# Krug Activity Center

101 S. Burleson St Kyle, Texas 78640

# **Contract Documents**

January 9, 2019

# **Project Manual**



Prepared For: City of Kyle TX 100 W. Center St Kyle, Texas 78640 Owner Contacts: Leon Barba: (512) 262-3958 Kerry Urbanwicz:(512) 262-3939

# **Prepared By:**

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# **PROJECT MANUAL**

# City of Kyle TX

# Krug Activity Center Exterior Historic Repairs Contract Documents

101 S. Burleson St. Kyle, Texas 78640

DATE:

January 9, 2019

FW186070

TERRACON'S PROJECT NUMBER

OWNER

City of Kyle TX 100 W. Center St Kyle, Texas 78640

ARCHITECT/ARCHITECT

Building Exterior Solutions, a Terracon Company 3709 Promontory Point Dr., Suite 206 Austin, Texas 78744 Contact: Keith Simon, AIA, CPHC, BECxP, Cx+BE Telephone: 512-827-3332

Architectural Seal **Terracon Consultants, Inc.** Keith Simon, AIA, CPHC, BECxP, Cx+BE License Number:

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# DOCUMENT 000150 - PROJECT DIRECTORY

	NAME/ADDRESS	REPRESENTATIVE		
OWNER:	<u>CITY OF KYLE</u>	Mr. Leon Barba:		
	<u>100 W. Center St</u>	(512) 262-3958		
	<u>Kyle, TX 78640</u>			
JOB SITES:	101 S. Burleson St.	Mr. Kerry Urbanowicz:		
	Kyle, TX 78640	(512) 262-3939		
ARCHITECT: Keith Simon, AIA, CPHC, BECxP, CxA+BE (512) 827-3332				
Building Exterior Solutions, A Terracon Company				
3709 Promoniory Point Drive, Suite 206				

#### DOCUMENT 001113 - ADVERTISEMENT FOR BIDS

Sealed bids will be received by City of Kyle, Attn: Leon Barba, 100 W. Center St., Kyle, TX 78640, until 2PM on February 7, 2019 at which time they will be publicly opened and read for the Historic repairs to the Krug Activity Center in Kyle, Texas.

Bids must be on standard forms furnished by the Architect and must be as above. Bid forms, drawings and specifications may be obtained from the Architect, Building Exterior Solutions, A Terracon Company, 3709 Promontory Point Dr., Suite 206, Austin, TX, phone number 512-827-3332. A plan deposit of \$50.00 per set is required. The full deposit will be refunded to contractors upon return of the drawings and specifications in good condition to the Architect's office within 10 days from date bids are opened.

Drawings and specifications will be available to download and print from the City of Kyle website at <u>https://www.cityofkyle.com/rfps</u>.

Each bid shall be accompanied by a deposit of cash or a certified check drawn on some bank or trust company insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation in an amount equal to not less than five percent (5%) of the gross amount of the bid. In lieu thereof, such bidder may file a bid bond in the above amount executed in accordance with and conditioned as prescribed by the codes, regulations and general statutes of the State of Texas. If the successful bidder fails to execute the contract within ten (10) days after award or fails to give satisfactory surety as required by law and the contract documents, the above deposit will be retained by Owner as liquidated damages. No bidder may withdraw his bid within **sixty (60)** days after opening thereof.

Prebid Meeting: A prebid meeting and site visit will be held at **2PM**, **January 30**, **2019**, **Krug Activity Center 101 S. Burleson St. Kyle**, **TX 78640**.

Prebid meeting is mandatory. Only bids submitted by bona fide contractors in attendance at the Prebid meeting will be accepted. Bids submitted by contractors not in attendance will not be opened. All questions regarding the bid, the project or related matters should be emailed to the Project Architect, Kayla Maines at <u>kayla.maines@terracon.com</u>. Questions regarding the bid, the project or related matters must be made prior to 5 PM (CST) on January 31, 2019.

Bidders are responsible for checking for addendums or alternates before submitting bids.

Bidders shall submit bids in sealed envelopes which are clearly marked on the face with the name of the project, the Owner, the date and time of the bid opening and the contractor's name. Additionally, the following is to be printed neatly in large letters on the front of the envelope: "BID ENCLOSED."

All contractors are hereby notified that they shall be properly licensed under the laws of the State of Texas governing their trades.

The Owner reserves the right to accept or reject any and/or all bids, to waive formalities, and to award the Contract to another other than to low bidder, subject to compliance with all applicable codes, regulations and general statutes, should it be deemed in Owner's best interest.

DOCUMENT 001116 - INVITATION TO BID

Sealed bids will be received from qualified Contractors for general construction services for historic repairs and restoration of Krug Activity Center in Kyle, TX:

Located at: Krug Activity Center 101 S. Burleson St. Kyle, TX 78640

Formal proposals will be received until 2:00 PM (Central Time), February 7, 2019, at the offices of:

Attention: Leon Barba (Bid Enclosed) City of Kyle 100 W. Center St. Kyle, TX 78640

#### (FAXED PROPOSALS WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED)

Bids shall be submitted fully complete with all required proposal documents, including: completed bid forms, completed contractor's qualification statement, acknowledgment from bonding agency that contractor qualifies for payment and performance bonds in the amount of bid being presented. BID BOND WILL BE REQUIRED FOR THIS PROJECT. The Owner is under no obligation whatsoever to accept the lowest Bid or any other Bid submitted, and the Owner in its sole discretion may accept a Bid other than the lowest Bid for any reason whatsoever that shall seem satisfactory to the Owner under existing laws. Moreover, the Owner reserves the unbridled right in the Owner's sole discretion to reject any and all Bids for any reason whatsoever that shall seem satisfactory to the Owner under existing laws. All times mentioned in this document are in the central time zone.

**MANDATORY PRE-BID CONFERENCE**: at Krug Activity Center, 101 S. Burleson St., Kyle, TX 78640 at 2:00 pm central time zone at the Project Site. All bidding contractors shall attend the pre-bid conference in order to have a valid bid proposal considered for this project. Bid Proposals from Contractors not in attendance of the mandatory pre-bid conference will be considered unresponsive.

# DOCUMENT 002113 - INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS

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# **ARTICLE 1 - DEFINED TERMS**

1.01 Terms used in these Instructions to Bidders will have the meanings indicated in the owner provided General Conditions. Additional terms used in these Instructions to Bidders have the meanings indicated below which are applicable to both the singular and plural thereof:

A. *Bidder--*The individual or entity who submits a Bid directly to OWNER.

B. *Issuing Office--*The office from which the Bidding Documents are to be issued and where the bidding procedures are to be administered.

C. *Successful Bidder--*The lowest responsible Bidder submitting a responsive Bid to whom OWNER (on the basis of OWNER's evaluation as hereinafter provided) makes an award.

# ARTICLE 2 - COPIES OF BIDDING DOCUMENTS

2.01 Complete sets of Bidding Documents must be used in preparing Bids; neither OWNER nor ARCHITECT assumes any responsibility for errors or misinterpretations resulting from the use of incomplete sets of Bidding Documents.

2.02 OWNER and ARCHTECT in making copies of Bidding Documents available on the above terms do so only for the purpose of obtaining Bids for the Work and do not confer a license or grant for any other use.

# **ARTICLE 3 - QUALIFICATIONS OF BIDDERS**

3.01 To demonstrate Bidder's qualifications to perform the Work, within five days of OWNER's request Bidder shall submit written evidence such as financial data, previous experience, present commitments, and such other data as may be called for below.

A. All prospective Bidders shall be required to submit with their Bid a properly executed "Construction Contractor's Qualification Statement," AIA document A305.

B. The Bidder acknowledges the right of the Owner to request further information pertaining to the qualifications of a Bidder and the sole right of the Owner, and the Owner's professional consultants to evaluate the qualifications of a Bidder.

C. All prospective Bidders shall have **5-years experience** with historic preservation projects. Five project examples shall be submitted with the bid.

# ARTICLE 4 - EXAMINATION OF BIDDING DOCUMENTS, OTHER RELATED DATA, AND SITE

4.01 On request, OWNER will provide Bidder access to the Site to conduct such examinations, investigations, explorations, tests, and studies, as Bidder deems necessary for submission of a Bid. Bidder

shall fill all holes and clean up and restore the Site to its former condition upon completion of such explorations, investigations, tests, and studies.

4.02 It is the responsibility of each Bidder before submitting a Bid to:

A. examine and carefully study the Bidding Documents, including any Addenda and the other related data identified in the Bidding Documents;

B. visit the Site and become familiar with and satisfy Bidder as to the general, local, and Site conditions that may affect cost, progress, and performance of the Work;

C. become familiar with and satisfy Bidder as to all federal, state, and local Laws and Regulations that may affect cost, progress, or performance of the Work;

D. agree at the time of submitting its Bid that no further examinations, investigations, explorations, tests, studies, or data are necessary for the determination of its Bid for performance of the Work at the price bid and within the times and in accordance with the other terms and conditions of the Bidding Documents;

E. become aware of the general nature of the work to be performed by OWNER and others at the Site that relates to the Work as indicated in the Bidding Documents;

F. correlate the information known to Bidder, information and observations obtained from visits to the Site, reports and drawings identified in the Bidding Documents, and all additional examinations, investigations, explorations, tests, studies, and data with the Bidding Documents;

G. promptly give ARCHITECT written notice of all conflicts, errors, ambiguities, or discrepancies that Bidder discovers in the Bidding Documents and confirm that the written resolution thereof by ARCHITECT is acceptable to Bidder; and

H. determine that the Bidding Documents are generally sufficient to indicate and convey understanding of all terms and conditions for the performance of the Work.

4.03 The submission of a Bid will constitute an incontrovertible representation by Bidder that Bidder has complied with every requirement of this Article 4, that without exception the Bid is premised upon performing and furnishing the Work required by the Bidding Documents and applying any specific means, methods, techniques, sequences, and procedures of construction that may be shown or indicated or expressly required by the Bidding Documents, that Bidder has given ARCHITECT written notice of all conflicts, errors, ambiguities, and discrepancies that Bidder has discovered in the Bidding Documents and the written resolutions thereof by ARCHITECT are acceptable to Bidder, and that the Bidding Documents are generally sufficient to indicate and convey understanding of all terms and conditions for performing and furnishing the Work.

# **ARTICLE 5 - PRE-BID CONFERENCE**

5.01 A Pre-Bid conference will be held as specified in section 000200 of this document Representatives of ARCHITECT will be present to discuss the Project. Bidders are required to attend and participate in the conference. ARCHITECT will transmit to all prospective Bidders of record such Addenda as ARCHITECT considers necessary in response to questions arising at the conference. Oral statements may not be relied upon and will not be binding or legally effective.

# **ARTICLE 6 - SITE AND OTHER AREAS**

6.01 The Site is identified in the Bidding Documents. All additional lands and access thereto required for temporary construction facilities, construction equipment, or storage of materials and equipment to be incorporated in the Work are to be obtained and paid for by CONTRACTOR. Easements for permanent structures or permanent changes in existing facilities are to be obtained and paid for by OWNER unless otherwise provided in the Bidding Documents.

# **ARTICLE 7 - INTERPRETATIONS AND ADDENDA**

7.01 All questions about the meaning or intent of the Bidding Documents are to be submitted to ARCHITECT in writing. Interpretations or clarifications considered necessary by ARCHITECT in response to such questions will be issued by Addenda mailed or delivered to all parties recorded by ARCHITECT as having received the Bidding Documents. Only questions answered by Addenda will be binding. Oral and other interpretations or clarifications will be without legal effect. All questions regarding the bid, the project or related matters should be emailed to the Project Architect, Kayla Maines at <u>kayla.maines@terracon.com</u>. Questions regarding the bid, the project or related matters must be made prior to 5 PM (CST) on January 31, 2019.

7.02 Addenda may be issued to clarify, correct, or change the Bidding Documents as deemed advisable by OWNER or ARCHITECT.

### **ARTICLE 8 - BID SECURITY**

8.01 A Bid must be accompanied by Bid security made payable to OWNER in an amount of 5% of Bidder's Base Bid price and in the form of a Cashier's Check or a Bid Bond issued by a surety meeting the requirements of the owner provided General Conditions.

8.02 The Bid security of the Successful Bidder will be retained until such Bidder has executed the Contract Documents, furnished the required contract security and met the other conditions of the Notice of Award, whereupon the Bid security will be returned. If the Successful Bidder fails to execute and deliver the Contract Documents and furnish the required contract security within 15 days after the Notice of Award, OWNER may annul the Notice of Award and the Bid security of that Bidder will be forfeited. The Bid security of other Bidders whom OWNER believes to have a reasonable chance of receiving the award may be retained by OWNER until the earlier of seven days after the Effective Date of the Agreement or 61 days after the Bid opening, whereupon Bid security furnished by such Bidders will be returned.

8.03 Bid security of other Bidders whom OWNER believes do not have a reasonable chance of receiving the award will be returned within seven days after the Bid opening.

# **ARTICLE 9 - CONTRACT TIMES**

9.01 The times for Substantial Completion and readiness for final payment are to be set forth by Bidder in the Bid and will be entered into the Agreement (or incorporated therein by reference to the specific language of the Bid). The times will be taken into consideration by OWNER during the evaluation of Bids, and it will be necessary for the apparent Successful Bidder to satisfy OWNER that it will be able to achieve Substantial Completion and be ready for final payment within the times designated in the Bid.

# **ARTICLE 10 - LIQUIDATED DAMAGES**

10.01 Provisions for liquidated damages, if any, are set forth in the Agreement.

# ARTICLE 11 - SUBSTITUTE AND "OR-EQUAL" ITEMS

11.01 The Contract, if awarded, will be on the basis of materials and equipment specified or described in the Bidding Documents without consideration of possible substitute or "or-equal" items. Whenever it is specified or described in the Bidding Documents that a substitute or "or-equal" item of material or equipment may be furnished or used by CONTRACTOR if acceptable to ARCHITECT, application for such acceptance will not be considered by ARCHITECT until after the Effective Date of the Agreement. The procedure for submission of any such application by CONTRACTOR and consideration by ARCHITECT is set forth in specification section 016000 and a Request for Substitution Form shall be submitted to the ARCHITECT for their review and approval.

# **ARTICLE 12 - SUBCONTRACTORS, SUPPLIERS, AND OTHERS**

12.01 If the owner provided General Conditions require the identity of certain Subcontractors, Suppliers, individuals, or entities to be submitted to OWNER in advance of a specified date prior to the Effective Date of the Agreement, the apparent Successful Bidder, and any other Bidder so requested, shall within five days after Bid opening, submit to OWNER a list of all such Subcontractors, Suppliers, individuals, or entities proposed for those portions of the Work for which such identification is required. Such list shall be accompanied by an experience statement with pertinent information regarding similar projects and other evidence of qualification for each such Subcontractor, Supplier, individual, or entity if requested by OWNER. If OWNER or ARCHITECT, after due investigation, has reasonable objection to any proposed Subcontractor, Supplier, individual, or entity, of Award is given, request apparent Successful Bidder to submit a substitute, without an increase in the Bid.

12.02 If apparent Successful Bidder declines to make any such substitution, OWNER may award the Contract to the next lowest Bidder that proposes to use acceptable Subcontractors, Suppliers, individuals, or entities. Declining to make requested substitutions will not constitute grounds for forfeiture of the Bid security of any Bidder. Any Subcontractor, Supplier, individual, or entity so listed and against which OWNER or ARCHTECT makes no written objection prior to the giving of the Notice of Award will be deemed acceptable to OWNER and ARCHITECT subject to revocation of such acceptance after the Effective Date of the Agreement as provided in the owner provided General Conditions.

12.03 CONTRACTOR shall not be required to employ any Subcontractor, Supplier, individual, or entity against whom CONTRACTOR has reasonable objection.

# **ARTICLE 13 - PREPARATION OF BID**

13.01 The Bid form is included with the Bidding Documents. Additional copies may be obtained from ARCHITECT.

13.02 All blanks on the Bid form shall be completed by printing in ink or by typewriter and the Bid signed. A Bid price shall be indicated for each Bid item, alternative, adjustment unit price item, and unit price item listed therein, or the words "No Bid," "No Change," or "Not Applicable" entered. 13.03 A Bid by a corporation shall be executed in the corporate name by the president or a vice-president or other corporate officer accompanied by evidence of authority to sign. The corporate seal shall be affixed and attested by the secretary or an assistant secretary. The corporate address and state of incorporation shall be shown below the signature.

13.04 A Bid by a partnership shall be executed in the partnership name and signed by a partner (whose title must appear under the signature), accompanied by evidence of authority to sign. The official address of the partnership shall be shown below the signature.

13.05 A Bid by a limited liability company shall be executed in the name of the firm by a member and accompanied by evidence of authority to sign. The state of formation of the firm and the official address of the firm must be shown below the signature.

13.06 All names shall be typed or printed in ink below the signatures.

13.07 The Bid shall contain an acknowledgment of receipt of all Addenda, the numbers of which shall be filled in on the Bid form.

13.08 The address and telephone number for communications regarding the Bid shall be shown.

13.09 The Bid shall contain evidence of Bidder's authority and qualification to do business in the state where the Project is located or covenant to obtain such qualification prior to award of the Contract. Bidder's state contractor license number for the state of the Project, if any, shall also be shown on the Bid form.

# **ARTICLE 14 - BASIS OF BID; EVALUATION OF BIDS**

#### 14.01 Lump Sum

A. Bidders shall submit a Bid on a lump sum basis for the base Bid and include a separate price for each alternate described in the Bidding Documents as provided for in the Bid form. The price for each alternate will be the amount added to *or* deleted from the base Bid if OWNER selects the alternate. In the evaluation of Bids, alternates will be applied in the same order as listed in the Bid form.

14.02 The Bid price shall include such amounts as the Bidder deems proper for overhead and profit on account of cash allowances, if any, named in the Contract Documents as provided in the owner provided General Conditions.

14.03 Bid prices will be compared after adjusting for differences in the time designated by Bidders for Substantial Completion. The adjusting amount will be determined at the rate set forth in the Contract Documents for liquidated damages for failing to achieve Substantial Completion for each day before or after the desired date appearing in Article 9.

14.04 Unit prices are required for masonry and wood restoration.

# **ARTICLE 15 - SUBMITTAL OF BID**

15.01 Each prospective Bidder is furnished one copy of the Bidding Documents with one separate unbound copy of the Bid form. The unbound copy of the Bid form is to be completed and submitted with the Bid security and the following data:

A. A tabulation of Subcontractors, Suppliers and other individuals and entities required to be identified in this Bid;

- B. Insurance Certificate;
- C. Contractor's Qualification Statement AIA document A305.

15.02 A Bid shall be submitted no later than the date and time prescribed and at the place indicated in the advertisement or invitation to Bid and shall be enclosed in an opaque sealed envelope plainly marked with the Project title (and, if applicable, the designated portion of the Project for which the Bid is submitted), the name and address of Bidder, and shall be accompanied by the Bid security and other required documents. If a Bid is sent by mail or other delivery system, the sealed envelope containing the Bid shall be enclosed in a separate envelope plainly marked on the outside with the notation "BID ENCLOSED Krug Activity Center Exterior Historic Repairs mailed Bid shall be addressed to Mr. Leon Barba, City of Kyle, 100 W. Center Street, Kyle, TX 78640.

#### **ARTICLE 16 - MODIFICATION AND WITHDRAWAL OF BID**

16.01 A Bid may be modified or withdrawn by an appropriate document duly executed in the manner that a Bid must be executed and delivered to the place where Bids are to be submitted prior to the date and time for the opening of Bids.

16.02 All expenses for permit and associated costs are to be at contractor's expense.

#### **ARTICLE 17 - OPENING OF BIDS**

17.01 Bids will be opened publicly.

## **ARTICLE 18 - BIDS TO REMAIN SUBJECT TO ACCEPTANCE**

18.01 All Bids will remain subject to acceptance for the period of time stated in the Bid form, but OWNER may, in its sole discretion, release any Bid and return the Bid security prior to the end of this period.

#### **ARTICLE 19 - AWARD OF CONTRACT**

19.01 OWNER reserves the right to reject any or all Bids, including without limitation, nonconforming, nonresponsive, unbalanced, or conditional Bids. OWNER further reserves the right to reject the Bid of any Bidder whom it finds, after reasonable inquiry and evaluation, to be non-responsible. OWNER may also reject the Bid of any Bidder if OWNER believes that it would not be in the best interest of the Project to make an award to that Bidder. OWNER also reserves the right to waive all informalities not involving price, time, or changes in the Work and to negotiate contract terms with the Successful Bidder.

19.02 More than one Bid for the same Work from an individual or entity under the same or different names will not be considered. Reasonable grounds for believing that any Bidder has an interest in more than one Bid for the Work may be cause for disqualification of that Bidder and the rejection of all Bids in which that Bidder has an interest.

19.03 In evaluating Bids, OWNER will consider whether or not the Bids comply with the prescribed requirements, and such alternates, unit prices and other data, as may be requested in the Bid Form or prior to the Notice of Award.

19.04 In evaluating Bidders, OWNER will consider the qualifications of Bidders and may consider the qualifications and experience of Subcontractors, Suppliers, and other individuals or entities proposed for those portions of the Work for which the identity of Subcontractors, Suppliers, and other individuals or entities must be submitted as provided in the owner provide General Conditions.

19.05 OWNER may conduct such investigations as OWNER deems necessary to establish the responsibility, qualifications, and financial ability of Bidders, proposed Subcontractors, Suppliers, individuals, or entities to perform the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents.

19.06 If the Contract is to be awarded, OWNER will award the Contract to the Bidder whose Bid is in the best interests of the Project.

### **ARTICLE 20 - CONTRACT SECURITY AND INSURANCE**

20.01 The owner provided General Conditions, as may be modified by the owner provided Supplementary Conditions, sets forth OWNER's requirements as to performance and payment Bonds and insurance. When the Successful Bidder delivers the executed Agreement to OWNER, it must be accompanied by such Bonds.

# **ARTICLE 21 - SIGNING OF AGREEMENT**

21.01 When OWNER gives a Notice of Award to the Successful Bidder, it shall be accompanied by the required number of unsigned counterparts of the Agreement with the other Contract Documents which are identified in the Agreement as attached thereto. Within seven days thereafter, Successful Bidder shall sign and deliver the required number of counterparts of the Agreement and attached documents to OWNER. Within seven days thereafter, OWNER shall deliver one fully signed counterpart to Successful Bidder with a complete set of the Drawings with appropriate identification.

#### DOCUMENT 004113 - BID FORM

#### PROJECT IDENTIFICATION:

Historic Repairs and Restoration of Krug Activity Center Exterior Historic Repairs located in Kyle, TX.

THIS BID IS SUBMITTED TO:

City of Kyle Attn.: Leon Barba <u>100 W. Center St.</u> Kyle, TX 78640

1.01 The undersigned Bidder proposes and agrees, if this Bid is accepted, to enter into an Agreement with OWNER in the form included in the Bidding Documents to perform all Work as specified or indicated in the Bidding Documents for the prices and within the times indicated in this Bid and in accordance with the other terms and conditions of the Bidding Documents.

2.01 Bidder accepts all of the terms and conditions of the Advertisement or Invitation to Bid and Instructions to Bidders, including without limitation those dealing with the disposition of Bid security. The Bid will remain subject to acceptance for 60 days after the Bid opening, or for such longer period of time that Bidder may agree to in writing upon request of OWNER.

3.01 In submitting this Bid, Bidder represents, as set forth in the Agreement, that:

A. Bidder has examined and carefully studied the Bidding Documents, the other related data identified in the Bidding Documents, and the following Addenda, receipt of all which is hereby acknowledged.

Addendum No. Addendum Date

B. Bidder has visited the Site and become familiar with and is satisfied as to the general, local and Site conditions that may affect cost, progress, and performance of the Work.

C. Bidder is familiar with and is satisfied as to all federal, state and local Laws and Regulations that may affect cost, progress and performance of the Work.

D. Bidder does not consider that any further examinations, investigations, explorations, tests, studies, or data are necessary for the determination of this Bid for performance of the Work at the price(s) bid and within the times and in accordance with the other terms and conditions of the Bidding Documents.

E. Bidder is aware of the general nature of work to be performed by OWNER and others at the Site that relates to the Work as indicated in the Bidding Documents.

F. Bidder has correlated the information known to Bidder, information and observations obtained from visits to the Site, reports and drawings identified in the Bidding Documents, and all additional examinations, investigations, explorations, tests, studies, and data with the Bidding Documents.

