

LONE STAR RAIL DISTRICT

Local Funding Support Update

Joe Black – Lone Star Rail District Joe Lessard – Knudson LP

LSTAR – Strategic Considerations

- Connectivity/Mobility
- > Community & Economic Development
- > LSTAR Local Funding



LSTAR – Strategic Considerations

Connectivity/Mobility

LSTAR – Connectivity/Mobility

Current Transportation Issues

- Austin is fastest growing large urban city in country
 - Region's growth exceeds
 - 100 people per day
- Limited capacity in I 35 corridor
 - Right of way established in 1950's-60's
 - o I 35 demand above capacity during morning and evening peaks
 - Peak periods forecast to lengthen (approx. morning 6:30am-12:00pm; evening 3:00-10:00pm)
- Central Texas lacks highway expansion capacity
 - TxDOT funding is limited
- Commute time to increase
 - Round Rock to Central Austin 3 hours
 - San Marcos to Central Austin TBD



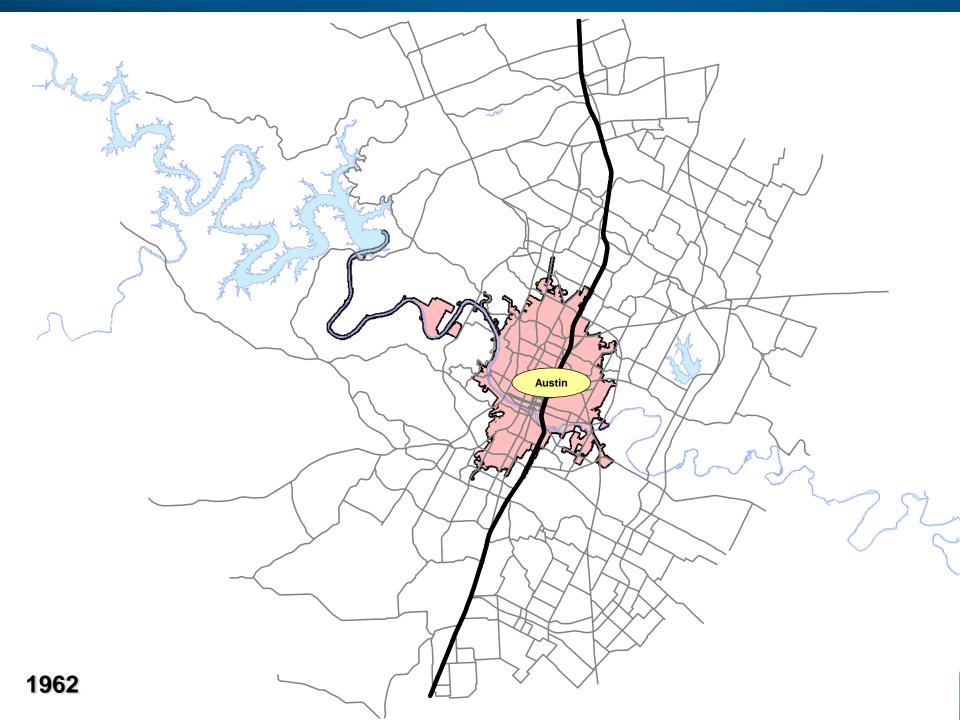
LSTAR – Connectivity/Mobility

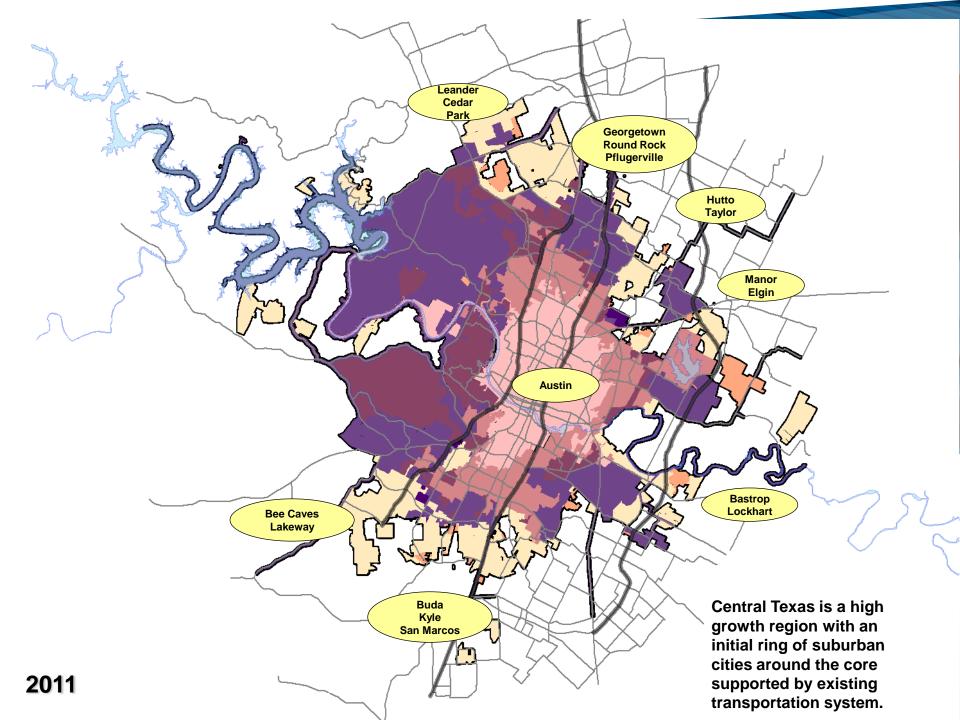
Current Transportation Issues

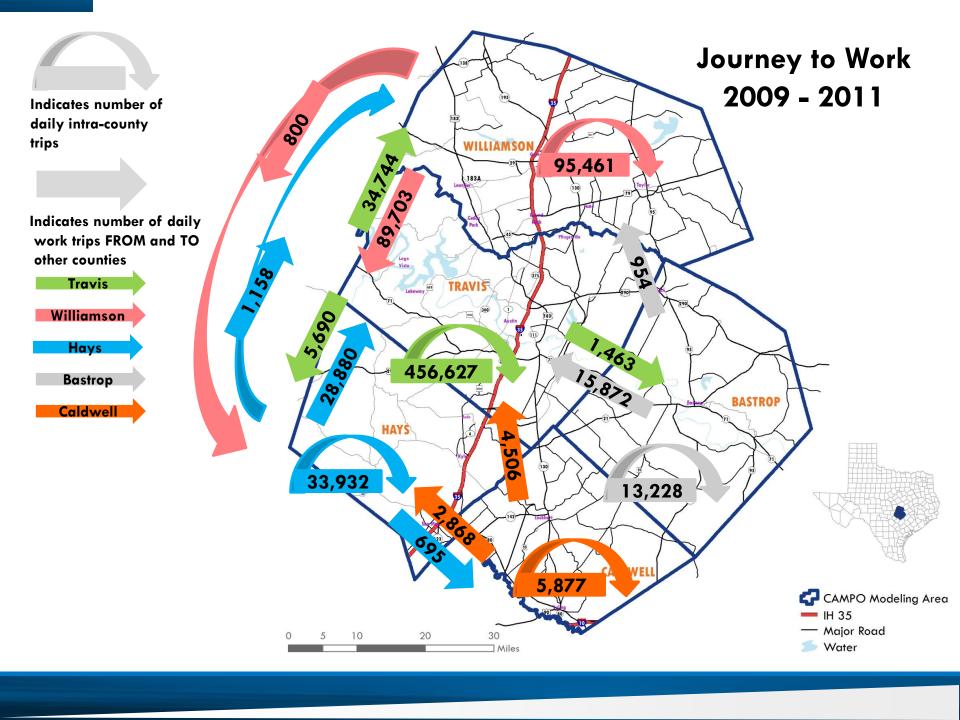
- TTI Mobility Investment Priorities Project Long-Term Central Texas IH 35 Improvement Scenarios (Aug. 2013)
