\$	12,242,934	\$	-
General Sales and Use Taxes		5,772,273	-	,- :-,- :	-	_
Franchise Tax		3,397,207		_		_
Other Taxes		160,547		-		-
Licenses and Permits	5	5,658,326		_		_
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants		28,512		-		481,856
Charges for Services	7	,397,145		-		-
Fines		444,783		-		-
Special Assessments		-		-		-
Investment Earnings	4	1,334,448		-		5,662,505
Contributions & Donations from Private Sources		72,000		-		-
Other Revenue		221,644				122,559
Total Revenues	54	1,768,076		12,242,934		6,266,920
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
General Government	14	1,983,230		-		40,069
Public Safety	12	2,313,260		-		-
Public Works	8	3,184,222		-		-
Culture and Recreation	4	1,858,815		-		-
Debt Service:						
Principal on Debt		560,465		10,980,000		-
Interest on Debt		-		3,774,681		-
Interest on Right-to-Use Leases		40,572		-		-
Other Debt Service		-		-		526,481
Capital Outlay:						
Capital Outlay	1	,127,625				24,068,508
Total Expenditures	42	2,068,189		14,754,681		24,635,058
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	12	2,699,887		(2,511,747)		(18,368,138)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Issuance of Bonds		_		_		41,575,000
Transfers In	2	2,735,169		1,799,267		13,021,154
Premium or Discount on Issuance of Bonds	_	-		-		5,960,458
Other Sources - Leases		757,434		-		-
Transfers Out (Use)	(14	,902,547)		(950,035)		(682,355)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(11	,409,944)		849,232		59,874,257
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,289,943		(1,662,515)		41,506,119
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)	33	3,128,475		2,301,407		40,040,717
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$ 34	1,418,418	\$	638,892	\$	81,546,836

General Government Grants		Other Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ -	\$	629,334	\$ 29,153,459
-		-	16,772,273
-		72,827	3,470,034
-		582,286	742,833
121.550		-	5,658,326
131,558		3,097	645,023
-		2,059,731	9,456,876
-		1 120 025	444,783
-		1,138,835 755	1,138,835 9,997,708
-		380,000	452,000
_		10,662	354,865
121 550			
131,558	_	4,877,527	78,287,015
-		368,229	15,391,528
162,206		-	12,475,466
-		-	8,184,222
-		90,063	4,948,878
_		_	11,540,465
_		393,627	4,168,308
-		373,021	40,572
-		-	526,481
		6,890,597	32,086,730
162,206	_	7,742,516	89,362,650
(30,648)		(2,864,989)	(11,075,635)
-		8,265,000	49,840,000
52,379		1,283,449	18,891,418
-		128,627	6,089,085
-		-	757,434
	_	(758,167)	(17,293,104)
52,379		8,918,909	58,284,833
21,731		6,053,920	47,209,198
106,517		15,847,243	91,424,359
\$ 128,248	\$	21,901,163	\$ 138,633,557

CITYOFKYLE

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 47,209,198
Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets an reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of removing the 2015 capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase (decrease) the change in net position.	42,309,295
Capital Outlay \$31,329,295 Debt Service Payments 5,490,000 Total \$42,309,295	
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease the change in net position.	(7,556,226)
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing deferred revenue as revenue, adjusting current year revenue to show the revenue earned from the current year's tax levy, eliminating interfund transactions, reclassifying the proceeds of bond sales, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase (decrease) the change in net position.	(43,610,392)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 38,351,875

CITY OF KYLE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
		Water Fund	Wastewater Fund		Storm Drainage Fund		Total Enterprise Funds	
ASSETS								
Current Assets:								
Pooled Cash and Investments Receivable (Net) Due from Other Funds Prepaid Items	\$	17,292,655 3,700,210 54,644 1,711	\$ 9,929,112 2,602,770 1,219,848 1.584	\$	4,694,696 367,423 3,060 1.364	\$	31,916,463 6,670,403 1,277,552 4.659	
Total Current Assets		21,049,220	13,753,314		5,066,543		39,869,077	
Noncurrent Assets:								
Restricted Pooled Cash and Investments Capital Assets:		26.062.616	25.068.693		-		51.131.309	
Nondepreciable. Capital Assets Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated Depreciation, Right-to-Use Lease Assets, net Net OPEB Asset		4.566.923 61,973,097 264,959 161,206	61.623.483 69,297,247 103,012 117,241		171.884 48,708,772 5,128 87,929		66.362.290 179,979,116 373,099 366,376	
Total Noncurrent Assets		93,028,801	156,209,676		48,973,713		298,212,190	
Total Assets		114,078,021	169,962,990		54,040,256		338,081,267	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Related to Pension Plan Related to OPEB Plan		594,749 59,129	432,537 43,003		324,408 32,252		1,351,694 134,384	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		653,878	475,540		356,660		1,486,078	

CITYOFKYLE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
	Water Fund	Wastewater Fund	Storm Drainage Fund	Total Enterprise Funds				
LIABILITIES								
Current Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	453,802	850,747	5,818	1,310,367				
Wages and Salaries Payable	428,257	426,227	105,852	960,336				
Customer Deposits	696,327	335,001	-	1,031,328				
Due to Other Funds	1.756.590	32.491	(1.003)	1.788.078				
Accrued Interest Payable Bonds Payable - Current	-	141,200 535,000	-	141,200 535,000				
Right-to-Use Leases Payable - Current	119.333	46.395	2,310	168,038				
Total Current Liabilities	3,454,309	2,367,061	112,977	5,934,347				
Noncurrent Liabilities:								
Bonds Payable - Noncurrent	_	31,653,760	_	31,653,760				
Financing Leases Payable - Noncurrent	164.962	64,132	3,192	232,286				
Net Pension Liability	820,547	596,761	447,569	1,864,877				
Net OPEB Liability	35,416	25,757	19,318	80,491				
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	1,020,925	32,340,410	470,079	33,831,414				
Total Liabilities	4,475,234	34,707,471	583,056	39,765,761				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Related to Pension Plan	9.960	7.243	5.433	22.636				
Deferred Inflow Related to OPEB Plan	63,875	46,454	34,841	145,170				
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	73,835	53,697	40,274	167,806				
NET POSITION								
Net Investment in Capital Assets and Lease Assets	66.520.684	98.724.455	48.880.282	214.125.421				
Restricted for OPEB	161,206	117,241	87,929	366,376				
Restricted for Capital Improvement - Impact Fee	26,062,616	25,068,693	4 005 555	51,131,309				
Unrestricted Net Position	17,438,324	11,766,973	4,805,375	34,010,672				
Total Net Position	\$ 110,182,830	\$ 135,677,362	\$ 53,773,586	\$ 299,633,778				

CITY OF KYLE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

		Busi	ness-Type Activiti	es - I	Enterprise Funds		
	 Water Fund	1	Wastewater Fund		Storm Drainage Fund		Total Enterprise Funds
OPERATING REVENUES:							
Charges for Services	\$ 18,924,130	\$	-	\$	-	\$	18,924,130
Charges for Sewage Service	-		11,944,220		-		11,944,220
Storm Drainage Fee	-		-		1,877,495		1,877,495
Rents and Royalties	41,520		-		-		41,520
Other Revenue	138,729		106,458		750		245,937
Total Operating Revenues	19,104,379	_	12,050,678	_	1,878,245		33,033,302
OPERATING EXPENSES:							
Personnel Services - Salaries and Wages	3,313,340		2,737,078		913,510		6,963,928
Purchased Professional & Technical Services	9,895,519		2,004,390		201,361		12,101,270
Other Operating Costs	820,195		310,809		7,622		1,138,626
Depreciation	1,955,150		2,681,396		1,010,759		5,647,305
Total Operating Expenses	15,984,204		7,733,673		2,133,252		25,851,129
Operating Income (Loss)	3,120,175		4,317,005	_	(255,007)		7,182,173
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):							
Contributions & Donations from Private Sources	1,560,000		-		-		1,560,000
Investment Earnings	-		128,764		-		128,764
Other Non-Operating Revenues - Impact Fees	3,856,780		3,572,208		-		7,428,988
Interest Expense - Non-Operating	(71,313)		(1,027,772)		(1,746)		(1,100,831)
Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)	5,345,467		2,673,200		(1,746)		8,016,921
Income (Loss) Before Contributions & Transfers	8,465,642		6,990,205		(256,753)		15,199,094
Capital Contributions	15,694,909		16,857,173		14,723,028		47,275,110
Transfers Out (Use)	(907,982)		(690,332)		· · ·		(1,598,314)
Change in Net Position	23,252,569		23,157,046		14,466,275		60,875,890
Total Net Position - October 1 (Beginning)	 86,930,261	-	112,520,316		39,307,311	_	238,757,888
Total Net Position - September 30 (Ending)	\$ 110,182,830	\$	135,677,362	\$	53,773,586	\$	299,633,778

CITY OF KYLE, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds										
		Water Fund		Wastewater Fund		Storm Drainage Fund	Total Enterprise Funds				
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES											
Receipts from Customers Payments to Suppliers Payment to Employees	\$	16,948,803 (10,959,585) (3,190,337)	\$	11,544,225 (3,008,091) (2,589,869)	\$	1,828,857 (256,300) (877,280)	\$	30,321,885 (14,223,976) (6,657,486)			
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	2,798,881	\$	5,946,265	\$	695,277	\$	9,440,423			
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES											
Payments (advances) from other funds Transfers in Transfers out	\$	(907,982)	\$	(690,332)	\$	- - -	\$	- (1,598,314)			
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities	\$	(907,982)	\$	(690,332)	\$	-	\$	(1,598,314)			
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIV Bond and Lease Payments Contributions Investment Earnings Purchase of Capital Assets Interest expenses Impact fees	ITIES \$	9,477 1,560,000 - (2,023,511) (71,313) 3,856,780	\$	(765,836) - 128,764 (10,489,626) (1,027,772) 3,572,208	\$	5,502 - - 42,832 (1,746)	\$	(750,857) 1,560,000 128,764 (12,470,305) (1,100,831) 7,428,988			
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	\$	3,331,433	\$	(8,582,262)	\$	46,588	\$	(5,204,241)			
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,222,332	\$	(3,326,329)	\$	741,865	\$	2,637,868			
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year	\$	38,132,939	\$	38,324,134	\$	3,952,831	\$	80,409,904			
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$	43,355,271	\$	34,997,805	\$	4,694,696	\$	83,047,772			
Noncash flow information Capital Contribution	\$	15,694,909	\$	16,857,173	\$	14,723,028	\$	47,275,110			

CITY OF KYLE, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - Continued PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds											
		Water Fund		Wastewater Fund		Storm Drainage Fund		Total Enterprise Funds				
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities												
Operating income	\$	3,120,175	\$	4,317,005	\$	(255,007)	\$	7,182,173				
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided												
by operating activities												
Depreciation	\$	1,955,150	\$	2,681,396	\$	1,010,759	\$	5,647,305				
Changes in assets and liabilities												
Prepaid Items	\$	(249)	\$	(249)	\$	(207)	\$	(705)				
Accounts receivable		(2,106,261)		(498,113)		(49,388)		(2,653,762)				
Accounts payable		(243,622)		(692,643)		(47,110)		(983,375)				
Wages and salaries payable		159,911		174,051		56,360		390,322				
Customer deposits		(49,315)		(8,340)		-		(57,655)				
OPEB Asset		(76,816)		(55,866)		(41,899)		(174,581)				
Pension Liability		570,124		414,635		310,976		1,295,735				
OPEB Liability		35,416		25,757		19,318		80,491				
Deferred Outflows		(370,179)		(269,216)		(201,915)		(841,310)				
Deferred Inflows		(195,453)		(142,152)		(106,610)		(444,215)				
Net cash provided by operating activities	_\$	2,798,881	\$	5,946,265	\$	695,277	\$	9,440,423				

City of Kyle Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund September 30, 2023

ASSETS	OPEB Trust Fund					
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	18,614				
Investments - Mutual Funds		1,967,156				
Total assets	\$	1,985,770				
LIABILITIES						
Other liability	\$	-				
Total liabilities	\$	<u>-</u>				
NET POSITION						
Net position restricted for OPEB	\$	1,985,770				
Total net position	\$	1,985,770				

City of Kyle

Statement of Change in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds

For the year ended September 30, 2023

	OPEB				
	Tı	ust Fund			
ADDITIONS					
Contributions	\$	-			
Net Investments income					
Interest and dividends (includes					
fair value changes)		228,320			
Total Additions	\$	228,320			
		_			
DEDUCTIONS					
Benefit payments	\$	-			
Administrative expenses		(30,778)			
Total Deductions	\$	(30,778)			
Change in net position	\$	197,542			
NET POSITION, beginning	\$	1,788,228			
NET POSITION, ending	\$	1,985,770			

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Kyle, Texas (the City) adopted a City Charter in October 2000. As a home rule form of government, the City Council determines policy. The City Manager is the Chief Administrator of the City and is appointed by the City Council. The City provides the following services: Public Safety, Street Maintenance, Refuse Collection, Recreation Programs, Municipal Court, Community Development, Public Improvements, Water and Wastewater Services and General Administrative Services.

A. Reporting Entity

The Mayor and Council are elected by the public and they have the authority to make decisions, appoint administrators and managers, and significantly influence operations. They also have the primary accountability for fiscal matters. Therefore, the City is a primary government as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"). The accompanying financial statements comply with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 14 and 61. There are component units which satisfy requirements for blending within the City's financial statements.

As required by generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America (GAAP), these basic financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of a legally separate organization's governing body and either (1) the City's ability to impose its will over the organization, or (2) the potential that the organization will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the City.

Blended component units -- The City created Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone No. One (TIRZ #1), created in 2004 to expire in 31 years on a 475-acre underdeveloped contiguous area with the city limits was to facilitate a program of (1) public water distribution, wastewater collection and storm drainage facilities, (2) adequate roadway systems for mobility access and orderly development, and (3) to improve conditions that substantially impair and arrest the sound growth of the City. Although TIRZ #1 is a legally separate entity, it is, in substance, part of the City's operation for which the City is considered financially accountable. City management has operational responsibility for TIRZ #1, and the governing bodies of the two entities are substantively the same. Accordingly, TIRZ #1 is reported as a debt service fund in the City's financial statements.

The City of Kyle established Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone #2 in 2018 for 20 years on a 1,480-acre underdeveloped contiguous area within the city limits for the purpose of providing public improvements including (1) public water distribution, wastewater collection, and storm drainage facilities, (2) adequate roadway systems for mobility access, lighting, and economic development, and (3) parks, plazas, and other public spaces for public gatherings, community events, and community celebrations. The City of Kyle and Hays County are limited by the creation Ordinance to contribute only 50.0 percent of incremental property tax revenues assessed and collected within the boundaries of TIRZ #2. Although the TIRZ #2 is a legally separate entity, it is, in substance, part of the City's operations for which the City is considered financially accountable. City management has operational responsibility for TIRZ #2, and the governing bodies of the two entities are substantively the same. Accordingly, TIRZ #2 is reported as a special revenue fund in the City's financial statements.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, the City determined that reporting a statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position in the fiduciary fund financial statements of the basic financial statements would be appropriate for the Other Employee Benefit Trust Fund.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

A. Reporting Entity (Cont'd)

Future GASB Statement Implementations

GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences, This Statement requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized for (1) leave that has not been used and (2) leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means. A liability should be recognized for leave that has not been used if (a) the leave is attributable to services already rendered, (b) the leave accumulates, and (c) the leave is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid in cash or settled through noncash means. Leave is attributable to services already rendered when an employee has performed the services required to earn the leave. Leave that accumulates is carried forward from the reporting period in which it is earned to a future reporting period during which it may be used for time off or otherwise paid or settled. In estimating the leave that is more likely than not to be used or otherwise paid or settled, a government should consider relevant factors such as employment policies related to compensated absences and historical information about the use or payment of compensated absences. However, leave that is more likely than not to be settled through conversion to defined benefit postemployment benefits should not be included in a liability for compensated absences. This Statement requires that a liability for certain types of compensated absences—including parental leave, military leave, and jury duty leave—not be recognized until the leave commences.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter.

GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62.

This Statement defines accounting changes as changes in accounting principles, changes in accounting estimates, and changes to or within the financial reporting entity and describes the transactions or other events that constitute those changes. As part of those descriptions, for (1) certain changes in accounting principles and (2) certain changes in accounting estimates that result from a change in measurement methodology, a new principle or methodology should be justified on the basis that it is preferable to the principle or methodology used before the change. That preferability should be based on the qualitative characteristics of financial reporting—understandability, reliability, relevance, timeliness, consistency, and comparability. This Statement also addresses corrections of errors in previously issued financial statements.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for accounting changes and error corrections made in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. Earlier application is encouraged.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position reflects both short-term and long-term assets and liabilities, as well as deferred inflows and outflows. In the Government-wide Statement of Net Position, governmental activities are reported separately from business-type activities. Long term assets, such as capital assets, long-term obligations, such as debt, and any deferred inflows and outflows, are reported in the statement of net position. The components of Net Position are presented in three separate categories: (1) net investment in capital assets, (2) restricted, and (3) unrestricted. Interfund receivables and payables within governmental and business-type activities have been eliminated in the government-wide Statement of Net Position, which minimizes the duplication within the governmental and business-type activities. The net amount of interfund transfers or interfund receivables/payables between governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds is the balance reported in the Statement of Net Position.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Cont'd)

The Statement of Activities demonstrates how a given function or segment that participate in programs the City operates have shared in the payment of the direct costs. The "charges for services" column includes payments made by parties that purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods or services provided by a given function or segment of the City. The "grants and contributions" columns include amounts paid by organizations outside the City to help meet the operational or capital requirements of a given function. If a revenue including contributions is not a program revenue, it is a general revenue used to support all of the City's functions. Taxes are always general revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment.

The fund financial statements provide information on the financial position and the change in fund balance/net position for three fund categories - governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. Since the resources in the fiduciary funds cannot be used for City operations, they are not included in the government-wide statements. The City considers some governmental and enterprise funds major and reports their financial condition and results of operations in a separate column.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues result from providing goods and services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations; they usually come from exchange or exchange-like transactions. All other revenues are non-operating. Operating expenses can be tied specifically to the production of the goods and services, such as materials and labor and direct overhead. Other expenses are non-operating.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied as a lien attaches to the real property by operation of law. Grants are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Interfund activities between governmental funds and between governmental funds and proprietary funds appear as due to/due froms on the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and Proprietary Fund Statement of Net Position and as other resources and other uses on the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance and on the Proprietary Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position. All interfund transactions between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide statements. Interfund activities between governmental funds and enterprise funds remain on the government-wide statements and appear on the government-wide Statement of Net Position as internal balances and on the Statement of Activities as interfund transfers. Interfund activities between governmental and fiduciary funds and between proprietary funds and fiduciary funds remain as due to/due froms on the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities and fund balances are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present net increases and decreases in current assets (i.e. revenues and other financing sources and expenditures and other financing uses).

The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period they are both measurable and available. Revenues, other than grants, are considered to be available by the City when they are available and expected to be collected within the current budgetary periods or within 60 days thereafter, to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the related cash flows. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, pensions and claims and judgments, are recorded only when the liability is matured.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes and sales taxes. Property, sales and other tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the "susceptible to accrual" concept, that is, when they are both measurable and available. The City's availability period is no more than 60 days beyond the end of the fiscal year. Revenues from state and federal grants are recorded as revenue when they are expected to be collected within the current budgetary period, or within 60 days thereafter, and all eligibility requirements have been met. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available.

The Proprietary Funds and Fiduciary Funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus and utilize the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable and expenses in the accounting period in which they are incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flow. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the fund Statement of Net Position. The fund equity is segregated into investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted net position.

D. Fund Accounting

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets and other debits, liabilities, fund balances and other credits, revenues and expenditures, or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the proceeds of revenue sources, those proceeds' restrictions or commitments for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The City has three types of funds: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City's most significant funds, but not on the City as a whole. Major governmental and enterprise funds are reported separately in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds are aggregated in the fund financial statements and independently presented in the combining statements. The criteria used to determine if a governmental or enterprise fund should be reported as a major fund are as follows: the total assets and deferred outflows of resources, the total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10.0% of the corresponding element total for all funds of that category or type (that is, total governmental or total enterprise funds), and the same element total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The following is a brief description of the major governmental funds that are separately presented in the fund financial statements.

The General Fund - is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Debt Service Fund - is used to account for debt service on bonded obligations of the City.

The General Government Grants Funds – is used to account for all Federal and State grants received by the City.

The Capital Projects Fund - is used to pay for professional services to plan, design, the acquisition for rights-of-way and the construction and improvement of the following City Streets: Windy Hill Rd, Bebee Rd, Marketplace, Kyle Pkwy, Bunton Crk Rd, Kohlers, Old Stagecoach Rd by issuance of 2022 General Obligation.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

The Water Fund - is used to account for the activities necessary for the provision of water services.

The Wastewater Fund – is used to account for the activities necessary for the provision of wastewater services.

The Storm Drainage Fund – is used to for the activities necessary for the provision of drainage improvement services and flood mitigation activities including capital improvements.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

D. Fund Accounting

In addition, the City reports the following nonmajor fund types:

Governmental Funds:

Capital Projects Funds – are used to account for non major capital project funds and include the Park Development Fund, Road Improvements and the Transportation Fund.

Special Revenue Funds - are used to account for funds restricted to, or designated for, special purposes by the City or a grantor.

Fiduciary Funds - are used to account for resources held for others in a custodial capacity. The City's Trust fund is the Other Post Employment Benefits Fund (Retiree Health Insurance). The other post-employment benefit trust fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for post-employment benefits to qualified plan participants.

E. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Net Position or Fund Balance

Cash and Cash Equivalents - Investments

For purpose of presenting the proprietary fund cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents include cash, demand and time deposits and investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the City.

The City's investment practices are governed by state statutes and by the City's own investment policy. City cash is required to be deposited in Federal Insurance Corporations (FDIC) insured banks. A pooled cash strategy is utilized which enabled the City to have one central depository.