G. Bidder has given ARCHITECT written notice of all conflicts, errors, ambiguities, or discrepancies that Bidder has discovered in the Bidding Documents, and the written resolution thereof by ARCHITECT is acceptable to Bidder.

H. The Bidding Documents are generally sufficient to indicate and convey understanding of all terms and conditions for the performance of the Work for which this Bid is submitted.

4.01 Bidder further represents that this Bid is genuine and not made in the interest of or on behalf of any undisclosed individual or entity and is not submitted in conformity with any agreement or rules of any group, association, organization or corporation; Bidder has not directly or indirectly induced or solicited any other Bidder to submit a false or sham Bid; Bidder has not solicited or induced any individual or entity to refrain from bidding; and Bidder has not sought by collusion to obtain for itself any advantage over any other Bidder or over OWNER.

5.01 Bidder will complete the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents for the following price(s):

#### BASE BID

Base Bid Lump Sum		(\$	; )	
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**6**.01 The following documents are attached to and made a condition of this Bid:

- A. Insurance Certificate;
- B. Owner Provided General Conditions
- C. Contractor's Qualification Statement (AIA document No. A305).

7.01 The terms used in this Bid with initial capital letters have the meanings indicated in the Instructions to Bidders and the Owner Provided General Conditions.

SUBMITTED on,	20			
State Contractor License No.				
Corporation Name:	(SEAL)			
State of Incorporation:				
Type (General Business, Professional, Service, Limited Liability):				
Ву:				
Name (typed or printed):				
Title:				
Business address:				
Phone No.:	FAX No.:			

#### DOCUMENT 005000 - STANDARD FORM OF AGREEMENT

#### BETWEEN OWNER AND CONTRACTOR ON THE BASIS OF A STIPULATED PRICE

#### **THIS AGREEMENT** is by and between:

City of Kyle (Hereinafter called OWNER) and

(Hereinafter called CONTRACTOR)

OWNER and CONTRACTOR, in consideration of the mutual covenants hereinafter set forth, agree as follows:

#### ARTICLE 1 - WORK

1.01 CONTRACTOR shall complete all Work as specified or indicated in the Contract Documents. The Work is generally described as follows:

#### **ARTICLE 2 - THE PROJECT**

2.01 The Project for which the Work under the Contract Documents may be the whole or only a part is generally described as follows:

Reroofing Located at

#### **ARTICLE 3 - ARCHITECT**

3.01 The Project has been designed by

Building Exterior Solutions A Terracon Company 3709 Promontory Point Dr., Suite 206 Austin, TX 78744

Who is hereinafter called ARCHITECT and who is to act as OWNER's representative, assume all duties and responsibilities, and have the rights and authority assigned to ARCHITECT in the Contract Documents in connection with the completion of the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents. **ARTICLE 4 - CONTRACT TIMES** 

4.01 *Time of the Essence* 

A. All time limits for Substantial Completion and completion and readiness for final payment as stated in the Contract Documents are of the essence of the Contract.

#### 4.02 Days to Achieve Substantial Completion and Final Payment

A. The Work will be substantially completed within 120 calendar days after the date when the Contract Times commence to run as provided in the owner provided General Conditions, and completed and ready for final payment in accordance with the owner provided General Conditions within 15 calendar days after the date of Substantial Completion.

#### 4.03 Liquidated Damages

A. CONTRACTOR and OWNER recognize that time is of the essence of this Agreement and that OWNER will suffer financial loss if the Work is not completed within the times specified in paragraph 4.02 above, plus any extensions thereof allowed in accordance with the owner provided General Conditions. The parties also recognize the delays, expense, and difficulties involved in proving in a legal or arbitration preceding the actual loss suffered by OWNER if the Work is not completed on time. Accordingly, instead of requiring any such proof, OWNER and CONTRACTOR agree that as liquidated damages for delay (but not as a penalty), CONTRACTOR shall pay OWNER \$500.00 for each calendar day that expires after the time specified in paragraph 4.02 for Substantial Completion until the Work is substantially complete. After Substantial Completion, if CONTRACTOR shall neglect, refuse, or fail to complete the remaining Work within the Contract Time or any proper extension thereof granted by OWNER, CONTRACTOR shall pay OWNER \$250.00 for each calendar day that expires after the time specified and ready for final payagraph 4.02 for completion and readiness for final payment until the Work is completed and ready for final payment.

#### **ARTICLE 5 - CONTRACT PRICE**

5.01 OWNER shall pay CONTRACTOR for completion of the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents an amount in current funds equal to the sum of the amounts determined pursuant to paragraphs 5.01.A, 5.01.B, and 5.01.C below:

A. For all Work other than Unit Price Work, a Lump Sum of:

#### **ARTICLE 6 - PAYMENT PROCEDURES**

#### 6.01 Submittal and Processing of Payments

A. CONTRACTOR shall submit Applications for Payment in accordance with the owner provided General Conditions. Applications for Payment will be processed by ARCHITECT as provided in the owner provided General Conditions.

#### 6.02 Progress Payments; Retainage

A. OWNER shall make progress payments on account of the Contract Price on the basis of CONTRACTOR's Applications for Payment on or about the 30th day of each month during performance of the Work as provided in paragraphs 6.02.A.1 and 6.02.A.2 below. All such payments will be measured by the schedule of values established in the owner provided General Conditions (and in the case of Unit Price Work based on the number of units completed) or, in the event there is no schedule of values, as provided in the General Requirements:

1. Prior to Substantial Completion, progress payments will be made in an amount equal to the percentage indicated below but, in each case, less the aggregate of payments previously made and less such amounts as ARCHITECT may determine or OWNER may withhold, in accordance the owner provided General Conditions:

a. 90 % of Work completed (with the balance being retainage); and

b. 90 % of cost of materials and equipment not incorporated in the Work (with the balance being

retainage).

2. Upon Substantial Completion, OWNER shall pay an amount sufficient to increase total payments to CONTRACTOR to 90 % of the Work completed, less such amounts as ARCHITECT shall determine in accordance with the owner provided General Conditions.

#### 6.03 Final Payment

A. Upon final completion and acceptance of the Work in accordance with owner provided General Conditions, OWNER shall pay the remainder of the Contract Price as recommended by ARCHITECT as provided in Division 1.

#### **ARTICLE 7 - INTEREST**

7.01 All moneys not paid when due as provided in the owner provided General Conditions shall bear interest at the rate of 0%.

### **ARTICLE 8 - CONTRACTOR'S REPRESENTATIONS**

8.01 In order to induce OWNER to enter into this Agreement CONTRACTOR makes the following representations:

A. CONTRACTOR has examined and carefully studied the Contract Documents and the other related data identified in the Bidding Documents.

B. CONTRACTOR has visited the Site and become familiar with and is satisfied as to the general, local, and Site conditions that may affect cost, progress, and performance of the Work.

C. CONTRACTOR is familiar with and is satisfied as to all federal, state, and local Laws and Regulations that may affect cost, progress, and performance of the Work.

D. CONTRACTOR has obtained and carefully studied (or assumes responsibility for having done so) all examinations, investigations, explorations, tests, studies, and data concerning conditions (surface, subsurface, and Underground Facilities) at or contiguous to the Site which may affect cost, progress, or performance of the Work or which relate to any aspect of the means, methods, techniques, sequences, and procedures of construction to be employed by CONTRACTOR, including applying the specific means, methods, techniques, sequences, and procedures of construction, if any, expressly required by the Contract Documents to be employed by CONTRACTOR, and safety precautions and programs incident thereto

E. CONTRACTOR does not consider that any further examinations, investigations, explorations, tests, studies, or data are necessary for the performance of the Work at the Contract Price, within the Contract Times, and in accordance with the other terms and conditions of the Contract Documents.

F. CONTRACTOR is aware of the general nature of work to be performed by OWNER and others at the Site that relates to the Work as indicated in the Contract Documents.

G. CONTRACTOR has correlated the information known to CONTRACTOR, information and observations obtained from visits to the Site, reports and drawings identified in the Contract Documents, and all additional examinations, investigations, explorations, tests, studies, and data with the Contract Documents.

H. CONTRACTOR has given ARCHITECT written notice of all conflicts, errors, ambiguities, or discrepancies that CONTRACTOR has discovered in the Contract Documents, and the written resolution thereof by ARCHITECT is acceptable to CONTRACTOR.

I. The Contract Documents are generally sufficient to indicate and convey understanding of all terms and conditions for performance and furnishing of the Work.

#### **ARTICLE 9 - CONTRACT DOCUMENTS**

- 9.01 Contents
  - A. The Contract Documents consist of the following:
    - 1. This Agreement (pages 1 to 7, inclusive);
    - 2. Performance Bond (pages \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_, inclusive); (NA)
    - 3. Payment Bond (pages \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_, inclusive); (NA)
    - 4. Owner Provided General Conditions General Conditions Included
    - 5. Specifications as listed in the table of contents of the Project Manual;
    - 6. Drawings with each sheet bearing the following general title: Krug Activity Center Exterior Historic Repairs.
    - 7. Addenda (numbers \_\_1\_\_\_ of \_\_1\_\_\_, inclusive);
    - 8. Exhibits to this Agreement (enumerated as follows):
      - a. Notice to Proceed (pages \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_, inclusive);
      - b. CONTRACTOR's Bid (pages \_\_1\_\_\_ to \_\_3\_\_\_, inclusive);
      - c. Documentation submitted by CONTRACTOR prior to Notice of Award (pages \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_, inclusive);
      - d. \_\_\_\_\_;

10. The following which may be delivered or issued on or after the Effective Date of the Agreement and are not attached hereto:

- a. Written Amendments;
- b. Work Change Directives;
- c. Change Order(s).

B. The documents listed in paragraph 9.01.A are attached to this Agreement (except as expressly noted otherwise above).

C. There are no Contract Documents other than those listed above in this Article 9.

D. The Contract Documents may only be amended, modified, or supplemented as provided in the owner provided General Conditions.

#### **ARTICLE 10 - MISCELLANEOUS**

A. Terms used in this Agreement will have the meanings indicated in the owner provided General Conditions.

#### 10.02 Assignment of Contract

A. No assignment by a party hereto of any rights under or interests in the Contract will be binding on another party hereto without the written consent of the party sought to be bound; and, specifically but without limitation, moneys that may become due and moneys that are due may not be assigned without such consent (except to the extent that the effect of this restriction may be limited by law), and unless specifically stated to the contrary in any written consent to an assignment, no assignment will release or discharge the assignor from any duty or responsibility under the Contract Documents.

#### 10.03 Successors and Assigns

A. OWNER and CONTRACTOR each binds itself, its partners, successors, assigns, and legal representatives to the other party hereto, its partners, successors, assigns, and legal representatives in respect to all covenants, agreements, and obligations contained in the Contract Documents.

#### 10.04 Severability

A. Any provision or part of the Contract Documents held to be void or unenforceable under any Law or Regulation shall be deemed stricken, and all remaining provisions shall continue to be valid and binding upon OWNER and CONTRACTOR, who agree that the Contract Documents shall be reformed to replace such stricken provision or part thereof with a valid and enforceable provision that comes as close as possible to expressing the intention of the stricken provision.

#### 10.05 Other Provisions

A. Not applicable.

Krug Activity Center Exterior Historic Repairs Kyle, Texas IN WITNESS WHEREOF, OWNER and CONTRACTOR have signed this Agreement in duplicate. One counterpart each has been delivered to OWNER and CONTRACTOR. All portions of the Contract Documents have been signed or identified by OWNER and CONTRACTOR or on their behalf. This Agreement will be effective on \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_ (which is the Effective Date of the Agreement). CONTRACTOR: OWNER: By: \_\_\_\_\_ By: \_\_\_\_\_ [CORPORATE SEAL] [CORPORATE SEAL] Attest Attest Address for giving notices: Address for giving notices: License No. (Where applicable) Agent for service of process: (If CONTRACTOR is a corporation or a partnership, attach evidence of authority to sign.) **Designated Representative: Designated Representative:** Name: Name: Title: Title: Address: Address: Phone: Phone: Facsimile: Facsimile:

#### DOCUMENT 006000 - FORMS

#### 1.1 FORM OF AGREEMENT AND GENERAL CONDITIONS

- A. The following form of Owner/Contractor Agreement and form of the General Conditions shall be used for Project:
  - 1. AIA Document A101, "Standard Form of Agreement between Owner and Contractor, Stipulated Sum."
    - a. The General Conditions for Project are AIA Document A201, "General Conditions of the Contract for Construction."
  - 2. The General Conditions are incorporated by reference.
  - 3. The Supplementary Conditions for Project are separately prepared and included in the Project Manual.
  - 4. Owner's document(s) bound following this Document.

#### 1.2 ADMINISTRATIVE FORMS

- A. Administrative Forms: Additional administrative forms are specified in Division 01 General Requirements.
- B. Copies of AIA standard forms may be obtained from the American Institute of Architects;
- C. Preconstruction Forms:
  - 1. Form of Performance Bond and Labor and Material Bond: AIA Document A312, "Performance Bond and Payment Bond."
  - 2. Form of Certificate of Insurance: AIA Document G715, "Supplemental Attachment for ACORD Certificate of Insurance 25-S."
- D. Information and Modification Forms:
  - 1. Form for Requests for Information (RFIs): AIA Document G716, "Request for Information (RFI)."
  - 2. Form of Request for Proposal: AIA Document G709, "Work Changes Proposal Request."
  - 3. Change Order Form: AIA Document G701, "Change Order."
  - 4. Form of Architect's Memorandum for Minor Changes in the Work: AIA Document G707, "Architect's Supplemental Instructions."
  - 5. Form of Change Directive: AIA Document G714, "Construction Change Directive."
- E. Payment Forms:
  - 1. Schedule of Values Form: AIA Document G703, "Continuation Sheet."
  - 2. Payment Application: AIA Document G702/703, "Application and Certificate for Payment and Continuation Sheet."

- 3. Form of Contractor's Affidavit: AIA Document G706, "Contractor's Affidavit of Payment of Debts and Claims."
- 4. Form of Affidavit of Release of Liens: AIA Document G706A, "Contractor's Affidavit of Payment of Release of Liens."
- 5. Form of Consent of Surety: AIA Document G707, "Consent of Surety to Final Payment."

## DOCUMENT 007213 - GENERAL CONDITIONS

- 1.1 GENERAL
- A. The General Conditions of the Contract for Construction with Supplementary Conditions, American Institute of Architects Documents A201, 2007 Edition shall apply to and form a part of all Sections as though fully contained in the Project Manual.
- B. The Contractor is hereby directed, as a condition of the Contract, to acquaint thenself with the Articles contained herein and to notify and apprise all Subcontractors, suppliers and any other parties to the Contract or individuals or agencies engaged on the work as to its contents.
- C. No contractual adjustments shall be due as a result of failure on the part of the Contractor to fully acquaint themselves and other parties to the contract with the conditions of this Document.

SECTION 011000 - SUMMARY

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Project information.
  - 2. Work covered by Contract Documents.
  - 3. Work by Owner.
  - 4. Access to site.
  - 5. Coordination with occupants.
  - 6. Work restrictions.
  - 7. Specification and drawing conventions.

#### 1.2 PROJECT INFORMATION

- A. Project Identification: FW186070 Krug Activity Center Exterior Historic Repairs.
  - 1. Project Location: **101 S. Burleson St., Kyle, TX 78640**.
- B. Owner: City of Kyle, 100 W. Center St., Kyle, TX 78640.
  - 1. Owner's Representative: **Mr. Leon Barba: Phone: 512.262.3958**.
- C. Architect: Building Exterior Solutions A Terracon Company, Keith Simon: Phone: 512.827.3332.
  - 1.3 WORK COVERED BY CONTRACT DOCUMENTS
- A. The Work of Project is defined by the Contract Documents and consists of the following:
  - 1. The Krug Activity Center Exterior Historic Repairs project consists of Historic restoration to the exterior of an approximately 3000 square foot historic structure that was once the Kyle City Hall but currently serving as an activity center. The scope of the exterior restoration consists of but is not limited to the repair of the brick pilasters on the east and west facades, replacing stucco accents in the east and west brick pilasters, cleaning efflorescence off of brick, repairing the wood soffits, and replacing the roofing of the hip roofs that extends to the brick pilasters.
- B. Type of Contract:
  - 1. Project will be constructed under a single prime contract that is awarded the project through the bidding process.

- 1.4 WORK BY OWNER
- A. General: Cooperate fully with Owner so work may be carried out smoothly, without interfering with or delaying work under this Contract or work by Owner. Coordinate the Work of this Contract with work performed by Owner.
- B. Preceding Work: Owner will perform the following construction operations at Project site. Those operations are scheduled to be substantially complete before work under this Contract begins.
  - 1. Owner will remove, salvage and reinstall Christmas lights from around the perimeter or the roof edge and pilasters.

#### 1.5 ACCESS TO SITE

- A. General: Contractor shall have limited use of Project site for construction operations as indicated on Drawings by the Contract limits and as indicated by requirements of this Section.
  - 1. Limits: Confine construction operations to be determined by the OWNER prior to the commencement of construction. Contractor is responsible for coordinating site restrictions with the OWNER.
  - 2. Driveways, Walkways and Entrances: Keep driveways and entrances serving premises clear and available to Owner, Owner's employees, and emergency vehicles at all times. Do not use these areas for parking or storage of materials.
    - a. Schedule deliveries to minimize use of driveways and entrances by construction operations.
    - b. Schedule deliveries to minimize space and time requirements for storage of materials and equipment on-site.
- B. Condition of Existing Building: Maintain portions of existing building affected by construction operations in a weathertight condition throughout construction period. Repair damage caused by construction operations.

#### 1.6 COORDINATION WITH OCCUPANTS

- A. Full Owner Occupancy: Owner will occupy site and **existing** building(s) during entire construction period. Cooperate with Owner during construction operations to minimize conflicts and facilitate Owner usage. Perform the Work so as not to interfere with Owner's day-to-day operations. Maintain existing exits unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Maintain access to existing walkways, corridors, and other adjacent occupied or used facilities. Do not close or obstruct walkways, corridors, or other occupied or used facilities without written permission from Owner and approval of authorities having jurisdiction.
  - 2. Notify Owner not less that 48 hours in advance of activities that will affect Owner's operations.
- B. Partial Owner Occupancy: Owner will occupy the premises during entire construction period, with the exception of areas under construction. Cooperate with Owner during construction operations to minimize conflicts and facilitate Owner usage. Perform the Work so as not to interfere with Owner's operations. Maintain existing exits unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Maintain access to existing walkways, corridors, and other adjacent occupied or used facilities. Do not close or obstruct walkways, corridors, or other occupied or used facilities without written permission from Owner and authorities having jurisdiction.
  - 2. Provide not less than 48 hours' notice to Owner of activities that will affect Owner's operations.

- C. Owner Limited Occupancy of Completed Areas of Construction: Owner reserves the right to occupy and to place and install equipment in completed portions of the Work, prior to Substantial Completion of the Work, provided such occupancy does not interfere with completion of the Work. Such placement of equipment and limited occupancy shall not constitute acceptance of the total Work.
  - 1. Architect will prepare a Certificate of Substantial Completion for each specific portion of the Work to be occupied prior to Owner acceptance of the completed Work.
  - 2. Obtain a Certificate of Occupancy from authorities having jurisdiction before limited Owner occupancy.
  - 3. Before limited Owner occupancy, mechanical and electrical systems shall be fully operational, and required tests and inspections shall be successfully completed. On occupancy, Owner will operate and maintain mechanical and electrical systems serving occupied portions of Work.
  - 4. On occupancy, Owner will assume responsibility for maintenance and custodial service for occupied portions of Work.

#### 1.7 WORK RESTRICTIONS

- A. Work Restrictions, General: Comply with restrictions on construction operations.
  - 1. Comply with limitations on use of public streets and with other requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. On-Site Work Hours: working hours with the OWNER prior to the beginning construction.
  - 1. Weekend Hours: Coordinate with OWNER.
  - 2. Early Morning Hours: Coordinate with OWNER.
  - 3. Hours for Utility Shutdowns: Give the OWNER 48 hours notice of any required utility shutdowns. Utility shutdown times are to be coordinated with owner before shutdowns occur.
- C. Existing Utility Interruptions: Do not interrupt utilities serving facilities occupied by Owner or others unless permitted under the following conditions and then only after providing temporary utility services according to requirements indicated:
  - 1. Notify Owner no less than **two** days in advance of proposed utility interruptions.
  - 2. Obtain Architects written permission before proceeding with utility interruptions.
- D. Noise, Vibration, and Odors: Coordinate operations that may result in high levels of noise and vibration, odors, or other disruption to Owner occupancy with Owner.
  - 1. Notify Owner not less than **two** days in advance of proposed disruptive operations.
  - 2. Obtain Owner written permission before proceeding with disruptive operations.
- E. Nonsmoking Building: Smoking is not permitted within the building or within 25 feet of entrances, operable windows, or outdoor-air intakes.
- F. Controlled Substances: Use of tobacco products and other controlled substances is not permitted.
- G. Employee Identification: Provide identification tags for Contractor personnel working on Project site. Require personnel to use identification tags at all times.
- H. Employee Screening: Comply with Owner's requirements for **drug and background** screening of Contractor personnel working on Project site.

1. Maintain list of approved screened personnel with Owner's representative.

#### 1.8 SPECIFICATION AND DRAWING CONVENTIONS

- A. Specification Content: The Specifications use certain conventions for the style of language and the intended meaning of certain terms, words, and phrases when used in particular situations. These conventions are as follows:
  - 1. Imperative mood and streamlined language are generally used in the Specifications. The words "shall," "shall be," or "shall comply with," depending on the context, are implied where a colon (:) is used within a sentence or phrase.
  - 2. Specification requirements are to be performed by Contractor unless specifically stated otherwise.
- B. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions apply to all Sections in the Specifications.
- C. Division 01 General Requirements: Requirements of Sections in Division 01 apply to the Work of all Sections in the Specifications.
- D. Drawing Coordination: Requirements for materials and products identified on Drawings are described in detail in the Specifications. One or more of the following are used on Drawings to identify materials and products:
  - 1. Terminology: Materials and products are identified by the typical generic terms used in the individual Specifications Sections.
  - 2. Abbreviations: Materials and products are identified by abbreviations published as part of the U.S. National CAD Standard and scheduled on Drawings.
  - 3. Keynoting: Materials and products are identified by reference keynotes referencing Specification Section numbers found in this Project Manual.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION 011000

#### SECTION 012200 UNIT PRICES

#### PART 1 GENERAL

#### 1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

A. List of unit prices, for use in preparing Bids.

#### 1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Document 002113 Instructions to Bidders: Instructions for preparation of pricing for Unit Prices.
- B. Document 004322 Unit Prices Form: List of Unit Prices as supplement to Bid Form
- C. Section 012000 Price and Payment Procedures: Additional payment and modification procedures.

#### 1.03 COSTS INCLUDED

A. Unit Prices included on the Bid Form shall include full compensation for all required labor, products, tools, equipment, plant, transportation, services and incidentals; erection, application or installation of an item of the Work; overhead and profit.

#### 1.04 **MEASUREMENT OF QUANTITIES**

- A. Take all measurements and compute quantities. Measurements and quantities will be verified by Architect .
- B. Assist by providing necessary equipment, workers, and survey personnel as required.
- C. Measurement by Area: Measured by square dimension using mean length and width or radius.

#### 1.05 **PAYMENT**

- A. Payment for Work governed by unit prices will be made on the basis of the actual measurements and quantities of Work that is incorporated in or made necessary by the Work and accepted by the Architect, multiplied by the unit price.
- B. Payment will not be made for any of the following:
  - 1. Products wasted or disposed of in a manner that is not acceptable.
  - 2. Products determined as unacceptable before or after placement.
  - 3. Products not completely unloaded from the transporting vehicle.
  - 4. Products placed beyond the lines and levels of the required Work.
  - 5. Products remaining on hand after completion of the Work.
  - 6. Loading, hauling, and disposing of rejected Products.

#### 1.06 **DEFECT ASSESSMENT**

- A. Replace Work, or portions of the Work, not complying with specified requirements.
- B. If, in the opinion of Owner, it is not practical to remove and replace the Work, Owner will direct one of the following remedies:
  - 1. The defective Work will be partially repaired to the instructions of the Owner, and the unit price will be adjusted to a new unit price at the discretion of Owner.
- C. The authority of Owner to assess the defect and identify payment adjustment is final.