 - I 35 initiatives by TxDOT & City of Austin are short- and mid-term improvements
 - o 2035 CAMPO shows no large-scale improvements
 - o Congestion is high, increasing faster in Texas than in similar US areas
 - o Austin, Dallas-Ft. Worth, Houston & San Antonio in 15 most congested

Findings

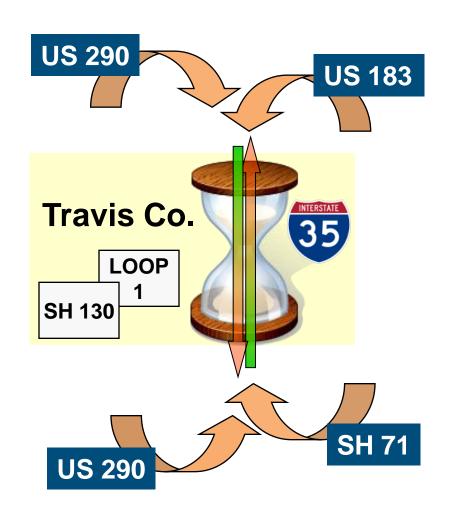
- o I 35 congestion will be severe even if substantial capacity is added
- Central Texas traffic is major cause of congestion 86 % of traffic through Austin
- o Long-term solution cannot be capacity-addition alone
 - Central Texas cannot "build its way out of congestion"
 - Need "everything including the kitchen sink"
 - Also need operating system improvements, new development patterns and travel behavior changes
 LONE STAR RAIL DISTRICT







Daily Work Trips			
	<u>Trips</u>	Percent	
Hays County			
To Travis Co.	28,880	45%	
Travis County			
In County	456,627	92%	
Williamson Cou	nty		
To Travis Co.	89,703	48%	
Bastrop County			
To Travis Co.	15,872	55%	
<u>Caldwell</u>			
To Travis Co.	4,506	34%	
Total Trips	791,504		
Travis Co Trips	595,588	75%	



How Does the LSTAR Effort Fill a Central Texas Need?