State statutes authorize the City to invest in (1) obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities; (2) direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies; (3) other obligations, the principal of and interest on which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the State of Texas or the United States; (4) obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state having been rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm and having received a rating of not less than "A" or its equivalent; (5) certificates of deposit issued by state and national banks domiciled in this state that are (a) guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or its successor or, (b) secured by obligations that are described by (1); (4); or, (6) fully collateralized direct repurchase agreements having a defined termination date, secured by obligations described by (1), pledged with a thirdparty selected or approved by the City, and placed through a primary government securities dealer. Investments maturing within one year of date of purchase are stated at amortized cost. The City's policy is to report local government investment pools, and Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") registered money market mutual funds at fair value using net asset value (NAV) or amortized cost if the pool meets the requirements of GASB Statement No. 79. The City carries investments in debt securities with maturities in excess of one year at fair value using other observable significant inputs including but not limited to quoted prices for similar securities, interest rates, and fixed income security pricing models. The City carries investments in debt securities with original maturities of one year or less at the date of purchase at amortized cost.

Short-term Interfund Receivables/Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the balance sheet.

Transactions which constitute the transfer of resources from a fund receiving revenues to a fund through which the revenues are to be expended are separately reported as other financing sources/uses in the respective funds' operating statements.

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

E. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Net Position or Fund Balance (Cont'd)

Restricted Assets

Certain assets of the Enterprise Funds and the Governmental Funds are classified as restricted assets because their use is restricted for capital improvements or debt service via externally imposed by bond ordinance or laws of other governments.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The City defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation. Construction in progress will be reclassified into its respective asset category upon completion and the asset is placed in service.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings and improvements	25 to 40
Waterworks and wastewater systems	10 to 50
Infrastructure	20 to 33
Machinery and equipment	5 to 10
Right to use assets	3 to 5

Compensated Absences

The City permits employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation pay benefits. Certain employees have carried forward unused sick leave benefits. Unused sick leave shall be not paid upon termination of employment, except as specifically provided as follows:

- 1. An employee that terminates employment for any reason other than death, or being granted a retirement or disability allowance by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) or the Social Security Administration (SSA), shall not be paid for unused sick leave.
- 2. An employee having at least 10 years of service with the City who is granted a retirement or a disability allowance by TMRS or SSA, or who dies, is entitled to a partial payment for up to 480 hours of unused sick leave accrued to such employee. The partial payment to the employee or the employee's beneficiary shall be as follows: (A) an amount equal to thirty percent (30%) of the value of such accrued, unused sick leave will be paid for 10 years of service; and (B) the amount to be paid for such unused sick leave shall increase by 2% for each year of service as an employee of the City, if any, in excess of 10 years.
- 3. An employee covered under the agreement between the City and the Kyle Police Association may be paid for their unused sick leave, in accordance with the agreement.

No liability is reported for unpaid accumulated sick leave for the remaining employees. Vacation pay and certain sick leave benefits are accrued when incurred in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

E. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Net Position or Fund Balance (Cont'd)

Leases

The City follows GASB Statement No. 87 Leases which defines the City's leasing arrangement as the right to use an underlying asset as a Lessor or Lessee.

As lessee, the City recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-of-use lease asset at the beginning of a lease unless the lease is considered a short-term lease or transfers ownership of the underlying asset. The right-of-use lease assets are measured based on the net present value of the future lease payments at inception, using the incremental borrowing rate. Remeasurement of a lease liability occurs when there is a change in the lease term and/or other changes that are likely to have a significant impact on the lease liability. The City calculates the amortization of the discount on the lease liability and report that amount as outflows of resources. Payments are allocated first to accrued interest liability and then to the lease liability.

As a lessee or lessor, the City does not consider variable lease payments in the lease liability and lease receivable calculations but are recognized as outflows of resources in the period in which the obligation was incurred.

For lease contracts that are short-term, the City recognizes short-term lease payments as inflows of resources (revenues) based on the payment provisions of the lease contract. Liabilities are only recognized if payments are received in advance, and receivables are only recognized if payments are received subsequent to the reporting period.

As of October 1, 2022, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA's). The objectives of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for SBITAs by governments. The statement requires recognition of certain SBITA assets and liabilities for SBITAs that previously were classified as operating agreements. It establishes a single model for SBITA accounting based on the foundational principle that SBITAs are financings of the right-to-use an underlying asset. A government is required to recognize a SBITA liability and an intangible right-to-use asset. The City does not have any SBITAs under the new accounting principle.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, even if withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as expenditures in the period incurred.

Fund Balance

The City classifies governmental fund balances in the governmental fund financial statements as follows:

Non-spendable - The non-spendable category includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints.

Restricted – The restricted fund balance includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

E. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Net Position or Fund Balance (Cont'd)

Committed – The committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action (ordinance) of City Council. Those committed amounts cannot be used for other purposes unless City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts.

Assigned – Amounts in the assigned fund balance are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In the General Fund assigned amounts represent intended uses established by City Council or City Manager, and Department Directors. The City Manager, and Department Directors are authorized to assign individual amounts up to \$15,000 and City Council is authorized to assign amounts over \$15,000.

Unassigned – The unassigned fund balance includes positive fund balances within the General Fund which has not been classified within the above-mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

At September 30, 2023, the City has the following fund balance classifications:

	Gen	General Fund		Debt Service Fund		oital ts Fund	Go	General Government Grants		Government		Government		Ionmajor vernmental Fund		Total
Fund Balance																
Non-Spendable Prepaids	\$	6,776	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,776				
Restricted:																
Capital Projects		-		-	56,8	311,761		-		-		56,811,761				
Debt Service		-		638,892		-	-			-	638,892					
General Government Grants		-		-		-		128,248		-		128,248				
Road Improvement - Capital Projects		-		-		-		-		1,757,560		1,757,560				
Tourism and Other								-		12,125,783		12,125,783				
	\$	6,776	\$	638,892	\$ 56,8	811,761	\$	128,248	\$	13,883,343	\$	71,469,020				
Assigned:																
Capital Projects		-		-	24,7	735,075		-		8,024,020		32,759,095				
Unassigned:																
Unassigned	34	,411,642		-		-		-		(6,200)		34,405,442				
	\$ 34	-,418,418	\$	638,892	\$ 81,5	546,836	\$	128,248	\$	21,901,163	\$ 1	38,633,557				

The City requires restricted/committed amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as a grant agreement requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the City would first use committed then assigned and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made. For the Net Position, the City also requires restricted amounts be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balances is available unless the restriction prohibits doing this.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

E. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Net Position or Fund Balance (Cont'd)

The City Charter has a formal minimum general fund balance policy that requires a reserve of at least equal to 25% of operating budget.

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds.

Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislations adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governmental units.

Pension

For the purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred inflows/outflows of resources and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) and additions to, or deductions from, TMRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TMRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Postemployment Benefits

The Net OPEB liability has been determined based on the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes measuring the Net OPEB liability: deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, OPEB expense, and information about benefit payments are recognized in the total liability calculation when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The OPEB Trust and the investments which are reported at fair value, are reflected in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources – The City has classified as deferred outflows of resources certain items that represent a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and, therefore, will not be recognized as an expense until then. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then.

The City has classified all of the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the defeased debt as a deferred outflow of resources. The deferred outflow of resources is amortized over the term of the defeased bonds and recognized as a component of interest expense annually. The City has also deferred certain pension and OPEB related items in accordance with applicable pension standards as noted under Note V.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the US requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual amounts could differ from those estimates.

II. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government Statement of Net Position

Exhibit C-2 provides the reconciliation between the fund balance for total governmental funds on the governmental fund balance sheet and the net position for governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that capital assets are not financial resources and are therefore not reported in governmental funds. In addition, long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and compensated absences, are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported as liabilities in the funds. The details of capital assets and long-term debt at the end of the year were as follows:

	Historic Cost	Net Value End of Year	Change in Net Position	
Capital Assets - End of Year				
Non-Depreciable Assets	\$ 61,646,478	\$ -	\$ 61,646,478	
Depreciable Assets	258,018,760	80,542,151	177,476,609	
Change in Net Position	\$ 319,665,238	\$ 80,542,151	\$ 239,123,087	239,123,087
Long-term Debt - End of Year				
Bonds/Leases Payable			\$ 133,915,065	
Change in Net Position			\$ 133,915,065	(133,915,065)
Net Adjustment to Net Position				\$ 105,208,022

Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities

Another element of the reconciliation on Exhibit C-4 is described as various other reclassifications and eliminations necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. This adjustment is the result of several items. The details for this element are as follows:

	Adjustment to
	Change in
	Net Position
Other	\$ -
Amortization of Bond Premiums	596,836
General Fund Contributed Capital	13,200,504
Compensated Absences	(690,366)
Pension Expense	(193,851)
OPEB Expense	445,483
Deferred Inflows – Property Tax	122,295
Interest Accrual	(998,114)
Deferred Charged for Refunding	(152,373)
2023 GO Bond Proceeds	(41,575,000)
2023 GO Bond Premium	(5,960,458)
2023 TIRZ Bonds Proceeds	(8,265,000)
2023 TIRZ Bonds Premium	(128,627)
Right-to-Use Asset	(11,721)
45	\$ (43,610,392)

III. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Data

The Council adopts an "appropriated budget" for the General Fund. The City is required to present the adopted and final amended budgeted revenues and expenditures for this fund. The City compares the final amended budget to actual revenues and expenditures. The General Fund Budget report appears in Exhibit G-l.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Sixty days prior to October 1st, the City prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the City Council is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget. At least ten days public notice of the meeting must be given.
- 3. Prior to the third Tuesday of September, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Council. Once a budget is approved, it can only be amended at the function and fund level by approval of a majority of the members of the Council. Amendments are presented to the council at its regular meetings. Each amendment must have Council approval. As required by law, such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Council, and are not made after fiscal year end. Because the City has a policy of careful budgetary control, several amendments were necessary during the year.
- 4. The legal level of budgetary control is at the function level. Each budget is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Council. All budget appropriations lapse at year end. Amounts encumbered prior to year-end will lapse 3 months after year end.

Formal budgetary accounting is employed for all funds of the City, excluding – Hockey Rink Donations Fund, TIRZ #3 Fund, TIRZ #4 Fund, Blanco River Ranch PID Fund, SW Kyle PID #1, Plum Creek North PID Fund, Toll Bros PID Fund, Hillside Terrace PID Fund, and Limestone Creek PID Fund.

Annual operating budgets are prepared and presented for the general fund, debt service fund, and all other special revenue funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

The TIRZ #4 fund, Blanco River Ranch PID, SW Kyle PID #1, and Toll Bros PID have deficit fund balances in the amounts of \$892, \$2,574, \$1,057, and \$1,677 respectively. These deficits will be eliminated over time as revenues are received from Developers.

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Deposits and Investments

As of September 30, 2023, the City had the following Pooled cash, cash and cash equivalents and investments:

	Pooled Cash and Investments							
	1	Unrestricted		Restricted				
General Fund	\$	31,224,878	\$	-				
Debt Service		-		707,123				
Capital Projects		25,356,373		58,313,305				
General Government Grants		12,145,289		-				
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		10,185,616		12,099,043				
Water Fund		17,292,655		26,062,616				
Wastewater Fund		9,929,112		25,068,693				
Storm Drainage Fund		4,694,696		-				
OPEB Trust		<u> </u>		1,985,770				
	\$	110,828,619	\$	124,236,550				
Total pooled cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$	235,065,169						
Total Investments								
TexPool	\$	62,815,283						
TexSTAR		152,580,512						
Money Market Fund		1,638,020						
Federal Home Loan Bank		3,985,673						
Royal BK of Canada Commercial Paper		4,943,490						
JP Morgan Commercial Paper		2,923,262						
United States Treasury Note		4,923,438						
Bank Deposits		3,736,064						
OPEB Trust		1,985,770						
Total Investments Less:	\$	239,531,511						
Deposits in Transits and Checks Outstanding		(4,466,342)						
Total pooled cash, and investments	\$	235,065,169						

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Cont'd)

A. Deposits and Investments (Cont'd)

Texas Local Government Investment Pool

Texas Local Government Investment Pool ("TexPool") is a public funds investment pool created pursuant to the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Texas Government Code, Chapter 2256. The State Comptroller of Public Accounts exercises oversight responsibility over TexPool. Oversight includes the ability to significantly influence operations, designation of management, and accountability for fiscal matters. Additionally, the State Comptroller has established an advisory board composed both of participants in TexPool and of other persons who do not have a business relationship with TexPool. The advisory board members review the investment policy and management fee structure. Finally, TexPool is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's and had a weighted average maturity of 24 days as of September 30, 2023.

TexPool meets the requirements of GASB Statement No. 79, and as such, measures and reports its investments at amortized cost. The City carries its investment in TexPool at amortized cost.

TexSTAR Investment Pool

TexSTAR is a local government investment pool organized under the authority of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791, of the Texas Government Code, and the Public Funds Investment Act, chapter 2256, of the Texas Government Code. The pool was created through a contract among its participating governmental units, and is governed by a board of directors to provide for the joint investment of participants' public funds and funds under their control. TexSTAR is managed by J.P. Morgan Investment Management, Inc., an affiliate of JP Morgan Chase Bank, N.A. a national banking association, and First Southwest Asset Management, Inc., an affiliate of Texas based First Southwest Company. TexSTAR's investment manager will maintain the dollar-weighted average maturity of sixty (60) days or less, and the maximum stated maturity for any obligation of the United States, its agencies, or instrumentalities is limited to 397 days for fixed rate securities and 24 months for variable rate notes. TexSTAR is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's and had a weighted average maturity of 38 days at September 30, 2023.

TexSTAR does meet the requirements of GASB Statement No. 79, and as such, has elected to measure and report its investments at fair value. The City carries its investment in TexSTAR at fair value measured using published NAV, which is based on fair values of the underlying investments.

The City utilizes various methods to measure the fair value of investments on a recurring basis. GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, establishes a hierarchy that prioritizes inputs to valuation methods. The three levels of inputs are:

Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities that the City has the ability to access.

Level 2 – Observable inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. These inputs include quoted prices for the identical instrument in an inactive market, and other significant inputs based on third party fixed-income pricing models.

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability, to the extent relevant observable inputs are not available, representing the City's own assumptions about the assumptions a market participant would use in valuing the asset or liability, and would be based on the best information available.

The availability of observable inputs can vary from security to security and is affected by a wide variety of factors, including, for example, the type of security, whether the security is new and not yet established in the marketplace, the liquidity of markets, and other characteristics particular to the security. To the extent that valuation is based on models or inputs that are less observable or unobservable in the market, the determination of fair value requires more judgment. Accordingly, the degree of judgment exercised in determining fair value is greatest for instruments categorized in Level 3.

The inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, for disclosure purposes, the level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement falls in its entirety, is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety.

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Cont'd)

A. Deposits and Investments (Cont'd)

The inputs or methodology used for valuing securities are not necessarily an indication of the risk associated with investing in those securities.

As of September 30, 2023, the City's investment of \$20,511,926 in agency securities, commercial paper and municipal bonds are measured at amortized cost, as the original maturity of the security at the date of purchase was less than one year. Also, the City's investment in TexPool \$62,812,283 is carried at amortized cost. Accordingly, the City is not required to disclose these investments within the GASB Statement No. 72 hierarchy for investments.

As of September 30, 2023, the City's investment of \$152,580,512 in TexSTAR is carried at fair value using published NAV which is based on fair value of the underlying investments.

The City's investment in the Wells Fargo Government Money Market Fund of \$1,638,020 is carried at fair value using published NAV of the fund. The City's investment in this fund is classified in level 1. This fund invests in fixed income securities seeking current income while preserving capital and liquidity. The City's OPEB Trust fund investment of \$1,985,770 are in mutual funds and are carried at fair value using published NAV. The City's OPEB Trust investments are classified in level 1.

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk is the risk that the changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. In accordance with its investment policy, the City manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio to a maximum of 180 days. At September 30, 2023 the City holds \$20,511,926 of agency securities, commercial paper and municipal bonds, with a weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio of 198 days.

Custodial Credit Risk: In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require that all deposits in financial institutions be fully collateralized by U. S. Government obligations or its agencies and instrumentalities or direct obligations of Texas or its agencies and instrumentalities that have a fair value of not less than the principal amount of deposits. As of September 30, 2023, any deposit balance exceeding the \$250,000 covered by FDIC insurance was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution in the City's name. Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside third party. Investment securities are exposed to custodial risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the City and are held by the counterparty, its trust or agent, but not in the City's name. The City's investment securities are not exposed to custodial risk because all securities held by the City's custodial banks are in the City's name.

Credit Risk: Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations to the City. It is the City's policy to limit its investments to investment types with an investment quality rating not less than A or its equivalent by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The City's investment pools and money market fund were rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's Investors Service and fixed income securities were rated AA+. The City's trust fund investments are not rated.

Concentration of Credit Risk: Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the City's investment in a single issuer. The City's investment policy requires the investment portfolio be diversified in terms of investment instruments, maturities and financial institutions to reduce the risk of loss resulting from overconcentration of assets in a specific maturity or specific issuer. As of September 30, 2023, the City had no investments exposed to concentration of credit risk.

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Cont'd)

B. Receivables

Receivable as of year-end for the government's individual major funds and nonmajor funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts are as follows:

			Gov	ernmental Fund	ds	_					
	General	S	Debt Service	Capital Projects	General Gov't Other Grants		Water	Wastewater	Storm Drainage	Total	
Receivables:			_					-			
Accounts:											
Customers	\$1,648,561	\$	-	\$10,000,000	\$	-	\$ -	\$4,552,571	\$ 3,210,231	\$448,097	\$19,859,460
Court Warrants Receivable	2,294,014		-	-		-	-	-	-	-	2,294,014
Developers	8,397		-	-		-	-	-	-	-	8,397
Property Tax	226,118		165,877	-		-	-	-	-	-	391,995
Sales Tax	3,025,496		-	-		-	-	-	-	-	3,025,496
Franchise/Access	697,751		-	-		-	-	-	-	-	697,751
Other	701,378		-	-		900	153,200	-	-	-	855,478
Gross Receivables	\$8,601,714	\$	165,877	\$10,000,000	\$	900	\$ 153,200	\$4,552,571	\$ 3,210,231	\$ 448,097	\$27,132,589
Less: Allowance for Uncollectibles	(2,488,008)					-	-	(852,361)	(607,461)	(80,674)	(4,028,504)
Net Receivables	\$6,113,706	\$	165,877	\$10,000,000	\$	900	\$ 153,200	\$3,700,210	\$ 2,602,770	\$367,423	\$23,104,087

C. Property Taxes

In accordance with Texas statues, the City approves a tax rate and an order to levy property taxes in October of each year. Property taxes are billed by the county tax assessor collector as of October 1 in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are payable on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1 of the year following the City's order to levy taxes (the assessment date), a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. The assessment date represents the date on which an enforceable legal claim arises and attaches as a lien on the assessed property. In the government-wide financial statements, property tax revenue is recognized as earned, net of an allowance for uncollectible taxes. In the Governmental Fund financial statements, property tax revenues are considered available when they become due and receivable within the current period.

The appraisal of property within the City is the responsibility of the Hays County Appraisal District. The Appraisal District is required under the Property Tax Code to assess all property within the appraisal district on the basis of 100 percent of its appraised value and is prohibited from applying any assessment ratios. The value of property within the appraisal district must be reviewed at least every five years. The City may challenge appraised values established by the Appraisal District through various appeals and, if necessary, legal action. Under this legislation, the City continues to set tax rates on property within the city limits. However, if the effective tax rate, excluding tax rates for bonds and other contractual obligations and adjusted for new improvements, exceeds the rate for the previous year by more than 8 percent, qualified voters of the City may petition for an election to determine whether to limit the tax rate to no more than 8 percent above the tax rate of the previous year.

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Cont'd)

D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2023, was as follows:

Governmental Activities:	 Balance 10/1/2022		Additions		Disposals		Transfers		Adjustments		Balance 9/30/2023	
Capital assets not being depreciated:	_				_		_					
Land	\$ 5,159,762	\$	883,372	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,043,135	
Construction in progress	53,973,647		27,398,917		(768,227)	(2	25,175,493)		174,500		55,603,343	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 59,133,409	\$	28,282,289	\$	(768,227)	\$ (2	25,175,493)	\$	174,500	\$	61,646,478	
Capital assets being depreciated:												
Buildings	\$ 18,622,136	\$	62,602	\$	-	\$	80,755	\$	88,093	\$	18,853,586	
Improvements other than buildings	5,523,866		48,632		-		403,673		-		5,976,171	
Infrastructure	181,463,264		15,741,130		-	2	4,691,065		(5,132)		221,890,327	
Machinery and equipment	8,854,528		905,913		(590,334)		-		-		9,170,106	
Right-to-Use Assets	1,371,136		757,434								2,128,570	
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$ 215,834,930	\$	17,515,710	\$	(590,334)	\$ 2	25,175,493	\$	82,961	\$	258,018,760	
Accumulated depreciation:												
Buildings	\$ (6,123,316)	\$	(555,016)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(6,678,331)	
Improvements other than buildings	(3,679,348)		(261,321)		-		-		-		(3,940,668)	
Infrastructure	(57,760,719)		(6,254,412)		-		-		-		(64,015,131)	
Machinery and equipment	(4,942,172)		(485,478)		590,334		-		-		(4,837,316)	
Right-to-Use Assets	(483,516)		(587,189)								(1,070,705)	
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ (72,989,070)	\$	(8,143,415)	\$	590,334	\$		\$		\$	(80,542,151)	
Total capital assets being depreciated (net)	\$ 142,845,860	\$	9,372,295	\$		\$ 2	5,175,493	\$	82,961	\$	177,476,609	
Governmental activities capital assets (net)	\$ 201,979,269	\$_	37,654,584	\$	(768,227)	\$		\$	257,461	\$	239,123,087	

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Cont'd)

D. Capital Assets (Cont'd)

Business Type Activities:	Balance 10/1/2022		Additions		Disposals		Transfers		Adjustments		Balance 9/30/2023	
Capital assets not being depreciated:												
Land	\$	691,935	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	691,935
Construction in progress		60,506,075		12,194,862		(296,645)		(6,733,938)				65,670,355
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$	61,198,010	\$	12,194,862	\$	(296,645)	\$	(6,733,938)	\$		\$	66,362,290
Capital assets being depreciated:												
Buildings	\$	3,139,171	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,139,171
Improvements other than buildings		164,130,105		47,504,776		-		6,733,938		-		218,368,819
Machinery and equipment		4,380,021		328,396		(197,405)		-		-		4,511,012
Right-to-Use Assets		550,151		256,668		(56,095)						750,724
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$	172,199,448	\$	48,089,839	\$	(253,500)	\$	6,733,938	\$	-	\$	226,769,726
Accumulated depreciation:												
Buildings	\$	(439,518)	\$	(64,305)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(503,822)
Improvements other than buildings		(37,558,087)		(5,310,201)		-		-		-		(42,868,287)
Machinery and equipment		(2,592,381)		(272,800)		197,405		-		-		(2,667,776)
Right-to-Use Assets		(194,005)		(203,403)		19,782				_		(377,626)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	(40,783,990)	\$	(5,850,708)	\$	217,187	\$		\$		\$	(46,417,512)
Total capital assets being depreciated (net)	\$	131,415,458	\$	42,239,131	\$	(36,313)	\$	6,733,938	\$	_	\$	180,352,214
Business type activities capital assets (net)	\$	192,613,468	\$	54,433,994	\$	(332,958)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	246,714,503

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Cont'd)

D. Capital Assets (Cont'd)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 437,809
Public Safety	75,651
Public Works	6,406,696
Culture and Recreation	636,070
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 7,556,226
De 1	
Business Type Activities:	
Water	\$ 1,955,150
Wastewater	2,681,396
Storm Drainage	 1,010,759
Total Depreciation Expense - Business Type Activities	\$ 5,647,305

E. Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of September 30, 2023, is as follows:

Due from									
General Fund		Water		Wastewater		Storm Drainage		Total	
\$	-	\$	510,704	\$	-	\$	-	\$	510,704
	178		22,978		32,491		(1,003)		54,643
	-]	1,219,848		-		-		1,219,848
			3,060						3,060
\$	178	\$ 1	1,756,590	\$	32,491	\$	(1,003)	\$	1,788,255
	Geno	\$ - 178 - -	\$ - \$ 178 	General Fund Water \$ - \$ 510,704 178 22,978 - 1,219,848 - 3,060	General Fund Water Water \$ - \$ 510,704 \$ 178 22,978 - 1,219,848 - 3,060	General Fund Water Wastewater \$ - \$ 510,704 \$ - 178 22,978 32,491 - 1,219,848 - - 3,060 -	General Fund Water Wastewater Sto \$ - \$ 510,704 \$ - \$ 178 22,978 32,491 - - 1,219,848 - - - 3,060 - -	General Fund Water Wastewater Storm Drainage \$ - \$ 510,704 \$ - \$ - 178 22,978 32,491 (1,003) - 1,219,848 - - - 3,060 - -	General Fund Water Wastewater Storm Drainage \$ - \$ 510,704 \$ - \$ - \$ 178 22,978 32,491 (1,003) - - - 1,219,848 - - - - - 3,060 - - - -

Balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenses occur, and 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and 3) payments between funds are made.