#### 1.07 SCHEDULE OF UNIT PRICES

A. Item: Brick ; Section [\_\_\_\_].

B. Item: All of Wood Soffit; Section [\_\_\_\_].

# PART 2 PRODUCTS - NOT USED

# PART 3 EXECUTION - NOT USED

# **END OF SECTION**

#### SECTION 012500 - SUBSTITUTION PROCEDURES

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for substitutions.
- B. Related Requirements:

1. Section 016000 "Product Requirements" for requirements for submitting comparable product submittals for products by listed manufacturers.

#### 1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. Substitutions: Changes in products, materials, equipment, and methods of construction from those required by the Contract Documents and proposed by Contractor.
  - 1. Substitutions for Cause: Changes proposed by Contractor that are required due to changed Project conditions, such as unavailability of product, regulatory changes, or unavailability of required warranty terms.
  - 2. Substitutions for Convenience: Changes proposed by Contractor or Owner that are not required in order to meet other Project requirements but may offer advantage to Contractor or Owner.

#### 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Substitution Requests: Submit three copies of each request for consideration. Identify product or fabrication or installation method to be replaced. Include Specification Section number and title and Drawing numbers and titles.
  - 1. Substitution Request Form: Use CSI Form 13.1A.
  - 2. Documentation: Show compliance with requirements for substitutions and the following, as applicable:
    - a. Statement indicating why specified product or fabrication or installation cannot be provided, if applicable.
    - b. Coordination information, including a list of changes or revisions needed to other parts of the Work that will be necessary to accommodate proposed substitution.
    - c. Detailed comparison of significant qualities of proposed substitution with those of the Work specified. Include annotated copy of applicable Specification Section. Significant qualities may include attributes such as performance, weight, size, durability, visual effect, sustainable design characteristics, warranties, and specific features and requirements indicated. Indicate deviations, if any, from the Work specified.
    - d. Product Data, including drawings and descriptions of products and fabrication and installation procedures.
    - e. Samples, where applicable or requested.
    - f. Certificates and qualification data, where applicable or requested.
    - g. List of similar installations for completed projects with project names and addresses and names and addresses of architects and owners.

- h. Material test reports from a qualified testing agency indicating and interpreting test results for compliance with requirements indicated.
- i. Research reports evidencing compliance with building code in effect for Project, from ICC-ES or other agencies acceptable to the local authority having jurisdiction (AHJ).
- j. Detailed comparison of Contractor's construction schedule using proposed substitution with products specified for the Work, including effect on the overall Contract Time. If specified product or method of construction cannot be provided within the Contract Time, include letter from manufacturer, on manufacturer's letterhead, stating date of receipt of purchase order, lack of availability, or delays in delivery.
- k. Cost information, including a proposal of change, if any, in the Contract Sum.
- I. Contractor's certification that proposed substitution complies with requirements in the Contract Documents except as indicated in substitution request, is compatible with related materials, and is appropriate for applications indicated.
- m. Contractor's waiver of rights to additional payment or time that may subsequently become necessary because of failure of proposed substitution to produce indicated results.
- 3. Architect's Action: If necessary, Architect will request additional information or documentation for evaluation within seven days of receipt of a request for substitution. Architect will notify Contractor of acceptance or rejection of proposed substitution within 7 days of receipt of request, or 7 days of receipt of additional information or documentation, whichever is later.
  - a. Forms of Acceptance: Change Order, Construction Change Directive, or Architects Supplemental Instructions for minor changes in the Work.
  - b. Use product specified if Architect does not issue a decision on use of a proposed substitution within time allocated.

#### 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Compatibility of Substitutions: Investigate and document compatibility of proposed substitution with related products and materials. Engage a qualified testing agency to perform compatibility tests recommended by manufacturers.

#### 1.5 PROCEDURES

A. Coordination: Revise or adjust affected work as necessary to integrate work of the approved substitutions.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 SUBSTITUTIONS

- A. Substitutions for Cause: Submit requests for substitution immediately on discovery of need for change, but not later than 7 days prior to time required for preparation and review of related submittals.
  - 1. Conditions: Architect will consider Contractor's request for substitution when the following conditions are satisfied. If the following conditions are not satisfied, Architect will return requests without action, except to record noncompliance with these requirements:
    - a. Requested substitution is consistent with the Contract Documents and will produce indicated results.
    - b. Substitution request is fully documented and properly submitted.
    - c. Requested substitution will not adversely affect Contractor's construction schedule.

- d. Requested substitution has received necessary approvals of authorities having jurisdiction.
- e. Requested substitution is compatible with other portions of the Work.
- f. Requested substitution has been coordinated with other portions of the Work.
- g. Requested substitution provides specified warranty.
- h. If requested substitution involves more than one contractor, requested substitution has been coordinated with other portions of the Work, is uniform and consistent, is compatible with other products, and is acceptable to all contractors involved.
- B. Substitutions for Convenience: Not allowed unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Substitutions for Convenience: Architect will consider requests for substitution if received up to 10 days before the receipt of Bids.
  - 1. Conditions: Architect will consider Contractor's request for substitution when the following conditions are satisfied. If the following conditions are not satisfied, Architect will return requests without action, except to record noncompliance with these requirements:
    - a. Requested substitution offers Owner a substantial advantage in cost, time, energy conservation, or other considerations, after deducting additional responsibilities Owner must assume. Owner's additional responsibilities may include compensation to Architect for redesign and evaluation services, increased cost of other construction by Owner, and similar considerations.
    - b. Requested substitution does not require extensive revisions to the Contract Documents.
    - c. Requested substitution is consistent with the Contract Documents and will produce indicated results.
    - d. Requested substitution provides sustainable design characteristics that specified product provided.
    - e. Substitution request is fully documented and properly submitted.
    - f. Requested substitution will not adversely affect Contractor's construction schedule.
    - g. Requested substitution has received necessary approvals of authorities having jurisdiction.
    - h. Requested substitution is compatible with other portions of the Work.
    - i. Requested substitution has been coordinated with other portions of the Work.
    - j. Requested substitution provides specified warranty.
    - k. If requested substitution involves more than one contractor, requested substitution has been coordinated with other portions of the Work, is uniform and consistent, is compatible with other products, and is acceptable to all contractors involved.

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION 012500

#### SECTION 012600 - CONTRACT MODIFICATION PROCEDURES

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for handling and processing Contract modifications.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 012500 "Substitution Procedures" for administrative procedures for handling requests for substitutions made after the Contract award.

#### 1.2 MINOR CHANGES IN THE WORK

Architect will issue supplemental instructions authorizing minor changes in the Work, not involving adjustment to the Contract Sum or the Contract Time, on AIA Documents.

#### 1.3 PROPOSAL REQUESTS

- A. Owner-Initiated Proposal Requests: Architect will issue a detailed description of proposed changes in the Work that may require adjustment to the Contract Sum or the Contract Time. If necessary, the description will include supplemental or revised Drawings and Specifications.
  - 1. Work Change Proposal Requests issued by Architect are not instructions either to stop work in progress or to execute the proposed change.
  - 2. Within time specified in Proposal Request after receipt of Proposal Request, submit a quotation estimating cost adjustments to the Contract Sum and the Contract Time necessary to execute the change.
    - a. Include a list of quantities of products required or eliminated and unit costs, with total amount of purchases and credits to be made. If requested, furnish survey data to substantiate quantities.
    - b. Indicate applicable taxes, delivery charges, equipment rental, and amounts of trade discounts.
    - c. Include costs of labor and supervision directly attributable to the change.
    - d. Include an updated Contractor's construction schedule that indicates the effect of the change, including, but not limited to, changes in activity duration, start and finish times, and activity relationship. Use available total float before requesting an extension of the Contract Time.
    - e. Quotation Form: Use CSI Form 13.6D, "Proposal Worksheet Summary," and Form 13.6C, "Proposal Worksheet Detail."
- B. Contractor-Initiated Proposals: If latent or changed conditions require modifications to the Contract, Contractor may initiate a claim by submitting a request for a change to Architect.
- 1. Include a statement outlining reasons for the change and the effect of the change on the Work. Provide a complete description of the proposed change. Indicate the effect of the proposed change on the Contract Sum and the Contract Time.
- 2. Include a list of quantities of products required or eliminated and unit costs, with total amount of purchases and credits to be made. If requested, furnish survey data to substantiate quantities.
- 3. Indicate applicable taxes, delivery charges, equipment rental, and amounts of trade discounts.
- 4. Include costs of labor and supervision directly attributable to the change.
- 5. Include an updated Contractor's construction schedule that indicates the effect of the change, including, but not limited to, changes in activity duration, start and finish times, and activity relationship. Use available total float before requesting an extension of the Contract Time.
- 6. Comply with requirements in Section 012500 "Substitution Procedures" if the proposed change requires substitution of one product or system for product or system specified.
- 7. Proposal Request Form: Use CSI Form 13.6A, "Change Order Request (Proposal)," with attachments CSI Form 13.6D, "Proposal Worksheet Summary," and Form 13.6C, "Proposal Worksheet Detail."

# 1.4 ADMINISTRATIVE CHANGE ORDERS

- A. Allowance Adjustment: See instructions to bidders for administrative procedures for preparation of Change Order Proposal for adjusting the Contract Sum to reflect actual costs of allowances.
- B. Unit-Price Adjustment: See instruction to bidders "Unit Prices" for administrative procedures for preparation of Change Order Proposal for adjusting the Contract Sum to reflect measured scope of unit-price work.

# 1.5 CHANGE ORDER PROCEDURES

A. On Owner's approval of a Work Changes Proposal Request, Architect will issue a Change Order for signatures of Owner and Contractor on AIA Documents.

# 1.6 CONSTRUCTION CHANGE DIRECTIVE

- A. Change Directive: Architect may issue a Change Directive on AIA Document G714 EJCDC Document C-940. Change Directive instructs Contractor to proceed with a change in the Work, for subsequent inclusion in a Change Order.
  - 1. Change Directive contains a complete description of change in the Work. It also designates method to be followed to determine change in the Contract Sum or the Contract Time.
- B. Documentation: Maintain detailed records on a time and material basis of work required by the Change Directive.
  - 1. After completion of change, submit an itemized account and supporting data necessary to substantiate cost and time adjustments to the Contract.
- PART 2 PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION 012600

#### SECTION 012900 - PAYMENT PROCEDURES

PART 1 - GENERAL

- 1.1 SUMMARY
- A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements necessary to prepare and process Applications for Payment.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 012600 "Contract Modification Procedures" for administrative procedures for handling changes to the Contract.
  - 2. Section 013200 "Construction Progress Documentation" for administrative requirements governing the preparation and submittal of the Contractor's construction schedule.

#### 1.2 DEFINITIONS

A. Schedule of Values: A statement furnished by Contractor allocating portions of the Contract Sum to various portions of the Work and used as the basis for reviewing Contractor's Applications for Payment.

# 1.3 SCHEDULE OF VALUES

- A. Coordination: Coordinate preparation of the schedule of values with preparation of Contractor's construction schedule.
  - 1. Coordinate line items in the schedule of values with other required administrative forms and schedules, including the following:
    - a. Application for Payment forms with continuation sheets.
    - b. Submittal schedule.
    - c. Items required to be indicated as separate activities in Contractor's construction schedule.
  - 2. Submit the schedule of values to Architect at earliest possible date, but no later than seven days before the date scheduled for submittal of initial Applications for Payment.
  - 3. Sub schedules for Phased Work: Where the Work is separated into phases requiring separately phased payments; provide sub schedules showing values coordinated with each phase of payment.
  - 4. Sub schedules for Separate Elements of Work: Where the Contractor's construction schedule defines separate elements of the Work, provide sub schedules showing values coordinated with each element.
  - 5. Sub schedules for Separate Design Contracts: Where the Owner has retained design professionals under separate contracts who will each provide certification of payment requests, provide sub schedules showing values coordinated with the scope of each design services contract as described in Section 011000 "Summary of Work."
- B. Format and Content: Use Project Manual table of contents as a guide to establish line items for the schedule of values. Provide at least one line item for each Specification Section.
  - 1. Identification: Include the following Project identification on the schedule of values:

- a. Project name and location.
- b. Name of Architect.
- c. Architect's project number.
- d. Contractor's name and address.
- e. Date of submittal.
- 2. Arrange schedule of values consistent with format of AIA Documents.
- 3. Arrange the schedule of values in tabular form with separate columns to indicate the following for each item listed:
  - a. Related Specification Section or Division.
  - b. Description of the Work.
  - c. Name of subcontractor.
  - d. Name of manufacturer or fabricator.
  - e. Name of supplier.
  - f. Change Orders (numbers) that affect value.
  - g. Dollar value of the following, as a percentage of the Contract Sum to nearest onehundredth percent, adjusted to total 100 percent.
    - 1) Labor.
    - 2) Materials.
    - 3) Equipment.
- 4. Provide a breakdown of the Contract Sum in enough detail to facilitate continued evaluation of Applications for Payment and progress reports. Coordinate with Project Manual table of contents. Provide multiple line items for principal subcontract amounts in excess of five percent of the Contract Sum.
- 5. Round amounts to nearest whole dollar; total shall equal the Contract Sum.
- 6. Provide a separate line item in the schedule of values for each part of the Work where Applications for Payment may include materials or equipment purchased or fabricated and stored, but not yet installed.
  - a. Differentiate between items stored on-site and items stored off-site. If required, include evidence of insurance.
- 7. Provide separate line items in the schedule of values for initial cost of materials, for each subsequent stage of completion, and for total installed value of that part of the Work.
- 8. Allowances: Provide a separate line item in the schedule of values for each allowance. Show lineitem value of unit-cost allowances, as a product of the unit cost, multiplied by measured quantity. Use information indicated in the Contract Documents to determine quantities.
- 9. Purchase Contracts: Provide a separate line item in the schedule of values for each purchase contract. Show line-item value of purchase contract. Indicate owner payments or deposits, if any, and balance to be paid by Contractor.
- 10. Each item in the schedule of values and Applications for Payment shall be complete. Include total cost and proportionate share of general overhead and profit for each item.
  - a. Temporary facilities and other major cost items that are not direct cost of actual work-inplace may be shown either as separate line items in the schedule of values or distributed as general overhead expense, at Contractor's option.
- 11. Schedule Updating: Update and resubmit the schedule of values before the next Applications for Payment when Change Orders or Construction Change Directives result in a change in the Contract Sum.

- 1.4 APPLICATIONS FOR PAYMENT
- A. Each Application for Payment following the initial Application for Payment shall be consistent with previous applications and payments as certified by Architect and paid for by Owner.
  - 1. Initial Application for Payment, Application for Payment at time of Substantial Completion, and final Application for Payment involve additional requirements.
- B. Payment Application Times: The date for each progress payment is indicated in the Agreement between Owner and Contractor. The period of construction work covered by each Application for Payment is the period indicated in the Agreement.
  - 1. Submit draft copy of Application for Payment 7 days prior to due date for review by Architect.
- C. Application for Payment Forms: Use AIA Documents as form for Applications for Payment.
- D. Application for Payment Forms: Use forms provided by Owner for Applications for Payment. Sample copies are included in Project Manual.
- E. Application for Payment Forms: Use forms acceptable to Architect and Owner for Applications for Payment. Submit forms for approval with initial submittal of schedule of values.
- F. Application Preparation: Complete every entry on form. Notarize and execute by a person authorized to sign legal documents on behalf of Contractor. Architect will return incomplete applications without action.
  - 1. Entries shall match data on the schedule of values and Contractor's construction schedule. Use updated schedules if revisions were made.
  - 2. Include amounts for work completed following previous Application for Payment, whether or not payment has been received. Include only amounts for work completed at time of Application for Payment.
  - 3. Include amounts of Change Orders and Construction Change Directives issued before last day of construction period covered by application.
  - 4. Indicate separate amounts for work being carried out under Owner-requested project acceleration.
- G. Stored Materials: Include in Application for Payment amounts applied for materials or equipment purchased or fabricated and stored, but not yet installed. Differentiate between items stored on-site and items stored off-site.
  - 1. Provide certificate of insurance, evidence of transfer of title to Owner, and consent of surety to payment, for stored materials.
  - 2. Provide supporting documentation that verifies amount requested, such as paid invoices. Match amount requested with amounts indicated on documentation; do not include overhead and profit on stored materials.
  - 3. Provide summary documentation for stored materials indicating the following:
    - a. Value of materials previously stored and remaining stored as of date of previous Applications for Payment.
    - b. Value of previously stored materials put in place after date of previous Application for Payment and on or before date of current Application for Payment.
    - c. Value of materials stored since date of previous Application for Payment and remaining stored as of date of current Application for Payment.
- H. Include a retainage amount **10%** for the value of materials stored at the site and work executed.

- I. Transmittal: Submit 4 signed and notarized original copies of each Application for Payment to Architect by a method ensuring receipt within 24 hours. One copy shall include waivers of lien and similar attachments if required.
  - 1. Transmit each copy with a transmittal form listing attachments and recording appropriate information about application.
- J. Waivers of Mechanic's Lien: With each Application for Payment, submit waivers of mechanic's liens from subcontractors, sub-subcontractors, and suppliers for construction period covered by the previous application.
  - 1. Submit partial waivers on each item for amount requested in previous application, after deduction for retainage, on each item.
  - 2. When an application shows completion of an item, submit conditional final or full waivers.
  - 3. Owner reserves the right to designate which entities involved in the Work must submit waivers.
  - 4. Submit final Application for Payment with or preceded by conditional final waivers from every entity involved with performance of the Work covered by the application who is lawfully entitled to a lien.
  - 5. Waiver Forms: Submit executed waivers of lien on forms, acceptable to Owner.
- K. Initial Application for Payment: Administrative actions and submittals that must precede or coincide with submittal of first Application for Payment include the following:
  - 1. List of subcontractors.
  - 2. Schedule of values.
  - 3. Contractor's construction schedule (preliminary if not final).
  - 4. Combined Contractor's construction schedule (preliminary if not final) incorporating Work of multiple contracts, with indication of acceptance of schedule by each Contractor.
  - 5. Products list (preliminary if not final).
  - 6. Schedule of unit prices.
  - 7. Submittal schedule (preliminary if not final).
  - 8. List of Contractor's staff assignments.
  - 9. List of Contractor's principal consultants.
  - 10. Copies of building permits.
  - 11. Copies of authorizations and licenses from authorities having jurisdiction for performance of the Work.
  - 12. Initial progress report.
  - 13. Report of preconstruction conference.
  - 14. Certificates of insurance and insurance policies.
  - 15. Performance and payment bonds.
  - 16. Data needed to acquire Owner's insurance.
- L. Application for Payment at Substantial Completion: After Architect issues the Certificate of Substantial Completion, submit an Application for Payment showing 100 percent completion for portion of the Work claimed as substantially complete.
  - 1. Include documentation supporting claim that the Work is substantially complete and a statement showing an accounting of changes to the Contract Sum.
  - 2. This application shall reflect Certificate(s) of Substantial Completion issued previously for Owner occupancy of designated portions of the Work.
- M. Final Payment Application: After completing Project closeout requirements, submit final Application for Payment with releases and supporting documentation not previously submitted and accepted, including, but not limited, to the following:
  - 1. Evidence of completion of Project closeout requirements.

- 2. Insurance certificates for products and completed operations where required and proof that taxes, fees, and similar obligations were paid.
- 3. Updated final statement, accounting for final changes to the Contract Sum.
- 4. Contractor's Affidavit of Payment of Debts and Claims."
- 5. Contractor's Affidavit of Release of Liens."
- 6. AIA Document G707, "Consent of Surety to Final Payment."
- 7. Evidence that claims have been settled.
- 8. Final meter readings for utilities, a measured record of stored fuel, and similar data as of date of Substantial Completion or when Owner took possession of and assumed responsibility for corresponding elements of the Work.
- 9. Final liquidated damages settlement statement.
- PART 2 PRODUCTS (Not Used)
- PART 3 EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION 012900

### SECTION 013100 - PROJECT MANAGEMENT AND COORDINATION

PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes administrative provisions for coordinating construction operations on Project including, but not limited to, the following:
  - 1. General coordination procedures.
  - 2. Coordination drawings.
  - 3. Requests for Information (RFIs).
  - 4. Project meetings.
- B. Each contractor shall participate in coordination requirements. Certain areas of responsibility are assigned to a specific contractor.
- C. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 013200 "Construction Progress Documentation" for preparing and submitting Contractor's construction schedule.
  - 2. Section 017300 "Execution" for procedures for coordinating general installation and field-Architecting services, including establishment of benchmarks and control points.
  - 3. Section 017700 "Closeout Procedures" for coordinating closeout of the Contract.

## 1.2 DEFINITIONS

A. RFI: Request from Owner, Architect, or Contractor seeking information required by or clarifications of the Contract Documents.

# 1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Subcontract List: Prepare a written summary identifying individuals or firms proposed for each portion of the Work, including those who are to furnish products or equipment fabricated to a special design. Include the following information in tabular form:
  - 1. Name, address, and telephone number of entity performing subcontract or supplying products.
  - 2. Number and title of related Specification Section(s) covered by subcontract.
  - 3. Drawing number and detail references, as appropriate, covered by subcontract.
- B. Key Personnel Names: Within 7 days of starting construction operations, submit a list of key personnel assignments, including superintendent and other personnel in attendance at Project site. Identify individuals and their duties and responsibilities; list addresses and telephone numbers, including home, office, and cellular telephone numbers and e-mail addresses. Provide names, addresses, and telephone numbers of individuals assigned as alternates in the absence of individuals assigned to Project.
  - 1. Post copies of list in project meeting minutes, in temporary field and office Keep list current at all times.

- 1.4 GENERAL COORDINATION PROCEDURES
- A. Coordination: Coordinate construction operations included in different Sections of the Specifications to ensure efficient and orderly installation of each part of the Work. Coordinate construction operations, included in different Sections that depend on each other for proper installation, connection, and operation.
  - 1. Schedule construction operations in sequence required to obtain the best results where installation of one part of the Work depends on installation of other components, before or after its own installation.
  - 2. Coordinate installation of different components to ensure maximum performance and accessibility for required maintenance, service, and repair.
  - 3. Make adequate provisions to accommodate items scheduled for later installation.
- B. Prepare memoranda for distribution to each party involved, outlining special procedures required for coordination. Include such items as required notices, reports, and list of attendees at meetings.
  - 1. Prepare similar memoranda for Owner and separate contractors if coordination of their Work is required.
- C. Administrative Procedures: Coordinate scheduling and timing of required administrative procedures with other construction activities to avoid conflicts and to ensure orderly progress of the Work. Such administrative activities include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Preparation of Contractor's construction schedule.
  - 2. Preparation of the schedule of values.
  - 3. Installation and removal of temporary facilities and controls.
  - 4. Delivery and processing of submittals.
  - 5. Progress meetings.
  - 6. Preinstallation conferences.
  - 7. Project closeout activities.
  - 8. Startup and adjustment of systems.
- D. Conservation: Coordinate construction activities to ensure that operations are carried out with consideration given to conservation of energy, water, and materials. Coordinate use of temporary utilities to minimize waste.
  - 1. Salvage materials and equipment involved in performance of, but not actually incorporated into, the Work. See other Sections for disposition of salvaged materials that are designated as Owner's property.
- E. Coordination Drawing Organization: Organize coordination drawings as follows:
  - 1. Coordination Drawing Prints: Prepare coordination drawing prints according to requirements in Section 013300 "Submittal Procedures."
- F. Coordination Digital Data Files: Prepare coordination digital data files according to the following requirements:
  - 1. File Preparation Format: Same digital data software program, version, and operating system as original Drawings (Microsoft Word 2007 and Auto Cadd 2013).
  - 2. Architect will furnish Contractor one set of digital data files of Drawings for use in preparing coordination digital data files.
    - a. Architect makes no representations as to the accuracy or completeness of digital data files as they relate to Drawings.
    - b. Digital Data Software Program: Drawings are available upon request.