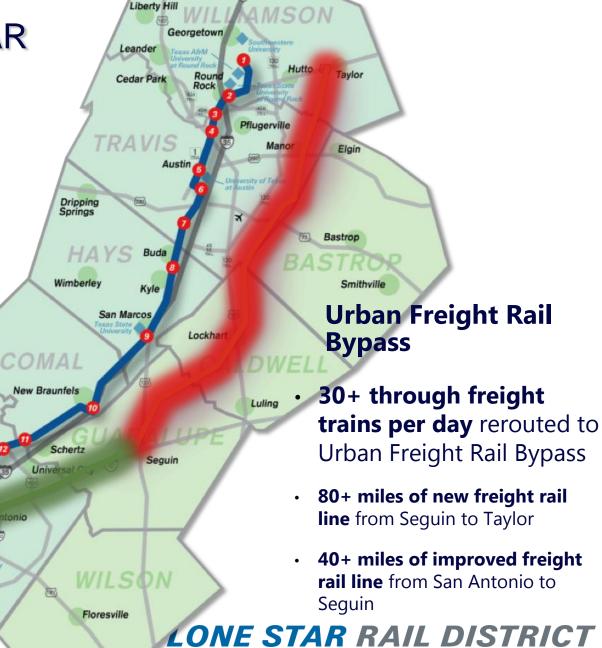
 Originally 16 stations at full service (up to 22 with split stations service)

32 round trips a day at full service

 118 miles of passenger rail; San Antonio north to Georgetown

BEXAR

Helotes

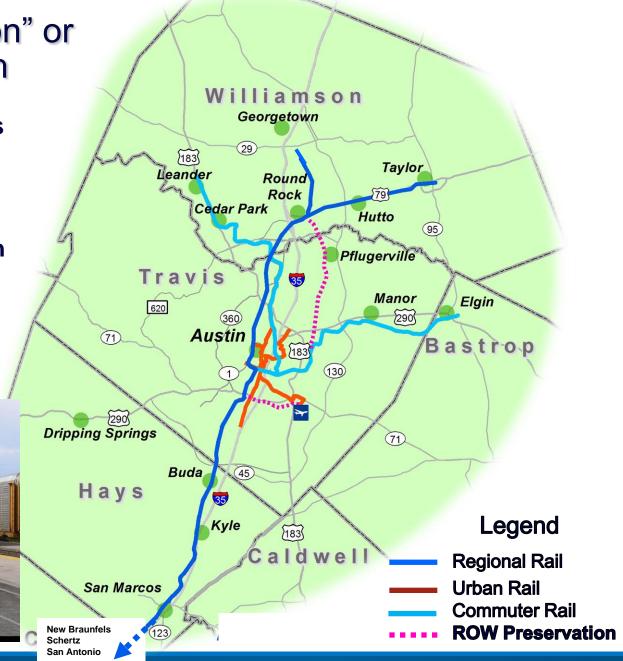


2040 TWG "Vision" or Preferred System

· Adds service to 7 cities

 Vision has 10 Cities connected via LSTAR

 Also connects to South Central Texas - San Antonio



LSTAR – Central Texas Connectivity

Commuter service - links to region's employment centers & key destinations

Central Tx Stations:	Initial	Expansion	Vision	Total
 Hays County 	3	1		4
 Travis County 	5	1	3	9
 Williamson Co. 	2	1	2	<u>5</u>
			Total	18

Cities

Georgetown, Round Rock, Austin, Buda,
 Kyle & San Marcos

 Destinations 	Direct	Austin & San Antonio Downtowns
		Tx State Univ.; ACC – Kyle & Avery,
		San Marcos Outlet Mall
	∙w/ Urban Rail	State Capitol; Univ. of Tx.;
		UT Medical School, Convention Ctr.
		ACC – Downtown & Highland Mall
		Cap Metro – MetroRail Red Line

LSTAR – South Central Texas Connectivity

Commuter service - links to region's employment centers & key destinations

S. Central Tx Stations:	Initial	Expansion	Vision	<u>Total</u>
 Comal County 	2			2
 Bexar County 	5	3		<u>8</u>
			Total	10

Cities

New Braunfels, Schertz, San Antonio

- Destinations
- Direct Texas State Univ.-San Antonio,

Port San Antonio, Tx A&M-San Antonio

•w/ Streetcar San Antonio River Walk, Alamodome,

Convention Ctr., US Army Medical Ctr.

LSTAR – Connectivity/Mobility

Commuter Service

- Convenient, predictable & easy to use
- Considered a higher level of transit
- Makes drive time available for other activities
- Congestion proof option, competitive with auto commute experience
- UP right-of-way becomes regional mobility asset
- · Helps reduce growth in traffic demand
- Equals between 2-5 lanes of highway capacity

LSTAR – Connectivity/Mobility

Freight Bypass

- Moves Through freight trains to bypass (approx. 30-40 trains)
- · Reduces traffic wait time
 - Through freight trains are longer & slower (avg. 20 mph)
 - Commuter trains are shorter and faster (max. 8 cars; avg. 60 mph)
- Considered a higher level of transit

LSTAR – Strategic Considerations

> Community & Economic Development

LSTAR Stations in Central Texas

<u>Travis Co</u>	Hays Co.	Williamson County
Originally Proposed (9 Stations)		
 Austin - McNeil Junction * 	- Kyle *	- Georgetown
- Austin - Braker Lane	- San Marcos –	- Round Rock –
- Austin - 35 th & MoPac *	Downtown *	Downtown *
- Austin - Downtown		
- Austin - Slaughter Lane		
Additional Proposed (5-6 Station	s)	
- Austin - Parmer Lane *	- Buda *	- Round Rock –
- Austin - Anderson Lane *	 San Marcos – Centerpoint Rd. * 	Avery Ctr. *