Interfund and intrafund transfers during the year ended September 30, 2023, are as follows:

	Transfers out							
	General	Debt	Capital	Other	Water	Wastewater	Storm	
Transfers In	Fund	Service	Projects	Funds	Fund	Fund	Drainage	Total
General Fund	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 677,002	\$ 758,167	\$ 650,000	\$ 650,000	\$ -	\$ 2,735,169
Debt Service Fund	971,700	523,900	5,353	-	257,982	40,332	-	1,799,267
Capital Projects	13,021,154	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,021,154
Grant Funds	52,379	-	-	-	-	-	-	52,379
Other Funds	857,314	426,135	-	-	-	-	-	1,283,449
Water Fund	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wastewater Fund		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Storm Drainage Fund		-	-	-	_	-	-	<u>-</u>
	\$14,902,547	\$ 950,035	\$ 682,355	\$ 758,167	\$ 907,982	\$ 690,332	\$ -	\$18,891,418

Transfers are used to 1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, 2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts.

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Cont'd)

F. Long-term Liabilities

Debt Service Fund as debt service payments become due, and 3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2023, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance	Dι	ie Within
	10/1/2022	Additions	Reduction	9/30/2023	One Year	
Governmental Activities:						
Bonded Indebtedness	\$ 93,920,000	\$ 49,840,000	\$ 10,980,000	\$ 132,780,000	\$	8,395,000
Premium on Bond Issuance	4,489,293	6,089,085	596,835	9,981,543		-
Lease Payable	953,099	742,431	560,465	1,135,065		476,442
Net Pension Liability	1,707,420	6,549,890	2,662,684	5,594,626		-
Compensated Absences	1,971,923	1,531,727	841,362	2,662,288		665,572
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 103,041,735	\$ 64,753,133	\$ 15,641,346	\$ 152,153,522	\$	9,537,014
	Balance			Balance		ne Within
	10/1/2022	Additions	Reduction	9/30/2023	C	ne Year
Business Type Activities:						
Bonded Indebtedness	\$ 27,485,000	\$ -	\$ 520,000	\$ 26,965,000	\$	535,000
Premium on Bond Issuance	5,324,496	-	100,736	5,223,760		-
Lease Payable	382,420	254,569	236,663	400,326		168,036
Net Pension Liability	569,142	2,183,297	887,561	1,864,878		-
Compensated Absences	428,267	417,307	173,151	672,423		168,106
Total Business Type Activities	\$ 34,189,325	\$ 2,855,173	\$ 1,918,111	\$ 35,126,387	\$	871,142

The General Fund is responsible for liquidating liabilities for other post employment benefits and pensions in the governmental activities. Compensated absences are based on actual cost incurred by the General Fund and the Proprietary Funds.

Bonded Indebtedness

The City has issued general obligation bonds whereby the proceeds were used to purchase capital assets reported in the Water and Wastewater Funds. All general obligation debt is expected to be serviced by the governmental activities and the Water and Wastewater Funds are not expected to service the general obligation debt. Accordingly, all the City's general obligation debt is reported in the governmental activities column.

The City issues certificates of obligation and tax notes to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and equipment and to refund previous issues. Bonded indebtedness of the City is as follows:

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Cont'd)

F. Long-term Liabilities (Cont'd)

Bonded Indebtedness (Cont'd)

Governmental Activities:

\$13,720,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds - Series 2013, principal due annually in series through 2033, interest due semi-annually at 3.0% to 4.0%	\$ 9,210,000
55,520,000 General Obligation Bonds - Series 2013, principal due annually in series through 2033, interest due semi-annually at $1.75%$ to $4.0%$	3,385,000
\$7,140,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds - Series 2014, principal due annually in series through 2028, interest due semi-annually at 4.0%.	6,970,000
\$42,525,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds - Series 2015, principal due annually in series through 2035, interest due semi-annually at 2.0% to 4.0%.	25,670,000
\$8,520,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds - Series 2016, principal due annually in series through 2031, interest due semi-annually at 3.0% to 4.0%.	5,100,000
\$4,175,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds - Series 2020, principal due annually in series through 2030, interest due semi-annually at 3.0% to 4.0%	2,320,000
\$35,570,000 General Obligation Bonds - Series 2022, principal due annually in series through 2042, interest due semi-annually at $4.0%$ to $5.0%$	30,285,000
\$41,575,000 General Obligation Bonds - Series 2023	41,575,000
\$8,265,000 Tax Increment Revenue Bonds, Series 2023 (Kyle TIRZ No.2)	8,265,000
	\$ 132,780,000

Proceeds from the certificates of obligation will be used for the purpose of paying contractual obligations of the City incurred for the (1) design and construction of the wastewater treatment plant and other sewer system infrastructure improvements.

Business-Type Activities

\$28,330,000 Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligations Bonds - Series 2020, principal due annually in series through 2050, interest due semi-annually at 3.00%.	\$ 26,965,000
	\$ 26,965,000

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Cont'd)

F. Long-term Liabilities (Cont'd)

Debt Service Requirements

Annual debt service requirements are as follows:

Governmental Activities:

Fiscal	Year	Ending)

September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 8,395,000	\$ 6,943,480	\$ 15,338,480
2025	8,665,000	5,424,216	14,089,216
2026	7,640,000	5,086,316	12,726,316
2027	7,890,000	4,756,816	12,646,816
2028	7,125,000	4,438,966	11,563,966
2029-2033	39,075,000	17,464,225	56,539,225
2034-2038	25,460,000	9,805,713	35,265,713
2039-2043	24,500,000	4,164,113	28,664,113
2044-2048	1,800,000	723,688	2,523,688
2049-2053	2,230,000	301,000	2,531,000
	\$ 132,780,000	\$ 59,108,533	\$ 191,888,533

Business-Type Activities:

Fiscal Year Ending

September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 535,000	\$ 1,129,600	\$ 1,664,600
2025	560,000	1,102,850	1,662,850
2026	590,000	1,074,850	1,664,850
2027	620,000	1,045,350	1,665,350
2028	650,000	1,014,350	1,664,350
2029-2033	3,755,000	4,559,400	8,314,400
2034-2038	4,630,000	3,695,000	8,325,000
2039-2043	5,630,000	2,692,200	8,322,200
2044-2048	6,855,000	1,472,200	8,327,200
2049-2050	3,140,000	189,600	3,329,600
	\$ 26,965,000	\$ 17,975,400	\$ 44,940,400

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Cont'd)

F. Long-term Liabilities (Cont'd)

Total Primary Government:

Fiscal Year Ending

September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 8,930,000	\$ 8,073,080	\$ 17,003,080
2025	9,225,000	6,527,066	15,752,066
2026	8,230,000	6,161,166	14,391,166
2027	8,510,000	5,802,166	14,312,166
2028	7,775,000	5,453,316	13,228,316
2029-2033	42,830,000	22,023,625	64,853,625
2034-2038	30,090,000	13,500,713	43,590,713
2039-2043	30,130,000	6,856,313	36,986,313
2044-2048	8,655,000	2,195,888	10,850,888
2049-2053	5,370,000	490,600	5,860,600
	\$ 159,745,000	\$ 77,083,935	\$ 236,828,935

G. Lease

Enterprise Fleet Management (EFM).

The City of Kyle has entered into a contractual arrangement to lease new vehicles required for its operations including sedans, SUVs, vans, light and heavy duty trucks, police pursuit vehicles, and specialized vehicles such as for animal control and police evidence vehicles. This lease arrangement with EFM does not include heavy equipment such as dump trucks, tanker trucks, backhoes, vactor trucks, and other construction equipment. The City continues to purchase and own its heavy equipment and machinery.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, the City of Kyle paid a total sum of \$820,969 in monthly lease payments to EFM.

	Governmental Fund		Water		Wastewater Draina		Water Wastewater Drainage		nage	Tot	al
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2024	\$ 476,442	\$ 35,596	\$ 119,333	\$ 8,916	\$ 46,394	\$ 3,466	\$ 2,310	\$ 173	\$ 644,478	\$ 48,150	
2025	305,191	20,081	76,440	5,030	29,718	1,955	1,479	97	412,828	27,163	
2026	180,667	10,673	45,251	2,673	17,593	1,039	876	52	244,387	14,438	
2027	114,008	4,466	28,555	1,119	11,102	435	553	22	154,217	6,042	
2028	57,732	1,133	14,460	284	5,622	110	280	5	78,094	1,533	
2029	1,024	3	256	1	100	0	5	0	1,385	5	
•	\$ 1,135,064	\$ 71,953	\$ 284,295	\$ 18,022	\$ 110,528	\$ 7,006	\$ 5,502	\$ 349	\$ 1,535,389	\$ 97,330	

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Cont'd)

G. Lease (Cont'd)

Lease Requirements

Based on the executed lease agreement, the total lease assets and related amortization by fund is listed on the Statement of Net Position and is as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance]	Balance
Lease Assets	10/1/2022		Additions		Deductions		9/30/2023	
Fleet Vehicles	\$	1,371,136	\$	757,434	\$	-	\$ 2	2,128,570
Accumulated Amortizations		(483,516)		(587,189)			(1	,070,705)
Net Lease Assets	\$	887,620	\$	170,245	\$		\$ 1	,057,865
Dynimaga Tyma Activitias		Dalamaa					1	Balance
Business-Type Activities Lease Assets	Balance			Additions	Da	ductions		30/2023
Fleet Vehicles		0/1/2022		Additions		ductions	9/	30/2023
	ф	205.254	Ф	177.207	ф	20.606	Ф	522 125
Water	\$	395,354	\$	177,386	\$	39,606	\$	533,135
Wastewater		154,797		68,964		16,489		207,272
Drainage		-		10,318		-		10,318
Accumulated Amortizations								
Water		(139,418)		(142,725)		13,967		(268,176)
Wastewater		(54,587)		(55,488)		5,815		(104,259)
Drainage		-		(5,190)		-		(5,190)
Net Lease Assets								
Water	\$	255,936	\$	34,662	\$	25,639	\$	264,959
Wastewater	\$	100,210	\$	13,476	\$	10,674	\$	103,012
Drainage	\$	<u> </u>	\$	5,128	\$		\$	5,128
Total Business-Type Activities	\$	356,146	\$	53,266	\$	36,313	\$	373,099

The City did not report outflows as of September 30, 2023, attributable to variable payments, residual value guarantees, impairment losses or termination or penalties payments not previously included in the measurement of the lease liability.

As of September 30, 2023, the City has no commitments under the leases before the commencement of the lease term.

As of September 30, 2023, the principal and interest requirements to maturity for the lease liability total \$1,135,065 and \$400,324, respectively.

H. Contingent Arbitrage Liabilities

The City has invested a portion of GO bond proceeds as a reserve for the retirement of the bonds. Any excess of interest revenue earned on invested proceeds over interest paid on the bonds must be rebated to the federal government every five years. The City has no arbitrage liability as of September 30, 2023.

V. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee health benefits; and other claims of various natures. The City participates in the Texas Municipal League Intergovernmental Risk Pool. As an insured, the City is not obligated to reimburse the pool for losses. The City has not had any significant reductions in insurance coverage, nor have insurance settlements for the last three fiscal years exceeded insurance coverage. Any losses reported, but unsettled or incurred and not reported, are believed to be insignificant to the City's financial statements.

B. Commitments and Contingencies

The City is a defendant in lawsuits occurring in the normal course of business. Although the outcome of these matters is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the City's attorney, their resolution will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City. Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by such agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The City executed Water Supply Contracts with Guadalupe Blanco River Authority (GBRA) and a Regional Water Supply Contract with the Alliance Regional Water Authority (formerly Hays Caldwell Public Utility Agency "the Agency").

Under the raw water supply agreement with GBRA, the City agreed to pay on a take or pay basis for the appropriate share of debt service, debt service coverage and fixed Operation and Maintenance Expenses as defined in the agreement. Rates charged to the City for the treatment and delivery of treated water are determined pursuant to the terms of the Regional Agreement, plus GBRA's costs associated with any facilities required to convey the treated water. The City is also required under the agreement to pay on a take or pay basis as defined in the agreement for the treated water. For the period ending September 30, 2023, the City paid \$3,465,509 under the water supply agreement.

The Alliance Regional Water Authority (Agency) and Sponsoring Public Entities which includes the cities of Buda, Kyle and San Marcos and the Canyon Regional Water Authority have entered into a Regional Water Supply Contract dated January 15, 2008 as amended by amendment No. 1. The Agency agreed to design, finance, construct, own, acquire, maintain and operate the Project in a manner that will allow the Agency to deliver water to the Sponsoring Public Entities which includes the City. The City agreed to pay its share (28.17%) of the Project Costs and to make payments to or on behalf of the Agency in amount sufficient to meet all of the Agency's obligations under the Contract including its share of the Project Costs to allow the Agency own, operate and maintain the Project. For the period ending September 30, 2023, the City paid \$4,114,577 under the water supply contract.

C. Benefit Plans

The City participates as one of 892 plans in the nontraditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit pension plan administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). TMRS is an agency created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with the TMRS Act, Subtitle G, Title 8, Texas Government Code (the "TMRS Act") as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for municipal employees in the State of Texas. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of TMRS with a six-member Board of Trustees. Although the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoints the Board, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. TMRS's defined benefit pension plan is a tax-qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

TMRS issues a publicly available annual comprehensive financial report that can be obtained at www.tmrs.com. All eligible employees of the City are required to participate in TMRS.

V. OTHER INFORMATION (Cont'd)

C. Benefit Plans (Cont'd)

Retirement Plan

Plan Description

The City provides pension benefits for all its full-time employees through a nontraditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit plan in the statewide Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS), an agent multiple- employer public employee retirement system. The plan provisions that have been adopted by the City are within the options available in the governing state statutes of TMRS.

TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information (RSI) for TMRS; the report also provides detailed explanations of the contributions, benefits and actuarial methods and assumptions used by TMRS. This report may be obtained by writing to TMRS, P.O. Box 149153, Austin, TX 78714-9153 or by calling 800-924-8677; in addition, the report is available on TMRS website at www.TMRS.com.

Benefits Provided

TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's contributions, with interest, and the city-financed monetary credits with interest were used to purchase an annuity. Members may choose to receive their retirement benefit in one of seven payments options. Members may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a Partial Lump Sum Distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24, or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75% of the member's deposits and interest.

The City has adopted annuity increases at a rate equal to 70% of the increase in the Consumer Price Index – all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) between the December preceding the member's retirement date and the December one year before the effective date of the increase, minus any previously granted increases.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS. Members can retire at age 60 and above with 5 or more years of service or with 20 years of service regardless of age. The Plan also provide death benefits and disability benefits. Effective January 1, 2002, members are vested after 5 years, unless the City opted to maintain 10-year vesting which it did until 2015. Members may work for more than one TMRS city during their career. If a member is vested in one TMRS city, he or she is immediately vested upon employment with another TMRS city. Similarly, once a member has met the eligibility requirements for retirement in a TMRS city, he or she is eligible in other TMRS cities as well.

Employees covered by benefit terms

At December 31, 2022, the following employee were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	47
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	175
Active employees	<u>278</u>
Total	500

V. OTHER INFORMATION (Cont'd)

C. Benefit Plans (Cont'd)

Contributions

Under the state law governing TMRS, the actuary annually determines the City contribution rate. This rate consists of the normal cost contribution rate and the prior service contribution rate, both of which are calculated to be a level percent of payroll from year to year. The normal cost contribution rate finances the currently accruing monetary credits due to the City matching percent, which are the obligation of the City as of an employee's retirement date, not at the time the employee's contributions are made. The normal cost contribution rate is the actuarially determined percent of payroll necessary to satisfy the obligation of the City to each employee at the time his/her retirement becomes effective. The prior service contribution rate amortizes the unfunded (overfunded) actuarial liability (asset) over the remainder of the plan's 25-year amortization period. Both the employees and the City make contributions monthly. Since the City needs to know its contribution rate in advance to budget for it, there is a one-year delay between the actuarial valuation that is the basis for the rate and the calendar year when the rate goes into effect (i.e. December 31, 2015, valuation is effective for rates beginning January 2016).

Employees for the City were required to contribute 7% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the City were 12.97% for 2023. The City's contributions to TMRS for the year ended September 30, 2023, were \$2,703,099 and the required contributions were \$2,703,099.

Funding Policy

Cities are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate; these rates are provided to the City on an annual basis, following the completion of the actuarial valuation.

Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions:

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.5% per year

Salary Increases 3.50% to 11.50 including inflation per year

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, and beneficiaries were based on the gender-distinct 2019 Municipal Retirement of Texas mortality tables. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements.

For disabled annuitants, the mortality tables for healthy retirees with a 4-year set-forward for both males and 3 years for females. In addition, a 3% minimum mortality rate is applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

Actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2022, valuation was based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The experience study in TMRS was for the period December 31, 2014 through December 31, 2018. These assumptions were first used in the December 31, 2019 valuation, along with a change to the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. Assumptions are reviewed annually. No additional changes were made for the 2022 valuation.

V. OTHER INFORMATION (Cont'd)

C. Benefit Plans (Cont'd)

Long-term expected rate of return:

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 6.75%. The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the TMRS Board of Trustees. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income, in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (Arithmetic)
Global Equity	35.00%	7.70%
Core Fixed Income	6.00%	4.90%
Non-Core Fixed Income	20.00%	8.70%
Other Public and Private Markets	12.00%	8.10%
Real Estate	12.00%	5.80%
Hedge Funds	5.00%	6.90%
Private Equity	10.00%	11.80%
Total	100.00%	

Discount rate:

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

V. OTHER INFORMATION (Cont'd)

C. Benefit Plans (Cont'd)

Changes in Net Pension Liability / (Asset)

The following table below presents the components used to calculate the NPL for the current reporting period.

	Increase (Decrease)					
		Total Pension Liability (a)		Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability / (a) – (b)
Balance at 10/1/2021		37,326,354	\$	35,049,792	\$	2,276,562
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		3,170,371		-		3,170,371
Interest		2,598,914		-		2,598,914
Change of benefit terms		-		-		-
Difference between expected and actual experience		374,555 -		-		374,555
Changes of assumptions		-		-		-
Contributions - employer		-		2,274,243		(2,274,243)
Contributions - employee		-		1,249,583		(1,249,583)
Net investment income		-		(2,567,206)		2,567,206
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(818,223)		(818,223)		-
Administrative expense		-		(22,140)		22,140
Other changes		-		26,417		(26,417)
Net changes		5,325,617		142,674		5,182,943
Balance at 9/30/2022		\$ 42,651,971		\$ 35,192,466	\$	7,459,505

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	1	% Decrease 5.75%	Current Single Rate Assumption 6.75%	1% Increase 7.75%		
City's Net Pension Liability/(Asset)		15,316,337	\$ 7,459,505	\$	1,210,411	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately-issued TMRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.tmrs.org.

V. OTHER INFORMATION (Cont'd)

C. Benefit Plans (Cont'd)

Pension Expense

For the year ended September 30, 2023, the City recognized pension expense of \$2,961,568, comprised as follows:

Total Service Cost	\$ 3,170,371
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	2,598,914
Current-Period Benefit Changes	-
Employee Contributions (Reduction of Expense)	(1,249,583)
Projected Earnings on Plan Investments (Reduction of Expense)	(2,365,861)
Administrative Expense	22,140
Other Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	(26,419)
Recognition of Current Year Outflow (Inflow) of Resources - Liabilities	65,368
Recognition of Current Year Outflow (Inflow) of Resources - Assets	986,614
Amortization of Current Year Outflow (Inflow) of Resources - Liabilities	152,134
Amortization of Current Year Outflow (Inflow) of Resources - Assets	(392,110)
Total Pension Expense	\$ 2,961,568

The funds used to liquidate the net pension obligations have been the general fund and the water/wastewater/storm drainage fund at a rate of 75% and 25% respectively, of the annual required contribution.