- 1.5 REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION (RFIs)
- A. General: Immediately on discovery of the need for additional information or interpretation of the Contract Documents, Contractor shall prepare and submit an RFI in the form specified.
  - 1. Architect will return RFIs submitted to Architect by other entities controlled by Contractor with no response.
  - 2. Coordinate and submit RFIs in a prompt manner so as to avoid delays in Contractor's work or work of subcontractors.
- B. Content of the RFI: Include a detailed, legible description of item needing information or interpretation and the following:
  - 1. Project name.
  - 2. Project number.
  - 3. Date.
  - 4. Name of Contractor.
  - 5. Name of Architect.
  - 6. RFI number, numbered sequentially.
  - 7. RFI subject.
  - 8. Specification Section number and title and related paragraphs, as appropriate.
  - 9. Drawing number and detail references, as appropriate.
  - 10. Field dimensions and conditions, as appropriate.
  - 11. Contractor's suggested resolution. If Contractor's suggested resolution impacts the Contract Time or the Contract Sum, Contractor shall state impact in the RFI.
  - 12. Contractor's signature.
  - 13. Attachments: Include sketches, descriptions, measurements, photos, Product Data, Shop Drawings, coordination drawings, and other information necessary to fully describe items needing interpretation.
    - a. Include dimensions, thicknesses, structural grid references, and details of affected materials, assemblies, and attachments on attached sketches.
- C. RFI Forms: AIA Documents.
  - 1. Attachments shall be electronic files in Adobe Acrobat PDF format.
- D. Architects Action: Architect will review each RFI, determine action required, and respond. Allow 7 working days for Architects response for each RFI. RFIs received by Architect after 1:00 p.m. will be considered as received the following working day.
  - 1. The following Contractor-generated RFIs will be returned without action:
    - a. Requests for approval of submittals.
    - b. Requests for approval of substitutions.
    - c. Requests for approval of Contractor's means and methods.
    - d. Requests for coordination information already indicated in the Contract Documents.
    - e. Requests for adjustments in the Contract Time or the Contract Sum.
    - f. Requests for interpretation of Architects actions on submittals.
    - g. Incomplete RFIs or inaccurately prepared RFIs.
  - 2. Architect's action may include a request for additional information, in which case Architects time for response will date from time of receipt of additional information.
  - 3. Architect's action on RFIs that may result in a change to the Contract Time or the Contract Sum may be eligible for Contractor to submit Change Proposal according to Section 012600 "Contract Modification Procedures."

- a. If Contractor believes the RFI response warrants change in the Contract Time or the Contract Sum, notify Architect in writing within 5 days of receipt of the RFI response.
- E. RFI Log: Prepare, maintain, and submit a tabular log of RFIs organized by the RFI number. Submit log weekly Include the following:
  - 1. Project name.
  - 2. Name and address of Contractor.
  - 3. Name and address of Architect.
  - 4. RFI number including RFIs that were returned without action or withdrawn.
  - 5. RFI description.
  - 6. Date the RFI was submitted.
  - 7. Date Architects response was received.
- F. On receipt of Architects action, update the RFI log and immediately distribute the RFI response to affected parties. Review response and notify Architect within 5 days if Contractor disagrees with response.
  - 1. Identification of related Minor Change in the Work, Construction Change Directive, and Proposal Request, as appropriate.

## 1.6 PROJECT MEETINGS

- A. General: Schedule and conduct Architect will schedule and conduct meetings and conferences at Project site unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Attendees: Inform participants and others involved, and individuals whose presence is required, of date and time of each meeting. Notify Owner and Architect of scheduled meeting dates and times.
  - 2. Agenda: Prepare the meeting agenda. Distribute the agenda to all invited attendees.
  - 3. Minutes: Entity responsible for conducting meeting will record significant discussions and agreements achieved. Distribute the meeting minutes to everyone concerned, including Owner and Architect, within 3 days of the meeting.
- B. Preconstruction Conference: Architect will schedule and conduct a preconstruction conference before starting construction, at a time convenient to Owner and Architect, but no later than 14 days after execution of the Agreement.
  - 1. Conduct the conference to review responsibilities and personnel assignments.
  - 2. Attendees: Authorized representatives of Owner, Architect, and their consultants; Contractor and its superintendent; major subcontractors; suppliers; and other concerned parties shall attend the conference. Participants at the conference shall be familiar with Project and authorized to conclude matters relating to the Work.
  - 3. Agenda: Discuss items of significance that could affect progress, including the following:
    - a. Tentative construction schedule.
    - b. Phasing.
    - c. Critical work sequencing and long-lead items.
    - d. Designation of key personnel and their duties.
    - e. Lines of communications.
    - f. Procedures for processing field decisions and Change Orders.
    - g. Procedures for RFIs.
    - h. Procedures for testing and inspecting.
    - i. Procedures for processing Applications for Payment.
    - j. Distribution of the Contract Documents.
    - k. Submittal procedures.

- I. Preparation of record documents.
- m. Use of the premises.
- n. Work restrictions.
- o. Working hours.
- p. Owner's occupancy requirements.
- q. Responsibility for temporary facilities and controls.
- r. Procedures for moisture and mold control.
- s. Procedures for disruptions and shutdowns.
- t. Construction waste management and recycling.
- u. Parking availability.
- v. Office, work, and storage areas.
- w. Equipment deliveries and priorities.
- x. First aid.
- y. Security.
- z. Progress cleaning.
- 4. Minutes: Entity responsible for conducting meeting will record and distribute meeting minutes.
- 5. Attendees: Authorized representatives of Owner, Architect, and their consultants; Contractor and its superintendent; major subcontractors; suppliers; and other concerned parties shall attend the conference. Participants at the conference shall be familiar with Project and authorized to conclude matters relating to the Work.
- 6. Agenda: Discuss items of significance that could affect meeting requirements for
  - a. Construction waste management.
  - b. Construction operations
- 7. Minutes: Entity responsible for conducting meeting will record and distribute meeting minutes.
- C. Preinstallation Conferences: Conduct a preinstallation conference at Project site before each construction activity that requires coordination with other construction.
  - 1. Attendees: Installer and representatives of manufacturers and fabricators involved in or affected by the installation and its coordination or integration with other materials and installations that have preceded or will follow, shall attend the meeting. Advise Architect of scheduled meeting dates.
  - 2. Agenda: Review progress of other construction activities and preparations for the particular activity under consideration, including requirements for the following:
    - a. Contract Documents.
    - b. Options.
    - c. Related RFIs.
    - d. Related Change Orders.
    - e. Purchases.
    - f. Deliveries.
    - g. Submittals.
    - h. Review of mockups.
    - i. Possible conflicts.
    - j. Compatibility requirements.
    - k. Time schedules.
    - I. Weather limitations.
    - m. Manufacturer's written instructions.
    - n. Warranty requirements.
    - o. Compatibility of materials.
    - p. Acceptability of substrates.
    - q. Temporary facilities and controls.
    - r. Space and access limitations.
    - s. Regulations of authorities having jurisdiction.

- t. Testing and inspecting requirements.
- u. Installation procedures.
- v. Coordination with other work.
- w. Required performance results.
- x. Protection of adjacent work.
- y. Protection of construction and personnel.
- 3. Record significant conference discussions, agreements, and disagreements, including required corrective measures and actions.
- 4. Reporting: Distribute minutes of the meeting to each party present and to other parties requiring information.
- 5. Do not proceed with installation if the conference cannot be successfully concluded. Initiate whatever actions are necessary to resolve impediments to performance of the Work and reconvene the conference at earliest feasible date.
- D. Project Closeout Conference: Schedule and conduct a project closeout conference, at a time convenient to Owner and Architect, but no later than 14 days prior to the scheduled date of Substantial Completion.
  - 1. Conduct the conference to review requirements and responsibilities related to Project closeout.
  - 2. Attendees: Authorized representatives of Owner, Architect and their consultants; Contractor and its superintendent; major subcontractors; suppliers; and other concerned parties shall attend the meeting. Participants at the meeting shall be familiar with Project and authorized to conclude matters relating to the Work.
  - 3. Agenda: Discuss items of significance that could affect or delay Project closeout, including the following:
    - a. Preparation of record documents.
    - b. Procedures required prior to inspection for Substantial Completion and for final inspection for acceptance.
    - c. Submittal of written warranties.
    - d. Requirements for preparing operations and maintenance data.
    - e. Requirements for delivery of material samples, attic stock, and spare parts.
    - f. Requirements for demonstration and training.
    - g. Preparation of Contractor's punch list.
    - h. Procedures for processing Applications for Payment at Substantial Completion and for final payment.
    - i. Submittal procedures.
    - j. Coordination of separate contracts.
    - k. Owner's partial occupancy requirements.
    - I. Installation of Owner's furniture, fixtures, and equipment.
    - m. Responsibility for removing temporary facilities and controls.
  - 4. Minutes: Entity conducting meeting will record and distribute meeting minutes.
- E. Progress Meetings: Conduct progress meetings at bi-weekly intervals.
  - 1. Coordinate dates of meetings with preparation of payment requests.
  - 2. Attendees: In addition to representatives of Owner and Architect, each contractor, subcontractor, supplier, and other entity concerned with current progress or involved in planning, coordination, or performance of future activities shall be represented at these meetings. All participants at the meeting shall be familiar with Project and authorized to conclude matters relating to the Work.
  - 3. Agenda: Review and correct or approve minutes of previous progress meeting. Review other items of significance that could affect progress. Include topics for discussion as appropriate to status of Project.

- a. Contractor's Construction Schedule: Review progress since the last meeting. Determine whether each activity is on time, ahead of schedule, or behind schedule, in relation to Contractor's construction schedule. Determine how construction behind schedule will be expedited; secure commitments from parties involved to do so. Discuss whether schedule revisions are required to ensure that current and subsequent activities will be completed within the Contract Time.
  - 1) Review schedule for next period.
- b. Review present and future needs of each entity present, including the following:
  - 1) Interface requirements.
  - 2) Sequence of operations.
  - 3) Status of submittals.
  - 4) Deliveries.
  - 5) Off-site fabrication.
  - 6) Access.
  - 7) Site utilization.
  - 8) Temporary facilities and controls.
  - 9) Progress cleaning.
  - 10) Quality and work standards.
  - 11) Status of correction of deficient items.
  - 12) Field observations.
  - 13) Status of RFIs.
  - 14) Status of proposal requests.
  - 15) Pending changes.
  - 16) Status of Change Orders.
  - 17) Pending claims and disputes.
  - 18) Documentation of information for payment requests.
- 4. Minutes: Entity responsible for conducting the meeting will record and distribute the meeting minutes to each party present and to parties requiring information.
  - a. Schedule Updating: Revise Contractor's construction schedule after each progress meeting where revisions to the schedule have been made or recognized. Issue revised schedule concurrently with the report of each meeting.
- F. Coordination Meetings: Conduct Project coordination meetings at biweekly intervals. Project coordination meetings are in addition to specific meetings held for other purposes, such as progress meetings and preinstallation conferences.
  - 1. Attendees: In addition to representatives of Owner and Architect, each contractor, subcontractor, supplier, and other entity concerned with current progress or involved in planning, coordination, or performance of future activities shall be represented at these meetings. All participants at the meetings shall be familiar with Project and authorized to conclude matters relating to the Work.
  - 2. Agenda: Review and correct or approve minutes of the previous coordination meeting. Review other items of significance that could affect progress. Include topics for discussion as appropriate to status of Project.
    - a. Combined Contractor's Construction Schedule: Review progress since the last coordination meeting. Determine whether each contract is on time, ahead of schedule, or behind schedule, in relation to combined Contractor's construction schedule. Determine how construction behind schedule will be expedited; secure commitments from parties involved to do so. Discuss whether schedule revisions are required to ensure that current and subsequent activities will be completed within the Contract Time.

- b. Schedule Updating: Revise combined Contractor's construction schedule after each coordination meeting where revisions to the schedule have been made or recognized. Issue revised schedule concurrently with report of each meeting.
- c. Review present and future needs of each contractor present, including the following:
  - 1) Interface requirements.
  - 2) Sequence of operations.
  - 3) Status of submittals.
  - 4) Deliveries.
  - 5) Off-site fabrication.
  - 6) Access.
  - 7) Site utilization.
  - 8) Temporary facilities and controls.
  - 9) Work hours.
  - 10) Hazards and risks.
  - 11) Progress cleaning.
  - 12) Quality and work standards.
  - 13) Change Orders.
- 3. Reporting: Record meeting results and distribute copies to everyone in attendance and to others affected by decisions or actions resulting from each meeting.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION 013100

## SECTION 013233 - PHOTOGRAPHIC DOCUMENTATION

PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for the following:
  - 1. Preconstruction photographs.
  - 2. Periodic construction photographs.
  - 3. Final completion construction photographs.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 013300 "Submittal Procedures" for submitting photographic documentation.
  - 2. Section 017700 "Closeout Procedures" for submitting photographic documentation as project record documents at Project closeout.

## 1.2 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Qualification Data: For photographer.
- B. Key Plan: Submit key plan of Project site and building with notation of vantage points marked for location and direction of each photograph. Indicate elevation or story of construction. Include same information as corresponding photographic documentation.
- C. Digital Photographs: Submit image files within 3 days of taking photographs.
  - 1. Digital Camera: Minimum sensor resolution of 8 megapixels.
  - 2. Format: Minimum 3200 by 2400 pixels, in unaltered original files, with same aspect ratio as the sensor, uncropped, date and time stamped, in folder named by date of photograph, accompanied by key plan file.
  - 3. Identification: Provide the following information with each image description in file metadata tag:
    - a. Name of Project.
    - b. Name and contact information for contractors photographer (can be contractor).
    - c. Name of Architect.
    - d. Name of Contractor.
    - e. Date photograph was taken.
    - f. Description of vantage point, indicating location, direction (by compass point), and elevation or story of construction.
    - g. Unique sequential identifier keyed to accompanying key plan.
- D. Construction Photographs: Submit two prints of each photographic view within 7 days of taking photographs.
  - 1. Format: 8-by-10-inch smooth-surface matte prints on single-weight, commercial-grade photographic paper; punched for standard three-ring binder.
  - 2. Identification: On back of each print, provide an applied label or rubber-stamped impression with the following information:
    - a. Name of Project.

- b. Name and contact information for photographer.
- c. Name of Architect.
- d. Name of Contractor.
- e. Date photograph was taken if not date stamped by camera.
- f. Description of vantage point, indicating location, direction (by compass point), and elevation or story of construction.
- g. Unique sequential identifier keyed to accompanying key plan.

## 1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Photographer Qualifications: An individual who has been regularly engaged as a construction photographer or has provided this service and can provide sample projects to Architect for review and approval or rejection.

## 1.4 USAGE RIGHTS

A. Obtain and transfer copyright usage rights from photographer to Owner for unlimited reproduction of photographic documentation.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 PHOTOGRAPHIC MEDIA

A. Digital Images: Provide images in JPG format, produced by a digital camera with minimum sensor size of 8 megapixels, and at an image resolution of not less than 3200 by 2400 pixels.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

- 3.1 CONSTRUCTION PHOTOGRAPHS
- A. Photographer: Engage a qualified photographer to take construction photographs.
- B. General: Take photographs using the maximum range of depth of field, and that are in focus, to clearly show the Work. Photographs with blurry or out-of-focus areas will not be accepted.
  - 1. Maintain key plan with each set of construction photographs that identifies each photographic location.
- C. Digital Images: Submit digital images exactly as originally recorded in the digital camera, without alteration, manipulation, editing, or modifications using image-editing software.
  - 1. Date and Time: Include date and time in file name for each image.
  - 2. Field Office Images: Maintain one set of images accessible in the field office at Project site, available at all times for reference. Identify images in the same manner as those submitted to Architect.
- D. Preconstruction Photographs: Before starting construction, take photographs of Project site and surrounding properties, including existing items to remain during construction, from different vantage points, as directed by Architect.

- 1. Flag construction limits before taking construction photographs.
- 2. Take 20 photographs to show existing conditions adjacent to property before starting the Work.
- 3. Take 20 photographs of existing buildings either on or adjoining property to accurately record physical conditions at start of construction.
- 4. Take additional photographs as required to record settlement or cracking of adjacent structures, pavements, and improvements.
- E. Periodic Construction Photographs: Take 20 photographs bi-weekly with the cutoff date associated with each Application for Payment. Select vantage points to show status of construction and progress since last photographs were taken.
- F. Time-Lapse Sequence Construction Photographs: Take 20 photographs as indicated, to show status of construction and progress since last photographs were taken.
  - 1. Frequency: Take photographs bi-weekly.
  - 2. Vantage Points: Following suggestions by Architect and Contractor, photographer to select vantage points. During each of the following construction phases, take not less than two of the required shots from same vantage point each time to create a time-lapse sequence as follows:
    - a. Commencement of the Work, through completion of construction.
    - b. Exterior building enclosure.
- G. Final Completion Construction Photographs: Take 20 color photographs after date of Substantial Completion for submission as project record documents.

END OF SECTION 013233

#### SECTION 013300 - SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes requirements for the submittal schedule and administrative and procedural requirements for submitting Shop Drawings, Product Data, Samples, and other submittals.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 012900 "Payment Procedures" for submitting Applications for Payment and the schedule of values.
  - 2. Section 013200 "Construction Progress Documentation" for submitting schedules and reports, including Contractor's construction schedule.

#### 1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. Action Submittals: Written and graphic information and physical samples that require Architects responsive action. Action submittals are those submittals indicated in individual Specification Sections as "action submittals."
- B. Informational Submittals: Written and graphic information and physical samples that do not require Architects responsive action. Submittals may be rejected for not complying with requirements. Informational submittals are those submittals indicated in individual Specification Sections as "informational submittals."
- C. Portable Document Format (PDF): An open standard file format licensed by Adobe Systems used for representing documents in a device-independent and display resolution-independent fixed-layout document format.

## 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittal Schedule: Submit a schedule of submittals, arranged in chronological order by dates required by construction schedule. Include time required for review, ordering, manufacturing, fabrication, and delivery when establishing dates. Include additional time required for making corrections or revisions to submittals noted by Architect and additional time for handling and reviewing submittals required by those corrections.
  - 1. Coordinate submittal schedule with list of subcontracts, the schedule of values, and Contractor's construction schedule.
  - 2. Initial Submittal: Submit concurrently with startup construction schedule. Include submittals required during the first 15 days of construction. List those submittals required to maintain orderly progress of the Work and those required early because of long lead time for manufacture or fabrication.
  - 3. Final Submittal: Submit concurrently with the first complete submittal of Contractor's construction schedule.
    - a. Submit revised submittal schedule to reflect changes in current status and timing for submittals.

- 4. Format: Arrange the following information in a tabular format:
  - a. Scheduled date for first submittal.
  - b. Specification Section number and title.
  - c. Submittal category: Action; informational.
  - d. Name of subcontractor.
  - e. Description of the Work covered.
  - f. Scheduled date for Architects final release or approval.
  - g. Scheduled date of fabrication.
  - h. Scheduled dates for purchasing.
  - i. Scheduled dates for installation.
  - j. Activity or event number.

# 1.4 SUBMITTAL ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Architects Digital Data Files: Electronic digital data files of the Contract Drawings may be provided by Architect for Contractor's use in preparing submittals.
- B. Coordination: Coordinate preparation and processing of submittals with performance of construction activities.
  - 1. Coordinate each submittal with fabrication, purchasing, testing, delivery, other submittals, and related activities that require sequential activity.
  - 2. Submit all submittal items required for each Specification Section concurrently unless partial submittals for portions of the Work are indicated on approved submittal schedule.
  - 3. Submit action submittals and informational submittals required by the same Specification Section as separate packages under separate transmittals.
  - 4. Coordinate transmittal of different types of submittals for related parts of the Work so processing will not be delayed because of need to review submittals concurrently for coordination.
    - a. Architect reserves the right to withhold action on a submittal requiring coordination with other submittals until related submittals are received.
- C. Processing Time: Allow time for submittal review, including time for resubmittals, as follows. Time for review shall commence on Architects receipt of submittal. No extension of the Contract Time will be authorized because of failure to transmit submittals enough in advance of the Work to permit processing, including resubmittals.
  - 1. Initial Review: Allow 7 days for initial review of each submittal. Allow additional time if coordination with subsequent submittals is required. Architect will advise Contractor when a submittal being processed must be delayed for coordination.
  - 2. Intermediate Review: If intermediate submittal is necessary, process it in same manner as initial submittal.
  - 3. Resubmittal Review: Allow 5 days for review of each resubmittal.
  - 4. Sequential Review: Where sequential review of submittals by Architect, Owner, or other parties is indicated, allow 7 days for initial review of each submittal.
  - 5. Concurrent Consultant Review: Where the Contract Documents indicate that submittals may be transmitted simultaneously to Architect allow 5 days for review of each submittal. Submittal will be returned to Architect before being returned to Contractor.
- D. Paper Submittals: Place a permanent label or title block on each submittal item for identification.
  - 1. Indicate name of firm or entity that prepared each submittal on label or title block.
  - 2. Provide a space approximately 3 by 4 inches on label or beside title block to record Contractor's review and approval markings and action taken by Architect.
  - 3. Include the following information for processing and recording action taken:

- a. Project name.
- b. Date.
- c. Name of Architect.
- d. Name of Contractor.
- e. Name of subcontractor.
- f. Name of supplier.
- g. Name of manufacturer.
- h. Submittal number or other unique identifier, including revision identifier.
  - 1) Submittal number shall use Specification Section number followed by a decimal point and then a sequential number (e.g., 061000.01). Resubmittals shall include an alphabetic suffix after another decimal point (e.g., 061000.01.A).
- i. Number and title of appropriate Specification Section.
- j. Drawing number and detail references, as appropriate.
- k. Location(s) where product is to be installed, as appropriate.
- I. Other necessary identification.
- 4. Additional Paper Copies: Unless additional copies are required for final submittal, and unless Architect observes noncompliance with provisions in the Contract Documents, initial submittal may serve as final submittal.
  - a. Submit one copy of submittal to concurrent reviewer in addition to specified number of copies to Architect.
- 5. Transmittal for Paper Submittals: Assemble each submittal individually and appropriately for transmittal and handling. Transmit each submittal using a transmittal form. Architect will return without review submittals received from sources other than Contractor.
  - a. Transmittal Form for Paper Submittals: Use CSI Form 12.1A.
  - b. Transmittal Form for Paper Submittals: Provide locations on form for the following information:
    - 1) Project name.
    - 2) Date.
    - 3) Destination (To:).
    - 4) Source (From:).
    - 5) Name and address of Architect.
    - 6) Name of Contractor.
    - 7) Name of firm or entity that prepared submittal.
    - 8) Names of subcontractor, manufacturer, and supplier.
    - 9) Category and type of submittal.
    - 10) Submittal purpose and description.
    - 11) Specification Section number and title.
    - 12) Specification paragraph number or drawing designation and generic name for each of multiple items.
    - 13) Drawing number and detail references, as appropriate.
    - 14) Indication of full or partial submittal.
    - 15) Transmittal number[,].
    - 16) Submittal and transmittal distribution record.
    - 17) Remarks.
    - 18) Signature of transmitter.
- E. Options: Identify options requiring selection by Architect.
- F. Deviations and Additional Information: On an attached separate sheet, prepared on Contractor's letterhead, record relevant information, requests for data, revisions other than those requested by

Architect on previous submittals, and deviations from requirements in the Contract Documents, including minor variations and limitations. Include same identification information as related submittal.