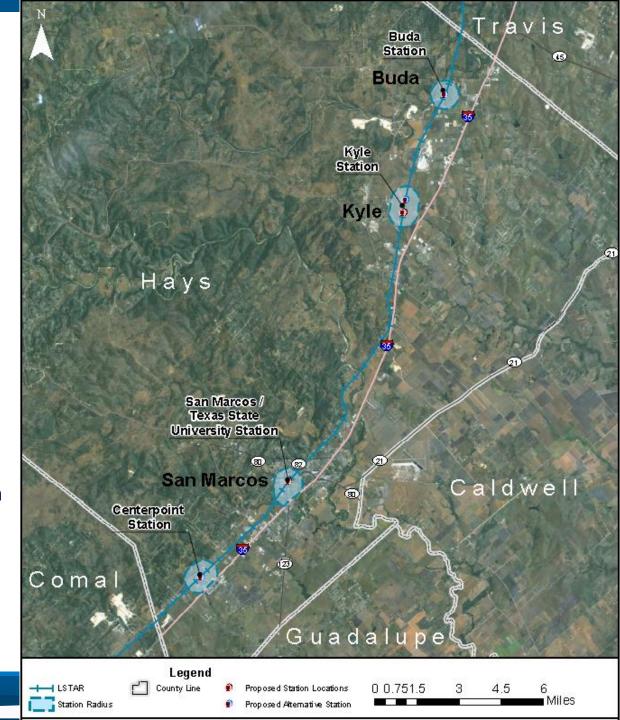
Bold text – indicates stations currently under local funding agreements

* Split Service Stations – rail operations of one station split between two stations

LSTAR Funding

Regional approach to local rail service

- Hays County Station Locations:
 - Buda
 - Kyle
 - San Marcos (2)
- Kyle TransportationInfrastructure Zones (TIZ):
 - ACC/Plum Creek location



LSTAR – Broad Based Regional Benefits

Economic Development

- Induces and focuses development within activity centers
- Anchors investment/property values
- Retains competitive advantage

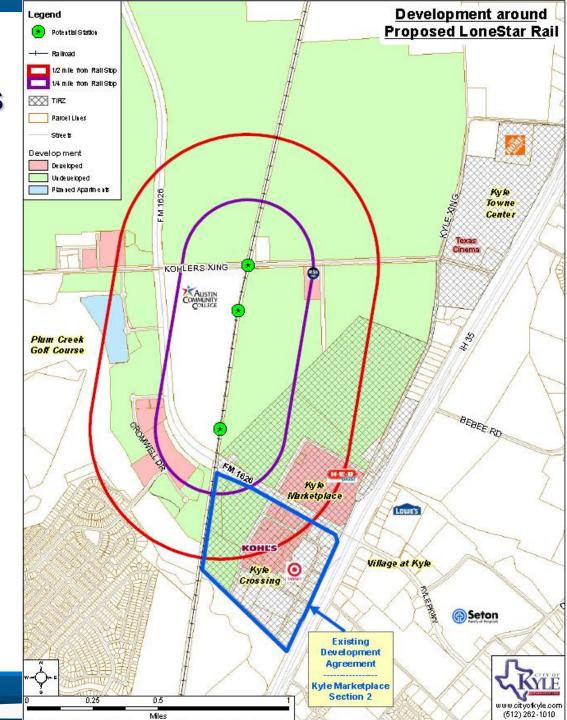


Community Development

- Reinforces community identity/brand
- Aligns with community plans/goals and relocates most freight trains
- Mobility options and affordable community service delivery
- Safety and aids in air quality attainment

Kyle Station at ACC Campus

City of Kyle map



LSRD Station Planning

- Location Planning Criteria:
 - Multi-modal Access
 - Site Configuration
 - Economic Development
 - Transit Supportive Land Use
 - Environmental Issues

Economic Development/Community Planning Issues

- Delayed/Late Joining community impacts:
 - Local private development decisions impacted
 - Interim developments may lock-in non-transit dev.
 - Interim developments may limit life style choices
 - May limit revenue growth & lower affordability
 - Economic development may go to other locations
 - LSRD capital resources allocated first to participating communities
 - Rail system extensions or additions compete against other system investments
 - Community may have capital investment and/or catch-up funding impacts

LSTAR – Strategic Considerations

> LSTAR Local Funding

LSTAR Capital Costs

- LSRD retains the obligation to secure capital funding
- Goal is to secure the capital funding within six (6) years

LSTAR Planning Targets	<u>Initial</u>
Psgr Improvements	\$ 700 mil
Freight By Pass/Relo	\$1,160 mil
Subtotal	\$1,860 mil

<u>Union Pacific – Freight Bypass</u>
Full double tracking <u>\$ 170 mil</u>

Total \$2,030 mil



Base	<u>Full</u>
\$ 840 mil	\$1,400 mil
<u>\$1,160 mil</u>	<u>\$1,160 mil</u>
\$2,000 mil	\$2,560 mil

\$ 170 mil \$ 170 mil \$ 2,730 mil

Working with Union Pacific

- Freight Rail Bypass joint planning
- LSTAR Passenger and Local Freight Operations – joint planning



"...We believe that both Union Pacific and the District have made substantial progress...and anticipate that an eventual agreement will result in the ability of the District to provide passenger service and relocation of through freight in the Austin-San Antonio Corridor..."