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At September 30, 2023 the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Οι	Deferred atflows of esources	Int	eferred flows of esources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	930,491	\$	90,543
Changes in actuarial assumptions		56,264		-
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		2,411,267		-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		2,008,742		-
Total	\$	5,406,764	\$	90,543

The City reported \$2,008,742 as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions made after the measurement date of the net pension liability but before the end of the fiscal year will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ending September 30, 2023. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended December 30:	
2023	\$ 469,126
2024	832,966
2025	788,754
2026	1,168,919
2027	47,714
Thereafter	 -
	\$ 3,307,479

V. OTHER INFORMATION (Cont'd)

C. Benefit Plans (Cont'd)

The City participates in multiple OPEB Plans. The Supplemental Death Benefit Fund is a single employer defined benefit and is part of the Texas Retirement System. The City also has a single employer defined benefit health insurance plan for retirees (Medical Plan). As of September 30, 2023, the following balance related to the OPEB liability:

	Medical Plan		
OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	(1,465,508)	
Deferred Outflow of Resources		408,671	
Deferred Inflow of Resources		(380,503)	
OPEB Expense		(17,672)	
		SDBF	
OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	321,967	
Deferred Outflow of Resources		128,861	
Deferred Inflow of Resources		(200,178)	
OPEB Expense		51,202	

Post Retirement Supplemental Death Benefits (SDBF OPEB)

Plan Description: The City participates in a single employer defined benefit group-term life insurance plan operated by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) known as the SDBF. The City elected to provide group-term life insurance coverage to both current and retired employees. The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary (calculated based on the employee's actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death). Retired employees are insured for \$7,500; this coverage is an "other post-employment benefit," or OPEB.

Contribution: The City contributes to the SDBF at a contractually required rate as determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The rate is equal to the cost of providing one-year term life insurance. The funding policy for the SDBF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year; the intent is not to prefund retiree term life insurance during employees' entire careers. The City's contributions to the SDBF for the year ended September 30, 2023 was \$23,339, which equaled the required annual contributions.

TMRS issues a publicly available Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) that includes financial and supplementary information for the SDBF. That report may be obtained from the TMRS website at www.TMRS.com.

Post Retirement Health Insurance Plan (Health OPEB)

Plan Description: The City maintains a single-employer defined benefit health insurance plan for retirees through the Texas Municipal League Intergovernmental Employee Benefits Pool (TML). The City elected to provide health insurance coverage to certain retired employees. Former full-time employees who have retired after 25 years of service and all full-time employees who have completed 5 years or more of continuous service by April 1, 2009, and who complete a total of 25 years or more of continuous service are entitled to the same group health insurance coverage provided to active employees. This coverage is completely paid by the City. Employees who have completed less than 5 years of continuous service as of April 1, 2009, and who complete 25 years or more of continuous service are entitled to the same group health insurance coverage provided to active employees. The City will pay \$300 (adjusted annually based on the CPI) toward this coverage. The employee is responsible for the balance. Any employee hired after April 1, 2009, is not entitled to group health insurance coverage after retirement. A change in plan provision occurred in the prior year and is fully recognized in the prior year. The change in the plan eliminated all plan benefits after age 65. This plan is an "other postemployment benefit," or OPEB.

V. OTHER INFORMATION (Cont'd)

C. Benefit Plans (Cont'd)

Benefits (Health OPEB)

Employees in Group 1 are classified as participants with 5 or more years of continuous service on April 1, 2009 and 25 or more years of continuous service at retirement have the following benefits:

- Pre- Age 65: Medical, prescription drugs, dental, vision and \$2,000 life insurance fully paid by the City for the retiree
- Post Age 65:No benefits paid by the City.

Employees in Group 2 are classified as participants having fewer than 5 years of continuous service on 4/1/2009, and 25 or more years of continuous service at retirement.

• \$300 monthly stipend towards medical and prescription drug coverage (both before and after age 65 only). The \$300 amount is CPI indexed (\$374.26 as of 10/1/2020). The retiree pays any additional cost. The retiree pays the full cost of spouse's coverage.

Employees hired after April 1, 2009 are not eligible for benefits under the Plan.

Medical plan provisions

	Network	Non-Network
Calendar Year Deductible	\$250	\$500
Out-of-Pocket Limit	\$2,250 i/ \$4,000 f	None
Coinsurance	85%	55%
Preventive care and annual exam	100%	100%

Contributions: The annual premiums paid from the Trust for the period ending September 30, 2023 were \$0.00.

As of the valuation date October 1, 2023, plan membership consisted of the following:

Active employees	27
Retired	2
Total	29

Benefits: Supplemental Death Benefit Fund- The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary (calculated based on the employee's actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death). The death benefit for retirees is considered other postemployment benefit ("OPEB") and is a fixed amount of \$7,500. As the SDBF covers both active and retiree participants, with no segregation of assets, the SDBF is considered to be an unfunded OPEB plan (i.e. no assets are accumulated).

As of the measurement date of December 31, 2022, plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive employees currently receiving or entitled to benefits	42
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	32
Active employees	<u>278</u>
Total	352

V. OTHER INFORMATION (Cont'd)

C. Benefit Plans (Cont'd)

Investments (Health OPEB)

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation (3.0%) and deducting investment expenses. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the OPEB plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2023 are summarized in the following table:

	Target Allocation	Real Return
Large Cap Stocks	37%	5.70%
S&P 500	3770	5.7070
Mid/Small Cap Stocks	12%	6.50%
Russell 2000		
International Stocks	17%	5.40%
MSCI EAFE		
Bonds	33%	2.50%
Barclays US		
Multi-sector bonds	0%	3.50%
Real Estate	0%	4.80%
Cash Equivalents	1%	0.00%
	100%	

Health OPEB (Cont'd)

GASB 74 does not reduce the long-term rate of return for administrative expenses. Instead administrative expenses are an explicit component of annual OPEB expense bases of the administrative expense for the fiscal year. The resulting GASB 75 rate of return is 7.25%. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that City contributions will be made as the same percentage of participant payroll as for the 2018-19 year or \$156,500 and that all future retiree medical benefits will be paid from the trust fund under the terms of the plan. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of September 30, 2021 (rolled forward to September 30, 2022) and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability/asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

V. OTHER INFORMATION (Cont'd)

C. Benefit Plans (Cont'd)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the Net OPEB Liability of the City, as well as what the City's Net OPEB Liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1	% Decrease	Di	scount Rate	1	% Increase
		6.25%		7.25%		8.25%
Total OPEB Liability	\$	561,030	\$	520,262	\$	482,276
Net Fiduciary Position		1,985,770		1,985,770		1,985,770
Net OPEB Liability	\$	(1,424,740)	\$	(1,465,508)	\$	(1,503,494)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates

The following presents the Net OPEB Liability of the City, as well as what the City's Net OPEB Liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage-point lower or 1 percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1	% Decrease 4.99%	Т	rend Rates 5.99%	1	% Increase 6.99%
		Grading to	(Grading to	•	Grading to
		3.87%		4.87%		5.87%
Total OPEB Liability	\$	489,453	\$	520,262	\$	554,098
Net Fiduciary Position		1,985,770		1,985,770		1,985,770
Net OPEB Liability	\$	(1,496,317)	\$	(1,465,508)	\$	(1,431,672)

The OPEB plan assets are measured at fair value, using the same valuation methods used by the OPEB Plan for purpose of preparing its statement of fiduciary net position. The money weighted rate of return is 19.69%.

V. OTHER INFORMATION (Cont'd)

C. Benefit Plans (Cont'd)

Health OPEB (Cont'd)

The components of net OPEB liability at September 30, 2023 were as follows:

Service cost \$ 18,585 Interest on total pension liability 42,363 Change of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience (106,420) Change of Assumptions Expected net benefit payments Net change in total pension liability \$ (45,472) Total OPEB Liability at beginning of year \$ 565,733 Total OPEB Liability at end of year (a) \$ 520,261 Fiduciary net position: Employer contributions Investment income net of investment expense 228,320 Benefit payments/refunds of contributions Administrative expenses (30,779) Net change in fiduciary net position \$ 197,541 Fiduciary net position at beginning of year \$ 1,788,228 Fiduciary net position at end of year (b) \$ 1,985,769 Net OPEB liability/(asset) at end of year = (a) - (b) \$ (1,465,508) Fiduciary net position as a % of total OPEB liability 381.69% Covered payroll \$ 3,257,000 Net OPEB liability as a % of covered payroll -45.00%	Reconciliation of Total OPEB Liability	
Change of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Change of Assumptions Expected net benefit payments Net change in total pension liability Total OPEB Liability at beginning of year Total OPEB Liability at end of year (a) Fiduciary net position: Employer contributions Investment income net of investment expense Benefit payments/refunds of contributions Administrative expenses Net change in fiduciary net position Fiduciary net position at beginning of year Fiduciary net position at end of year (b) Net OPEB liability/(asset) at end of year = (a) - (b) Fiduciary net position as a % of total OPEB liability Covered payroll \$ 1,06,420) (106,420)	Service cost	\$ 18,585
Differences between expected and actual experience Change of Assumptions Expected net benefit payments Net change in total pension liability Total OPEB Liability at beginning of year Total OPEB Liability at end of year (a) Fiduciary net position: Employer contributions Member contributions Investment income net of investment expense Benefit payments/refunds of contributions Administrative expenses Net change in fiduciary net position Fiduciary net position at beginning of year Fiduciary net position at end of year (b) Net OPEB liability/(asset) at end of year = (a) - (b) Fiduciary net position as a % of total OPEB liability Covered payroll (106,420) (106,420) (106,420) (106,420) (106,420) (106,420) (106,420) (106,420) (106,420) (106,420) (106,420) (106,420) (106,420) (106,420) (106,420) (145,573) Fiduciary net position 107,541 Fiduciary net position at end of year (b) \$1,985,769 Net OPEB liability/(asset) at end of year = (a) - (b) \$1,985,769	Interest on total pension liability	42,363
Change of Assumptions Expected net benefit payments Net change in total pension liability Total OPEB Liability at beginning of year Total OPEB Liability at end of year (a) Fiduciary net position: Employer contributions Member contributions Investment income net of investment expense Benefit payments/refunds of contributions Administrative expenses Net change in fiduciary net position Fiduciary net position at beginning of year Fiduciary net position at end of year (b) Net OPEB liability/(asset) at end of year = (a) - (b) Fiduciary net position as a % of total OPEB liability Covered payroll \$ 3,257,000	Change of benefit terms	-
Expected net benefit payments Net change in total pension liability Total OPEB Liability at beginning of year Sofo,733 Total OPEB Liability at end of year (a) Fiduciary net position: Employer contributions Member contributions Investment income net of investment expense Benefit payments/refunds of contributions Administrative expenses Net change in fiduciary net position Fiduciary net position at beginning of year Fiduciary net position at end of year (b) Net OPEB liability/(asset) at end of year = (a) - (b) Fiduciary net position as a % of total OPEB liability Covered payroll Sofo,733 (45,472) Sofo,733 Total OPEB Liability at end of year (a) Sofo,733	Differences between expected and actual experience	(106,420)
Net change in total pension liability Total OPEB Liability at beginning of year Sofo,733 Total OPEB Liability at end of year (a) Fiduciary net position: Employer contributions Member contributions Investment income net of investment expense Benefit payments/refunds of contributions Administrative expenses Net change in fiduciary net position Fiduciary net position at beginning of year Fiduciary net position at end of year (b) Net OPEB liability/(asset) at end of year = (a) - (b) Fiduciary net position as a % of total OPEB liability Covered payroll \$ 1,788,228 \$ 3,257,000	Change of Assumptions	-
Total OPEB Liability at beginning of year \$ 565,733 Total OPEB Liability at end of year (a) \$ 520,261 Fiduciary net position: Employer contributions \$ - Member contributions Investment income net of investment expense 228,320 Benefit payments/refunds of contributions Administrative expenses (30,779) Net change in fiduciary net position \$ 197,541 Fiduciary net position at beginning of year \$ 1,788,228 Fiduciary net position at end of year (b) \$ 1,985,769 Net OPEB liability/(asset) at end of year = (a) - (b) \$ (1,465,508) Fiduciary net position as a % of total OPEB liability 381.69% Covered payroll \$ 3,257,000	Expected net benefit payments	-
Total OPEB Liability at end of year (a) Fiduciary net position: Employer contributions Member contributions Investment income net of investment expense Benefit payments/refunds of contributions Administrative expenses Net change in fiduciary net position Fiduciary net position at beginning of year Fiduciary net position at end of year (b) Net OPEB liability/(asset) at end of year = (a) - (b) Fiduciary net position as a % of total OPEB liability Covered payroll \$ 520,261 \$ 1-20,261 \$ 1-20,261 \$ 1.728,320 \$ 1.788,220 \$ 1.788,228	Net change in total pension liability	\$ (45,472)
Fiduciary net position: Employer contributions Member contributions Investment income net of investment expense Benefit payments/refunds of contributions Administrative expenses Net change in fiduciary net position Fiduciary net position at beginning of year Fiduciary net position at end of year (b) Net OPEB liability/(asset) at end of year = (a) - (b) Fiduciary net position as a % of total OPEB liability Covered payroll \$ 381.69% Covered payroll \$ 3,257,000	Total OPEB Liability at beginning of year	\$ 565,733
Employer contributions Member contributions Investment income net of investment expense Benefit payments/refunds of contributions Administrative expenses Net change in fiduciary net position Fiduciary net position at beginning of year Fiduciary net position at end of year (b) Net OPEB liability/(asset) at end of year = (a) - (b) Fiduciary net position as a % of total OPEB liability Covered payroll \$ 3,257,000	Total OPEB Liability at end of year (a)	\$ 520,261
Employer contributions Member contributions Investment income net of investment expense Benefit payments/refunds of contributions Administrative expenses Net change in fiduciary net position Fiduciary net position at beginning of year Fiduciary net position at end of year (b) Net OPEB liability/(asset) at end of year = (a) - (b) Fiduciary net position as a % of total OPEB liability Covered payroll \$ 3,257,000		
Member contributions Investment income net of investment expense Benefit payments/refunds of contributions Administrative expenses Net change in fiduciary net position Fiduciary net position at beginning of year Fiduciary net position at end of year (b) Net OPEB liability/(asset) at end of year = (a) - (b) Fiduciary net position as a % of total OPEB liability Covered payroll \$ 3,257,000	•	
Investment income net of investment expense Benefit payments/refunds of contributions Administrative expenses Net change in fiduciary net position Fiduciary net position at beginning of year Fiduciary net position at end of year (b) Net OPEB liability/(asset) at end of year = (a) - (b) Fiduciary net position as a % of total OPEB liability Covered payroll \$ 3,257,000		\$ -
Benefit payments/refunds of contributions Administrative expenses Net change in fiduciary net position Fiduciary net position at beginning of year Fiduciary net position at end of year (b) Net OPEB liability/(asset) at end of year = (a) - (b) Fiduciary net position as a % of total OPEB liability Covered payroll \$ 3,257,000		-
Administrative expenses Net change in fiduciary net position Fiduciary net position at beginning of year Fiduciary net position at end of year (b) Net OPEB liability/(asset) at end of year = (a) - (b) Fiduciary net position as a % of total OPEB liability Covered payroll \$ 3,257,000	-	228,320
Net change in fiduciary net position \$ 197,541 Fiduciary net position at beginning of year \$ 1,788,228 Fiduciary net position at end of year (b) \$ 1,985,769 Net OPEB liability/(asset) at end of year = (a) - (b) \$ (1,465,508) Fiduciary net position as a % of total OPEB liability Covered payroll \$ 3,257,000	- ·	-
Fiduciary net position at beginning of year \$ 1,788,228 Fiduciary net position at end of year (b) \$ 1,985,769 Net OPEB liability/(asset) at end of year = (a) - (b) \$ (1,465,508) Fiduciary net position as a % of total OPEB liability Covered payroll \$ 3,257,000		` '
Fiduciary net position at end of year (b) \$ 1,985,769 Net OPEB liability/(asset) at end of year = (a) - (b) \$ (1,465,508) Fiduciary net position as a % of total OPEB liability Covered payroll \$ 3,257,000	Net change in fiduciary net position	\$ 197,541
Net OPEB liability/(asset) at end of year = (a) - (b) \$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	Fiduciary net position at beginning of year	\$ 1,788,228
Fiduciary net position as a % of total OPEB liability Covered payroll \$ 3,257,000	Fiduciary net position at end of year (b)	\$ 1,985,769
Covered payroll \$ 3,257,000	Net OPEB liability/(asset) at end of year = (a) - (b)	\$ (1,465,508)
Covered payroll \$ 3,257,000		
	Fiduciary net position as a % of total OPEB liability	381.69%
Net OPEB liability as a % of covered payroll -45.00%	Covered payroll	\$ 3,257,000
	Net OPEB liability as a % of covered payroll	-45.00%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding in progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, will present multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of the plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

V. OTHER INFORMATION (Cont'd)

C. Benefit Plans (Cont'd)

Health OPEB (Cont'd)

The projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the benefits provided which are considered for accounting purposes to be provided in accordance with a substantive plan. A substantive plan is one in which the plan terms are understood by the City and plan members. This understanding is based on communications between the employers and plan members and the historical pattern of practice with regard to the sharing of benefit costs; it may not be a long term legal commitment. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and actuarial value of assets, consistent with long term perspective of the calculations. Additional information as the latest valuation follows:

Key Assumptions for Net OPEB Liability

Valuation Date	9/30/2023
Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level dollar
Asset valuation	Market value
Discount rate	7.25%
Salary scale	3.0%
Expected Return on Assets	7.25%

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates 5.99% grading to 4.87%; Group 1 retirees at 5% and Group 2 at 3%

per year

Mortality 9-30-18: RP 2000 projected using scale AA

9-30-19 on: Pub2010 Gen or Public Safety projected

Total SDBF OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability of \$321,967 was measured as of December 31, 2022 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Changes in the SDBF Total OPEB Liability

	7	Total OPEB Liability
Total OPEB Liability - beginning of year	\$	455,309
Changes for the year:		_
Service Cost	\$	49,983
Interest		8,788
Difference between expected and actual experience		21,547
Change in assumptions or other inputs		(208,305)
Benefit Payments		(5,356)
Net Change	\$	(133,343)
Total OPEB Liability - end of year	\$	321,966

V. OTHER INFORMATION (Cont'd)

C. Benefit Plans (Cont'd)

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.50% to 11.50% including inflation
Discount rate*	1.84%
Retirees' share of benefit-related costs	\$0
Administrative expenses	All administrative expenses are paid through the Pension Trust and accounted for under reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 75.
Mortality rates – service retirees	2019 Municipal Retirement Texas Mortality tables. The rates are projected as a fully government basis with scale UMP.
Mortality rates – disabled retirees	2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality rates with a 4 year set forward for males and 3 year set forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3% minimum mortality rate will be applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled for males and females, respectively. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

^{*}The discount rate was based on the Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" rate as of December 31, 2022. The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period December 31, 2014 to December 31, 2018.

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City as well as what the City's approximate total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

	1 % Decrease 3.05%		 Discount Rate 4.05%	 Increase 5.05%
Total OPEB Liability	\$	399,563	\$ 321,966	\$ 263,997

V. OTHER INFORMATION (Cont'd)

C. Benefit Plans (Cont'd)

OPEB Expense – For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, the City recognized the following OPEB expense:

SDBF:

Schedule of OPEB Expense	SDBF			
Total Service Cost	\$	49,983		
Interest on the Total OPEB Liability		8,788		
Current-Period Benefit Changes		-		
Employee Contributions (Reduction of Expense)		-		
Projected Earning on Plan Investments (Reduction of Expense)		-		
Administrative Expense		-		
Other Changes in Fiduciary Net Position		-		
Recognition of deferred outflows/inflows of resources:				
Actuarial (gains) and losses		=		
Differences between expected and actual experience		2,325		
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		(9,894)		
Investments (gains) and losses		-		
Change in Benefit Terms		-		
Total OPEB Expense	\$	51,202		

Health:

Schedule of OPEB Expense	Health
Total Service Cost	\$ 18,585
Interest on the Total OPEB Liability	42,363
Current-Period Benefit Changes	-
Employee Contributions (Reduction of Expense)	-
Projected Earning on Plan Investments (Reduction of Expense)	(128,531)
Administrative Expense	30,778
Other Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	-
Recognition of deferred outflows/inflows of resources:	
Actuarial (gains) and losses	(32,649)
Differences between expected and actual experience	=
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	(2,547)
Investments (gains) and losses	46,049
Adjustment to Investment Amortization	8,280
Total OPEB Expense	\$ (17,672)

V. OTHER INFORMATION (Cont'd)

C. Benefit Plans (Cont'd)

SDBF and Health OPEB deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources: For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$(84,168). At September 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

SDBF:

	O	Deferred Outflows Resources		Deferred Inflows Resources
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	\$	83,026	\$	(189,921)
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses		28,490		(10,257)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
OPEB plan investments		-		-
OPEB Investment gains/losses		-		-
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		17,345		-
Total	\$	128,861	\$	(200,178)
Health:	O	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows Resources
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	\$	16,577	\$	(36,053)
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses		93,751		(344,450)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
OPEB plan investments		-		-
OPEB Investment gains/losses		298,343		-
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date				-
Total	\$	408,671	\$	(380,503)

V. OTHER INFORMATION (Cont'd)

C. Benefit Plans (Cont'd)

The City reported \$17,345 as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from contributions made subsequent to the measurement date of the Net OPEB liability but before the end of the fiscal year will be recognized as reduction of Net OPEB liability for the year 9/30/2023. Amounts reported as the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense over the average future service to retirement of plan participants as follows:

SDBF:	
Years Ended September 30:	
2023	\$ (7,569)
2024	(7,569)
2025	(9,100)
2026	(8,717)
2027	(12,137)
Thereafter	 (43,570)
Total	\$ (88,662)
Health:	
Years Ended September 30:	
2024	\$ 3,182
2025	20,616
2026	66,880
2027	66,880
2028	(35,196)
Thereafter	(94,194)
Total	\$ 28,168

V. OTHER INFORMATION (Cont'd)

D. Tax Abatement

The City of Kyle enters into sales and use tax and property tax abatement agreements with local businesses under Chapter 380 of the Texas Local Government Code. Under the Act, localities may grant sales and use and property tax abatements for the purpose of attracting or retaining businesses within their jurisdictions. The abatements may be granted to any business located within or promising to relocate to the City of Kyle.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, the City of Kyle abated sales and use taxes totaling \$1,010,516 and property taxes totaling \$282,144 under these programs, including the following tax abatement agreements that each exceeded 10 percent of the total amount abated:

- A 33 percent sales and use tax abatement to DDR, a developer, for taxable items collected on-site by the Retail Occupants and remitted to the State Comptroller. The abatement amounted to \$615,464.
- A 33 percent sales and use tax abatement to Seton Family of Hospitals for development of facility and increasing employment. The abatement amounted to \$395,052.
- A 50 percent property tax abatement to RR HPI, a developer, for assessed incremental property taxes above the base year. The abatement amounted to \$176,401.
- A 5-year rebate of City of Kyle Property Taxes to ENF Technology LLC, with a reduction of 10% each year. The property tax rebate amounted to \$105,743

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)



CITYOFKYLE

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,2023

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts (GAAPBASIS)	Variance With Final Budget Positive or	
	Original	Final	(OAAF DASIS)	(Negative)	
REVENUES:					
Taxes:					
Property Taxes	\$ 16,134,200	\$ 16,134,200	\$ 16,281,191	\$ 146,991	
General Sales and Use Taxes	15,875,000	15,875,000	16,772,273	897,273	
Franchise Tax	2,868,500	2,868,500	3,397,207	528,707	
Other Taxes	120,000	120,000	160,547	40,547	
Licenses and Permits	6,778,500	6,778,500	5,658,326	(1,120,174)	
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants	5,000	5,000	28,512	23,512	
Charges for Services	7,404,200	7,404,200	7,397,145	(7,055)	
Fines	520,000	520,000	444,783	(75,217)	
Investment Earnings	600,000	600,000	4,334,448	3,734,448	
Contributions & Donations from Private Sources	35,000	35,000	72,000	37,000	
Other Revenue	250,000	250,000	221,644	(28,356)	
Total Revenues	50,590,400	50,590,400	54,768,076	4,177,676	
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General Government	17,295,336	17,478,548	14,983,230	2,495,318	
Public Safety	15,008,884	15,060,634	12,313,260	2,747,374	
Public Works	8,517,968	8,517,968	8,184,222	333,746	
Culture and Recreation	4,456,415	4,462,771	4,858,815	(396,044)	
Debt Service:	.,,	.,	.,000,010	(5,0,0)	
Principal on Debt			560,465	(560,465)	
Interest on Right-to-Use Leases	-	-		. , ,	
	-	-	40,572	(40,572)	
Capital Outlay: Capital Outlay	476,244	501,694	1,127,625	(625 021)	
				(625,931)	
Total Expenditures	45,754,847	46,021,615	42,068,189	3,953,426	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	4,835,553	4,568,785	12,699,887	8,131,102	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers In	2,065,317	2,742,319	2,735,169	(7,150)	
Other Sources - Leases	-	-	757,434	757,434	
Transfers Out (Use)	(14,506,570)	(15,183,572)	(14,902,547)	281,025	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(12,441,253)	(12,441,253)	(11,409,944)	1,031,309	
Net Change	(7,605,700)	(7,872,468)	1,289,943	9,162,411	
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)		33,128,475	33,128,475		
1 and Barance - October 1 (Beginning)		33,120,473	33,120,4/3		
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$ (7,605,700)	\$ 25,256,007	\$ 34,418,418	\$ 9,162,411	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF KYLE NOTES TO THE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEARD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

Budgetary Information

The Council adopts an "appropriated budget" for the General Fund. The City adopts a budget for certain special revenue funds but is not required to legally adopt an annual budget and may spend special revenue fund resources without a legally adopted budget. The City is required to present the adopted and final amended budgeted revenues and expenditures for this fund. The City compares the final amended budget to actual revenues and expenditures. The General Fund Budget report appears in Exhibit G-l.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the general-purpose financial statements:

- 1. Sixty days prior to October 1st, the City prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the City Council is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget. At least ten days public notice of the meeting must be given.
- 3. Prior to the third Tuesday of September, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Council. Once a budget is approved, it can only be amended at the function and fund level by approval of a majority of the members of the Council. Amendments are presented to the council at its regular meetings. Each amendment must have Council approval. As required by law, such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Council, and are not made after fiscal year end. Because the City has a policy of careful budgetary control, several amendments were necessary during the year.
- 4. The legal level of budgetary control is at the function level. Each budget is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Council. If the budget is exceeded the City is not required to go back to Council for an amendment. All budget appropriations lapse at year end. Amounts encumbered prior to year-end will lapse 3 months after year end.

${\it CITYOFKYLE}\\ STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE$

BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GRANTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

					1	Actual	Variance With Final Budget		
	Budgeted Amounts					AP BASIS	Positive or		
	(Original		Final		ee Note)		egative)	
REVENUES:									
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants	\$	45,000	\$	45,000	\$	131,559	\$	86,559	
Total Revenues		45,000		45,000		131,559		86,559	
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
General Government:									
General Government - Grants		22,000		22,000		-		22,000	
Public Safety:									
Police		63,617		63,617		162,206		(98,589)	
Culture and Recreation:									
Library		1,000		1,000		-		1,000	
Capital Outlay:		4 000 000						4 000 000	
Capital Outlay		4,000,000		4,000,000				4,000,000	
Total Expenditures		4,086,617		4,086,617		162,206		3,924,411	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(4,041,617)		(4,041,617)		(30,647)		4,010,970	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Transfers In		18,617		18,617		52,379		33,762	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		18,617		18,617		52,379		33,762	
Change in Fund Balance		(4,023,000)		(4,023,000)		21,732		4,044,732	
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)				106,516		106,516			
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$	(4,023,000)	\$	(3,916,484)	\$	128,248	\$	4,044,732	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

REOUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION **Schedule of Contributions - OPEB September 30, 2023**

Year Ending Determined September 30, Contribution		etermined	E	Actual mployer ntribution	Det	tribution ficiency xcess)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2017	\$	156,608	\$	156,500	\$	108	\$ 3,291,000	7.25%
2018		156,500		156,500		-	3,490,000	9.55%
2019		156,500		156,500		-	3,184,000	6.14%
2020		156,500		159,035		(2,535)	2,961,000	5.30%
2021		156,500		156,500		-	2,726,000	-60.54%
2022		156,500		-		156,500	2,726,000	-60.54%
2023		-		-		-	3,257,000	-60.54%

Beginning fiscal year September 30, 2018, the ADC is calculated in accordance with the Employer's funding policy, if one exists. Prior to September 30, 2018 the ADC is equal to the Annual Required Contributions (ARC) calculated under GASB Statement No. 45.

Beginning fiscal year ending September 30, 2018, the ADC is calculated in accordance with the Employer's funding policy, if one exists. Prior to the current period, the ADC is equal to the Annual Required Contribution (ARC) calculated under GASB Statement No. 45.

Notes to Schedule

Valuation date 9/30/2023 (and measurement date)

Actuarial cost method Entry Age normal Market value Asset valuation method 7.25% Discount rate

Salary scale 3% assumed pay increases and inflation

Expected Return on Assets 7.25%

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates 5.99% grading to 4.87%; Group 1 retires at 5% and Group 2

at 3% per year

RP 2000 projected Mortality

This OPEB schedule in the required supplementary information is intended to show information for ten years. Additional information will be displayed as it becomes available.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Schedules of Changes in the Employers Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios - Health For the last seven Fiscal Years

		2023	2022	2021	 2020	2019	2018	 2017
Reconciliation of Total OPEB Liability Service cost Interest on total pension liability Change of benefit terms	\$	18,585 42,363	\$ 18,044 37,137	\$ 17,681 40,438	\$ 18,407 42,428 (797,728)	\$ 52,958 108,343	\$ 50,112 100,810	\$ 50,485 79,145
Differences between expected and actual experience Change of Assumptions Expected net benefit payments		(106,420)	(56,116) (31,536)	 (56,025) (31,536)	(214,286) (20,954)	(122,181) 28,137 (5,893)	 177,209 - (5,875)	(5,123)
Net change in total pension liability	\$	(45,472)	\$ (32,471)	\$ (29,442)	\$ (972,133)	\$ 61,364	\$ 322,256	\$ 124,507
Total OPEB Liability at beginning of year	\$	565,733	\$ 598,204	\$ 627,646	\$ 1,599,779	\$ 1,538,415	\$ 1,216,159	\$ 1,091,652
Total OPEB Liability at end of year (a)	\$	520,261	\$ 565,733	\$ 598,204	\$ 627,646	\$ 1,599,779	\$ 1,538,415	\$ 1,216,159
Fiduciary net position: Employer contributions Member contributions Investment income net of investment expense Benefit payments/refunds of contributions Administrative expenses Net change in fiduciary net position	\$	225,706 - (28,164) 197,542	\$ (447,598) - (12,617) (460,215)	\$ 156,500 366,165 (19,003) 503,662	\$ 159,035 - 199,110 - (17,577) 340,568	\$ 156,500 - 59,309 - (16,660) 199,149	\$ 156,500 - 83,045 (2,303) (9,834) 227,409	\$ 156,500 - 109,860 (5,123) (12,427) 248,810
Fiduciary net position at beginning of year	\$	1,788,228	\$ 2,248,443	\$ 1,744,780	\$ 1,404,212	\$ 1,205,063	\$ 977,654	\$ 728,844
Fiduciary net position at end of year (b)	\$	1,985,770	\$ 1,788,228	\$ 2,248,443	\$ 1,744,780	\$ 1,404,212	\$ 1,205,063	\$ 977,654
Net OPEB liability/(asset) at end of year = (a) - (b)	\$ (1,465,509)	\$ (1,222,495)	\$ (1,650,240)	\$ (1,117,135)	\$ 195,566	\$ 333,352	\$ 238,505
Fiduciary net position as a % of total OPEB liability Covered payroll Net OPEB liability as a % of covered payroll	\$	381.69% 3,257,000 -45.00%	\$ 316.09% 2,843,500 -42.99%	\$ 375.87% 2,726,000 -60.54%	\$ 277.99% 2,961,000 -37.73%	\$ 87.78% 3,184,000 6.14%	\$ 78.33% 3,490,000 9.55%	\$ 80.39% 3,291,000 7.25%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Schedules of Investment Returns - OPEB For the last seven Fiscal Years

Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Net Investment Expenses	11.21%	7.46%	4.40%	12.90%	19.69%	-1.32%	-19.96%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios - SDBF For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

Total OPEB Liability for the Supplemental Death Benefit Fund

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Total Service Cost	\$ 49,983	\$ 47,436	\$ 32,212	\$ 20,831	\$ 22,658
Interest on the Total OPEB Liability	8,788	7,974	8,389	8,364	6,996
Current-Period Benefit Changes	-	-	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	21,547	10,378	(9,812)	(7,672)	4,344
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	(208,305)	16,837	58,214	53,681	(17,825)
Projected Earnings on Plan Investments (Reduction of Expense)	-	-	-	-	-
Benefit payments	(5,355)	(4,591)	(1,342)	(1,225)	(1,133)
Net Change	\$ (133,342)	\$ 78,034	\$ 87,661	\$ 73,979	\$ 15,040
Total OPEB liability, beginning	455,309	377,275	289,614	215,635	200,595
Total OPEB liability, ending	\$ 321,967	\$ 455,309	\$ 377,275	\$ 289,614	\$ 215,635
Covered - employee payroll	17,851,190	15,302,060	13,421,461	12,253,645	11,328,847
Total liability as a percentage of covered - payroll	1.80%	2.98%	2.81%	2.36%	1.90%

Notes to Schedule:

The OPEB schedule in the required supplementary information is intended to show information for ten years. Additional information will be displayed as it becomes available.

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases 3.50% to 11.50% including inflation

Discount rate 4.05%

Retirees' share of benefit-related costs \$0

Mortality rates - service retirees 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP.

Mortality rates - disabled retirees 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables with a 4 year set-forward for males and a year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3% minimum mortality rate wil be applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who became disabled for males and females, respectively. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

For the Last Eight Fiscal Years*

-							For the East Eight Fiscal Feats											
		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
Total pension liability																		
Service Cost	\$	3,170,371	\$	2,705,404	\$	2,389,020	\$	2,151,740	\$	1,978,017	\$	1,749,440	\$	1,565,958	\$	1,315,411	\$	1,137,933
Interest (on the Total Pension Liability)		2,598,914		2,250,979		1,998,021		1,731,169		1,517,366		1,342,527		1,192,749		1,090,180		950,075
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		6,942		-
Difference between expected and actual experience		374,555		744,570		(141,014)		337,529		63,015		(189,672)		(185,089)		(82,587)		59,381
Change of assumptions		-		-		-		168,232		-		-		-		6,064		-
Benefits Payments, including refunds of employee		(010.222)		(720.474)		(572.012)		(522.051)		(121, (54)		(421.007)		(461.750)		(254 200)		(220,020)
contributions Net Change in Total Pension Liability	•	5,325,617	\$	4,961,479	¢	3,672,114	\$	3,854,699	\$	3,136,744	¢	2,471,198	S	2,111,859	S	2,081,802	•	(228,929) 1,918,460
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	Þ	37,326,354	Ф	32,364,875	Ф	28,692,761	Ф	24,838,062	Ф	21,701,318	Ф	19,230,120		17,118,263	3	15,036,461		13,118,001
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	S	42,651,971	S	37,326,354	S	32,364,875	S	28,692,761	s	24,838,062	S	21,701,318	S	19,230,120	S	17,118,263	S	15,036,461
(u)		,,.	Ť	,,	<u> </u>	,	<u> </u>	,,	<u> </u>	- 1,000 0,000		,,	Ť	,,	Ť	,,	Ť	,,
Plan Fiduciary Net Position																		
Contributions - Employer	\$	2,274,243	\$	1,985,514	\$	1,682,576	\$	1,530,481	\$	1,405,910	\$	1,297,509	\$	1,112,797	\$	969,980	\$	691,539
Contributions - Employee		1,249,583		1,071,144		939,502		857,755		793,019		715,726		639,540		582,777		528,470
Net Investment Income		(2,567,206)		3,785,102		1,903,925		3,111,839		(566,454)		2,109,464		882,061		17,316		581,772
Benefits Payments, including refunds of employee																		
contributions		(818,223)		(739,474)		(573,913)		(533,971)		(421,654)		(431,097)		(461,759)		(254,208)		(228,929)
Administrative Expense		(22,140)		(17,471)		(12,292)		(17,539)		(10,929)		(10,916)		(9,950)		(10,543)		(6,071)
Other		26,419		119		(480)		(527)		(571)		(553)		(536)		(521)		(499)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		142,676 35,049,792		6,084,934 28,964,858		3,939,319 25,025,539		4,948,039 20,077,500		1,199,322 18,878,178		3,680,133 15,198,045		2,162,153 13,035,892		1,304,801 11,731,091		1,566,282 10,164,809
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	-	35,049,792	\$	35,049,792	•	28,964,858	•	25,025,539	S	20,077,500	•	18,878,178	•	15,198,045	S	13,035,892	S	11,731,091
Tian Fiduciary (vet Fosition - Ending (b)	-	33,172,400	-	33,042,722	9	20,704,030	J	23,023,337	4	20,077,300	9	10,070,170		13,170,043	-	15,655,672	-	11,751,071
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$	7,459,503	\$	2,276,562	\$	3,400,017	\$	3,667,222	\$	4,760,562	\$	2,823,140	\$	4,032,075	\$	4,082,371	\$	3,305,370
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability		82.51%		93,90%		89.49%		87.22%		80.83%		86,99%		79.03%		76.15%		78.02%
of Total Pension Liability		62.3176		93.90%		09.4970		07.2270		00.0370		80.9970		79.0376		70.1376		76.0276
Covered Payroll	\$	17,851,190	\$	15,302,060	\$	13,421,461	\$	12,253,645	\$	11,328,847	\$	10,224,662	\$	9,136,279	\$	8,325,383	\$	8,071,984
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage																		
of Covered Payroll		41.79%		14.88%		25.33%		29.93%		42.02%		27.61%		44.13%		49.04%		40.95%

^{*} Schedules are intended to show information for ten years and the additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available, amounts presented for the year end were determined as of December 31, the measurement date.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Schedule of Employer Contributions

Year Ending September 30,	Actuarially Determined Contribution			Actual Employer ontribution	D	ntribution eficiency Excess)	Pensionable Covered Payroll	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
2014	\$	627,943	\$	627.943	\$	_	\$ 7,550,582	8.3%
2015		953,338		936,923		16,415	8,686,216	10.8%
2016		1,160,869		1,116,031		44,838	9,207,541	12.1%
2017		1,225,528		1,240,665		(15,137)	9,868,892	12.6%
2018		1,391,093		1,414,894		(23,801)	11,149,680	12.7%
2019		1,479,117		1,479,117		-	11,149,680	13.3%
2020		1,530,481		1,530,481		-	12,253,645	12.5%
2021		1,846,501		1,846,501		-	13,421,461	13.8%
2022		2,149,897		2,149,897		-	15,302,060	14.0%
2023		2,703,099		2,703,099			17,851,190	15.1%

Notes to Schedule of Contributions

Valuation Date:

Notes Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December

31 and become effective in January 13 months later.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed

Remaining

Amortization Period 23 Years

Asset Valuation Method 10 Year smoothed market: 12% soft corridor

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases 3.50% to 11.50% including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 6.75%

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rate that are specific to the City's plan of

benefits. Last update for the 2019 valuation pursuant to an experience

study of the Period 2014-2018

Mortality Post-retirement: 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. The

Rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP. Preretirement: PUB (10) mortality tables, with the Public Safety table used for males and the General Employee table used for females. The rates

are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP.

Other Information:

Notes There were no benefit changes during the year.





CITY OF KYLE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	Pha	Creek ase II ial Fee	Ed	Public ucation & v't Access	F	Police orfeiture	Police Special Revenue
ASSETS							
Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	_	\$	338,685	\$	91,371	\$ 28,749
Restricted Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents		-		-		-	-
Receivable (Net)		-		-		-	-
Due from Other Funds		-		-		-	-
Total Assets	\$	-	\$	338,685	\$	91,371	\$ 28,749
LIABILITIES							
Accounts Payable	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_	\$ _
Wages and Salaries Payable		_		_		-	_
Contracts Payable		-		-		-	-
Due to Other Funds		-		-		-	-
Total Liabilities		-		-		-	
FUND BALANCES							
Restricted Fund Balance:							
Restricted Fund Balance - Tourism and Other		_		338,685		91,371	28,749
Restricted Fund Balance - Capital Projects		-		-		-	-
Assigned Fund Balance:							
Assigned Fund Balance - Capital Projects		_		_		-	_
Unassigned Fund Balance		-		-		-	-
Total Fund Balances		-		338,685		91,371	28,749
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	_	\$	338,685	\$	91,371	\$ 28,749

Court Special Revenue		Police Abandoned & Unclaimed		Hotel Occupancy		TIRZ #2 Fund	7	ΓIRZ #3 Fund	7	ΓIRZ #4 Fund	Bun	iton Creek PID	Blanco River Ranch PID		
\$	59,157 - -	\$	7,730 - -	\$	770,052 - 153,200	\$ - 10,250,576 -	\$	361,608 - -	\$	- - -	\$	1,479 - -	\$	- - -	
\$	59,157	\$	7,730	\$	923,252	\$ 10,250,576	\$	361,608	\$	-	\$	1,479	\$	<u>-</u>	
\$	60 - - - - 60	\$	- - - -	\$	1,372 - - - - 1,372	\$ 106,099	\$	- 892 - - 892	\$	- - - 892 892	\$	1,479 - - - - 1,479	\$	900 - - 1,674 2,574	
	59,097 - - 59,097		7,730 - - - 7,730	_	921,880	 10,144,477		360,716	_	(892) - - (892)		- - - -		(2,574)	
\$	59,157	\$	7,730	\$	923,252	\$ 10,250,576	\$	361,608	\$	-	\$	1,479	\$	-	

CITY OF KYLE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

		/ Kyle D #1	Plu	m Creek	Т	oll Bros PID		Hillside Terrace PID	
ASSETS									
Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	_	\$	3,370	\$	48,323	\$	39,958	
Restricted Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	·	_		-	·	´ -	·	´-	
Receivable (Net)		_		_		-		_	
Due from Other Funds		-		-		-		-	
Total Assets	\$	-	\$	3,370	\$	48,323	\$	39,958	
LIABILITIES									
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	125	
Wages and Salaries Payable		-		-		-		-	
Contracts Payable		-		-		50,000		-	
Due to Other Funds		1,057		-		-		-	
Total Liabilities		1,057		-		50,000		125	
FUND BALANCES									
Restricted Fund Balance:									
Restricted Fund Balance - Tourism and Other		(1,057)		3,370		(1,677)		39,833	
Restricted Fund Balance - Capital Projects		-		-		-		-	
Assigned Fund Balance:									
Assigned Fund Balance - Capital Projects		-		-		-		-	
Total Fund Balances		(1,057)		3,370		(1,677)		39,833	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	-	\$	3,370	\$	48,323	\$	39,958	

Limestone Creek PID		O	AYAC utreach Fund	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		Transportatio Fund			CIP Park evelopment Fund	Im	Road provement Fund	Senior ectivity & nmunity Ctr	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
\$	168,744 - - 3,623	\$	3,890 - - -	\$	1,923,116 10,250,576 153,200 3,623	\$	2,557,105 - - -	\$	5,510,883 - - -	\$	- 1,848,467 - -	\$ 194,512 - - -	\$	10,185,616 12,099,043 153,200 3,623	
\$	172,367	\$	3,890	\$	12,330,515	\$	2,557,105	\$	5,510,883	\$	1,848,467	\$ 194,512	\$	22,441,482	
\$	46,382	\$	- - - -	\$	156,417 892 50,000 3,623 210,932	\$	- - - -	\$	238,480	\$	90,907	\$ - - - - -	\$	485,804 892 50,000 3,623 540,319	
	125,985		3,890		12,119,583		2,557,105		5,272,403		- 1,757,560	- - 194,512		12,119,583 1,757,560 8,024,020	
	125,985		3,890	_	12,119,583		2,557,105	_	5,272,403	_	1,757,560	 194,512		21,901,163	
\$	172,367	\$	3,890	\$	12,330,515	\$	2,557,105	\$	5,510,883	\$	1,848,467	\$ 194,512	\$	22,441,482	