- G. Resubmittals: Make resubmittals in same form and number of copies as initial submittal.
  - 1. Note date and content of previous submittal.
  - 2. Note date and content of revision in label or title block and clearly indicate extent of revision.
  - 3. Resubmit submittals until they are marked with approval notation from Architects action stamp.
- H. Distribution: Furnish copies of final submittals to manufacturers, subcontractors, suppliers, fabricators, installers, authorities having jurisdiction, and others as necessary for performance of construction activities. Show distribution on transmittal forms.
- I. Use for Construction: Retain complete copies of submittals on Project site. Use only final action submittals that are marked with approval notation from Architects action stamp.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES

- A. General Submittal Procedure Requirements: Prepare and submit submittals required by individual Specification Sections. Types of submittals are indicated in individual Specification Sections.
  - 1. Submit electronic submittals via email as PDF electronic files.
    - a. Architect will return annotated file. Annotate and retain one copy of file as an electronic Project record document file.
  - 2. Certificates and Certifications Submittals: Provide a statement that includes signature of entity responsible for preparing certification. Certificates and certifications shall be signed by an officer or other individual authorized to sign documents on behalf of that entity.
    - a. Provide a notarized statement on original paper copy certificates and certifications where indicated.
- B. Product Data: Collect information into a single submittal for each element of construction and type of product or equipment.
  - 1. If information must be specially prepared for submittal because standard published data are not suitable for use, submit as Shop Drawings, not as Product Data.
  - 2. Mark each copy of each submittal to show which products and options are applicable.
  - 3. Include the following information, as applicable:
    - a. Manufacturer's catalog cuts.
    - b. Manufacturer's product specifications.
    - c. Standard color charts.
    - d. Statement of compliance with specified referenced standards.
    - e. Testing by recognized testing agency.
    - f. Application of testing agency labels and seals.
    - g. Notation of coordination requirements.
    - h. Availability and delivery time information.
  - 4. For equipment, include the following in addition to the above, as applicable:

- a. Wiring diagrams showing factory-installed wiring.
- b. Printed performance curves.
- c. Operational range diagrams.
- d. Clearances required to other construction, if not indicated on accompanying Shop Drawings.
- 5. Submit Product Data before or concurrent with Samples.
- 6. Submit Product Data in the following format:
  - a. Three paper copies of Product Data unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Shop Drawings: Prepare Project-specific information, drawn accurately to scale. Do not base Shop Drawings on reproductions of the Contract Documents or standard printed data, unless submittal based on Architects' data drawing is otherwise permitted.
  - 1. Preparation: Fully illustrate requirements in the Contract Documents. Include the following information, as applicable:
    - a. Identification of products.
    - b. Schedules.
    - c. Compliance with specified standards.
    - d. Notation of coordination requirements.
    - e. Notation of dimensions established by field measurement.
    - f. Relationship and attachment to adjoining construction clearly indicated.
    - g. Seal and signature of professional Architect if specified.
  - 2. Sheet Size: Except for templates, patterns, and similar full-size drawings, submit Shop Drawings on sheets at least 8-1/2 by 11 inches, but no larger than 30 by 42 inches
  - 3. Submit Shop Drawings in the following format:
    - a. Two opaque (bond) copies of each submittal. Architect will return one copy.
- D. Samples: Submit Samples for review of kind, color, pattern, and texture for a check of these characteristics with other elements and for a comparison of these characteristics between submittal and actual component as delivered and installed.
  - 1. Transmit Samples that contain multiple, related components such as accessories together in one submittal package.
  - 2. Identification: Attach label on unexposed side of Samples that includes the following:
    - a. Generic description of Sample.
    - b. Product name and name of manufacturer.
    - c. Sample source.
    - d. Number and title of applicable Specification Section.
    - e. Specification paragraph number and generic name of each item.
  - 3. Disposition: Maintain sets of approved Samples at Project site, available for quality-control comparisons throughout the course of construction activity. Sample sets may be used to determine final acceptance of construction associated with each set.
    - a. Samples that may be incorporated into the Work are indicated in individual Specification Sections. Such Samples must be in an undamaged condition at time of use.
    - b. Samples not incorporated into the Work, or otherwise designated as Owner's property, are the property of Contractor.

- 4. Samples for Initial Selection: Submit manufacturer's color charts consisting of units or sections of units showing the full range of colors, textures, and patterns available.
  - a. Number of Samples: Submit two full set(s) of available choices where color, pattern, texture, or similar characteristics are required to be selected from manufacturer's product line. Architect will return submittal with options selected.
- 5. Samples for Verification: Submit full-size units or Samples of size indicated, prepared from same material to be used for the Work, cured and finished in manner specified, and physically identical with material or product proposed for use, and that show full range of color and texture variations expected. Samples include, but are not limited to, the following: partial sections of manufactured or fabricated components; small cuts or containers of materials; complete units of repetitively used materials; swatches showing color, texture, and pattern; color range sets; and components used for independent testing and inspection.
  - a. Number of Samples: Submit two sets of Samples. Architect will retain one Sample set; remainder will be returned.
    - 1) Submit a single Sample where assembly details, workmanship, fabrication techniques, connections, operation, and other similar characteristics are to be demonstrated.
    - 2) If variation in color, pattern, texture, or other characteristic is inherent in material or product represented by a Sample, submit at least three sets of paired units that show approximate limits of variations.
- E. Product Schedule: As required in individual Specification Sections, prepare a written summary indicating types of products required for the Work and their intended location. Include the following information in tabular form:
  - 1. Type of product. Include unique identifier for each product indicated in the Contract Documents or assigned by Contractor if none is indicated.
  - 2. Manufacturer and product name, and model number if applicable.
  - 3. Number and name of room or space.
  - 4. Location within room or space.
  - 5. Submit product schedule in the following format:
    - a. Three paper copies of product schedule or list unless otherwise indicated. Architect will return one copy.
- F. Coordination Drawing Submittals: Comply with requirements specified in Section 013100 "Project Management and Coordination."
- G. Contractor's Construction Schedule: Comply with requirements specified in Section 013200 "Construction Progress Documentation."
- H. Application for Payment and Schedule of Values: Comply with requirements specified in Section 012900 "Payment Procedures."
- I. Test and Inspection Reports and Schedule of Tests and Inspections Submittals: Comply with requirements specified in Section 014000 "Quality Requirements."
- J. Closeout Submittals and Maintenance Material Submittals: Comply with requirements specified in Section 017700 "Closeout Procedures."
- K. Qualification Data: Prepare written information that demonstrates capabilities and experience of firm or person. Include lists of completed projects with project names and addresses, contact information of architects and owners, and other information specified.

- L. Welding Certificates: Prepare written certification that welding procedures and personnel comply with requirements in the Contract Documents. Submit record of Welding Procedure Specification and Procedure Qualification Record on AWS forms. Include names of firms and personnel certified.
- M. Installer Certificates: Submit written statements on manufacturer's letterhead certifying that Installer complies with requirements in the Contract Documents and, where required, is authorized by manufacturer for this specific Project.
- N. Manufacturer Certificates: Submit written statements on manufacturer's letterhead certifying that manufacturer complies with requirements in the Contract Documents. Include evidence of manufacturing experience where required.
- O. Product Certificates: Submit written statements on manufacturer's letterhead certifying that product complies with requirements in the Contract Documents.
- P. Material Certificates: Submit written statements on manufacturer's letterhead certifying that material complies with requirements in the Contract Documents.
- Q. Material Test Reports: Submit reports written by a qualified testing agency, on testing agency's standard form, indicating and interpreting test results of material for compliance with requirements in the Contract Documents.
- R. Product Test Reports: Submit written reports indicating that current product produced by manufacturer complies with requirements in the Contract Documents. Base reports on evaluation of tests performed by manufacturer and witnessed by a qualified testing agency, or on comprehensive tests performed by a qualified testing agency.
- S. Research Reports: Submit written evidence, from a model code organization acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, that product complies with building code in effect for Project. Include the following information:
  - 1. Name of evaluation organization.
  - 2. Date of evaluation.
  - 3. Time period when report is in effect.
  - 4. Product and manufacturers' names.
  - 5. Description of product.
  - 6. Test procedures and results.
  - 7. Limitations of use.
- T. Preconstruction Test Reports: Submit reports written by a qualified testing agency, on testing agency's standard form, indicating and interpreting results of tests performed before installation of product, for compliance with performance requirements in the Contract Documents.
- U. Compatibility Test Reports: Submit reports written by a qualified testing agency, on testing agency's standard form, indicating and interpreting results of compatibility tests performed before installation of product. Include written recommendations for primers and substrate preparation needed for adhesion.
- V. Field Test Reports: Submit written reports indicating and interpreting results of field tests performed either during installation of product or after product is installed in its final location, for compliance with requirements in the Contract Documents.
- W. Design Data: Prepare and submit written and graphic information, including, but not limited to, performance and design criteria, list of applicable codes and regulations, and calculations. Include list of assumptions and other performance and design criteria and a summary of loads. Include load diagrams if applicable. Provide name and version of software, if any, used for calculations. Include page numbers.

- 2.2 DELEGATED-DESIGN SERVICES
- A. Performance and Design Criteria: Where professional design services or certifications by a design professional are specifically required of Contractor by the Contract Documents, provide products and systems complying with specific performance and design criteria indicated.
  - 1. If criteria indicated are not sufficient to perform services or certification required, submit a written request for additional information to Architect.
- B. Delegated-Design Services Certification: In addition to Shop Drawings, Product Data, and other required submittals, submit three paper copies of certificate, signed and sealed by the responsible design professional, for each product and system specifically assigned to Contractor to be designed or certified by a design professional.
  - 1. Indicate that products and systems comply with performance and design criteria in the Contract Documents. Include list of codes, loads, and other factors used in performing these services.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 CONTRACTOR'S REVIEW

- A. Action and Informational Submittals: Review each submittal and check for coordination with other Work of the Contract and for compliance with the Contract Documents. Note corrections and field dimensions. Mark with approval stamp before submitting to Architect.
- B. Project Closeout and Maintenance Material Submittals: See requirements in Section 017700 "Closeout Procedures."
- C. Approval Stamp: Stamp each submittal with a uniform, approval stamp. Include Project name and location, submittal number, Specification Section title and number, name of reviewer, date of Contractor's approval, and statement certifying that submittal has been reviewed, checked, and approved for compliance with the Contract Documents.

END OF SECTION 013300

### SECTION 014000 - QUALITY REQUIREMENTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for quality assurance and quality control.
- B. Testing and inspecting services as requested by owner to verify compliance with requirements specified or indicated. These services do not relieve Contractor of responsibility for compliance with the Contract Document requirements.
  - 1. Specific quality-assurance and quality-control requirements for individual construction activities are specified in the Sections that specify those activities. Requirements in those Sections may also cover production of standard products.
  - 2. Specified tests, inspections, and related actions do not limit Contractor's other quality-assurance and -control procedures that facilitate compliance with the Contract Document requirements.
  - 3. Requirements for Contractor to provide quality-assurance and -control services required by Architect, Owner, or authorities having jurisdiction are not limited by provisions of this Section.
  - 4. Specific test and inspection requirements are not specified in this Section.

#### 1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. Quality-Assurance Services: Activities, actions, and procedures performed before and during execution of the Work to guard against defects and deficiencies and substantiate that proposed construction will comply with requirements.
- B. Quality-Control Services: Tests, inspections, procedures, and related actions during and after execution of the Work to evaluate that actual products incorporated into the Work and completed construction comply with requirements. Services do not include contract enforcement activities performed by Architect.
- C. Mockups: Full-size physical assemblies that are constructed on-site. Mockups are constructed to verify selections made under Sample submittals; to demonstrate aesthetic effects and, where indicated, qualities of materials and execution; to review coordination, testing, or operation; to show interface between dissimilar materials; and to demonstrate compliance with specified installation tolerances. Mockups are not Samples. Unless otherwise indicated, approved mockups establish the standard by which the Work will be judged.
  - 1. Integrated Exterior Mockups: Mockups of the exterior roofing system on the Project site.
- D. Preconstruction Testing: Tests and inspections performed specifically for Project before products and materials are incorporated into the Work, to verify performance or compliance with specified criteria.
- E. Product Testing: Tests and inspections that are performed by a testing agency qualified to conduct product testing and acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, to establish product performance and compliance with specified requirements.
- F. Source Quality-Control Testing: Tests and inspections that are performed at the source, e.g., factory, or shop.

- G. Field Quality-Control Testing: Tests and inspections that are performed on-site for installation of the Work and for completed Work.
- H. Testing Agency: An entity engaged to perform specific tests, inspections, or both. Testing laboratory shall mean the same as testing agency.
- I. Installer/Applicator/Erector: Contractor or another entity engaged by Contractor as an employee, Subcontractor, or Sub-subcontractor, to perform a particular construction operation, including installation, erection, application, and similar operations.
  - 1. Use of trade-specific terminology in referring to a trade or entity does not require that certain construction activities be performed by accredited or unionized individuals, or that requirements specified apply exclusively to specific trade(s).
- J. Experienced: When used with an entity or individual, "experienced" means having successfully completed a minimum of five previous projects similar in nature, size, and extent to this Project; being familiar with special requirements indicated; and having complied with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.

# 1.3 CONFLICTING REQUIREMENTS

- A. Referenced Standards: If compliance with two or more standards is specified and the standards establish different or conflicting requirements for minimum quantities or quality levels, comply with the most stringent requirement. Refer conflicting requirements that are different, but apparently equal, to Architect for a decision before proceeding.
- B. Minimum Quantity or Quality Levels: The quantity or quality level shown or specified shall be the minimum provided or performed. The actual installation may comply exactly with the minimum quantity or quality specified, or it may exceed the minimum within reasonable limits. To comply with these requirements, indicated numeric values are minimum or maximum, as appropriate, for the context of requirements. Refer uncertainties to Architect for a decision before proceeding.

## 1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Shop Drawings: For mockups, provide plans, sections, and elevations, indicating materials and size of mockup construction.
  - 1. Indicate manufacturer and model number of individual components.
  - 2. Provide axonometric drawings for conditions difficult to illustrate in two dimensions.

## 1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Contractor's Quality-Control Plan: For quality-assurance and quality-control activities and responsibilities.
- B. Qualification Data: For Contractor's quality-control personnel.
- C. Contractor's Statement of Responsibility: When required by authorities having jurisdiction, submit copy of written statement of responsibility sent to authorities having jurisdiction before starting work on the following systems:

- 1. Main wind-force-resisting system or a wind-resisting component listed in the wind-force-resisting system quality-assurance plan prepared by a Florida Registered Architect and reviewed by Architect.
- D. Testing Agency Qualifications: For testing agencies specified in "Quality Assurance" Article to demonstrate their capabilities and experience. Include proof of qualifications in the form of a recent report on the inspection of the testing agency by a recognized authority.
- E. Schedule of Tests and Inspections: Prepare in tabular form and include the following:
  - 1. Specification Section number and title.
  - 2. Entity responsible for performing tests and inspections.
  - 3. Description of test and inspection.
  - 4. Identification of applicable standards.
  - 5. Identification of test and inspection methods.
  - 6. Number of tests and inspections required.
  - 7. Time schedule or time span for tests and inspections.
  - 8. Requirements for obtaining samples.
  - 9. Unique characteristics of each quality-control service.

# 1.6 CONTRACTOR'S QUALITY-CONTROL PLAN

- A. Quality-Control Plan, General: Submit quality-control plan within 5 days of Notice of Award, and not less than five days prior to preconstruction conference. Submit in format acceptable to Architect. Identify personnel, procedures, controls, instructions, tests, records, and forms to be used to carry out Contractor's quality-assurance and quality-control responsibilities. Coordinate with Contractor's construction schedule.
- B. Quality-Control Personnel Qualifications: Engage qualified full-time personnel trained and experienced in managing and executing quality-assurance and quality-control procedures similar in nature and extent to those required for Project.
  - 1. Project quality-control manager may also serve as Project superintendent.
- C. Submittal Procedure: Describe procedures for ensuring compliance with requirements through review and management of submittal process. Indicate qualifications of personnel responsible for submittal review.
- D. Testing and Inspection: In quality-control plan, include a comprehensive schedule of Work requiring testing or inspection, including the following:
  - 1. Contractor-performed tests and inspections including subcontractor-performed tests and inspections. Include required tests and inspections and Contractor-elected tests and inspections.
  - 2. Special inspections required by authorities having jurisdiction and indicated on the "Statement of Special Inspections."
- E. Continuous Inspection of Workmanship: Describe process for continuous inspection during construction to identify and correct deficiencies in workmanship in addition to testing and inspection specified. Indicate types of corrective actions to be required to bring work into compliance with standards of workmanship established by Contract requirements and approved mockups.
- F. Monitoring and Documentation: Maintain testing and inspection reports including log of approved and rejected results. Include work Architect has indicated as nonconforming or defective. Indicate corrective actions taken to bring nonconforming work into compliance with requirements. Comply with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.

### 1.7 REPORTS AND DOCUMENTS

- A. Test and Inspection Reports: Prepare and submit certified written reports specified in other Sections. Include the following:
  - 1. Date of issue.
  - 2. Project title and number.
  - 3. Name, address, and telephone number of testing agency.
  - 4. Dates and locations of samples and tests or inspections.
  - 5. Names of individuals making tests and inspections.
  - 6. Description of the Work and test and inspection method.
  - 7. Identification of product and Specification Section.
  - 8. Complete test or inspection data.
  - 9. Test and inspection results and an interpretation of test results.
  - 10. Record of temperature and weather conditions at time of sample taking and testing and inspecting.
  - 11. Comments or professional opinion on whether tested or inspected Work complies with the Contract Document requirements.
  - 12. Name and signature of laboratory inspector.
  - 13. Recommendations on retesting and reinspecting.
- B. Manufacturer's Technical Representative's Field Reports: Prepare written information documenting manufacturer's technical representative's tests and inspections specified in other Sections. Include the following:
  - 1. Name, address, and telephone number of technical representative making report.
  - 2. Statement on condition of substrates and their acceptability for installation of product.
  - 3. Statement that products at Project site comply with requirements.
  - 4. Summary of installation procedures being followed, whether they comply with requirements and, if not, what corrective action was taken.
  - 5. Results of operational and other tests and a statement of whether observed performance complies with requirements.
  - 6. Statement whether conditions, products, and installation will affect warranty.
  - 7. Other required items indicated in individual Specification Sections.
- C. Factory-Authorized Service Representative's Reports: Prepare written information documenting manufacturer's factory-authorized service representative's tests and inspections specified in other Sections. Include the following:
  - 1. Name, address, and telephone number of factory-authorized service representative making report.
  - 2. Statement that equipment complies with requirements.
  - 3. Results of operational and other tests and a statement of whether observed performance complies with requirements.
  - 4. Statement whether conditions, products, and installation will affect warranty.
  - 5. Other required items indicated in individual Specification Sections.
- D. Permits, Licenses, and Certificates: For Owner's records, submit copies of permits, licenses, certifications, inspection reports, releases, jurisdictional settlements, notices, receipts for fee payments, judgments, correspondence, records, and similar documents, established for compliance with standards and regulations bearing on performance of the Work.

# 1.8 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. General: Qualifications paragraphs in this article establish the minimum qualification levels required; individual Specification Sections specify additional requirements.

- B. Manufacturer Qualifications: A firm experienced in manufacturing products or systems similar to those indicated for this Project and with a record of successful in-service performance, as well as sufficient production capacity to produce required units.
- C. Fabricator Qualifications: A firm experienced in producing products similar to those indicated for this Project and with a record of successful in-service performance, as well as sufficient production capacity to produce required units.
- D. Installer Qualifications: A firm or individual experienced in installing, erecting, or assembling work similar in material, design, and extent to that indicated for this Project, whose work has resulted in construction with a record of successful in-service performance.
- E. Professional Architect Qualifications: A professional Architect who is legally qualified to practice in jurisdiction where Project is located and who is experienced in providing Architecting services of the kind indicated. Architecting services are defined as those performed for installations of the system, assembly, or product that are similar in material, design, and extent to those indicated for this Project.
- F. Specialists: Certain Specification Sections require that specific construction activities shall be performed by entities who are recognized experts in those operations. Specialists shall satisfy qualification requirements indicated and shall be engaged for the activities indicated.
  - 1. Requirements of authorities having jurisdiction shall supersede requirements for specialists.
- G. Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent agency with the experience and capability to conduct testing and inspection and with additional qualifications specified in individual Sections; and, where required by authorities having jurisdiction, that is acceptable to authorities.
- H. Manufacturer's Technical Representative Qualifications: An authorized representative of manufacturer who is trained and approved by manufacturer to observe and inspect installation of manufacturer's products that are similar in material, design, and extent to those indicated for this Project.
- I. Factory-Authorized Service Representative Qualifications: An authorized representative of manufacturer who is trained and approved by manufacturer to inspect installation of manufacturer's products that are similar in material, design, and extent to those indicated for this Project.
- J. Preconstruction Testing: Where testing agency is indicated to perform preconstruction testing for compliance with specified requirements for performance and test methods, comply with the following:
  - 1. Contractor responsibilities include the following:
    - a. Provide test specimens representative of proposed products and construction.
    - b. Submit specimens in a timely manner with sufficient time for testing and analyzing results to prevent delaying the Work.
    - c. Provide sizes and configurations of test assemblies, mockups, and laboratory mockups to adequately demonstrate capability of products to comply with performance requirements.
    - d. Build site-assembled test assemblies and mockups using installers who will perform same tasks for Project.
    - e. Build laboratory mockups at testing facility using personnel, products, and methods of construction indicated for the completed Work.
    - f. When testing is complete, remove test specimens, assemblies and mockups; do not reuse products on Project.
  - 2. Testing Agency Responsibilities: Submit a certified written report of each test, inspection, and similar quality-assurance service to Architect, with copy to Contractor. Interpret tests and inspections and state in each report whether tested and inspected work complies with or deviates from the Contract Documents.

- K. Mockups: Before installing portions of the Work requiring mockups, build mockups for each form of construction and finish required to comply with the following requirements, using materials indicated for the completed Work:
  - 1. Build mockups in location and of size indicated or, if not indicated, as directed by Architect.
  - 2. Notify Architect 5 days in advance of dates and times when mockups will be constructed.
  - 3. Employ supervisory personnel who will oversee mockup construction. Employ workers that will be employed during the construction at Project.
  - 4. Demonstrate the proposed range of aesthetic effects and workmanship.
  - 5. Obtain Architects approval of mockups before starting work, fabrication, or construction.
    - a. Allow 5 days for initial review and each re-review of each mockup.
  - 6. Maintain mockups during construction in an undisturbed condition as a standard for judging the completed Work.
  - 7. Demolish and remove mockups when directed unless otherwise indicated.

# 1.9 QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Owner Responsibilities: Where quality-control services are indicated as Owner's responsibility, Owner will engage a qualified testing agency to perform these services.
  - 1. Owner will furnish Contractor with names, addresses, and telephone numbers of testing agencies engaged and a description of types of testing and inspecting they are engaged to perform.
  - 2. Payment for these services will be made from testing and inspecting allowances, as authorized by Change Orders.
  - 3. Costs for retesting and re-inspecting construction that replaces or is necessitated by work that failed to comply with the Contract Documents will be charged to Contractor, and the Contract Sum will be adjusted by Change Order.
- B. Contractor Responsibilities: Tests and inspections not explicitly assigned to Owner are Contractor's responsibility. Perform additional quality-control activities required to verify that the Work complies with requirements, whether specified or not.
  - 1. Unless otherwise indicated, provide quality-control services specified and those required by authorities having jurisdiction. Perform quality-control services required of Contractor by authorities having jurisdiction, whether specified or not.
  - 2. Where services are indicated as Contractor's responsibility, engage a qualified testing agency to perform these quality-control services.
    - a. Contractor shall not employ same entity engaged by Owner, unless agreed to in writing by Owner.
  - 3. Notify testing agencies at least 48 hours in advance of time when Work that requires testing or inspecting will be performed.
  - 4. Where quality-control services are indicated as Contractor's responsibility, submit a certified written report, in duplicate, of each quality-control service.
  - 5. Testing and inspecting requested by Contractor and not required by the Contract Documents are Contractor's responsibility.
  - 6. Submit additional copies of each written report directly to authorities having jurisdiction, when they so direct.
- C. Manufacturer's Field Services: Where indicated, engage a factory-authorized service representative to inspect field-assembled components and equipment installation, including service connections. Report results in writing as specified in Section 013300 "Submittal Procedures."