Jerry Wilmoth, General Manager – Network Infrastructure, Union Pacific Railroad, May 16 2012 letter to Travis County Judge Samuel Biscoe

LSTAR Operations and Maintenance Costs

- O&M is one key to securing capital funding
- The Draft LSRD Business Plan
 O&M costs split* by thirds
 (after fare box & misc. revenue):

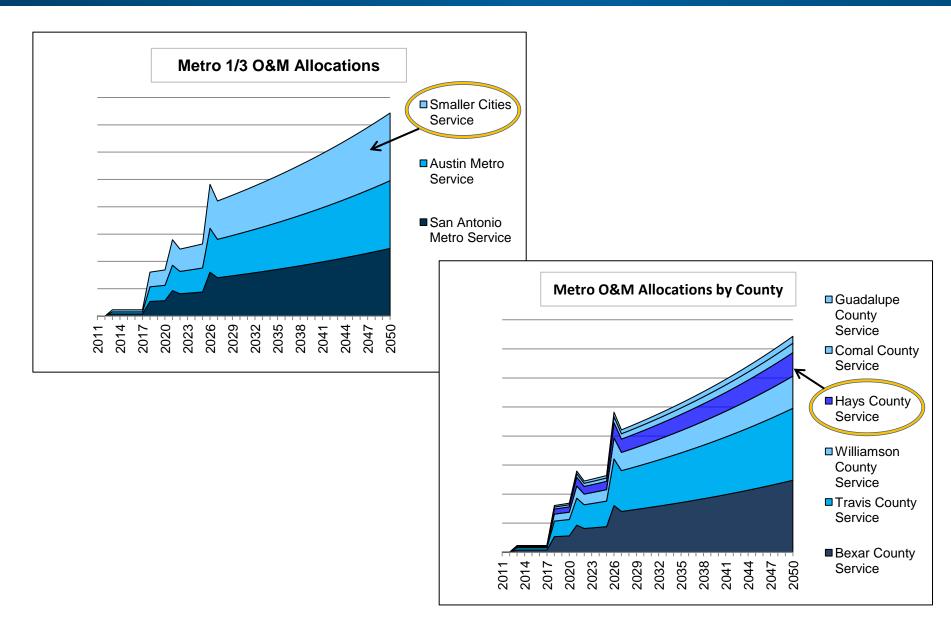


Metro 1/3 O&M Allocations

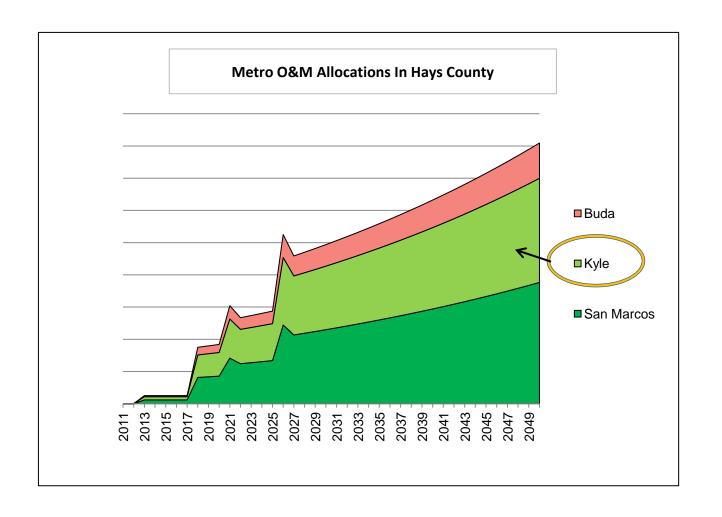
LSRD Planning Targets *	<u>Initial (2018)</u>	<u>Base (2023)</u>	<u>Full (2028)</u>
Small Cities value capture funding	\$ 10.56 mil	\$ 19.57 mil	\$ 33.78 mil
Central Texas value capture funding	\$ 10.56 mil	\$ 19.57 mil	\$ 33.78 mil
So. Central Texas value capture	\$ 10.56 mil	\$ 19.57 mil	\$ 33.78 mil
Total	\$ 31.68 mil	\$ 58.70 mil	\$ 101.33 mil

160

^{*} Escalated over time at 2.5% annually; 15 year avg. of 1/3 cost is \$15.16 million (2018-2032)



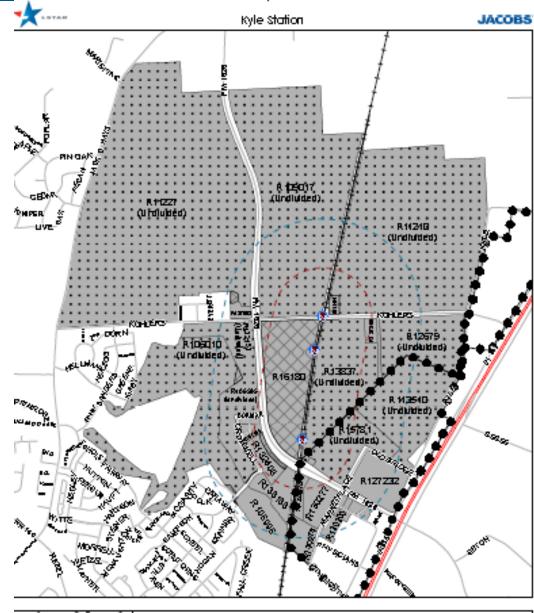
Local Funding Approach: Full Cost vs. Pay-as-You-Go