CITY OF KYLE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	Plum Creek Phase II Special Fee	Public Education & Gov't Access	Police Forfeiture	Police Special Revenue
REVENUES:				
Taxes:				
Property Taxes Franchise Tax	\$ - -	\$ - 72,827	\$ -	\$ -
Other Taxes	-	-	-	- 2.007
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants	42.250	-	-	3,097
Charges for Services	42,250	-	-	-
Special Assessments Investment Earnings Contributions & Donations from Private Sources	- - -	- - -	755 -	- - -
Other Revenue			10,662	
Total Revenues	42,250	72,827	11,417	3,097
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General Government Culture and Recreation Debt Service:	- -	33,169	-	-
Interest on Debt Capital Outlay:	-	-	-	-
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-
Total Expenditures		33,169		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	42,250	39,658	11,417	3,097
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Issuance of Bonds	-	-	-	-
Transfers In	-	-	-	-
Premium or Discount on Issuance of Bonds	-	-	-	-
Transfers Out (Use)	(92,850)			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(92,850)			
Net Change in Fund Balance	(50,600)	39,658	11,417	3,097
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)	50,600	299,027	79,954	25,652
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	<u> </u>	\$ 338,685	\$ 91,371	\$ 28,749

Court Special Revenue	Police Abandoned & Unclaimed	Hotel Occupancy	TIRZ #2 Fund	TIRZ #3 Fund	TIRZ #4 Fund	Bunton Creek PID	Blanco River Ranch PID
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 629,334	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
-	-	582,286	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
27,581	-	-	-	-	-	76.050	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	76,959 -	-
-	-	10,000	-	370,000	-	-	-
27,581		592,286	629,334	370,000		76,959	
27,381		392,280	029,334	370,000		70,939	
6,004	-	90,063	133,558	1,443	892	77,130	2,574
		70,003					
-	-	-	393,627	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	2,387,856	6,600	-	-	-
6,004		90,063	2,915,041	8,043	892	77,130	2,574
21,577		502,223	(2,285,707)	361,957	(892)	(171)	(2,574)
_	_	_	8,265,000	_	_	_	_
-	-	-	1,283,448	1	-	-	-
(15,000)	-	(400,317)	128,627 (250,000)	-	-	-	-
(15,000)		(400,317)	9,427,075	1			
6,577		101,906	7,141,368	361,958	(892)	(171)	(2,574)
52,520	7,730	819,974	3,003,109	(1,242)	-	171	<u>-</u>
\$ 59,097	\$ 7,730	\$ 921,880	\$ 10,144,477	\$ 360,716	\$ (892)	\$ -	\$ (2,574)

CITY OF KYLE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	SW Kyle PID #1	Plum Creek	Toll Bros PID	Hillside Terrace PID
REVENUES:				
Taxes:				
Property Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Franchise Tax	-	-	-	-
Other Taxes	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants	-	-	-	-
Charges for Services	-	- 0.050	-	-
Special Assessments	=	8,950	-	-
Investment Earnings Contributions & Donations from Private Sources	-	-	-	-
Other Revenue	-	-	-	-
Total Revenues		8,950		
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General Government	1,057	41,455	245	4,451
Culture and Recreation	-	-	-	-
Debt Service:				
Interest on Debt	-	-	-	-
Capital Outlay:				
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	1,057	41,455	245	4,451
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)	(1,057)	(32,505)	(245)	(4,451)
Expenditures				<u></u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Issuance of Bonds	-	-	-	-
Transfers In	-	-	-	-
Premium or Discount on Issuance of Bonds	-	-	-	-
Transfers Out (Use)				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,057)	(32,505)	(245)	(4,451)
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)		35,875	(1,432)	44,284
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$ (1,057)	\$ 3,370	\$ (1,677)	\$ 39,833
			(-,-,-,)	

Limestone Creek PID	KAYAC Outreach Fund	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Transportatio Fund	CIP Park Development Fund	Road Improvement Fund	Senior Activity & Community Ctr	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ 629,334 72,827 582,286 3,097	\$ -	\$ - - - -	\$ -	\$ - - -	\$ 629,334 72,827 582,286 3,097
135,000	- - -	69,831 220,909 755 380,000	- - -	1,989,900 - - -	917,926 - -	- - -	2,059,731 1,138,835 755 380,000
135,000		1,969,701		1,989,900	917,926		10,662 4,877,527
10,401	-	312,379 90,063	- -	- -	-	55,850 -	368,229 90,063
-	-	393,627	-	-	-	-	393,627
<u>44,782</u> 55,183		2,439,238 3,235,307		1,977,826 1,977,826	2,473,025 2,473,025	508 56,358	6,890,597 7,742,516
79,817		(1,265,606)		12,074	(1,555,099)	(56,358)	(2,864,989)
- - - - -	- - - -	8,265,000 1,283,449 128,627 (758,167) 8,918,909	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	8,265,000 1,283,449 128,627 (758,167) 8,918,909
79,817 46,168	3,890	7,653,303 4,466,280	2,557,105	12,074 5,260,329	(1,555,099) 3,312,659	(56,358) 250,870	6,053,920 15,847,243
\$ 125,985	\$ 3,890	\$ 12,119,583	\$ 2,557,105	\$ 5,272,403	\$ 1,757,560	\$ 194,512	\$ 21,901,163

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)



STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - PLUM CREEK PH II SPECIAL FEE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

					,	Actual		nce With Budget
	Budgeted Amounts				GAAPBASIS			itive or
	Original			Final		ee Note)	(Negative)	
REVENUES:								
Charges for Services	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$	42,250	\$	(57,750)
Total Revenues		100,000		100,000		42,250		(57,750)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers Out (Use)		(100,000)		(100,000)		(92,850)		7,150
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(100,000)		(100,000)		(92,850)		7,150
Change in Fund Balance						(50,600)		(50,600)
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)				50,600		50,600		
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$		\$	50,600	\$		\$	(50,600)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - PUBLIC, EDUCATION & GOV'T ACCESS FEE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

		Budgeted	unts	Actual		Variance With Final Budget		
	Original			Final		AP BASIS ee Note)	Positive or (Negative)	
REVENUES:								
Franchise Tax	\$	80,000	\$	80,000	\$	72,827	\$	(7,173)
Total Revenues		80,000		80,000		72,827		(7,173)
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General Government		224,918		224,918		33,169		191,749
Total Expenditures		224,918		224,918		33,169		191,749
Change in Fund Balance		(144,918)		(144,918)		39,658		184,576
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)				299,028		299,028		
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$	(144,918)	\$	154,110	\$	338,686	\$	184,576

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - POLICE FORFEITURE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,2023

	Budgeted	Amoı	ınts		ctual	Final	nce With Budget
	 Original		Final	GAAP BASIS (See Note)		Positive or (Negative)	
REVENUES:							
Investment Earnings	\$ -	\$	_	\$	755	\$	755
Other Revenue	 15,000		15,000		10,662		(4,338)
Total Revenues	 15,000		15,000		11,417		(3,583)
EXPENDITURES:							
Police	15,000		15,000		-		15,000
Total Expenditures	 15,000		15,000		_		15,000
Change in Fund Balance	_		_		11,417		11,417
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)	 		79,954		79,954		
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$ 	\$	79,954	\$	91,371	\$	11,417

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - POLICE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

					A	ctual		ce With
	Budgeted Amounts				GAA	PBASIS		Budget ive or
	Original			Final		e Note)	(Negative)	
REVENUES:								
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants	\$	3,500	\$	3,500	\$	3,097	\$	(403)
Total Revenues		3,500		3,500		3,097		(403)
EXPENDITURES:								
Police		3,500		3,500		-		3,500
Total Expenditures		3,500		3,500		-		3,500
Change in Fund Balance						3,097		3,097
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)				25,652		25,652		
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$	-	\$	25,652	\$	28,749	\$	3,097

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - COURT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,2023

					Α	ctual	Variance With Final Budget	
		Budgeted	Amount	<u>S</u>	GAAPBASIS		Positive or (Negative)	
	Or	iginal	Fii	Final		e Note)		
REVENUES:								
Charges for Services	\$	28,700	\$	28,700	\$	27,581	\$	(1,119)
Total Revenues		28,700		28,700		27,581		(1,119)
EXPENDITURES: Current:								
General Government		9,000		9,000		6,004		2,996
Total Expenditures		9,000		9,000		6,004		2,996
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		19,700		19,700		21,577		1,877
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers Out (Use)		(15,000)		(15,000)		(15,000)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(15,000)		(15,000)		(15,000)		-
Change in Fund Balance		4,700		4,700		6,577	-	1,877
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)				52,520		52,520		
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$	4,700	\$	57,220	\$	59,097	\$	1,877

CITY OF KYLE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - POLICE ABANDONED & UNCLAIMED PROPERTY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

		Rudgeted	Amo	uinte	A	ctual	Variance With Final Budget	
	Budgeted An Original		Allio	Final		PBASIS e Note)	Positive or (Negative)	
EXPENDITURES:								
Police	\$	7,731	\$	7,731	\$	_	\$	7,731
Total Expenditures		7,731		7,731		-		7,731
Change in Fund Balance		(7,731)		(7,731)		-		7,731
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)		-		7,730		7,730		
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$	(7,731)	\$	(1)	\$	7,730	\$	7,731

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - HOTEL OCCUPANCY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,2023

					Actual		Variance With Final Budget	
		Budgeted Amounts				APBASIS	Positive or	
	O	Original		Final	(S	ee Note)	(Negative)	
REVENUES:								
Other Taxes	\$	450,000	\$	450,000	\$	582,286	\$	132,286
Contributions & Donations from Private		-		-		10,000		10,000
Total Revenues		450,000		450,000		592,286		142,286
EXPENDITURES:								
Hotel Occupancy Tax		220,000		220,000		90,063		129,937
Total Expenditures		220,000		220,000		90,063		129,937
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		230,000		230,000		502,223		272,223
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers Out (Use)		(400,317)		(400,317)		(400,317)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(400,317)		(400,317)		(400,317)		_
Change in Fund Balance		(170,317)		(170,317)		101,906		272,223
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)		-		819,974		819,974		-
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$	(170,317)	\$	649,657	\$	921,880	\$	272,223

$\label{eq:cityofkyle} \textbf{STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE} \\ \textbf{BUDGET AND ACTUAL-TIRZ} \\ \textbf{FUND}$

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

		Budgeted Amounts				Actual GAAP BASIS		ance With al Budget sitive or
	Original Final		Final	(See Note)		(Negative)		
REVENUES:								
Property Taxes	\$	1,068,300	\$	1,068,300	\$	629,334	\$	(438,966)
Total Revenues		1,068,300		1,068,300		629,334		(438,966)
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General Government		770,200		770,200		133,557		636,643
Debt Service:								
Interest on Debt		700,000		700,000		393,627		306,373
Capital Outlay:		0.000.000		10 10 0 10		0.207.057		7.700.100
Capital Outlay		8,000,000		10,186,048		2,387,856		7,798,192
Total Expenditures		9,470,200		11,656,248		2,915,040		8,741,208
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(8,401,900)		(10,587,948)		(2,285,706)		8,302,242
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Issuance of Bonds		8,000,000		8,000,000		8,265,000		265,000
Transfers In		1,663,800		1,663,800		1,283,448		(380,352)
Premium or Discount on Issuance of Bonds		-		-		128,627		128,627
Transfers Out (Use)		(250,000)		(250,000)		(250,000)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		9,413,800		9,413,800		9,427,075		13,275
Change in Fund Balance		1,011,900		(1,174,148)		7,141,369		8,315,517
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)		<u>-</u>		3,003,108		3,003,108		-
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$	1,011,900	\$	1,828,960	\$	10,144,477	\$	8,315,517

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - TIRZ #3 FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,2023

			Actual	Variance With
	Budgeted	Amounts	GAAP BASIS	Final Budget Positive or
	Original	Final	(See Note)	(Negative)
REVENUES:				
Property Taxes	\$	\$ 1	\$ -	\$ (1)
Contributions & Donations from Private	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	370,000	370,000
Total Revenues		1	370,000	369,999
EXPENDITURES:				
Current: General Government			1,442	(1,442)
Capital Outlay:			-,	(-, · · -)
Capital Outlay		248,300	6,600	241,700
Total Expenditures		248,300	8,042	240,258
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	Over (Under) 1 (248,299) 361,		361,958	610,257
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers In): 111			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1	1	1	-
Change in Fund Balance	-	2 (248,298)	361,959	610,257
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)		(1,243)	(1,242)	1
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$ 2	2 \$ (249,541)	\$ 360,717	\$ 610,258

CITY OF KYLE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUNTON CREEK PID FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

		Budgeted	Amou	nts		ctual PBASIS	Fina	nce With I Budget itive or	
	Or	iginal		Final		e Note)		gative)	
REVENUES:									
Special Assessments	\$	90,000	\$	90,000	\$	76,959	\$	(13,041)	
Total Revenues		90,000		90,000		76,959		(13,041)	
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
General Government	90,000 90,		90,000		77,130		12,870		
Total Expenditures		90,000		90,000		77,130		12,870	
Change in Fund Balance		(171)		(171)					
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)				171		171			
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$		\$	\$ 171	\$		\$	(171)	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - KAYAC OUTREACH FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

				A	ctual		ice With
	Budgeted	Amo	unts	GAA	PBASIS		tive or
Or	iginal		Final				gative)
d 2,000 d 2,000 d							
\$	3,890	\$	3,890	\$		\$	3,890
	3,890		3,890				3,890
	(3,890)		(3,890)		-		3,890
			3,890		3,890		
\$	(3,890)	\$	-	\$	3,890	\$	3,890
	\$	\$ 3,890 3,890 (3,890)	\$ 3,890 \$ 3,890 (3,890)	\$ 3,890 \$ 3,890 3,890 3,890 (3,890) (3,890) - 3,890	Budgeted Amounts GAA Original Final GAA \$ 3,890 \$ 3,890 \$ 3,890 3,890 \$ (3,890) (3,890) \$ - 3,890 \$	GAAP BASIS (See Note) \$ 3,890 \$ 3,890 \$ - 3,890 3,890 \$ - (3,890) (3,890) - 3,890 3,890 3,890	Budgeted Amounts GAAP BASIS (See Note) Final Position (Neg Note) \$ 3,890 \$ 3,890 \$ -

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - TRANSPORTATION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,2023

						Actual		ance With
		Budgeted	Am	ounts	GA	APBASIS		al Budget sitive or
	(Original		Final	(5	See Note)	(N	egative)
EXPENDITURES:								
Capital Outlay:	\$ 2,465,365 \$ 2,230,045 \$							
Capital Outlay	\$	2,465,365	\$	2,239,045	\$		\$	2,239,045
Total Expenditures		2,465,365		2,239,045		-		2,239,045
Change in Fund Balance		(2,465,365)		(2,239,045)		-		2,239,045
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)				2,557,105		2,557,105		
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$	(2,465,365)	\$	318,060	\$	2,557,105	\$	2,239,045

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CIP PARK DEVELOPMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

		Dodostod	A	4-		Actual		ance With
		Budgeted	Amo	ounts	GA	APBASIS		sitive or
	(Original		Final	(5	See Note)	(N	egative)
REVENUES:								
Charges for Services	\$	1,500,000	\$	1,500,000	\$	1,989,900	\$	489,900
Total Revenues		1,500,000		1,500,000		1,989,900		489,900
EXPENDITURES:								
Capital Outlay:								
Capital Outlay		3,326,600		3,771,378		1,977,825		1,793,553
Total Expenditures		3,326,600		3,771,378		1,977,825		1,793,553
Change in Fund Balance		(1,826,600)		(2,271,378)		12,075	2,283,45	
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)				5,260,329		5,260,329	-	
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$	(1,826,600)	\$	2,988,951	\$	5,272,404	\$	2,283,453

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL-STREET IMPROVEMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,2023

		D 1 . 1		,		Actual		ance With
		Budgeted	Amo	ounts	G/	AAPBASIS		sitive or
	(Original		Final	(See Note)	(N	egative)
REVENUES:								
Special Assessments	\$	765,000	\$	765,000	\$	917,926	\$	152,926
Total Revenues		765,000		765,000		917,926		152,926
EXPENDITURES:								
Capital Outlay:								
Capital Outlay		3,857,700		4,022,700		2,473,025		1,549,675
Total Expenditures		3,857,700		4,022,700		2,473,025		1,549,675
Change in Fund Balance		(3,092,700)		(3,257,700)		(1,555,099)		1,702,601
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)				3,312,659		3,312,659		
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$	(3,092,700)	\$	54,959	\$	1,757,560	\$	1,702,601

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SENIOR ACTIVITY & COMMUNITY CENTER FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,2023

					,	Actual	ance With
		Budgeted	Amo	ounts	GA	APBASIS	sitive or
	0	riginal		Final		ee Note)	egative)
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
General Government	\$	-	\$	-	\$	55,850	\$ (55,850)
Capital Outlay:							
Capital Outlay		156,600		195,020		508	194,512
Total Expenditures		156,600		195,020		56,358	 138,662
Change in Fund Balance		(156,600)		(195,020)		(56,358)	138,662
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)				250,870		250,870	
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$	(156,600)	\$	55,850	\$	194,512	\$ 138,662



STATISTICAL SECTION



STATISTICAL SECTION

(Unaudited)

This part of the City of Kyle, Texas' comprehensive annual financial report presents multiple years of data to provide a historical perspective for understanding the information available in the financial statements, note, disclosures, and required supplementary information and for assessing the City's overall financial condition.

Contents:

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue resources. Property tax, sales tax and charges for services are the largest revenue sources for governmental activities. Water and wastewater charges are the largest sources for business-type activities

Debt Capacity

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Economic and Demographic Indicators

These schedules contain economic and demographic data to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services and activities performed by the City.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual financial report or comprehensive annual financial report for the relevant year.

CITY OF KYLE, TEXAS
NET POSITION BY COMPONENT
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

\$ 49,390,461 \$ 52,720,071 \$ 64,905,304 \$ 67,862,885 1,450,855 2,149,427 4,035,118 1,427,943 9,455,449 13,101,265 16,064,010 24,596,629 24,556,429 13,101,265 16,064,010 24,596,629 24,596,769 \$ 67,970,763 \$ 85,004,432 \$ 93,887,457 13,482,480 16,916,006 19,789,804 19,526,325 9,305,819 21,075,053 \$ 139,498,671 \$ 77,031,509 \$ 95,129,600 \$ 119,770,240 \$ 139,498,671 \$ 103,633,335 14,933,335 19,065,433 23,824,922 20,954,288 18,761,268 27,399,754 37,139,063 55,174,507	Fiscal Ye. 2017 2018 390,461 \$ 52,720,071 \$ 64,905,304 \$ 450,855 2,149,427 4,035,118 296,765 \$ 67,970,763 \$ 85,004,432 \$ 782,480 16,916,006 19,789,804 14,298,489 21,075,053	Fiscal Year Fiscal Year 2017 2018 2019 2019 2018 2019 2019 2018 2019 2018 2019 2018 2019 2019 2018 2019 2018 2019		2014 2015	Governmental activities: \$ 22,888,184 \$ 37,500,433 Net Investment in Capital Assets 11,015,147 1,426,961 Restricted 8,394,091 13,307,688	Total Governmental Activities Net Assets \$ 42,297,422 \$ 52,235,082	Business-type activities: \$ 48,085,808 \$ 50,651,024 Net Investment in Capital Assets \$ 470,600 10,854,507 Restricted 6,520,462 8,480,255	Total Business-Type Activities Net Assets \$ 63,076,870 \$ 69,985,786	Primary government: \$ 70,973,992 \$ 88,151,457 Net Investment in Capital Assets \$ 70,973,992 \$ 88,151,457 Restricted 24,541,972 21,787,943
\$ 64,905,304 \$ 4,035,118	Fiscal Year 2018 \$ 64,905,304 \$ 67,862,885 4,035,118 1,427,943 16,064,010 24,596,629 \$ 85,004,432 \$ 93,887,457 \$ 78,905,383 \$ 89,394,468 19,789,804 19,526,325 21,075,053 30,577,878 \$ 119,770,240 \$ 139,498,671 \$ 143,810,687 \$ 157,257,353 23,824,922 20,954,268 37,139,063 55,174,507	Fiscal Year 2018 2019 2020 \$ 64,905,304 \$ 67,862,885 \$ 88,141,295 \$ 1,427,943 \$ 60,064,010 24,596,629 25,946,417 \$ 85,004,432 \$ 93,887,457 \$ 117,646,716 \$ 19,789,804 \$ 78,905,383 \$ 89,394,468 \$ 113,365,561 \$ 21,075,053 \$ 119,770,240 \$ 139,498,671 \$ 168,179,459 \$ 143,810,687 \$ 143,810,687 \$ 157,257,353 \$ 201,506,856 \$ 13,139,063 \$ 37,139,063 \$ 5,174,507 48,157,069		2016	\$ 49,390,461 1,450,855 9,455,449	\$ 60,296,765		\$ 77,	\$ 103,633,671 14,933,335 18,761,268
Scal Ye	\$ 67,862,885 1,427,943 24,596,629 \$ 93,887,457 \$ 19,526,325 30,577,878 \$ 139,498,671 \$ 157,257,353 20,994,268 5 157,257,353	scal Year 2020 \$ 67,862,885 \$ 88,141,295 \$ 1,427,943 3,559,004 24,596,629 25,946,417 \$ 93,887,457 \$ 117,646,716 \$ \$ 89,394,468 \$ 113,365,561 \$ \$ 19,526,325 32,603,246 \$ \$ 139,488,671 \$ 168,179,459 \$ \$ 157,257,353 \$ 201,506,856 \$ \$ 20,944,268 \$ 36,162,250 \$ \$ 157,257,353 \$ 201,506,856 \$ \$ 55,174,507 48,157,069 \$		2017	4) (\$ 116,635,176 19,065,433 27,399,754
\$ 67,862,885 1,427,943 24,596,629 \$ 93,887,457 \$ 139,498,671 \$ 157,257,353 20,954,268 \$ 157,257,353 \$ 157,257,353 \$ 157,257,353	7,862,885 7,596,629 7,596,629 7,394,468 7,526,325 7,577,878 7,498,671 7,257,353 7,257,353 7,257,353	7.862,885 \$ 88,141,295 \$ 3,596,629 \$ 3,559,004 \$ 3,599,004 \$ 3,599,004 \$ 3,599,004 \$ 3,599,468 \$ 117,646,716 \$ 32,603,246 \$ 32,603,246 \$ 32,603,246 \$ 32,603,246 \$ 32,603,246 \$ 32,603,246 \$ 32,603,246 \$ 3,559,671 \$ 168,179,459 \$ 32,01,506,856 \$ 3,559,250 \$ 36,162,250 \$ 1,74,507 \$ 48,157,069	Ϊ́	2018	9 +	\$ 85,004,432		\$ 119,770,240	\$ 143,810,687 23,824,922 37,139,063
	\$ 88,141,295 3,559,004 25,946,417 \$ 117,646,716 \$ 113,365,561 32,603,246 22,210,652 \$ 168,179,459 \$ 201,506,856 36,162,250 48,157,069	w w w w	scal Year	2019	\$ 67,862,885 1,427,943 24,596,629			\$ 139,498,671	,
\$ 120,764,220 \$ 127,480,004 10,246,683 6,876,878 33,596,180 6,876,878 5,007,638 5 164,607,083 \$ 192,364,520 27,015,891 \$ 28,776,491 \$ 28,731,335 4,636,057 60,612,071 86,289,066				2023	\$ 163,389,681 13,992,055 53,334,661	\$ 230,716,397	\$ 214,125,421 51,497,685 34,010,672	\$ 299,633,778	\$ 377,515,101 65,489,740 87,345,333