- D. Manufacturer's Technical Services: Where indicated, engage a manufacturer's technical representative to observe and inspect the Work. Manufacturer's technical representative's services include participation in pre-installation conferences, examination of substrates and conditions, verification of materials, observation of Installer activities, inspection of completed portions of the Work, and submittal of written reports.
- E. Retesting/Re-inspecting: Regardless of whether original tests or inspections were Contractor's responsibility, provide quality-control services, including retesting and re-inspecting, for construction that replaced Work that failed to comply with the Contract Documents.
- F. Testing Agency Responsibilities: Cooperate with Architect and Contractor in performance of duties. Provide qualified personnel to perform required tests and inspections.
  - 1. Notify Architect and Contractor promptly of irregularities or deficiencies observed in the Work during performance of its services.
  - 2. Determine the location from which test samples will be taken and in which in-situ tests are conducted.
  - 3. Conduct and interpret tests and inspections and state in each report whether tested and inspected work complies with or deviates from requirements.
  - 4. Submit a certified written report, in duplicate, of each test, inspection, and similar quality-control service through Contractor.
  - 5. Do not release, revoke, alter, or increase the Contract Document requirements or approve or accept any portion of the Work.
  - 6. Do not perform any duties of Contractor.
- G. Associated Services: Cooperate with agencies performing required tests, inspections, and similar quality-control services, and provide reasonable auxiliary services as requested. Notify agency sufficiently in advance of operations to permit assignment of personnel. Provide the following:
  - 1. Access to the Work.
  - 2. Incidental labor and facilities necessary to facilitate tests and inspections.
  - 3. Adequate quantities of representative samples of materials that require testing and inspecting. Assist agency in obtaining samples.
  - 4. Facilities for storage and field curing of test samples.
  - 5. Delivery of samples to testing agencies.
  - 6. Preliminary design mix proposed for use for material mixes that require control by testing agency.
  - 7. Security and protection for samples and for testing and inspecting equipment at Project site.
- H. Coordination: Coordinate sequence of activities to accommodate required quality-assurance and control services with a minimum of delay and to avoid necessity of removing and replacing construction to accommodate testing and inspecting.
  - 1. Schedule times for tests, inspections, obtaining samples, and similar activities.
- I. Schedule of Tests and Inspections: Prepare a schedule of tests, inspections, and similar quality-control services required by the Contract Documents as part of a component of Contractor's quality-control plan. Coordinate and submit concurrently with Contractor's construction schedule. Update as the Work progresses.
  - 1. Distribution: Distribute schedule to Owner, Architect and testing agencies, and each party involved in performance of portions of the Work where tests and inspections are required.

# 1.10 SPECIAL TESTS AND INSPECTIONS

A. Special Tests and Inspections: Owner may at their own discretion engage a qualified testing agency or special inspector to conduct special tests and inspections required by authorities having jurisdiction as

the responsibility of Owner, as indicated in Statement of Special Inspections attached to this Section, and as follows:

- 1. Notifying Architect and Contractor promptly of irregularities and deficiencies observed in the Work during performance of its services.
- 2. Submitting a certified written report of each test, inspection, and similar quality-control service to Architect with a copy to Contractor and to authorities having jurisdiction.
- 3. Submitting a final report of special tests and inspections at Substantial Completion, which includes a list of unresolved deficiencies.
- 4. Interpreting tests and inspections and stating in each report whether tested and inspected work complies with or deviates from the Contract Documents.
- 5. Retesting and re-inspecting corrected work.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 ACCEPTABLE TESTING AGENCIES

A. As determined by Architect and/or Owner.

## 3.2 TEST AND INSPECTION LOG

- A. Test and Inspection Log: Prepare a record of tests and inspections. Include the following:
  - 1. Date test or inspection was conducted.
  - 2. Description of the Work tested or inspected.
  - 3. Date test or inspection results were transmitted to Architect.
  - 4. Identification of testing agency or special inspector conducting test or inspection.
- B. Maintain log at Project site. Post changes and revisions as they occur. Provide access to test and inspection log for Architects reference during normal working hours.

# 3.3 REPAIR AND PROTECTION

- A. General: On completion of testing, inspecting, sample taking, and similar services, repair damaged construction and restore substrates and finishes.
  - 1. Provide materials and comply with installation requirements specified in other Specification Sections or matching existing substrates and finishes. Restore patched areas and extend restoration into adjoining areas with durable seams that are as invisible as possible. Comply with the Contract Document requirements for cutting and patching in Section 017300 "Execution."
- B. Protect construction exposed by or for quality-control service activities.
- C. Repair and protection are Contractor's responsibility, regardless of the assignment of responsibility for quality-control services.

END OF SECTION 014000

#### SECTION 014200 - REFERENCES

PART 1 - GENERAL

- 1.1 DEFINITIONS
- A. General: Basic Contract definitions are included in the Conditions of the Contract.
- B. "Approved": When used to convey Architects action on Contractor's submittals, applications, and requests, "approved" is limited to Architects duties and responsibilities as stated in the Conditions of the Contract.
- C. "Directed": A command or instruction by Architect. Other terms including "requested," "authorized," "selected," "required," and "permitted" have the same meaning as "directed."
- D. "Indicated": Requirements expressed by graphic representations or in written form on Drawings, in Specifications, and in other Contract Documents. Other terms including "shown," "noted," "scheduled," and "specified" have the same meaning as "indicated."
- E. "Regulations": Laws, ordinances, statutes, and lawful orders issued by authorities having jurisdiction, and rules, conventions, and agreements within the construction industry that control performance of the Work.
- F. "Furnish": Supply and deliver to Project site, ready for unloading, unpacking, assembly, installation, and similar operations.
- G. "Install": Unload, temporarily store, unpack, assemble, erect, place, anchor, apply, work to dimension, finish, cure, protect, clean, and similar operations at Project site.
- H. "Provide": Furnish and install, complete and ready for the intended use.
- I. "Project Site": Space available for performing construction activities. The extent of Project site is shown on Drawings and may or may not be identical with the description of the land on which Project is to be built.

#### 1.2 INDUSTRY STANDARDS

- A. Applicability of Standards: Unless the Contract Documents include more stringent requirements, applicable construction industry standards have the same force and effect as if bound or copied directly into the Contract Documents to the extent referenced. Such standards are made a part of the Contract Documents by reference.
- B. Publication Dates: Comply with standards in effect as of date of the Contract Documents unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Copies of Standards: Each entity engaged in construction on Project should be familiar with industry standards applicable to its construction activity. Copies of applicable standards are not bound with the Contract Documents.
  - 1. Where copies of standards are needed to perform a required construction activity, obtain copies directly from publication source.

- 1.3 ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS
- A. Industry Organizations: Where abbreviations and acronyms are used in Specifications or other Contract Documents, they shall mean the recognized name of the entities indicated in Gale's "Encyclopedia of Associations: National Organizations of the U.S." or in Columbia Books' "National Trade & Professional Associations of the United States."
- B. Industry Organizations: Where abbreviations and acronyms are used in Specifications or other Contract Documents, they shall mean the recognized name of the entities in the following list. This information is subject to change and is believed to be accurate as of the date of the Contract Documents.
  - 1. AAMA American Architectural Manufacturers Association; www.aamanet.org.
  - 2. AASHTO American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials; www.transportation.org.
  - 3. ACI American Concrete Institute; (Formerly: ACI International); www.concrete.org.
  - 4. ACPA American Concrete Pipe Association; www.concrete-pipe.org.
  - 5. AEIC Association of Edison Illuminating Companies, Inc. (The); www.aeic.org.
  - 6. AF&PA American Forest & Paper Association; www.afandpa.org.
  - 7. AI Asphalt Institute; www.asphaltinstitute.org.
  - 8. AIA American Institute of Architects (The); www.aia.org.
  - 9. AISC American Institute of Steel Construction; www.aisc.org.
  - 10. AISI American Iron and Steel Institute; www.steel.org.
  - 11. AITC American Institute of Timber Construction; www.aitc-glulam.org.
  - 12. ANSI American National Standards Institute; www.ansi.org.
  - 13. APA APA The Architected Wood Association; www.apawood.org.
  - 14. APA Architectural Precast Association; www.archprecast.org.
  - 15. API American Petroleum Institute; www.api.org.
  - 16. ARMA Asphalt Roofing Manufacturers Association; www.asphaltroofing.org.
  - 17. ASCE American Society of Civil Architects; www.asce.org.
  - 18. ASCE/SEI American Society of Civil Architects/Structural Architecting Institute; (See ASCE).
  - 19. ASHRAE American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Architects; www.ashrae.org.
  - 20. ASME ASME International; (American Society of Mechanical Architects); www.asme.org.
  - 21. ASTM ASTM International; (American Society for Testing and Materials International); www.astm.org.
  - 22. AWI Architectural Woodwork Institute; www.awinet.org.
  - 23. AWPA American Wood Protection Association; (Formerly: American Wood-Preservers' Association); www.awpa.com.
  - 24. AWS American Welding Society; www.aws.org.
  - 25. BHMA Builders Hardware Manufacturers Association; www.buildershardware.com.
  - 26. BIA Brick Industry Association (The); www.gobrick.com.
  - 27. BICSI BICSI, Inc.; www.bicsi.org.
  - 28. CDA Copper Development Association; www.copper.org.
  - 29. CEA Canadian Electricity Association; www.electricity.ca.
  - 30. CFSEI Cold-Formed Steel Architects Institute; www.cfsei.org.
  - 31. CIMA Cellulose Insulation Manufacturers Association; www.cellulose.org.
  - 32. CISCA Ceilings & Interior Systems Construction Association; www.cisca.org.
  - 33. CISPI Cast Iron Soil Pipe Institute; www.cispi.org.
  - 34. CPA Composite Panel Association; www.pbmdf.com.
  - 35. CRRC Cool Roof Rating Council; www.coolroofs.org.
  - 36. CRSI Concrete Reinforcing Steel Institute; www.crsi.org.
  - 37. CSA CSA International; (Formerly: IAS International Approval Services); www.csainternational.org.
  - 38. CSI Construction Specifications Institute (The); www.csinet.org.
  - 39. CSSB Cedar Shake & Shingle Bureau; www.cedarbureau.org.
  - 40. CWC Composite Wood Council; (See CPA).
  - 41. DASMA Door and Access Systems Manufacturers Association; www.dasma.com.

- 42. DHI Door and Hardware Institute; www.dhi.org.
- 43. EIMA EIFS Industry Members Association; www.eima.com.
- 44. EJMA Expansion Joint Manufacturers Association, Inc.; www.ejma.org.
- 45. FM Approvals FM Approvals LLC; www.fmglobal.com.
- 46. FM Global FM Global; (Formerly: FMG FM Global); www.fmglobal.com.
- 47. FRSA Florida Roofing, Sheet Metal & Air Conditioning Contractors Association, Inc.; www.floridaroof.com.
- 48. FSA Fluid Sealing Association; www.fluidsealing.com.
- 49. FSC Forest Stewardship Council U.S.; www.fscus.org.
- 50. GA Gypsum Association; www.gypsum.org.
- 51. GANA Glass Association of North America; www.glasswebsite.com.
- 52. GS Green Seal; www.greenseal.org.
- 53. HMMA Hollow Metal Manufacturers Association; (See NAAMM).
- 54. HPVA Hardwood Plywood & Veneer Association; www.hpva.org.
- 55. IAS International Approval Services; (See CSA).
- 56. ICBO International Conference of Building Officials; (See ICC).
- 57. ICC International Code Council; www.iccsafe.org.
- 58. ICRI International Concrete Repair Institute, Inc.; www.icri.org.
- 59. IGMA Insulating Glass Manufacturers Alliance; www.igmaonline.org.
- 60. ILI Indiana Limestone Institute of America, Inc.; www.iliai.com.
- 61. Intertek Intertek Group; (Formerly: ETL SEMCO; Intertek Testing Service NA); www.intertek.com.
- 62. ISAS Instrumentation, Systems, and Automation Society (The); (See ISA).
- 63. ISFA International Surface Fabricators Association; (Formerly: International Solid Surface Fabricators Association); www.isfanow.org.
- 64. ISO International Organization for Standardization; www.iso.org.
- 65. ISSFA International Solid Surface Fabricators Association; (See ISFA).
- 66. LMA Laminating Materials Association; (See CPA).
- 67. LPI Lightning Protection Institute; www.lightning.org.
- 68. MBMA Metal Building Manufacturers Association; www.mbma.com.
- 69. MCA Metal Construction Association; www.metalconstruction.org.
- 70. MFMA Maple Flooring Manufacturers Association, Inc.; www.maplefloor.org.
- 71. MFMA Metal Framing Manufacturers Association, Inc.; www.metalframingmfg.org.
- 72. MHIA Material Handling Industry of America; www.mhia.org.
- 73. MIA Marble Institute of America; www.marble-institute.com.
- 74. MMPA Moulding & Millwork Producers Association; (Formerly: Wood Moulding & Millwork Producers Association); www.wmmpa.com.
- 75. MPI Master Painters Institute; www.paintinfo.com.
- 76. NAAMM National Association of Architectural Metal Manufacturers; www.naamm.org.
- 77. NAIMA North American Insulation Manufacturers Association; www.naima.org.
- 78. NBGQA National Building Granite Quarries Association, Inc.; www.nbgqa.com.
- 79. NCMA National Concrete Masonry Association; www.ncma.org.
- 80. NeLMA Northeastern Lumber Manufacturers Association; www.nelma.org.
- 81. NFPA NFPA; (National Fire Protection Association); www.nfpa.org.
- 82. NFPA NFPA International; (See NFPA).
- 83. NFRC National Fenestration Rating Council; www.nfrc.org.
- 84. NHLA National Hardwood Lumber Association; www.nhla.com.
- 85. NLGA National Lumber Grades Authority; www.nlga.org.
- 86. NOFMA National Oak Flooring Manufacturers Association; (See NWFA).
- 87. NOMMA National Ornamental & Miscellaneous Metals Association; www.nomma.org.
- 88. NRCA National Roofing Contractors Association; www.nrca.net.
- 89. NRMCA National Ready Mixed Concrete Association; www.nrmca.org.
- 90. NSPE National Society of Professional Architects; www.nspe.org.
- 91. NSSGA National Stone, Sand & Gravel Association; www.nssga.org.
- 92. NTMA National Terrazzo & Mosaic Association, Inc. (The); www.ntma.com.
- 93. NWFA National Wood Flooring Association; www.nwfa.org.
- 94. PCI Precast/Prestressed Concrete Institute; www.pci.org.
- 95. PDI Plumbing & Drainage Institute; www.pdionline.org.
- 96. RCSC Research Council on Structural Connections; www.boltcouncil.org.
- 97. RFCI Resilient Floor Covering Institute; www.rfci.com.
- 98. RIS Redwood Inspection Service; www.redwoodinspection.com.
- 99. SDI Steel Deck Institute; www.sdi.org.
- 100. SDI Steel Door Institute; www.steeldoor.org.
- 101. SEI/ASCE Structural Architecting Institute/American Society of Civil Architects; (See ASCE).
- 102. SJI Steel Joist Institute; www.steeljoist.org.
- 103. SMA Screen Manufacturers Association; www.smainfo.org.
- 104. SMACNA Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors' National Association; www.smacna.org.
- 105. SPFA Spray Polyurethane Foam Alliance; www.sprayfoam.org.
- 106. SPIB Southern Pine Inspection Bureau; www.spib.org.
- 107. SPRI Single Ply Roofing Industry; www.spri.org.
- 108. SRCC Solar Rating and Certification Corporation; www.solar-rating.org.
- 109. SSINA Specialty Steel Industry of North America; www.ssina.com.
- 110. SSPC SSPC: The Society for Protective Coatings; www.sspc.org.
- 111. SWI Steel Window Institute; www.steelwindows.com.
- 112. TCA Tilt-Up Concrete Association; www.tilt-up.org.
- 113. TMS The Masonry Society; www.masonrysociety.org.
- 114. TPI Truss Plate Institute; www.tpinst.org.
- 115. TRI Tile Roofing Institute; www.tileroofing.org.
- 116. UL Underwriters Laboratories Inc.; www.ul.com.
- 117. UNI Uni-Bell PVC Pipe Association; www.uni-bell.org.
- 118. USGBC U.S. Green Building Council; www.usgbc.org.
- 119. WCLIB West Coast Lumber Inspection Bureau; www.wclib.org.
- 120. WCMA Window Covering Manufacturers Association; www.wcmanet.org.
- 121. WDMA Window & Door Manufacturers Association; www.wdma.com.
- 122. WI Woodwork Institute; (Formerly: WIC Woodwork Institute of California); www.wicnet.org.
- 123. WMMPA Wood Moulding & Millwork Producers Association; (See MMPA).
- 124. WSRCA Western States Roofing Contractors Association; www.wsrca.com.
- 125. WPA Western Wood Products Association; www.wwpa.org.
- C. Code Agencies: Where abbreviations and acronyms are used in Specifications or other Contract Documents, they shall mean the recognized name of the entities in the following list. This information is believed to be accurate as of the date of the Contract Documents.
  - 1. ICC International Code Council; www.iccsafe.org.
  - 2. ICC-ES ICC Evaluation Service, LLC; www.icc-es.org.
- D. Federal Government Agencies: Where abbreviations and acronyms are used in Specifications or other Contract Documents, they shall mean the recognized name of the entities in the following list. Information is subject to change and is up-to-date as of the date of the Contract Documents.
  - 1. COE Army Corps of Architects; www.usace.army.mil.
  - 2. CPSC Consumer Product Safety Commission; www.cpsc.gov.
  - 3. DOC Department of Commerce; National Institute of Standards and Technology; www.nist.gov.
  - 4. DOD Department of Defense; http://dodssp.daps.dla.mil.
  - 5. DOE Department of Energy; www.energy.gov.
  - 6. EPA Environmental Protection Agency; www.epa.gov.
  - 7. FAA Federal Aviation Administration; www.faa.gov.
  - 8. FG Federal Government Publications; www.gpo.gov.
  - 9. GSA General Services Administration; www.gsa.gov.
  - 10. HUD Department of Housing and Urban Development; www.hud.gov.
  - 11. LBL Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory; Environmental Energy Technologies Division; http://eetd.lbl.gov.
  - 12. OSHA Occupational Safety & Health Administration; www.osha.gov.

- 13. SD Department of State; www.state.gov.
- 14. TRB Transportation Research Board; National Cooperative Highway Research Program; www.trb.org.
- 15. USDJ Department of Justice; Office of Justice Programs; National Institute of Justice; www.ojp.usdoj.gov.
- 16. USPS United States Postal Service; www.usps.com.
- E. Standards and Regulations: Where abbreviations and acronyms are used in Specifications or other Contract Documents, they shall mean the recognized name of the standards and regulations in the following list. This information is subject to change and is believed to be accurate as of the date of the Contract Documents.
  - 1. CFR Code of Federal Regulations; Available from Government Printing Office; www.gpo.gov/fdsys.
  - 2. DOD Department of Defense; Military Specifications and Standards; Available from Department of Defense Single Stock Point; http://dodssp.daps.dla.mil.
  - 3. DSCC Defense Supply Center Columbus; (See FS).
  - 4. FED-STD Federal Standard; (See FS).
  - 5. FS Federal Specification; Available from Department of Defense Single Stock Point; http://dodssp.daps.dla.mil.
    - a. Available from Defense Standardization Program; www.dsp.dla.mil.
    - b. Available from General Services Administration; www.gsa.gov.
    - c. Available from National Institute of Building Sciences/Whole Building Design Guide; www.wbdg.org/ccb.
  - 6. MILSPEC Military Specification and Standards; (See DOD).
  - 7. USAB United States Access Board; www.access-board.gov.
  - 8. USATBCB U.S. Architectural & Transportation Barriers Compliance Board; (See USAB).

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION 014200

## SECTION 016123 – USE OF ARCHITECTURAL AND ARCHITECTING DOCUMENTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 GENERAL

- A. Construction Documents including drawings and specifications are prepared by Terracon and their Consultants for the project indicated in the documents only. Terracon and their Consultants are deemed the authors of such documents and retain all common law, statutory and other reserved rights, including copyright.
- B. Electronic files of the Construction Documents in AutoCAD format will be available to the Contractor when, in the judgment of Terracon and their Consultants, it will help facilitate the submittal review process. The use and distribution of this copyrighted and confidential material is at Terracon's and their Consultants discretion and is strictly limited. There is no implied or expressed warranty as to the accuracy of the electronic files and the information contained within is subject to change at the discretion of Terracon and their Consultants.
- C. The following guidelines are applicable to requests for AutoCAD Drawing Files:
  - 1. The Contractor must submit an Electronic File Request form and sign a Release of Liability form and submit to the project manager by fax or email. The files will not be released until the request has been approved by the project principal and the project manager.
  - 2. Only the electronic files of the background drawings called external reference files are the files to be provided at no cost to the Contractor.
    - a. All requests for electronic files shall be submitted by the Contractor for its use and that of its Subcontractors and Suppliers.
    - b. Requests are to be made in writing or by email and are to identify the specific sheets by sheet number.
  - 3. At the discretion of Terracon the Contractor may contact the Consultants directly to request copies of their drawings and abide by the policies and fees that each consultant may impose for releasing their documents.
  - 4. The drawings are prepared in electronic format using the version of AutoCAD available at Terracon's office. Terracon and their Consultants will not be responsible for converting any files to the requesters drafting application and or version.
  - 5. The requested AutoCAD files will be placed on a CD with the Terracon label and a disclaimer and sent to the person requesting the files.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION 016123

#### SECTION 017300 - EXECUTION

PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes general administrative and procedural requirements governing execution of the Work including, but not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Installation of the Work.
  - 2. Cutting and patching.
  - 3. Coordination of Owner-installed products.
  - 4. Progress cleaning.
  - 5. Protection of installed construction.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 011000 "Summary" for limits on use of Project site.
  - 2. Section 013300 "Submittal Procedures" for submitting surveys.
  - 3. Section 017700 "Closeout Procedures" for submitting final property survey with Project Record Documents, recording of Owner-accepted deviations from indicated lines and levels, and final cleaning.
  - 4. Section 024119 "Selective Demolition" for demolition and removal of selected portions of the building.

#### 1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. Cutting: Removal of in-place construction necessary to permit installation or performance of other work.
- B. Patching: Fitting and repair work required to restore construction to original conditions after installation of other work.

#### 1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Cutting and Patching Plan: Submit plan describing procedures at least 5 days prior to the time cutting and patching will be performed. Include the following information:
  - 1. Extent: Describe reason for and extent of each occurrence of cutting and patching.
  - 2. Changes to In-Place Construction: Describe anticipated results. Include changes to structural elements and operating components as well as changes in building appearance and other significant visual elements.
  - 3. Products: List products to be used for patching and firms or entities that will perform patching work.
  - 4. Dates: Indicate when cutting and patching will be performed.
  - 5. Utilities and Mechanical and Electrical Systems: List services and systems that cutting and patching procedures will disturb or affect. List services and systems that will be relocated and those that will be temporarily out of service. Indicate length of time permanent services and systems will be disrupted.
    - a. Include description of provisions for temporary services and systems during interruption of permanent services and systems.

B. Landfill Receipts: Submit copy of receipts issued by a landfill facility, licensed to accept hazardous materials, for hazardous waste disposal as required.

# 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Cutting and Patching: Comply with requirements for and limitations on cutting and patching of construction elements.
  - 1. Structural Elements: When cutting and patching structural elements, notify Architect of locations and details of cutting and await directions from Architect before proceeding. Shore, brace, and support structural elements during cutting and patching. Do not cut and patch structural elements in a manner that could change their load-carrying capacity or increase deflection
  - 2. Operational Elements: Do not cut and patch operating elements and related components in a manner that results in reducing their capacity to perform as intended or that result in increased maintenance or decreased operational life or safety. Operational elements include the following:
    - a. Primary operational systems and equipment.
    - b. Fire separation assemblies.
    - c. Air or smoke barriers.
    - d. Fire-suppression systems.
    - e. Mechanical systems piping and ducts.
    - f. Control systems.
    - g. Communication systems.
    - h. Fire-detection and -alarm systems.
    - i. Conveying systems.
    - j. Electrical wiring systems.
    - k. Operating systems of special construction.
  - 3. Other Construction Elements: Do not cut and patch other construction elements or components in a manner that could change their load-carrying capacity, that results in reducing their capacity to perform as intended, or that results in increased maintenance or decreased operational life or safety. Other construction elements include but are not limited to the following:
    - a. Water, moisture, or vapor barriers.
    - b. Membranes and flashings.
    - c. Exterior curtain-wall construction.
    - d. Sprayed fire-resistive material.
    - e. Equipment supports.
    - f. Piping, ductwork, vessels, and equipment.
    - g. Noise- and vibration-control elements and systems.
  - 4. Visual Elements: Do not cut and patch construction in a manner that results in visual evidence of cutting and patching. Do not cut and patch exposed construction in a manner that would, in Architects opinion, reduce the building's aesthetic qualities. Remove and replace construction that has been cut and patched in a visually unsatisfactory manner.
- B. Cutting and Patching Conference: Before proceeding, meet at Project site with parties involved in cutting and patching, including mechanical and electrical trades. Review areas of potential interference and conflict. Coordinate procedures and resolve potential conflicts before proceeding.
- C. Manufacturer's Installation Instructions: Obtain and maintain on-site manufacturer's written recommendations and instructions for installation of products and equipment.