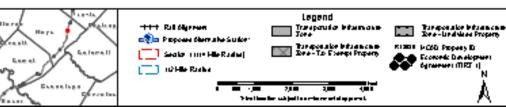
Kyle Station at ACC Campus

Transportation Infrastructure Zone (TIZ)

- Used to provide tax growth increment funding for rail O&M
- Undeveloped parcels only participate for prorated portion within ½ mile of a potential station



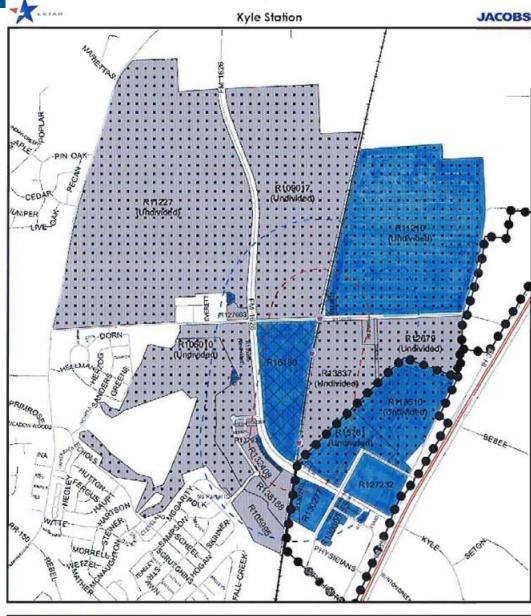
Lone Star Rail District Transportation Infrastructure Zone

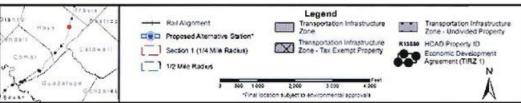


Kyle Station at ACC Campus

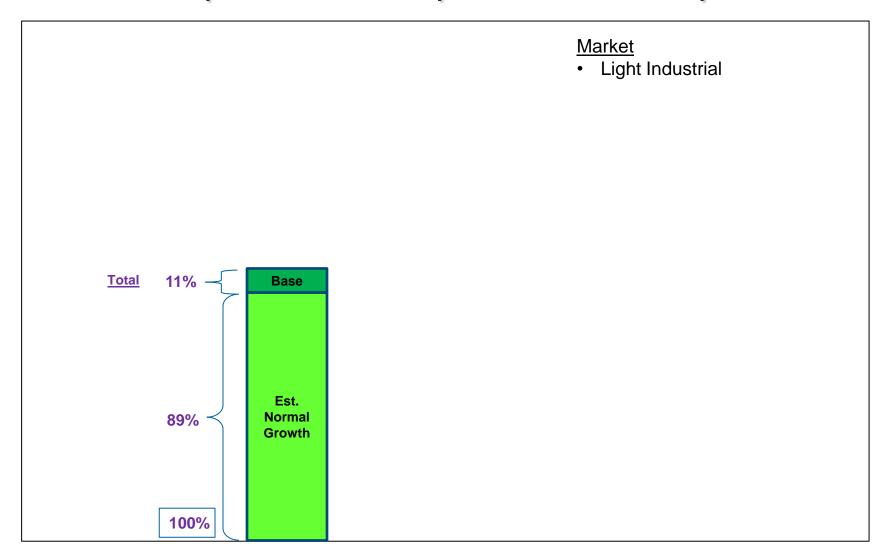
Transportation Infrastructure Zone (TIZ)

- Limited or non participating areas
 - Tax exempt
 - TIRZ
 - 380 econ. dev. agreement
 - Quarry Property