Source: Annual Financial Reports

^{*} GASB 34 implemented 2004

^{*} Statement of Net Assets on Audit Report

^{*} Reported as Net Position beginning 2013

CITY OF KYLE, TEXAS CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

2023	\$ 16,377,665 13,309,320 14,728,555	5,678,180 4,762,531	\$ 54,856,251	\$ 26,951,960	\$ 81,808,212	\$ 4,140,606 95,407 6,672,415 667,846	645,024 13,200,504 \$ 25,421,802	\$ 32,745,845 1,560,000 47,275,110	81,580,955	\$107,002,757
2022	\$ 13,422,799 10,062,483 12,926,445	3,587,831 2,715,339 432,200	\$ 43,147,097	\$ 22,580,843 \$ 22,580,843	\$ 65,727,940	\$ 11,242,740 110,207 7,935,125 771,449	154,936 \$ 20,214,457	\$ 30,286,608 2,000,000	58,499,974	\$ 78,714,431
2021	\$ 10,763,625 9,403,212	3,430,725 2,540,033	\$ 36,397,304	\$ 20,022,666	\$ 56,419,970	\$ 10,484,378 86,034 5,852,304 602,241	3,423,456	\$ 27,494,502	44,885,916	\$ 65,334,329
2020	\$ 8,226,389 8,634,600	3,068,119 2,080,570	\$ 31,584,596	\$ 16,012,674 \$ 16,012,674	\$ 47,597,270	\$ 7,574,776 69,458 4,169,638 486,209	699,379	\$ 22,055,944 3,988 18,188,905	40,248,837	\$ 53,248,297
Year 2019	\$ 7,992,803 7,429,713 8,533,187	2,202,45 2,202,445 2,700	\$ 29,329,807	\$ 15,191,799 \$ 15,191,799	\$ 44,521,606	\$ 4,865,343 51,323 3,666,559 359,263	342,145	\$ 11,117,332	17,929,861	\$ 27,214,494
Fiscal Year 2018	\$ 7,048,673 7,589,067 8,509,720	3,112,324 3,117,190 3,150 3,150	\$ 29,380,124	\$ 13,210,150 \$ 13,210,150	\$ 42,590,274	\$ 4,909,093 56,452 3,757,258 395,166	231,083	\$ 10,833,153	25,171,105	\$ 34,520,157
2017	\$ 7,209,505 7,101,534 7,456,046	3,006,348 3,327,722 20,425	\$ 28,121,580	\$ 11,249,332 \$ 11,249,332	\$ 39,370,912	\$ 6,482,701 46,822 373,322 655,509	93,990	\$ 10,189,754	20,124,577	\$ 27,776,921
2016	\$ 6,749,251 6,196,660 6,989,256	2,765,839 3,640,280 151,273	\$ 26,492,559	\$ 10,524,295 \$ 10,524,295	\$ 37,016,854	\$ 3,878,720 12,214 630,368 815,430	129,307	\$ 17,675,893	19,393,272	\$ 24,859,311
2015	\$ 7,265,995 5,687,000 6,648,193	2,497,592 2,497,592 2,167,498 492,049	\$ 24,758,327	\$ 10,728,373 \$ 10,728,373	\$ 35,486,700	\$ 4,299,587 - 62,544 449,310	135,308	\$ 16,226,692	19,735,879	\$ 24,682,628
2014	\$ 5,939,271 5,052,323 5,363,579	2,005,111 2,095,111 2,873,587 (3,842)	\$ 21,320,029	\$ 10,340,478	\$ 31,660,507	\$ 3,628,935 - 163,715 263,493	271,053 - \$ 4,327,196	\$ 15,523,262 - 1 563 847	ì	\$ 21,414,305
	EXPENSES Governmental Activities: General Government Public Safety Public Works	Culture and Recreation/ Community services Term Debt Other Debt Service Fees	Total Governmental Activities Expenses	Business-Type Activities: Water, Wastewater & Storm Drainage Total Business-Type Activities Expenses	Total Primary Government Program Expenses	PROGRAM REVENUES Governmental Activities: Charges for Services: General Government Public Safety Public Works Culture and Recreation/ Community Services	Operating Grants and Contributions Capital Grants and Contributions Total Governmental Activities Program Revenu \$	Business-Type Activities: Charges for Services: Water, Wastewater & Storm Drainage Operating Grants and Contributions Canital Grants and Contributions	Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenu	Total Primary Government Program Revenues

^{*} GASB 34 implemented 2004

^{*} Statement of Net Assets on Audit Report

^{*} Reported as Net Position beginning 2013

CITY OF KYLE, TEXAS
CHANGES IN NET POSITION
(Continued)

2022 2023	,940) \$ (2 ,131 5	\$ 12,986,191 \$ 25,194,545	\$ 25 879 NR \$ 20 543 867	14,979,806		3,209,076 742,833	10,147,595 451,998	259,075 5,239,498		874,002 1,598,314	\$ 56,838,303 \$ 67,786,325	\$ 128,764	9,226,359 7,716,445	(874,002) (1,598,314)	\$ 8,352,357 \$ 6,246,895	\$ 65,190,660 \$ 74,033,220	\$ 33,905,363 \$ 38,351,875 44,271,488 60,875,890	
2021	\$ (15,948,891) 24,863,250	\$ 8,914,359	\$ 20 644 05 8		529,112	2,621,203	9,440,632	54,579	250,420	10,920,018	\$ 56,761,270	€	12,363,714	(10,920,018)	\$ 1,443,696	\$ 58,204,966	\$ 40,812,379 26,306,946	1000
2020	\$ (16,210,585) 24,236,163	\$ 8,025,578	4 0 3 3 6 6 2 4		335,852	2,511,177	5,157,700	2,374,550	914,674	1,677,467	\$ 42,299,424	ω	6,122,089	(1,677,467)	\$ 4,444,622	\$ 46,744,046	\$ 23,714,288 28,680,785	0000
Year 2019	\$ (20,045,179) 2,738,062	\$ (17,307,117)	4 17 204 168		508,867	2,414,998	2,856,412		2,165,517	(5,078,700)	\$ 28,957,199	↔	3,008,875	5,078,700	\$ 8,087,575	\$ 37,044,774	\$ 8,912,021 19,728,432	0000
Fiscal Year 2018	\$ (20,031,072) 19,942,672	\$ (88,400)	\$ 15 521 408		421,490	2,430,996	7,517,365	•	1,220,859	1,864,400	\$ 36,932,220	\$ 40,351	6,655,502	(1,864,400)	\$ 4,831,453	\$ 41,763,673	\$ 16,901,148 24,774,125	010
2017	\$ (20,469,236) 16,486,927	\$ (3,982,309)	4 270 496		281,996	1,435,270	2,959,602	383,362	33,427	1,551,446	\$ 28,143,232	\$ 72,365	3,090,249	(1,551,446)	\$ 1,611,168	\$ 29,754,400	\$ 7,673,996 18,098,095	11
2016	\$ (16,992,833) 6,746,631	\$ (10,246,202)	# 000 040 040	6, 4	200,753	1,042,212	9,241,337	1,391,064	19,761	2,011,505	\$ 27,437,465	\$ 9,109	268,519	(2,011,505)	\$ (1,733,877)	\$ 25,703,588	\$ 10,444,631 5,012,753	£ 7.
2015	\$ (19,811,577) 9,007,506	\$ (10,804,071)	TION \$ 0.753.418		244,065	1,149,213	9,182,145	1,495,354	27,734	1,359,611	\$ 29,888,350	\$ 9,602	118,034	(1,359,610)	\$ (1,231,974)	\$ 28,656,376	\$ 10,076,773 7,775,532	11
2014	\$ (16,992,833) 6,746,631	\$ (10,246,202)	GES IN NET POSI		200,753	1,042,212	0,	1,391,064	19,761	2,011,505	\$ 27,437,465	\$ 9,109	268,519	(2,011,505)	\$ (1,733,877)	\$ 25,703,588	\$ 10,444,631 5,012,753	1
	NET (EXPENSE) REVENUES Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities	Total Primary Government Net Expense \$ (10,246,202)	GENERAL REVENUES AND OTHER CHANGES IN NET POSITION Governmental Activities: Taxes: Property Research	Sales Taxes	Occupancy Tax/ Other	Franchise Taxes	Grants and Contributions Not Restricted	Miscellaneous Revenue	Investment Earnings	Transfers In (Out)	Total Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities: Investment Earnings	Miscellaneous Revenue		Total Business-Type Activities	Total Primary Government	CHANGE IN NET POSITION Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities	C

^{*} GASB 34 implemented 2004

^{*} Statement of Activities - Audit Report

^{*} Reported as Net Position beginning 2013

CITY OF KYLE, TEXAS FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

				Fiscal Year	ear					
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
General Fund Nonspendable Restricted	\$ 1,543	\$ 544	\$ 274	· · ·	· ·	\$ 420	\$ 4,670	\$ 8,101	\$ 6,727	\$ 6,776
Assigned Unassigned	9,197,439	10,792,030	10,525,733	- 13,190,179	- 19,437,948	15,537,578	21,353,344	21,017,608	33,121,748	34,411,642
Total General Fund	\$ 9,198,982	\$ 10,792,574	\$ 10,526,007	\$ 13,190,179	\$ 19,437,948	\$ 15,537,998	\$ 21,358,014	\$ 21,025,709	\$ 33,128,475	\$ 34,418,418
All other governmental funds										
Nonspendable Restricted	\$ 9,911,757	\$ 34,866,424	\$ 364,948	\$ 364,948	· ↔	· · ·	· ·	· ·	· · ·	· ·
Confinited Restricted, reported in: Tourism and Other Funds	1,103,400	- 447,064		248,725	561,266	1,115,188	1,785,827	6,761,939	4,575,471	- 12,254,031
Capital Projects Funds Debt Service Funds			28,863,631 1,085,907	19,826,457	19,107,509 3,473,852	21,934,334	22,589,306	34,405,510 3,484,744	27,816,069 2,301,407	58,569,321 638,892
Assigned	•	•							23,601,611	32,759,095
Unassigned	•		1	•	1	1	•	•	(2,674)	(6,200)
Total All Other Governmental Funds \$11,015,157	\$ 11,015,157	\$ 35,313,488	\$ 30,314,486	\$ 22,407,022	\$ 23,142,627	\$ 23,407,277	\$ 26,148,310	\$ 44,652,193	\$ 58,291,884	\$ 104,215,139

* Balance Sheet - Audit Report

CITY OF KYLE, TEXAS CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

				Fiscal Year	Year					
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
REVENUES	000	÷	200	0.00	0000	6 0 0 0	7		6 0 0 0	6 7 7 7
l axes	4 100 100	4 004 014	\$20,182,02 \$	4 25,040,103	\$ 20,033,082 4 407,004	4 272 760	4 51,854,862	4 55,845,132	44,309,330	\$ 50, 138,599
Licenses and Permits	1,133,789	1,364,274	1,288,899	1,853,819	1,427,924	1,3/3,/68	3,207,094	5,267,211	6,755,537	5,658,326
Charges for Services	3,057,051	3,732,620	4,250,135	4,682,207	5,645,231	5,132,320	0,945,850	8,603,441	11,020,697	9,456,876
rines	900,574	1,082,343	536,490	473,892	9/8/696	061,730	547,411	441,/15	505,183	444,783
Intergovernmental	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
Claims and Reimbursements	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
Impact Fees	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
Investment Earnings	19,761	27,734	162,331	383,362	1,220,859	2,165,517	914,674	250,420	950,162	9,997,708
Rents and Royalties	9,541	12,193	066'6	33,426	32,180	7,130	4,925	•	•	•
Contributions	270,600	157,900	22,000	73,526	130,555	61,326	2,796,315	35,050	234,983	452,000
Grants	271,054	135,309	134,307	93,990	231,084	342,145	669,379	3,423,456	154,636	645,023
Special Assessments	163,715	62,543	630,368	373,323	483,024	689,810	141,045	862,308	1,543,121	1,138,835
Other Revenues	182,537	52,822	222,085	175,114	959,734	1,077,719	1,043,956	1,815,232	251,774	354,865
Total Revenues	\$ 20,782,420	\$ 24,370,707	\$ 27,589,234	\$ 31,182,762	\$ 36,754,149	\$ 40,323,767	\$ 48,155,511	\$ 56,541,965	\$ 65,785,649	\$ 78,287,015
EXPENDITURES										
General Government	\$ 4,775,580	\$ 7,945,084	\$ 6,619,422	\$ 7,070,047	\$ 7,114,113	\$ 7,032,364	\$ 8,147,068	\$ 11,177,195	\$ 12,488,353	\$ 15,391,528
Public Safety	4,688,313	5,301,677	5,779,585	6,680,928	6,594,076	7,206,296	8,317,879	9,113,231	10,055,064	12,475,466
Public Works	2,516,122	3,190,093	3,268,313	3,546,183	4,217,587	3,959,939	4,932,406	5,285,141	7,208,199	8,184,222
Transportation	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	3,147,558	•
Culture and Recreation	1,759,972	2,080,956	2,360,247	2,541,596	2,630,338	2,721,830	2,611,550	2,968,748	•	4,948,878
Other - Non Departmental	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	38,144,310	
Capital Outlay	3,824,684	6,098,985	9,574,476	10,403,129	3,189,782	9,807,190	9,004,413	12,615,629	•	32,086,730
Debt Service										
Interest	2,907,943	2,212,231	3,894,605	3,258,430	5,045,000	2,931,468	2,740,068	2,520,523	2,349,040	4,208,880
Principal	2,735,000	3,490,000	4,400,000	4,879,999	3,115,730	5,235,000	5,430,000	5,610,001	5,908,037	11,540,465
Other Debt Service	(3,842)	492,049	151,273	20,425	3,150	2,700	88,095	•	432,200	526,481
Total Expenditures	\$ 23,203,772	\$ 30,811,075	\$ 36,047,921	\$ 38,400,737	\$ 31,909,776	\$ 38,896,787	\$ 41,271,479	\$ 49,290,468	\$ 79,732,761	\$ 89,362,650

* Statement of Rev, exp, Changes in fund balance - Audit Book

CITY OF KYLE, TEXAS CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

				Fiscal Year						
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$ (2,421,351)	\$ (6,440,401)	\$ (8,458,687)	\$ (7,217,975)	\$ 4,844,373	\$ 1,426,976	\$ 6,884,032	\$ 7,251,497	\$(13,947,112)	\$(11,075,635)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	÷			•	ŧ	•	÷	6		
Bond Issuance Costs Rond sales	1 875 000	\$ 49,665,000	\$ 8,520,000	:	· ·	: ·	· ·	\$ 4,175,000	\$ 35,570,000	\$ 49,840,000
Proceeds from Capital Leases	200	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	255,595	•
Premium or Discount on Debt Issued	72,641	3,795,604	1,048,867	•	•	•	•	454,620	2,993,973	6,089,085
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent	•	(22,487,886)	(9,418,419)	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Transfers In	4,429,076	4,285,338	8,482,551	5,003,297	5,374,432	13,224,210	10,956,813	32,864,683	12,496,078	18,891,418
Transfers Out	(2,417,571)	(2,925,727)	(5,439,881)	(3,451,851)	(3,510,032)	(18,302,910)	(9,279,346)	(21,944,665)	(11,622,076)	(17,293,104)
Other Sources - Leases	•	'	'		'	'	'	(4,629,620)	•	757,434
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$ 3,959,146	\$ 32,332,329	\$ 3,193,118	\$ 1,551,446	\$ 1,864,400	\$ (5,078,700)	\$ 1,677,467	\$ 10,920,018	\$ 39,693,570	\$ 58,284,833
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	\$ 1,537,795	\$ 25,891,928	\$ (5,265,569)	\$ (5,666,529)	\$ 6,708,773	\$ (3,651,724)	\$ 8,561,499	\$ 18,171,515	\$ 25,746,458	\$ 47,209,198
DEBT SERVICE AS A PERCENTAGE OF NONCAPITAL EXPENDITURES	79%	23%	31%	29%	28%	28%	72%	22%	50%	28%

ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY CITY OF KYLE, TEXAS

FISCAL	- S	Real Property Estimated Actual Value	Per Est	Personal Property Estimated Actual Value		Less: Exemptions	' ∢	Total Taxable Assessed Value	5 -	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estir Ta	Estimated Actual Tax Collected
2014	↔	1,628,227,793	↔	99,641,364	↔	227,393,506	↔	1,500,475,651	↔	0.548300	↔	8,227,108
2015	↔	1,806,482,931	↔	107,149,372	↔	273,333,638	↔	1,640,298,665	↔	0.548300	↔	8,993,758
2016	↔	2,091,111,878	↔	117,752,483	s	261,882,926	↔	1,946,981,435	↔	0.584800	↔	11,385,947
2017	↔	2,425,335,695	↔	136,504,189	↔	338,955,635	↔	2,283,013,455	↔	0.574800	↔	13,122,761
2018	↔	3,122,139,551	↔	131,875,391	↔	263,434,455	↔	2,990,580,487	↔	0.541600	↔	16,196,984
2019	↔	3,652,264,883	↔	155,703,263	\$	442,344,383	↔	3,365,623,763	↔	0.541600	↔	18,228,218
2020	↔	4,050,053,427	↔	155,517,275	\$	527,884,624	↔	3,677,686,078	↔	0.520100	↔	19,127,645
2021	↔	4,716,478,480	↔	168,304,962	\$	632,612,821	↔	4,252,170,621	↔	0.520100	↔	22,115,539
2022	↔	5,524,182,208	↔	179,267,895	↔	410,556,687	↔	5,292,893,416	↔	0.508200	↔	26,898,484
2023	↔	7,024,718,657	6	204,482,185	\$	946,027,424	s	6,283,173,418	6	0.508200	s	31,931,087

Source: Hays County Appraisal District/ Assessment Roll Grand Totals Approved; City of Kyle Financial Services Department

CITY OF KYLE, TEXAS WATER UTILITY RATE COMPARISON

Construction (3")	1000 gallon	7.94	7.94	7.94	7.94	7.94	7.94	7.94	8.73	8.73	8 73
ructic	10	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	¥
Const	Charge	265.75	265.75	265.75	265.75	265.75	265.75	265.75	292.33	292.33	200 33
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	¥
Irrigation (1 1/2")	1000 gallon	\$ 9.27	\$ 9.27	\$ 9.27	\$ 9.27	\$ 9.27	\$ 9.27	\$ 9.24	\$ 10.20	\$ 10.20	10.00
Irrigat	Base Charge	\$ 83.04	\$ 83.04	\$ 83.04	\$ 83.04	\$ 83.04	\$ 83.04	\$ 83.04	\$ 91.34	\$ 91.34	\$ 0131 ¢
ulti-Family/ Commercial (2")	1000 gallon	\$ 7.94	\$ 7.94	\$ 7.94	\$ 7.94	\$ 7.94	\$ 7.94	\$ 7.94	\$ 8.73	\$ 8.73	\$ 873
Multi-Family/ Co	Base Charge	\$ 166.10	\$ 166.10	\$ 166.10	\$ 166.10	\$ 166.10	\$ 166.10	\$ 166.10	\$ 182.71	\$ 182.71	182 71
		_		•	_	_	_	•	_	_	
/8" and 3/4")	1000 gallon	\$ 4.40	\$ 4.40	\$ 4.40	\$ 4.40	\$ 4.40	\$ 4.40	\$ 4.40	\$ 4.84	\$ 4.84	V8 V \$
Residential (5/8" and 3/4")	Base Charge	\$ 33.23	\$ 33.23	\$ 33.23	\$ 33.23	\$ 33.23	\$ 33.23	\$ 33.23	\$ 36.55	\$ 36.55	36 55
•	Fiscal Year	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2003

CITY OF KYLE, TEXAS

WATER UTILITY
ANNUAL BILLED AMOUNT COMPARISON

Fiscal Year		Residential	O	Commercial		Total Billed
2014	↔	2,683,000	↔	1,625,286	↔	4,308,286
2015	↔	2,620,354	↔	1,305,255	↔	3,925,610
2016	↔	2,709,726	↔	1,548,330	↔	4,258,056
2017	↔	2,784,796	↔	1,650,374	↔	4,435,170
2018	↔	3,033,638	↔	3,694,795	↔	6,728,433
2019	↔	2,962,881	↔	2,941,825	↔	5,904,706
2020	↔	3,565,408	↔	3,609,133	↔	7,174,541
2021	↔	3,796,680	↔	4,231,880	↔	8,028,561
2022	↔	4,901,250	↔	5,408,981	↔	10,310,231
2023	↔	5,410,705	₩	5,088,353	↔	10,499,058

Source: Billed Consumption Report, City of Kyle Utility Billing Service Summary Report, City of Kyle Utility Billing

CITY OF KYLE, TEXAS WATER UTILITY TOTAL BILLED CONSUMPTION COMPARSION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Totals in Gallons)

Fiscal Year	Residential	Commercial	Total Billed Consumption
2014	511,808,500	189,038,400	700,846,900
2015	495,135,628	164,364,300	659,499,928
2016	525,859,900	180,930,600	706,790,500
2017	540,212,800	207,635,700	747,848,500
2018	579,876,700	535,422,400	1,115,299,100
2019	565,397,700	353,834,700	919,232,400
2020	659,174,000	432,567,500	1,091,741,500
2021	647,476,165	463,485,900	1,110,962,065
2022	749,721,998	556,611,896	1,306,333,894
2023	805,930,980	535,694,239	1,341,625,219