## 2.1 MATERIALS

- A. General: Comply with requirements specified in other Sections.
- B. In-Place Materials: Use materials for patching identical to in-place materials. For exposed surfaces, use materials that visually match in-place adjacent surfaces to the fullest extent possible.
  - 1. If identical materials are unavailable or cannot be used, use materials that, when installed, will provide a match acceptable to Architect for the visual and functional performance of in-place materials.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Existing Conditions: The existence and location of underground and other utilities and construction indicated as existing are not guaranteed. Before beginning work on site, investigate and verify the existence and location of underground utilities, mechanical. Electrical and irrigation systems, and other construction affecting the Work.
  - 1. Before construction, verify the location and invert elevation at points of connection of sanitary sewer, storm sewer, and water-service piping; underground electrical services, and other utilities.
  - 2. Furnish location data for work related to Project that must be performed by public utilities serving Project site.
- B. Examination and Acceptance of Conditions: Before proceeding with each component of the Work, examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Installer or Applicator present where indicated, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance. Record observations.
  - 1. Examine walls and roofs for suitable conditions where products and systems are to be installed.
  - 2. Verify compatibility with and suitability of substrates, including compatibility with existing finishes.
- C. Written Report: Where a written report listing conditions detrimental to performance of the Work is required by other Sections, include the following:
  - 1. Description of the Work.
  - 2. List of detrimental conditions, including substrates.
  - 3. List of unacceptable installation tolerances.
  - 4. Recommended corrections.
- D. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected. Proceeding with the Work indicates acceptance of surfaces and conditions.

#### 3.2 PREPARATION

A. Field Measurements: Take field measurements as required to fit the Work properly. Recheck measurements before installing each product. Where portions of the Work are indicated to fit to other construction, verify dimensions of other construction by field measurements before fabrication. Coordinate fabrication schedule with construction progress to avoid delaying the Work.

B. Review of Contract Documents and Field Conditions: Immediately on discovery of the need for clarification of the Contract Documents caused by differing field conditions outside the control of Contractor, submit a request for information to Architect according to requirements in Section 013100 "Project Management and Coordination."

# 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. General: Locate the Work and components of the Work accurately, in correct alignment and elevation, as indicated.
  - 1. Make vertical work plumb and make horizontal work level.
  - 2. Where space is limited, install components to maximize space available for maintenance and ease of removal for replacement.
- B. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions and recommendations for installing products in applications indicated.
- C. Install products at the time and under conditions that will ensure the best possible results. Maintain conditions required for product performance until Substantial Completion.
- D. Conduct construction operations so no part of the Work is subjected to damaging operations or loading in excess of that expected during normal conditions of occupancy.
- E. Sequence the Work and allow adequate clearances to accommodate movement of construction items on site and placement in permanent locations.
- F. Tools and Equipment: Do not use tools or equipment that produce harmful noise levels.
- G. Templates: Obtain and distribute to the parties involved templates for work specified to be factory prepared and field installed. Check Shop Drawings of other work to confirm that adequate provisions are made for locating and installing products to comply with indicated requirements.
- H. Attachment: Provide blocking and attachment plates and anchors and fasteners of adequate size and number to securely anchor each component in place, accurately located and aligned with other portions of the Work. Where size and type of attachments are not indicated, verify size and type required for load conditions.
  - 1. Mounting Heights: Where mounting heights are not indicated, mount components at heights directed by Architect.
  - 2. Allow for building movement, including thermal expansion and contraction.
  - 3. Coordinate installation of anchorages. Furnish setting drawings, templates, and directions for installing anchorages, including sleeves, concrete inserts, anchor bolts, and items with integral anchors, that are to be embedded in concrete or masonry. Deliver such items to Project site in time for installation.
- I. Joints: Make joints of uniform width. Where joint locations in exposed work are not indicated, arrange joints for the best visual effect. Fit exposed connections together to form hairline joints.
- J. Hazardous Materials: Use products, cleaners, and installation materials that are not considered hazardous.

- 3.4 CUTTING AND PATCHING
- A. Cutting and Patching, General: Employ skilled workers to perform cutting and patching. Proceed with cutting and patching at the earliest feasible time, and complete without delay.
  - 1. Cut in-place construction to provide for installation of other components or performance of other construction, and subsequently patch as required to restore surfaces to their original condition.
- B. Existing Warranties: Remove, replace, patch, and repair materials and surfaces cut or damaged during installation or cutting and patching operations, by methods and with materials so as not to void existing warranties.
- C. Temporary Support: Provide temporary support of work to be cut.
- D. Protection: Protect in-place construction during cutting and patching to prevent damage. Provide protection from adverse weather conditions for portions of Project that might be exposed during cutting and patching operations.
- E. Adjacent Occupied Areas: Where interference with use of adjoining areas or interruption of free passage to adjoining areas is unavoidable, coordinate cutting and patching according to requirements in Section 011000 "Summary."
- F. Existing Utility Services and Mechanical/Electrical Systems: Where existing services/systems are required to be removed, relocated, or abandoned, bypass such services/systems before cutting to minimize interruption to occupied areas.
- G. Cutting: Cut in-place construction by sawing, drilling, breaking, chipping, grinding, and similar operations, including excavation, using methods least likely to damage elements retained or adjoining construction. If possible, review proposed procedures with original Installer; comply with original Installer's written recommendations.
  - 1. In general, use hand or small power tools designed for sawing and grinding, not hammering and chopping. Cut holes and slots neatly to minimum size required, and with minimum disturbance of adjacent surfaces. Temporarily cover openings when not in use.
  - 2. Finished Surfaces: Cut or drill from the exposed or finished side into concealed surfaces.
  - 3. Concrete and Masonry: Cut using a cutting machine, such as an abrasive saw or a diamond-core drill.
  - 4. Excavating and Backfilling: Comply with requirements in applicable Sections where required by cutting and patching operations.
  - 5. Mechanical and Electrical Services: Cut off pipe or conduit in walls or partitions to be removed. Cap, valve, or plug and seal remaining portion of pipe or conduit to prevent entrance of moisture or other foreign matter after cutting.
  - 6. Proceed with patching after construction operations requiring cutting are complete.
- H. Patching: Patch construction by filling, repairing, refinishing, closing up, and similar operations following performance of other work. Patch with durable seams that are as invisible as practicable. Provide materials and comply with installation requirements specified in other Sections, where applicable.
  - 1. Inspection: Where feasible, test and inspect patched areas after completion to demonstrate physical integrity of installation.
  - 2. Exposed Finishes: Restore exposed finishes of patched areas and extend finish restoration into retained adjoining construction in a manner that will minimize evidence of patching and refinishing.
    - a. Clean piping, conduit, and similar features before applying paint or other finishing materials.
    - b. Restore damaged pipe covering to its original condition.

- 3. Floors and Walls: Where walls or partitions that are removed extend one finished area into another, patch and repair floor and wall surfaces in the new space. Provide an even surface of uniform finish, color, texture, and appearance. Remove in-place floor and wall coverings and replace with new materials, if necessary, to achieve uniform color and appearance.
  - a. Where patching occurs in a painted surface, prepare substrate and apply primer and intermediate paint coats appropriate for substrate over the patch, and apply final paint coat over entire unbroken surface containing the patch. Provide additional coats until patch blends with adjacent surfaces.
- 4. Ceilings: Patch, repair, or rehang in-place ceilings as necessary to provide an even-plane surface of uniform appearance.
- 5. Exterior Building Enclosure: Patch components in a manner that restores enclosure to a weathertight condition and ensures thermal and moisture integrity of building enclosure.
- I. Cleaning: Clean areas and spaces where cutting and patching are performed. Remove paint, mortar, oils, putty, and similar materials from adjacent finished surfaces.

# 3.5 OWNER-INSTALLED PRODUCTS

- A. Site Access: Provide access to Project site for Owner's construction personnel.
- B. Coordination: Coordinate construction and operations of the Work with work performed by Owner's construction personnel.
  - 1. Construction Schedule: Inform Owner of Contractor's preferred construction schedule for Owner's portion of the Work. Adjust construction schedule based on a mutually agreeable timetable. Notify Owner if changes to schedule are required due to differences in actual construction progress.
  - 2. Preinstallation Conferences: Include Owner's construction personnel at preinstallation conferences covering portions of the Work that are to receive Owner's work. Attend preinstallation conferences conducted by Owner's construction personnel if portions of the Work depend on Owner's construction.

# 3.6 PROGRESS CLEANING

- A. General: Clean Project site and work areas daily, including common areas. Enforce requirements strictly. Dispose of materials lawfully.
  - 1. Comply with requirements of Owner for removal of combustible waste materials and debris.
  - 2. Do not hold waste materials more than seven days during normal weather or three days if the temperature is expected to rise above 80 deg. F.
  - 3. Containerize hazardous and unsanitary waste materials separately from other waste. Mark containers appropriately and dispose of legally, according to regulations.
    - a. Use containers intended for holding waste materials of type to be stored.
  - 4. Coordinate progress cleaning for joint-use areas where Contractor and other contractors are working concurrently.
- B. Site: Maintain Project site free of waste materials and debris.
- C. Work Areas: Clean areas where work is in progress to the level of cleanliness necessary for proper execution of the Work.

- 1. Remove liquid spills promptly.
- 2. Where dust would impair proper execution of the Work, broom-clean or vacuum the entire work area, as appropriate.
- D. Installed Work: Keep installed work clean. Clean installed surfaces according to written instructions of manufacturer or fabricator of product installed, using only cleaning materials specifically recommended. If specific cleaning materials are not recommended, use cleaning materials that are not hazardous to health or property and that will not damage exposed surfaces.
- E. Concealed Spaces: Remove debris from concealed spaces before enclosing the space.
- F. Exposed Surfaces in Finished Areas: Clean exposed surfaces and protect as necessary to ensure freedom from damage and deterioration at time of Substantial Completion.
- G. Waste Disposal: Do not bury or burn waste materials on-site. Do not wash waste materials down sewers or into waterways. Comply with waste disposal requirements as provided by the authorities having jurisdiction.
- H. During handling and installation, clean and protect construction in progress and adjoining materials already in place. Apply protective covering where required to ensure protection from damage or deterioration at Substantial Completion.
- I. Limiting Exposures: Supervise construction operations to assure that no part of the construction, completed or in progress, is subject to harmful, dangerous, damaging, or otherwise deleterious exposure during the construction period.

## 3.7 PROTECTION OF INSTALLED CONSTRUCTION

- A. Provide final protection and maintain conditions that ensure installed Work is without damage or deterioration at time of Substantial Completion.
- B. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for temperature and relative humidity.

END OF SECTION 017300

## SECTION 017700 - CLOSEOUT PROCEDURES

PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for contract closeout, including, but not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Substantial Completion procedures.
  - 2. Final completion procedures.
  - 3. Warranties.
  - 4. Final cleaning.
  - 5. Repair of the Work.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 013233 "Photographic Documentation" for submitting final completion construction photographic documentation.
  - 2. Section 017300 "Execution" for progress cleaning of Project site.

#### 1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For cleaning agents.
- B. Contractor's List of Incomplete Items: Initial submittal at Substantial Completion.
- C. Certified List of Incomplete Items: Final submittal at Final Completion.

## 1.3 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- A. Certificates of Release: From authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Certificate of Insurance: For continuing coverage.
- C. Field Report: For Roof Inspection.

# 1.4 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

A. Schedule of Maintenance Material Items: For maintenance material submittal items specified in other Sections.

# 1.5 SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION PROCEDURES

A. Contractor's List of Incomplete Items: Prepare and submit a list of items to be completed and corrected (Contractor's punch list), indicating the value of each item on the list and reasons why the Work is incomplete.

- B. Submittals Prior to Substantial Completion: Complete the following a minimum of 5 days prior to requesting inspection for determining date of Substantial Completion. List items below that are incomplete at time of request.
  - 1. Certificates of Release: Obtain and submit releases from authorities having jurisdiction permitting Owner unrestricted use of the Work and access to services and utilities. Include occupancy permits, operating certificates, and similar releases.
  - 2. Submit closeout submittals specified in other Division 01 Sections, including project record documents, operation and maintenance manuals, final completion construction photographic documentation, damage or settlement surveys, property surveys, and similar final record information.
  - 3. Submit closeout submittals specified in individual Sections, including specific warranties, workmanship bonds, maintenance service agreements, final certifications, and similar documents.
  - 4. Submit maintenance material submittals specified in individual Sections, including tools, spare parts, extra materials, and similar items, and deliver to location designated by Architect. Label with manufacturer's name and model number where applicable.
    - a. Schedule of Maintenance Material Items: Prepare and submit schedule of maintenance material submittal items, including name and quantity of each item and name and number of related Specification Section. Obtain Architects signature for receipt of submittals.
  - 5. Submit changeover information related to Owner's occupancy, use, operation, and maintenance.
- C. Procedures Prior to Substantial Completion: Complete the following a minimum of 5 days prior to requesting inspection for determining date of Substantial Completion. List items below that are incomplete at time of request.
  - 1. Advise Owner of pending insurance changeover requirements as required.
  - 2. Make final changeover of permanent locks and deliver keys to Owner. Advise Owner's personnel of changeover in security provisions.
  - 3. Perform preventive maintenance on equipment used prior to Substantial Completion.
  - 4. Participate with Owner in conducting inspection and walkthrough.
  - 5. Terminate and remove temporary facilities from Project site, along with mockups, construction tools, and similar elements.
  - 6. Complete final cleaning requirements, including touchup painting.
  - 7. Touch up and otherwise repair and restore marred exposed finishes to eliminate visual defects.
- D. Inspection: Submit a written request for inspection to determine Substantial Completion a minimum of 5 days prior to date the work will be completed and ready for final inspection. On receipt of request, Architect will either proceed with inspection or notify Contractor of unfulfilled requirements. Architect will prepare the Certificate of Substantial Completion after inspection or will notify Contractor of items, either on Contractor's list or additional items identified by Architect, that must be completed or corrected before certificate will be issued.
  - 1. Re-inspection: Request re-inspection when the Work identified in previous inspections as incomplete is completed or corrected.
  - 2. Results of completed inspection will form the basis of requirements for final completion.

# 1.6 FINAL COMPLETION PROCEDURES

- A. Submittals Prior to Final Completion: Before requesting final inspection for determining final completion, complete the following:
  - 1. Submit a final Application for Payment according to Section 012900 "Payment Procedures."

- Certified List of Incomplete Items: Submit certified copy of Architects Substantial Completion inspection list of items to be completed or corrected (punch list), endorsed and dated by Architect. Certified copy of the list shall state that each item has been completed or otherwise resolved for acceptance.
- 3. Certificate of Insurance: Submit evidence of final, continuing insurance coverage complying with insurance requirements.
- 4. Submit pest-control final inspection report.
- B. Inspection: Submit a written request for final inspection to determine acceptance a minimum of 5 days prior to date the work will be completed and ready for final inspection and tests. On receipt of request, Architect will either proceed with inspection or notify Contractor of unfulfilled requirements. Architect will prepare a final Certificate for Payment after inspection or will notify Contractor of construction that must be completed or corrected before certificate will be issued.
  - 1. Re-inspection: Request re-inspection when the Work identified in previous inspections as incomplete is completed or corrected.

# 1.7 LIST OF INCOMPLETE ITEMS (PUNCH LIST)

- A. Organization of List: Include name and identification of each space and area affected by construction operations for incomplete items and items needing correction including, if necessary, areas disturbed by Contractor that are outside the limits of construction. Use CSI Form 14.1A.
  - 1. Organize list of spaces in sequential order.
  - 2. Organize items applying to each space by major element, including categories for ceiling, individual walls, floors, equipment, and building systems.
  - 3. Include the following information at the top of each page:
    - a. Project name.
    - b. Date.
    - c. Name of Architect.
    - d. Name of Contractor.
    - e. Page number.
  - 4. Submit list of incomplete items in the following format:
    - a. Three 3 paper copies. Architect will return 2 copies.

# 1.8 SUBMITTAL OF PROJECT WARRANTIES

- A. Time of Submittal: Submit written warranties on request of Architect for designated portions of the Work where commencement of warranties other than date of Substantial Completion is indicated, or when delay in submittal of warranties might limit Owner's rights under warranty.
- B. Partial Occupancy: Submit properly executed warranties within 10 days of completion of designated portions of the Work that are completed and occupied or used by Owner during construction period by separate agreement with Contractor.
- C. Organize warranty documents into an orderly sequence based on the table of contents of Project Manual.
  - 1. Bind warranties and bonds in heavy-duty, three-ring, vinyl-covered, loose-leaf binders, thickness as necessary to accommodate contents, and sized to receive 8-1/2-by-11-inch paper.

- 2. Provide heavy paper dividers with plastic-covered tabs for each separate warranty. Mark tab to identify the product or installation. Provide a typed description of the product or installation, including the name of the product and the name, address, and telephone number of Installer.
- 3. Identify each binder on the front and spine with the typed or printed title "WARRANTIES," Project name, and name of Contractor.
- D. Provide additional copies of each warranty to include in operation and maintenance manuals.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

- 2.1 MATERIALS
  - 1. Use cleaning products that comply with Green Seal's GS-37, or if GS-37 is not applicable, use products that comply with the Florida Code of Regulations maximum allowable VOC levels.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 FINAL CLEANING

- A. General: Perform final cleaning. Conduct cleaning and waste-removal operations to comply with local laws and ordinances and Federal and local environmental and antipollution regulations.
- B. Cleaning: Employ experienced workers or professional cleaners for final cleaning. Clean each surface or unit to condition expected in an average commercial building cleaning and maintenance program. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions.
  - 1. Complete the following cleaning operations before requesting inspection for certification of Substantial Completion for entire Project or for a designated portion of Project:
    - a. Clean Project site, yard, and grounds, in areas disturbed by construction activities, including landscape development areas, of rubbish, waste material, litter, and other foreign substances.
    - b. Sweep paved areas broom clean. Remove petrochemical spills, stains, and other foreign deposits.
    - c. Rake grounds that are neither planted nor paved to a smooth, even-textured surface.
    - d. Remove tools, construction equipment, machinery, and surplus material from Project site.
    - e. Clean exposed areas affected by this reroofing including exterior and interior hard-surfaced finishes to a dirt-free condition, free of stains, films, and similar foreign substances. Avoid disturbing natural weathering of exterior surfaces. Restore reflective surfaces to their original condition.
    - f. Remove debris and surface dust from limited access spaces, including roofs, plenums, , attics, and similar spaces.
    - g. Remove labels that are not permanent.
    - h. Leave Project clean and ready for occupancy.
- C. Construction Waste Disposal: Comply with waste disposal requirements of Owner and authorities having jurisdiction.

- 3.2 REPAIR OF THE WORK
- A. Complete repair and restoration operations before requesting inspection for determination of Substantial Completion.
- B. Repair or remove and replace defective construction. Repairing includes replacing defective parts, refinishing damaged surfaces, touching up with matching materials, and properly adjusting operating equipment. Where damaged or worn items cannot be repaired or restored, provide replacements. Remove and replace operating components that cannot be repaired. Restore damaged construction and permanent facilities used during construction to specified condition.
  - 1. Replace parts subject to operating conditions during construction that may impede operation or reduce longevity.

END OF SECTION 017700

#### SECTION 024119 - SELECTIVE DEMOLITION

PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including owner provided General Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

#### A. Section Includes:

- 1. Demolition and removal of selected portions of building or structure.
- 2. Demolition and removal of selected site elements.
- 3. Salvage of existing items to be reused or recycled.

4.

#### B. Related Requirements:

- 1. Section 011000 "Summary" for restrictions on the use of the premises, Owner-occupancy requirements, and phasing requirements.
- 2. Section 017300 "Execution" for cutting and patching procedures.

## 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Remove: Detach items from existing construction and legally dispose of them off-site unless indicated to be removed and salvaged or removed and reinstalled.
- B. Remove and Salvage: Carefully detach from existing construction, in a manner to prevent damage, and deliver to Owner.
- C. Remove and Reinstall: Detach items from existing construction, store out of elements until ready for reinstall, prepare for reuse, and reinstall where indicated.
- D. Existing to Remain: Existing items of construction that are not to be permanently removed and that are not otherwise indicated to be removed, removed and salvaged, or removed and reinstalled.

#### 1.4 MATERIALS OWNERSHIP

A. Unless otherwise indicated, demolition waste becomes property of Contractor.

- 1.5 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS
- A. Pre-demolition Conference: To be conducted at job start-up.
  - 1. Inspect and discuss condition of construction to be selectively demolished.
  - 2. Review structural load limitations of existing structure.
  - 3. Review and finalize selective demolition schedule and verify availability of materials, demolition personnel, equipment, and facilities needed to make progress and avoid delays.
  - 4. Review areas where existing construction is to remain and requires protection.

## 1.6 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Proposed Protection Measures: Submit report, including drawings, that indicates the measures proposed for protecting individuals and property **for** environmental protection, for dust control and for noise control. Indicate proposed locations and construction of barriers.
  - 1. Detailed sequence of selective demolition and removal work, with starting and ending dates for each activity. Ensure Owner's on-site operations are uninterrupted.
  - 2. Interruption of utility services. Indicate how long utility services will be interrupted.
  - 3. Coordination for shutoff, capping, and continuation of utility services.
  - 4. Use of elevator and stairs.
  - 5. Coordination of Owner's continuing occupancy of portions of existing building and of Owner's partial occupancy of completed Work.
- B. Pre-demolition Photographs and Drawing Documentation: Submit before Work begins.

## 1.7 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Landfill Records: Indicate receipt and acceptance of hazardous wastes if applicable by a landfill facility licensed to accept hazardous wastes.

## 1.8 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Owner will occupy portions of building under demolition area. Conduct selective demolition so Owner's operations will not be disrupted.
- B. Conditions existing at time of inspection for bidding purpose will be maintained by Owner as far as practical.
- C. Notify Architect of discrepancies between existing conditions and Drawings before proceeding with selective demolition.
- D. Hazardous Materials: It is not expected that hazardous materials will be encountered in the Work.
  - 1. Hazardous materials if any will be removed by Owner before start of the Work.
  - 2. If suspected hazardous materials are encountered, do not disturb; immediately notify Architect and Owner. Hazardous materials will be removed by Owner under a separate contract.
- E. Storage or sale of removed items or materials on-site is not permitted.
- F. Utility Service: Maintain existing utilities indicated to remain in service and protect them against damage during selective demolition operations.

1. Maintain fire-protection facilities in service during selective demolition operations.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 PEFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with governing EPA notification regulations before beginning selective demolition. Comply with hauling and disposal regulations of authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Standards: Comply with ANSI/ASSE A10.6 and NFPA 241.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that utilities have been disconnected and capped before starting selective demolition operations as required.
- B. Review record documents of existing construction provided by Owner. Owner does not guarantee that existing conditions are same as those indicated in record documents.
- C. Survey existing conditions and correlate with requirements indicated to determine extent of selective demolition required.
- D. When unanticipated mechanical, electrical, or structural elements that conflict with intended function or design are encountered, investigate and measure the nature and extent of conflict. Promptly submit a written report to Architect.
- E. Survey of Existing Conditions: Record existing conditions by use of photographs and drawings. The drawings and photographs are to be a permanent record as per historic preservation requirements.
  - 1. Comply with requirements specified in Section 013233 "Photographic Documentation."
  - 2. Inventory and record the condition of items to be removed and salvaged. Provide photographs of conditions that might be misconstrued as damage caused by salvage operations.
  - 3. Before selective demolition or removal of existing building elements that will be reproduced or duplicated in final Work, make permanent record of measurements, materials, and construction details required to make exact reproduction.

# 3.2 UTILITY SERVICES AND MECHANICAL/ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

- A. Existing Services/Systems to Remain: Maintain services/systems indicated to remain and protect them against damage.
  - 1. Comply with requirements for existing services/systems interruptions specified in Section 011000 "Summary."

- 3.3 PREPARATION
- A. Site Access and Temporary Controls: Conduct selective demolition and debris-removal operations to ensure minimum interference with roads, streets, walks, walkways, and other adjacent occupied and used facilities.
  - 1. Comply with requirements for access and protection as required by owner.
- B. Temporary Facilities: Provide temporary barricades and other protection required to prevent injury to people and damage to adjacent buildings and facilities to remain.
  - 1. Provide protection to ensure safe passage of people around selective demolition area and to and from occupied portions of building.
  - 2. Provide temporary weather protection, during interval between selective demolition of existing construction on exterior surfaces and new construction, to prevent water leakage and damage to structure and interior areas.
  - 3. Protect walls, ceilings, floors, and other existing finish work that are to remain or that are exposed during selective demolition operations.
  - 4. Comply with requirements for temporary enclosures, dust control, heating, and cooling as required by owner.
- C. Temporary Shoring: Provide and maintain shoring, bracing, and structural supports as required to preserve stability and prevent movement, settlement, or collapse of construction and finishes to remain, and to prevent unexpected or uncontrolled movement or collapse of construction being demolished.
  - 1. Strengthen or add new supports when required during progress of selective demolition.