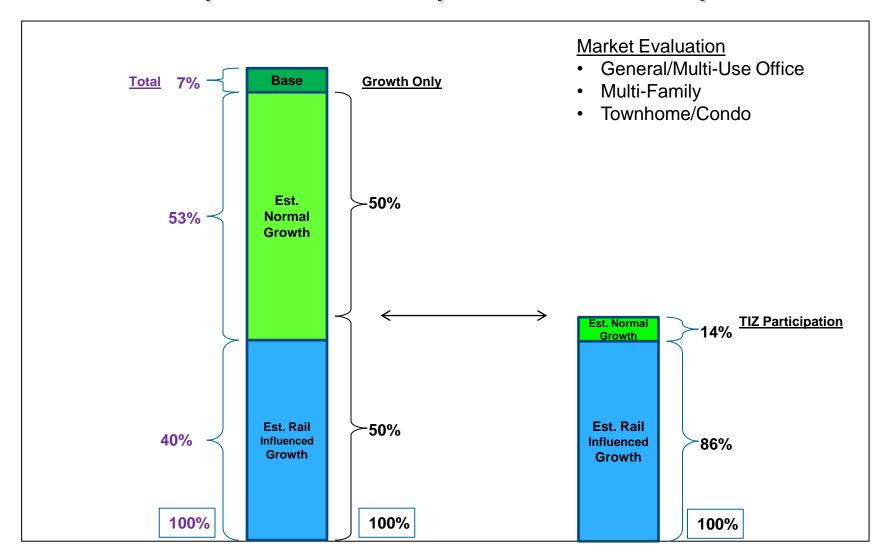


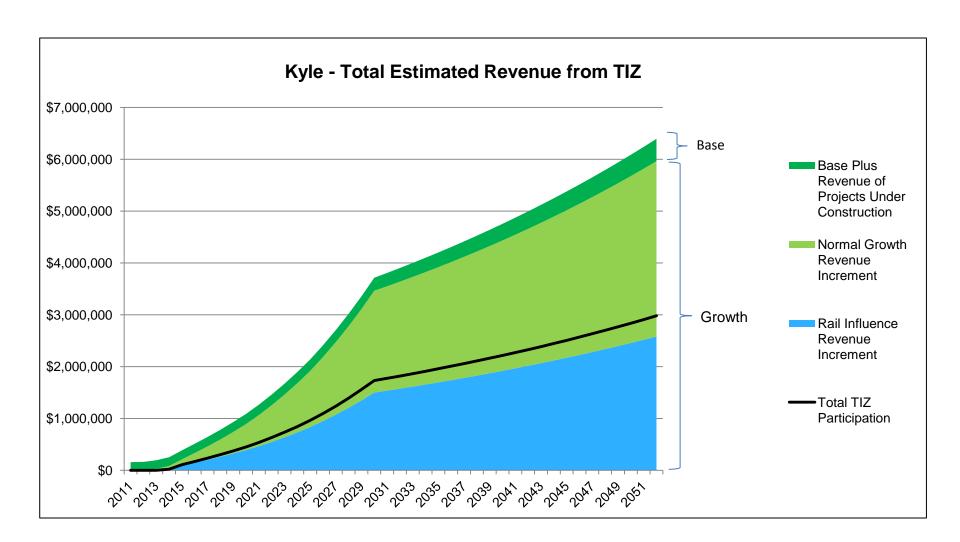


Economic Impact Est. & Proposed TIZ Participation



Economic Impact Est. & Proposed TIZ Participation



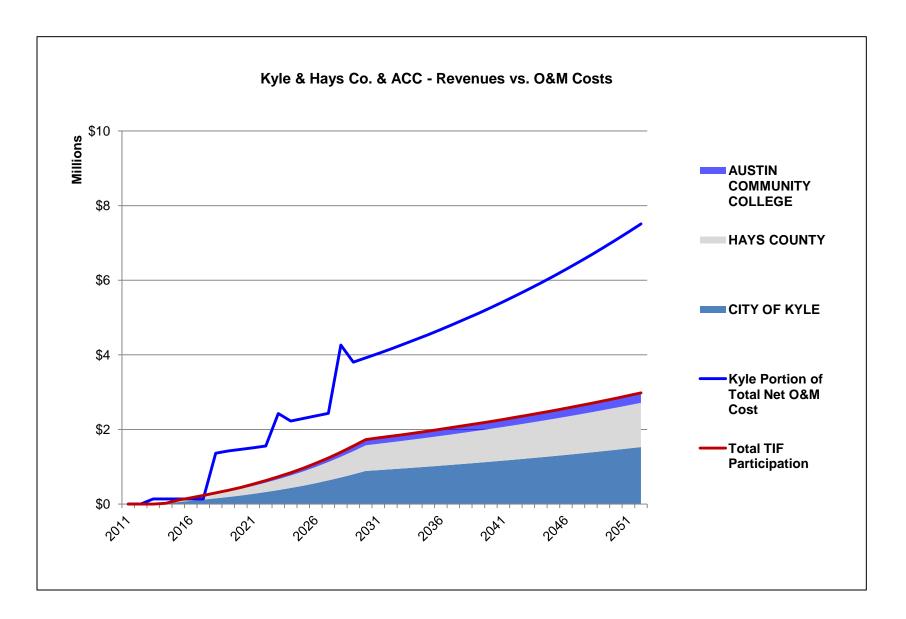


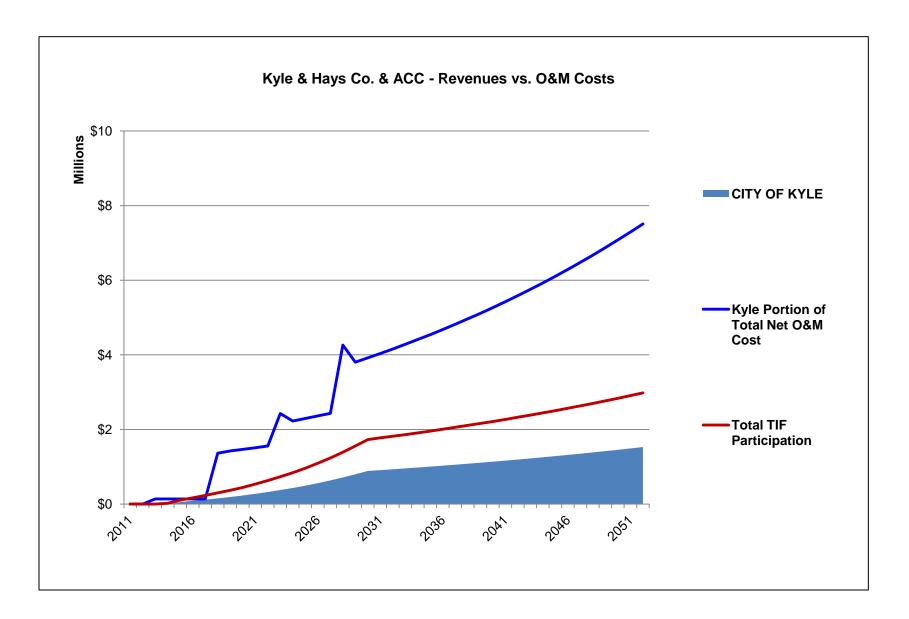
LSTAR Funding

• City of Kyle Participation Estimates:

	LSRD Planning Targets *		
	<u>Initial (2018)</u>	Base (2023)	Full (2028)
Property tax value capture			
Rail Induced Growth	\$ 134,000	\$ 326,000	\$ 618,000
Non-Rail Growth	\$ 20,000	\$ 50,000	\$ 95,000
Sales tax value capture	TBD	TBD	TBD
In-kind contribution	\$ 70,000	\$ 80,000	\$ 90,000
Total	\$ 224,000	\$ 456,000	\$ 803,000

• Actual service levels dependent on capital and O&M funding levels; escalated over time at 2.5% annually; 15 year avg. of 1/3 cost is \$15.16 million (2018-2032)





LSRD Split Service Station Concept

Split operations of one station into two stations

Location	Potential	Split Service

Buda & Kyle Downtown & ACC Campus

San Marcos Downtown & Centerpoint Area

Round Rock Downtown & Avery Center

Austin Parmer & McNeil Junction

Austin 35th St. & Anderson Ln.

LSTAR Funding

1. Kyle/Hays County/ACC - TIZ districts 2014:

- a. New growth property tax from within ½ mile of station
 - Set at 1% initially, requesting 50% as final participation
 - Add equivalent of new growth sales tax at same %
 - Undeveloped properties are prorated
- b. In-kind contribution of station maintenance and security
- c. Other Provisions:
 - Exclude <u>existing</u> single family and duplex residential
 - Prorate undeveloped properties till subdivided
 - Tax exempt parcels added when privately developed
 - Honor preexisting economic development agreements

2. Private Landowners:

- a. PID or MMD for station capital or O&M
- b. Station site contribution

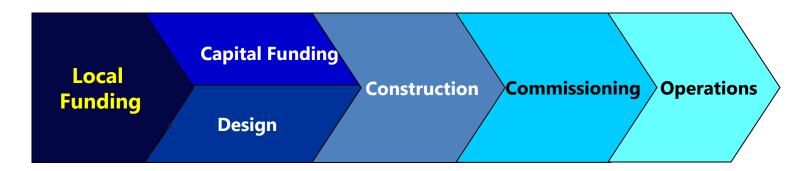
LSTAR Funding

- 3. City retains funds in special fund until LSRD meets performance measures
 - If measures not met, City may dissolve TIZ and use funds
- 4. Performance measures
 - In <u>two years</u> LSRD must secure funding agreements with key Central Texas local governments
 - In <u>six</u> years LSRD must secured capital funding
- 5. When in operation, LSRD will <u>annually identify excess</u> TIZ funding for return to contributing jurisdictions
- 6. Equitable funding relationship between Central Texas local governments (i.e.: Pay for Service, Fair share, etc.)



Project Timeline – Passenger & Freight Rail Service

Local funding is the **gateway** to capital funding from public and private sources.



<u>Timing</u>

- Capture value from land speculation, zoning and other entitlements
- New development influenced by rail opportunity
- Local funding necessary to secure capital funding
- Helps reduce through freight in community downtowns & neighborhoods

Next Steps

Lone Star Rail District is requesting:

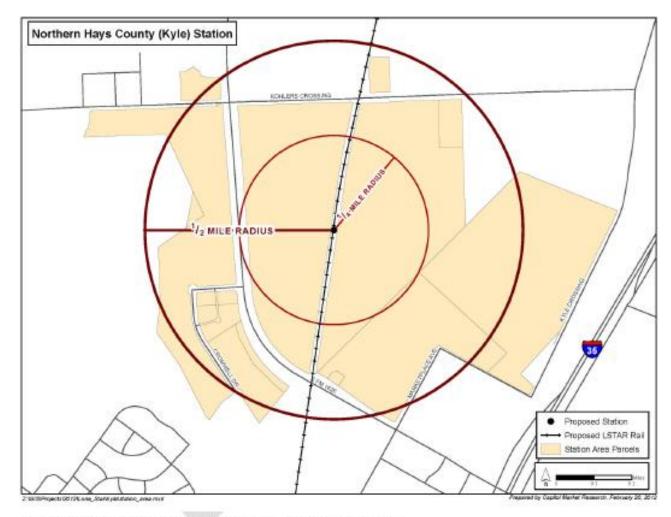
 City of Kyle establish TIZ under local funding agreement with LSRD by end of May 2014.





Thank you for your support!

Economic Impact Evaluation – Capital Market Research



Source: Travil Central Apple is all District 2010 Perce | Boundary map, Jacobs Engineering Capito |
Market Research 2012

Economic Impact Evaluation - Capital Market Research