CITY OF KYLE, TEXAS WASTEWATER UTILITY RATE COMPARISON

iercial	Wastewater per 1000 gallon	3.93	3.93	3.93	3.93	3.93	4.32	4.32	4.76	4.76	4.76
Comm	Waste 100	\$	↔	↔	\$	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	6.
Multi-Family/ Commercial	Base Charge	17.99	17.99	17.99	17.99	17.99	19.79	19.79	21.77	21.77	21.77
	Base	↔	↔	↔	\$	₩	₩	₩	₩	₩	₩.
		•		-							
	Wastewater per 1000 gallon	3.48	3.48	3.48	3.48	3.48	3.83	3.83	4.21	4.21	4 21
Residential	Wasi 10	\$	↔	\$	\$	S	↔	↔	↔	↔	€.
Resid	Base Charge	17.99	17.99	17.99	17.99	17.99	19.79	19.79	21.77	21.77	21.77
	Bas	\$	↔	↔	\$	\$	s	s	s	↔	₩.
•											
Fiscal Year		2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023

CITY OF KYLE, TEXAS WASTEWATER UTILITY ANNUAL BILLED AMOUNT COMPARISON LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year		Residential	٥	Commercial		Total Billed
2014	↔	2,571,502	↔	675,661	↔	3,247,163
2015	↔	2,673,836	↔	556,597	↔	3,230,432
2016	↔	2,939,865	↔	633,991	↔	3,573,856
2017	↔	3,046,286	↔	647,438	↔	3,693,724
2018	↔	3,076,463	↔	957,395	↔	4,033,858
2019	↔	3,559,088	↔	1,200,333	↔	4,759,421
2020	↔	3,921,194	↔	1,252,382	↔	5,173,576
2021	↔	4,789,052	↔	1,530,850	↔	6,319,903
2022	↔	5,283,033	↔	1,849,616	↔	7,132,649
2023	↔	5,497,160	↔	1,939,542	↔	7,436,702

CITY OF KYLE, TEXAS TEN LARGEST WATER CUSTOMERS

Customer	Consumption (in gallons)	Am	Amount Billed	% of Total Consumption
KYLE CORRECTIONAL CENTER	25,644,100	↔	237,208	1.94%
SETON MEDICAL CENTER- HAYS	18,798,900	↔	173,890	1.42%
ALSCO CORPORATION	18,681,400	↔	172,803	1.41%
KYLE DACY APARTMENTS LTD	15,639,900	↔	144,669	1.18%
PLUM CREEK APARTMENTS LP	12,274,800	↔	113,542	0.93%
KYLE BLUEBONNET MHC, LLC	11,967,000	↔	110,695	%06:0
828 BEBEE ROAD KYLE TX LLC	11,439,700	↔	105,817	0.86%
AUSTIN COMMUNITY COLLEGE	8,902,400	↔	88,164	%29.0
PLUM CREEK APARTMENTS LLC	8,904,900	↔	82,370	0.67%
WALMART #01-4130	7,224,800	↔	78,100	0.55%

CITY OF KYLE, TEXAS SALES TAX COLLECTIONS BY MONTH LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	lő	October	November		December		January	"	February		March		April		Мау		June		July	Ā	August	September	lber	Total
2014	<i>⇔</i>	306,735	\$ 306,735 \$ 439,337 \$ 321,293 \$ 334,830	↔	321,293	↔	334,830	↔	492,820	↔	299,643	↔	320,355	↔	505,339	↔	405,019	e \$	315,129	8	496,713	\$ 374,188		\$ 5,016,420
2015	↔	362,331	\$ 521,872 \$	↔	416,690		\$ 387,232	↔	597,254	↔	383,110	↔	338,851	↔	576,976	↔	493,472	8	446,136	\$	642,442	\$ 485	485,237 \$	\$ 5,651,604
2016	& 4	424,152	\$ 601,054 \$	\$	450,182	↔	477,871	↔	722,526	↔	448,593	• •	444,310	↔	661,516	↔	506,314	\$	508,767	\$	653,235	\$ 519	519,583 \$	\$ 6,418,103
2017	& 4	491,669	\$ 655,907	€	515,743	↔	536,291	↔	746,924	↔	510,619	• •	490,365	↔	695,240	↔	568,871	\$	564,812	\$	701,981	\$ 629	629,767 \$	\$ 7,108,190
2018	⇔	556,684	\$ 710,336	€	602,893	↔	618,416	↔	783,687	↔	547,964	↔	519,729	↔	774,628	\$	611,531	9	640,777	\$	786,619	\$ 647	647,441 \$	\$ 7,800,705
2019	9	618,822	\$ 803,104	\$	737,462	↔	598,596	↔	860,520	↔	596,816	∨	661,431	↔	765,828	↔	715,225	2 \$	726,804	ω	813,732	\$ 792	792,205 \$	\$ 8,690,545
2020	\$	721,982	\$ 895,337		\$ 743,864		\$ 728,242	\$,	1,011,001	↔	685,573	⇔	634,908	↔	870,437	↔	769,766	& \$	833,945	\$ 1,0	\$ 1,013,491	\$ 826	826,925 \$	\$ 9,735,471
2021	∞	805,948	\$ 1,067,279		\$ 841,819		\$ 870,834	\$ 1,1	1,145,110	↔	859,596	↔	732,787	\$ 1,	\$ 1,208,327	\$	\$ 1,041,880	\$ 1,0	\$ 1,007,621	\$ 1,2	\$ 1,204,975	\$ 1,031,882		\$11,818,057
2022	თ ഗ	988,828	\$ 1,367,589 \$ 1,018,912	€	1,018,912		\$ 1,096,244		\$ 1,444,853	\$	\$ 1,085,149	⇔	995,369	\$ 1,	\$ 1,455,083	\$ 1.	\$ 1,213,710	\$ 1,2	\$ 1,242,159	\$ 1,4	\$ 1,478,068	\$ 1,294,045		\$14,680,011
2023	\$ 1,1	160,979	\$1,160,979 \$1,495,234 \$1,306,962 \$1,285,130	\$	1,306,962	\$	1,285,130		\$ 1,590,718	\$	\$ 1,184,860	\$ 1,	\$ 1,141,676	\$ 1,	\$ 1,524,179	\$ 1,	\$ 1,320,473	\$ 1,4	\$ 1,441,508	\$ 1,5	\$ 1,562,811	\$ 1,757,743		\$16,772,273

CITY OF KYLE, TEXAS
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Total Direct &	Overlapping Rate	2.713500	2.707500	3.027700	2.824000	2.769700	2.762400	2.689800	2.512600	2.393800	2.200200
	- 0	Plum Creek Groundwater	0.020000	0.022000	0.022000	0.021500	0.021400	0.021400	0.020700	0.020800	0.015900	0.014500
	- (Plum Creek Conservation	0.020000	0.022000	0.220000	0.022500	0.023200	0.023200	0.022500	0.020500	0.016200	0.014500
ng Rates		ACC	0.094800	0.094900	0.094200	0.100500	0.100800	0.104800	0.104900	0.104800	0.098700	0.09860.0
Overlapping Rates	ı	Emergency Services	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	0.108700	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000
		Special Road	0.044000	0.043800	0.043800	0.043800	0.043800	0.043800	0.033800	0.023800	0.017500	0.020000
		County	0.425100	0.425200	0.425200	0.423200	0.401200	0.389900	0.389900	0.362900	0.295000	0.287500
		School District	1.461300	1.461300	1.537700	1.537700	1.537700	1.537700	1.467700	1.359700	1.342300	1.156900
		Total	0.548300	0.538300	0.584800	0.574800	0.541600	0.541600	0.541600	0.520100	0.508200	0.508200
City Direct Rates	-	Debt Service	0.278000	0.278000	0.354200	0.335300	0.286800	0.253300	0.226200	0.194500	0.178000	0.211600
0		Operating	0.270300	0.260300	0.230600	0.239500	0.254800	0.288300	0.315400	0.325600	0.330200	0.296600
	I	Fiscal Year	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023

CITY OF KYLE, TEXAS PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND FIVE YEARS AGO

		2023
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value
YARRINGTON LOGISTICS OWNER LP	\$ 74,253,669	9 1.06%
SIMWON NA, CORP.	\$ 57,932,053	3 0.83%
IVT KYLE MARKETPLACE 1031 LLC	\$ 52,594,184	4 0.75%
PLUM CREEK APARTMENTS LP	\$ 52,000,000	0 0.74%
CROMWELL APC I LLC, CROMWELL APC II LI	\$ 45,545,551	1 0.65%
828 BEBEE ROAD KYLE TX LLC	\$ 44,959,708	8 0.64%
LAUREN CO AIDAN SPE LLC	\$ 41,445,803	3 0.59%
GREY FOREST DEVELOPMENT LLC	\$ 39,791,928	8 0.57%
REEF TX KYLE CROSSING LLC	\$ 39,035,570	0 0.56%
PLUM CREEK APARTMENTS LP	\$ 38,868,539	0.56%
Total	\$ 486,427,005	6.96%
Тахрауег	Taxable Assessed Value	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value
SETTLEMENT BRES LLC	\$ 31,869,877	
IVT KYLE MARKETPLACE 1031 LLC	\$ 30,955,991	1.00%
AM KYLE LLC	\$ 24,700,000	0.80%
OAKS ON MARKETPLACE LP	\$ 24,295,858	8 0.79%
MADRONE VENTURES LLC	\$ 24,250,000	0.79%
OAKS OF KYLE ICG LLC	\$ 22,946,292	2 0.74%
RVT KYLE CROSSING LLC	\$ 22,090,448	8 0.72%
HAYS JUNCTION PHASE I LLC	\$ 19,962,363	3 0.65%
MREF II PLUM CREEK LLC	\$ 18,369,830	%09:0
STRAND KYLE HOLDINGS LLC	\$ 14,617,781	1 0.47%
Total	\$ 234,058,440	0 7.59%

Source: Hays County Appraisal District

CITY OF KYLE, TEXAS
PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		ŏ	Collected Within the Fiscal Year of the Levy	:he Fiscal Year ∟evy				Total Collections to Date	ns to Date
Fiscal Year Ended	Taxes Levied for the Fiscal year		Amount	Percentage of Levy	රි ගි	Collections in Subsequent Years		Amount	Percentage of Levy
2014	\$ 8,468,076.05	↔	8,418,435.10	99.41%	↔	17,021.64	↔	8,435,456.74	99.61%
2015	\$ 9,112,282.80	↔	9,064,585.82	99.48%	↔	6,301.96	↔	9,070,887.78	99.55%
2016	\$ 11,834,067.14	↔	\$ 11,764,070.36	99.41%	↔	11,475.29	↔	11,775,545.65	99.51%
2017	\$ 13,470,082.98	↔	13,407,982.47	99.54%	↔	\$ 140,136.95	↔	13,548,119.42	100.58%
2018	\$ 14,654,646.26	↔	14,584,039.00	99.52%	↔	16,943.03	↔	14,600,982.03	99.63%
2019	\$ 16,250,638.60	↔	16,161,867.81	99.45%	↔	26,125.83	↔	16,187,993.64	99.61%
2020	\$ 18,235,397.55	↔	18,055,372.72	99.01%	↔	117,511.60	↔	18,172,884.32	%99.66
2021	\$ 19,288,913.87	↔	19,200,267.31	99.54%	↔	30,772.18	↔	19,231,039.49	%02.66
2022	\$ 21,541,593.26	↔	21,432,046.88	99.49%	↔	25,137.77	↔	21,457,184.65	99.61%
2023	\$ 27,430,411.42	↔	27,294,679.02	99.51%	S	29,568.46	↔	27,324,247.48	99.61%

Source: City of Kyle Internal Reports

CITY OF KYLE, TEXAS RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Per Capita	\$ 2,136.56	\$ 2,888.39	\$ 2,738.40	\$ 2,171.95	\$ 1,854.80	\$ 1,585.16	\$ 1,876.37	\$ 1,625.31	\$ 2,172.40	\$ 3,123.64
Total	Total Primary Government	72,642,895	98,205,115	93,105,491	85,575,000	80,530,000	75,295,000	98,185,000	91,830,000	122,740,519	176,485,694
	<u>ت</u> ق	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	\$	\$	↔
vities	Capital Leases	2,952,895	2,850,115	2,650,491	•	•	•	•	•	382,420	400,326
e Acti	Capi	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔
Business-type Activities	Certificates of Obligation	1	•	•	•	•	•	28,330,000	27,990,000	27,485,000	32,188,760
	ပ္ပံ	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔
	Tax Increment Revenue Bonds	ı	•	•	1	1	1	1	1	1	8,265,000
	"	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔
ctivities	Capital Leases		•	•	•	•	1	1	1	953,099	1,135,065
ıntal ⊿	Cag	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔
Governmental Activities	General Obligation Bonds	35,540,000	83,605,000	83,595,000	80,360,000	76,485,000	71,735,000	66,805,000	63,840,000	93,920,000	134,496,543
	පි	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔
	Certificates of Obligation	34,150,000	11,750,000	6,860,000	5,215,000	4,045,000	3,560,000	3,050,000	•	•	•
	ŏ	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔
	Fiscal Year	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023

CITY OF KYLE, TEXAS RATIOS OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

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General

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			Percentage of Actual Taxable		
Fiscal Year	Gros	Gross Bonded Debt	Value of Property		Per Capita
2014	↔	69,690,000	4.86%	↔	2,049.71
2015	↔	95,355,000	6.65%	↔	2,804.56
2016	↔	90,455,000	6.31%	↔	2,660.44
2017	↔	85,575,000	2.97%	↔	2,171.95
2018	↔	80,530,000	2.69%	↔	1,854.80
2019	↔	75,295,000	2.38%	↔	1,585.16
2020	↔	98,185,000	2.67%	↔	1,876.37
2021	↔	91,830,000	2.16%	↔	1,625.31
2022	↔	121,405,000	2.29%	↔	2,148.76
2023	↔	159,745,000	2.54%	↔	2,827.35

CITY OF KYLE, TEXAS LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

				_	Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2023	Iculation for Fiscal Ye	ear 2023			
	Assessed value								\$	6,283,173,418
	Debt limit (6% of assess Debt applicable to limit:	Debt limit (6% of assessed value) Debt applicable to limit:							↔	376,990,405
		Total Bonded Debt							€9	164,615,102
	Less: Amor	unt set aside for repa	Less: Amount set aside for repayment of general obligation debt	oligation debt						
		Total net debt	Total net debt applicable to limit						\$	164,615,102
	Legal debt margin	<u>:</u>							\$	212,375,303
					Ü	, coo				
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Debt Limit	\$ 90,028,539	\$ 189,622,540	\$ 116,818,886	\$ 136,980,807	\$ 179,434,829	\$ 189,622,540	\$ 220,661,165	\$ 255,130,237	\$ 286,495,870	\$ 376,990,405
Net Debt Applicable to Limit	\$ 68,260,000	\$ 70,765,000	\$ 88,035,000	\$ 81,700,000	\$ 75,780,000	\$ 70,765,000	\$ 91,875,000	\$ 85,835,000	\$ 121,405,000	\$ 164,615,102
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 21,768,539	\$ 118,857,540	\$ 28,783,886	\$ 55,280,807	\$ 103,654,829	\$ 118,857,540	\$ 128,786,165	\$ 169,295,237	\$ 165,090,870	\$ 212,375,303
Net Debt as a % of Debt Limit	%92	37%	75%	%09	42%	37%	42%	34%	45%	44%

Assessed Value is City Limits only. TIRZ not included. The City adopted a formal Debt Management Policy in FY 2010. Note:

Debt Service Fund Balance Sheet (Governmental Funds Balance Sheet) Source:

Gross Bonded Debt Assessed Value - Taxable Value

CITY OF KYLE, TEXAS DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

33,500 34,413	Median Median	Median Household Income 71,063	Unemployment Rate 5.4%
36,800	↔	77,406	2.5%
39,400 43,417 47,500	ഗ ഗ ഗ	82,872 82,872 82,872	3.3% 2.9% 3.0%
52,327	» 	82,872	3.2%
56,500 58,450	-	84,458	3.2%

Unemployment Rates: http://www.tracer2.com/cgi/dataAnalysis/LabForceReport.atopulation: http://kyleed.com/community-profile/population Sources:

CITY OF KYLE, TEXAS PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT

Employer Hays County Independent School District Seton Medical Center Hays Amazon HEB Plus* City of Kyle Lowes PAM Health Rehabilitation Hospital of Kyle Home Depot Austin Community College at Hays Plastikon SIMWON ENF	2023 3,258 750 700 100 80 65 25	23 Percentage of Total City Employment 15.66% 3.60% 1.68% 0.00% 0.48% 0.48% 0.38% 0.31% 0.118%
	20	0.10%
Total	5,485	35.76%

20,809

Total Employed within Kyle, Texas

CITY OF KYLE, TEXAS FULLTIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

- Orocerom	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2040	0000	2004	2000	2003
General Government	107	2 2 2 2	0107	1 0 0	0.00	2.03	0707	1707	2707	2020
Administration	5.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	00.9	7.00	8.00	13.00	14.00	14.50
Communications	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.00	5.00	2.00	4.00	5.00
Human Resources	3.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	3.00	3.00	3.50	4.00	4.00
Finance	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50	8.00	8.00	7.50	8.75	11.84
Municipal Court	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
╘	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	00.9	00.9
Planning	3.00	3.00	3.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	5.00	00.9	00.9	00.9
Economic Development	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Building	00.9	00.9	00.9	00'9	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	8.00	9.00
Street Department	00.9	12.50	12.50	15.38	15.38	20.00	23.00	31.13	30.88	32.88
Facilities Maintenance/ES&T	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	5.00	2.00	19.00	25.00	29.00
Police										
Administration	14.50	17.50	17.50	17.50	17.00	20.00	25.00	39.00	34.00	33.00
Operations	38.50	26.00	58.00	58.00	00.09	00.09	62.00	62.00	87.00	91.00
Public Works										
Administration	8.00	8.50	8.50	9.82	11.14	7.00	7.00	11.32	12.32	12.82
Water	12.50	12.50	12.50	12.90	12.90	15.00	15.00	17.90	19.00	21.23
Wastewater	5.50	10.50	10.50	10.90	10.90	12.00	12.00	12.90	16.90	26.57
Storm Drainage	0.00	0.00	0.00	11.00	12.18	14.00	14.00	6.75	10.90	11.50
Engineering	0.50	4.00	4.00	3.00	3.50	4.00	5.00	8.00	9.75	12.00
Parks and Recreation										
Administration	4.50	5.50	00.9	00'9	00.9	00.9	00.9	7.00	8.00	12.00
Parks Maintenance	12.00	14.00	14.00	12.00	12.00	14.00	14.00	16.00	21.00	21.00
Library	7.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	12.00
Utility Billing	7.00	7.00	7.00	8.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	16.50	16.66
Total	154.00	198.00	200.50	215.50	221.00	240.00	256.00	305.00	360.00	395.00

Source: City of Kyle Note: Does not include Mayor Council

CITY OF KYLE, TEXAS
OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/ PROGRAM
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function Program	2014	2015	2016	Fiscal Years 2017	ars 2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
General Government Building permits issued	537	635	684	777	643	618	1,246	1,621	1,651	1,181
Police Violations Citations	10,111 N/A	5,447 N/A	3,345 N/A	5,225 N/A	5,609 N/A	5,805 N/A	6,007 N/A	6,239 N/A	6,553 N/A	4,073 N/A
Other Public Works Street resurfacing (miles) Potholes repaired Street Sweeping - Miles	10 1,053 1,970	2,007 2,308	3,253 1,619	17 2,752 2,132	0.62 5,359 1,523	0.00 1,915 4,002	0.00 1,285 4,148	20.19 1,321 6,300	24.50 843 2,979	17.63 403 4,500
Parks and Recreation Facility Rental Bookings (Guests) Summer Camp Pool (patron count)	45,602 5,800 37,000	52,447 4,675 41,813	52,533 4,285 31,852	16,415 5,170 28,126	37,002 3,325 41,141	40,339 3,565 10,751	4,803 900 0	7,520 3,445 2,845	7,122 3,150 1,569	10,363 2,800 20,000
Library Circulation Count Patron Count Library Cards Issued	155,860 133,154 3,200	165,175 138,458 2,784	188,222 139,501 2,837	191,275 153,998 2,952	214,419 158,378 3,049	232,035 160,381 2,789	131,648 70,503 1,653	114,519 48,248 2,133	171,825 58,958 2,682	203,310 71,705 3,207
Water New Connections Water leaks Average Daily Consumption (millions of gallons)	2,773 126 1.9200	3,024 108 2.4190	2,276 99 2.5920	3,167 78 2.2522	3,083 53 2.4261	3,064 71 2.5242	2,405 38 3.2049	3,620 39 3.5170	4,150 66 4.0810	4,813 49 4.1594
Wastewater Average Daily Sewage Treatment (millions of gallons)	1.6950	2.3000	2.4570	2.4590	2.3649	2.7861	2.6780	2.8510	3.2050	3.6660

Source: City of Kyle Departmental Reports, City of Kyle

Note: New Connections are by Calendar Year not Fiscal Year

CITY OF KYLE, TEXAS
CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/ PROGRAM
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function Program	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Stations/ Sub-Stations	2	2	2	2	2	2	_	_	_	_
Patrol Units e	27	21	21	20	22	27	27	28	27	24
Stations	C	0	C	C	0	c	0	0	C	C
25	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Parks and Recreation										
Acreage	211	612	612	612	612	229	543	543	553	268
Streets										
Streets - Linear Feet	623,170	641,396	739,493	796,818	835,430	840,343	883,632	909,902	954,932	984,447
Water										
Fire Hydrants	902	936	993	1093	1,137	1,196	1,294	1,390	1,509	1,745
New Water Lines - Linear Feet	9,963	16,950	28,080	37,045	21.740	24,695	31,030	14.678	56,270	125,294
Ground Water Storage	, ω	, œ	, œ		, œ	, «	, œ	, ∞	10	10
Elevated Water Storage	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Wastewater										
New Wastewater Lines - Linear Ft	13,286	16,127	15,799	41,340	39,348	30,855	65,465	34,531	79,310	111,197
New Storm Sewers (miles)	7,334	13,573	9,610	21,964	31,450	17,786	22,317	26,717	28,040	83,160
Lift Stations	6	1		13	13	4	15	15	16	18
Treatment Capacity	က	က	က	က	ဂ	ဂ	က	ဂ	2	2
(millions of gallons)										