#### 3.4 SELECTIVE DEMOLITION, GENERAL

- A. General: Demolish and remove existing construction only to the extent required by new construction and as indicated. Use methods required to complete the Work within limitations of governing regulations and as follows:
  - 1. Proceed with selective demolition systematically, from higher to lower level. Complete selective demolition operations above each floor or tier before disturbing supporting members on the next lower level.
  - 2. Remove decayed, vermin-infested, or otherwise dangerous or unsuitable materials and promptly dispose of off-site.
  - 3. Locate selective demolition equipment and remove debris and materials so as not to impose excessive loads on supporting walls, floors, or framing.
  - 4. Dispose of demolished items and materials promptly.
- B. Reuse of Building Elements: Project has been designed to result in end-of-Project rates for reuse of building elements as follows. Do not demolish building elements beyond what is indicated on Drawings without Architect's approval.
- C. Existing Items to Remain: Protect construction indicated to remain against damage and soiling during selective demolition. When permitted by Owner, items may be removed to a suitable, protected storage location during selective demolition and reinstalled in their original locations after selective demolition operations are complete.

## 3.5 SELECTIVE DEMOLITION PROCEDURES FOR SPECIFIC MATERIALS

- A. Roofing: Remove no more existing roofing than what can be covered in one day by new roofing and so that building interior remains watertight and weathertight.
  - 1. Only remove portions of existing metal roof as indicated on the drawings.
  - 2. Remove all gutters and downspouts.

# 3.6 DISPOSAL OF DEMOLISHED MATERIALS

- A. General: Except for items or materials indicated to be reused, salvaged, reinstalled, or otherwise indicated to remain Owner's property, remove demolished materials from Project site and legally dispose of them in an approved landfill.
  - 1. Do not allow demolished materials to accumulate on-site.
  - 2. Remove and transport debris in a manner that will prevent spillage on adjacent surfaces and areas.
  - 3. Remove debris from elevated portions of building by chute, hoist, or other device that will convey debris to grade level in a controlled descent.
- B. Burning: Do not burn demolished materials.
- C. Disposal: Transport demolished materials and dispose of at designated spoil areas on Owner's property.
- D. Disposal: Transport demolished materials off Owner's property and legally dispose of them.

## 3.7 CLEANING

A. Clean adjacent structures and improvements of dust, dirt, and debris caused by selective demolition operations. Return adjacent areas to condition existing before selective demolition operations began.

END OF SECTION 024119

# 040100 GENERAL CLEANING OF EXTERIOR BRICK MASONRY

# PART 1---GENERAL

#### 1.01 SUMMARY

- A. This procedure includes guidance on cleaning exterior brick masonry.
- B. Safety Precautions:

1. The work specified herein requires knowledge of older materials and methods and a high degree of skill to execute properly. This work should be performed only by an experienced, prequalified contractor. It is not recommended that building maintenance personnel perform this work.

2. This outline specification contains recommended materials which may be toxic. The manufacturer's literature on application techniques, appropriate protection for workers and disposal procedures for materials should be complied with in conjunction with all regulatory requirements referenced in this document.

- C. See 01100-07-S for general project guidelines to be reviewed along with this procedure. These guidelines cover the following sections:
  - 1. Safety Precautions
  - 2. Historic Structures Precautions
  - 3. Submittals
  - 4. Quality Assurance
  - 5. Delivery, Storage and Handling
  - 6. Project/Site Conditions
  - 7. Sequencing and Scheduling
  - 8. General Protection (Surface and Surrounding)
- D. These guidelines should be reviewed prior to performing this procedure and should be followed, when applicable, along with recommendations from the State Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO).

## 1.02 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data:

- Submit manufacturer's product literature instructions for use, and Material Safety Data Sheets(MSDS) to the Architect and preservation specialist or the designated representative for all cleaning materials.
- 2. Prior to commencing the cleaning operations, the Contractor shall submit to the Architect and preservation specialist or the designated representative a written description of the entire methods and procedures proposed for cleaning the masonry including, but not limited to: Method of application, dilution of application, temperature of application, length of time of surface contact, method of rinsing surface (temperature, pressure, and duration), repetition of procedures, etc.

- 3. Prior to commencing the cleaning operations, the Contractor shall submit to the Architect and preservation specialist or the designated representative for approval, a written description of proposed materials and methods of protection for preventing damage to adjacent materials, vehicular and pedestrian traffic, and the building interior during the cleaning of masonry.
- B. Samples:
  - The Contractor shall clean a sample panel(s), approximately 3' x 3' in area, on each type of masonry included in the work of this section for approval by the Architect and preservation specialist. Locations of sample panels to be selected by the Architect and preservation specialist or the designated representative.
  - 2. Adjust the chemical concentrations, working pressures and methodologies during test panel cleaning, as directed by the Architect and preservation specialist or the designated representative.
  - 3. Sample panels shall be cleaned by the Contractor using methods, materials, and working pressures previously submitted and approved. Sample panel cleaning shall be performed in the presence of the Architect and preservation specialist or the designated representative. The working pressures during sample panel cleaning shall be varied up to the previously submitted and approved capacities to determine the best working pressure.
  - 4. Where chemical cleaners and poultices are tested, the manufacturer's representative shall be present during testing.
  - 5. The Contractor shall obtain written approval from the Architect and preservation specialist or the designated representative of cleaning methods, working pressures, materials, equipment used and sample panels before proceeding with building cleaning operations. For this written approval purpose, the Contractor shall allow a minimum of seven calendar days after completion of sample cleaning to permit the Architect and preservation specialist of the designated representative to study the sample panels for negative reaction. Retain approved panels in unaltered condition, suitably designated during construction as a standard for judging completed work.

## 1.03 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Qualifications:
  - 1. Comply with municipal and federal regulations governing all work included in this section and including, but not limited to waste disposal.
  - 2. General Objective: The objectives of masonry cleaning are to remove dirt, grime and coatings from masonry without damaging underlying material and to give all masonry a clean, uniform appearance without blotches, streaks, runs, or any other kind of spotty appearance. Too aggressive cleaning shall not be acceptable.
  - 3. Cleaning Standard: Prepare sample panels for approval which shall establish a standard for general brick and stone cleaning. General cleaning shall not commence until written approval is obtained from the Architect and preservation specialist or the designated representative.
  - 4. Contractor: The work of this section shall be performed by a specialist possessing a minimum of five (5) years of specialized experience in the cleaning of historic architectural masonry similar to that which is required by this project. Contractors shall submit to the Architect and preservation specialist or the designated representative references of previous work justifying their experience. The Architect and preservation specialist or the designated representative reserves the right to approve or disapprove the use of Contractors contingent upon their experience.

- 5. In the event that the Contractor wishes to modify any cleaning method specified, he shall submit his proposal in writing for consideration and review. The Architect and preservation specialist of the designated representative will have the right to ask for test samples before final approval. Any such modifications or changes shall be at no additional cost to the Owner.
- B. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with Municipal and Federal regulations governing the cleaning, chemical waste disposal, product safety, scaffolding and protection to workers and adjacent properties.

#### 1.04 PROJECT/SITE CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Requirements:
  - No cleaning shall be executed when air or masonry surface temperature is below 45 degrees (F.), unless adequate, approved means are provided for maintaining a 45 degrees (F.), temperature of the air and materials during, and for 48 hours subsequent to, cleaning.
  - 2. Perform cleaning and washing of the exterior masonry only during hours of natural daylight

#### PART 2---PRODUCTS

#### 2.01 MANUFACTURERS

- A. ProSoCo, Inc.
- B. Diedrich Technologies, Inc.

#### 2.02 MATERIALS

- A. Masonry Cleaner: Commercially available very mild blend of inhibited acidic ingredients and wetting agents specifically formulated for restorative cleaning of brick and natural stone surfaces such as "Sure Klean Restoration Cleaner" (ProSoCo, Inc.), "101 G Granite, Terra Cotta and Brick Restoration Cleaner" (Diedrich Technologies), or approved equal.
  - 1. Masonry cleaner should have the following physical characteristics:

Form: Clear liquid pH: 1.2 Specific Gravity (Typical): 1.05

- B. Water: Potable, non-staining and free of oils, acids, alkalis and organic matter.
- C. Liquid Strippable Masking Agent: Manufacturer's standard liquid, film forming, strippable masking material for protecting glass, metal and polished stone surfaces from damaging effect of acidic and alkaline masonry cleaners, such as "Sure Klean Strippable Masking" (ProSoCo, Inc.), or approved equal.

#### 2.03 EQUIPMENT

- A. Brushes: Natural fiber bristle only. The use of wire brushes or steel wool is not permitted.
- B. Garden hose with fan tip nozzles

PART 3---EXECUTION

#### 3.01 PREPARATION

- A. Protection:
  - Take all necessary precautions and measures to protect surrounding materials on the site, surfaces of the building not being cleaned, adjacent buildings, pedestrians and vehicles from coming in contact with cleaning chemicals, over spray, or runoff. Products used for masonry cleaning may be harmful to painted, polished, glazed, or metallic surfaces. Any damage to materials caused by the cleaning operations is unacceptable and shall be repaired or replaced by the Contractor to the satisfaction of the Architect and preservation specialist or the designated representative at no cost to the Government.
  - 2. Provide protection from water damage to building, structure, or building contents as required.
  - 3. Protect trees and plants around the building from contamination or damage as directed by the Architect and preservation specialist or the designated representative. The Contractor shall be responsible for replacing with new stock any trees, shrubs, perennials, annuals, or grass damaged by the cleaning operations.
  - 4. Test all drains and other water removal systems to assure that drains and systems are functioning properly prior to performing any cleaning operations. Notify Architect and preservation specialist or the designated representative immediately of any and all drains or systems that are found to be stopped or blocked. Contractor shall repair drains if so directed by the Architect and preservation specialist or the designated representative. Do not begin work of this Section until the drains are in working order.
  - 5. Provide a method to prevent solids such as stone or mortar residue from entering the drains or drain lines. Contractor shall be responsible for cleaning out drains and drain lines that become blocked or filled by sand or other solids because of work performed under this Contract.

## 3.03 ERECTION, INSTALLATION, APPLICATION

- A. Dilute masonry cleaner with 16 parts water to 1 part concentrate, or use appropriate dilution based on sample panel cleaning. When diluting, always pour water into empty bucket first, then carefully add concentrate. Handle in rubber or polyethylene buckets only. Acidic liquids and fumes will attack metal.
- B. After protecting all non-masonry surfaces, thoroughly wet the area to be cleaned.
- C. Apply the cleaning solution liberally using low pressure spray (50 psi), roller or densely filled (tampico) masonry washing brush. Do not apply restoration cleaner with high pressure spray. Such application will drive the chemicals deep into the surface, making it difficult to rinse completely. Discoloration to the surface may result.
- D. Allow the cleaning solution to remain on the surface for three to five minutes in accordance with approved test procedures. Light scrubbing of the surface will improve cleaning results. Caution: Do not allow cleaning solution to "dry in" to the masonry as bleaching may result.
  - 1. Begin rinsing with low pressure flood rinse to remove initial acidic residue with minimum risk of wind drift.
  - 2. Then rinse the treated area thoroughly using pressurized cold water. Rinse water pressure shall not exceed 300 psi, and shall be sprayed through nozzles fitted with 15 to 20" wide tips. Nozzles shall be held perpendicular to the surface at a working distance of 1.4 to 2.0 feet. All pressure pumps shall be equipped with working pressure gauges.
  - 3. Rinse from the bottom of the treated area to the top flushing each section of the surface with a concentrated stream of water. To avoid streaking on vertical walls, take care to keep the wall below wet and rinsed free of cleaner and residues.

- 4. Application of rinse water is extremely important to assure that all surface staining matters and cleaning residues are thoroughly flushed from the treated surface.
- E. Surrounding stone surfaces below the section of brick to be cleaned shall be pre-wetted and rinsed periodically during cleaning operations to prevent etching of stone.
- F. The surfaces below the sections of brick to be cleaned shall be protected from run-off.
- G. Repeat procedures if necessary to remove heavier build-up of soiling.

# END OF SECTION

# SECTION 040120.63 - BRICK MASONRY REPAIR

## PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Repairing brick masonry, including replacing units.
  - 2. Removing abandoned anchors.
  - 3. Painting steel uncovered during the work.
  - 4. Providing new reinforcement and anchorage.

#### 1.3 UNIT PRICES

- A. Work of this Section is affected by unit prices specified in Section 012200 "Unit Prices."
  - 1. Unit prices apply to authorized work covered by estimated quantities.
  - 2. Unit prices apply to additions to and deletions from Work as authorized by Change Orders.

#### 1.4 DEFINITIONS

- A. Low-Pressure Spray: 100 to 400 psi (690 to 2750 kPa); 4 to 6 gpm (0.25 to 0.4 L/s)
- B. Rebuilding (Setting) Mortar: Mortar used to set and anchor masonry in a structure, distinct from pointing mortar installed after masonry is set in place.
- C. Saturation Coefficient: Ratio of the weight of water absorbed during immersion in cold water to weight absorbed during immersion in boiling water; used as an indication of resistance of masonry units to freezing and thawing.

## 1.5 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

- A. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference to be determined by the General Contractor.
  - 1. Review methods and procedures related to brick masonry repair including, but not limited to, the following:
    - a. Verify brick masonry repair specialist's personnel, equipment, and facilities needed to make progress and avoid delays.
    - b. Materials, material application, sequencing, tolerances, and required clearances.
    - c. Quality-control program.

d. Coordination with building occupants.

## 1.6 SEQUENCING AND SCHEDULING

- A. Order sand for colored mortar immediately after approval of samples and mockup. Take delivery of and store at Project site enough quantity to complete Project.
- B. Work Sequence: Perform brick masonry repair work in the following sequence, which includes work specified in this and other Sections:
  - 1. Remove plant growth.
  - 2. Inspect masonry for open mortar joints and point them before cleaning to prevent the intrusion of water and other cleaning materials into the wall.
  - 3. Clean masonry. Refer to Section 040100 General Cleaning of Exterior Brick Masonry.
  - 4. Rake out mortar from joints surrounding masonry to be replaced and from joints adjacent to masonry repairs along joints.
  - 5. Repair masonry, including replacing existing masonry with new masonry materials.
  - 6. Rake out mortar from joints to be repointed.
  - 7. Point mortar and sealant joints.
  - 8. After repairs and repointing have been completed and cured, perform a final cleaning to remove residues from this work.
  - 9. Where water repellents are to be used on or near masonry work, delay application of these chemicals until after pointing and cleaning.
- C. Scaffolding shall not to be attached to the existing structure.

## 1.7 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
  - 1. Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes.
  - 2. Include recommendations for product application and use. Include test data substantiating that products comply with requirements.
- B. Shop Drawings:
  - 1. Include plans, elevations, sections, and locations of replacement masonry units on the structure, showing relation of existing and new or relocated units.
  - 2. Show provisions for expansion joints or other sealant joints.
  - 3. Show provisions for flashing, conduits, and weep holes as required.
  - 4. Show locations of scaffolding. Scaffolding should not come in contact with the brick or any part to the historic structure.
- C. Samples for Initial Selection: For the following:
  - 1. Colored Mortar: Submit sets of mortar that will be left exposed in the form of sample mortar strips, 6 inches (150 mm) long by 1/2 inch (13 mm) wide, set in aluminum or plastic channels.
    - a. Have each set contain a close color range of at least **six** samples of different mixes of colored sands and cements that produce a mortar matching existing,

cleaned mortar when cured and dry. Provide more samples if directed by the Owner and/or the Architect.

- b. Submit with precise measurements on ingredients, proportions, gradations, and source of colored sands from which each Sample was made.
- 2. Sand Types Used for Mortar: Minimum 8 oz. (240 mL) of each in plastic screw-top jars.
- 3. Patching Compound: Submit sets of patching compound Samples in the form of plugs (patches in drilled holes) in sample units of masonry representative of the range of masonry colors on the building.
  - a. Have each set contain a close color range of at least **six s**amples of different mixes of patching compound that matches the variations in existing masonry when cured and dry. Provide more samples if directed by the Owner and/or the Architect.
- 4. Include similar Samples of accessories involving color selection.
- D. Samples for Verification: For the following:
  - 1. Each type of brick unit to be used for replacing existing units. Include sets of Samples to show the full range of shape, color, and texture to be expected. For each brick type, provide straps or panels containing at least four bricks. Include multiple straps for brick with a wide range.
  - 2. Each type of patching compound in the form of briquettes, at least 3 inches (75 mm) long by 1-1/2 inches (38 mm) wide. Document each Sample with manufacturer and stock number or other information necessary to order additional material.
  - 3. Accessories: Each type of accessory and miscellaneous support.

## 1.8 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Qualification Data: For brick masonry repair specialist, including field supervisors and workers and testing service.
- B. Preconstruction Test Reports: For existing masonry units and mortar and replacement masonry units.
- C. Quality-control program.

## 1.9 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Brick Masonry Repair Specialist Qualifications: Engage an experienced brick masonry repair firm to perform work of this Section. Firm shall have completed work similar in material, design, and extent to that indicated for this Project with a record of successful in-service performance. Experience in only installing masonry is insufficient experience for masonry repair work.
  - 1. Field Supervision: Brick masonry repair specialist firm shall maintain experienced fulltime supervisors on Project site during times that brick masonry repair work is in progress.
  - 2. Brick Masonry Repair Worker Qualifications: When masonry units are being patched, assign at least one worker per crew who is trained and certified by manufacturer of patching compound to apply its products for historic preservation projects.
- B. Quality-Control Program: Prepare a written quality-control program for this Project to systematically demonstrate the ability of personnel to properly follow methods and use materials

and tools without damaging masonry. Include provisions for supervising performance and preventing damage.

- C. Mockups: Prepare mockups of brick masonry repair to demonstrate aesthetic effects and to set quality standards for materials and execution and for fabrication and installation.
  - Masonry Repair: Prepare sample areas for each type of masonry repair work performed. If not otherwise indicated, size each mockup not smaller than two adjacent whole units or approximately 48 inches (1200 mm) in least dimension. Construct sample areas in locations in existing walls where directed by Architect unless otherwise indicated. Demonstrate quality of materials, workmanship, and blending with existing work. Include the following as a minimum:
    - a. Replacement: **Four** brick units replaced.
    - b. Patching: Three small holes at least 1 inch (25 mm) in diameter for each type of brick indicated to be patched.
  - 2. Approval of mockups does not constitute approval of deviations from the Contract Documents contained in mockups unless Architect specifically approves such deviations in writing.
  - 3. Subject to compliance with requirements, approved mockups may become part of the completed Work if undisturbed at time of Substantial Completion.

# 1.10 PRECONSTRUCTION TESTING

- A. Preconstruction Testing Service: **Engage** a qualified testing agency to perform preconstruction testing on masonry units as follows:
  - 1. Provide test specimens as indicated and representative of proposed materials and existing construction.
  - 2. Replacement Brick: Test each proposed type of replacement masonry unit according to sampling and testing methods in ASTM C 67 for compressive strength, 24-hour cold-water absorption, five-hour boil absorption, saturation coefficient, and initial rate of absorption (suction).
  - 3. Existing Brick: Test each type of existing masonry unit indicated for replacement according to testing methods in ASTM C 67 for compressive strength, 24-hour cold-water absorption, five-hour boil absorption, saturation coefficient, and initial rate of absorption (suction). Carefully remove five existing units from locations designated by Architect. Take testing samples from these units.
  - 4. Existing Mortar: Test according to ASTM C 295/C 295M, modified as agreed by testing service and Architect for Project requirements, to determine proportional composition of original ingredients, sizes and colors of aggregates, and approximate strength.
  - 5. Temporary Patch: As directed by Architect, provide temporary materials followed by permanent repairs at locations from which existing samples were taken.

## 1.11 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver masonry units to Project site strapped together in suitable packs or pallets or in heavyduty cartons and protected against impact and chipping.
- B. Deliver packaged materials to Project site in manufacturer's original and unopened containers, labeled with manufacturer's name and type of products.

- C. Store cementitious materials on elevated platforms, under cover, and in a dry location. Do not use cementitious materials that have become damp.
- D. Store hydrated lime in manufacturer's original and unopened containers. Discard lime if containers have been damaged or have been opened for more than two days.
- E. Store sand where grading and other required characteristics can be maintained and contamination avoided.
- F. Handle masonry units to prevent overstressing, chipping, defacement, and other damage.

#### 1.12 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Weather Limitations: Proceed with installation only when existing and forecasted weather conditions permit brick masonry repair work to be performed according to product manufacturers' written instructions and specified requirements.
- B. Temperature Limits, General: Repair masonry units only when air temperature is between 40 and 90 deg F (4 and 32 deg C) and is predicted to remain so for at least seven days after completion of the Work unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Cold-Weather Requirements: Comply with the following procedures for masonry repair unless otherwise indicated:
  - 1. When air temperature is below 40 deg F (4 deg C), heat mortar ingredients, masonry repair materials, and existing masonry walls to produce temperatures between 40 and 120 deg F (4 and 49 deg C).
  - 2. When mean daily air temperature is below 40 deg F (4 deg C), provide enclosure and heat to maintain temperatures above 32 deg F (0 deg C) within the enclosure for seven days after repair.
- D. Hot-Weather Requirements: Protect masonry repairs when temperature and humidity conditions produce excessive evaporation of water from mortar and repair materials. Provide artificial shade and wind breaks, and use cooled materials as required to minimize evaporation. Do not apply mortar to substrates with temperatures of 90 deg F (32 deg C) and above unless otherwise indicated.
- E. For manufactured repair materials, perform work within the environmental limits set by each manufacturer.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 MATERIALS, GENERAL

A. Source Limitations: Obtain each type of material for repairing brick masonry (brick, cement, sand, etc.) from single source with resources to provide materials of consistent quality in appearance and physical properties.

## 2.2 MASONRY MATERIALS

A. Face Brick: As required to complete brick masonry repair work.

- 1. Brick Matching Existing: Units with colors, color variation within units, surface texture, size, and shape that match existing brickwork and with physical properties within 10 percent of those determined from preconstruction testing of selected existing units.
  - a. For existing brickwork that exhibits a range of colors or color variation within units, provide brick that proportionally matches that range and variation rather than brick that matches an individual color within that range.
- 2. Brick Matching Architect's Sample: Units with colors, color variation within units, surface texture, and physical properties that match Architect's sample. Match existing units in size and shape.
  - a. For Architect's sample that exhibits a range of colors or color variation within units, provide brick that proportionally matches that range rather than brick that matches an individual color within that range.
- 3. Special Shapes:
  - a. Provide molded, 100 percent solid shapes for applications where core holes or "frogs" could be exposed to view or weather when in final position and where shapes produced by sawing would result in sawed surfaces being exposed to view.
  - b. Provide specially ground units, shaped to match patterns, for arches and where indicated.
  - c. Mechanical chopping or breaking brick, or bonding pieces of brick together by adhesive, are unacceptable procedures for fabricating special shapes.
- 4. Tolerances as Fabricated: According to tolerance requirements in ASTM C 216, Type FBS.
- B. Building Brick: ASTM C 62, of same vertical dimension as face brick, for masonry work concealed from view.
  - 1. Grade SW where in contact with earth.
  - 2. **Grade SW or MW** for concealed backup.

## 2.3 MORTAR MATERIALS

- A. Portland Cement: ASTM C 150/C 150M, Type I or Type II, except Type III may be used for coldweather construction; white or match existing in color, type and material makeup.
  - 1. Provide cement containing not more than 0.60 percent total alkali when tested according to ASTM C 114.
- B. Hydrated Lime: ASTM C 207, Type S.
- C. Masonry Cement: ASTM C 91/C 91M.
- D. Mortar Cement: ASTM C 1329/C 1329M.
- E. Mortar Sand: ASTM C 144.

- 1. Exposed Mortar: Match size, texture, and gradation of existing mortar sand as closely as possible. Blend several sands if necessary to achieve suitable match.
- 2. Colored Mortar: Natural sand or ground marble, granite, or other sound stone of color necessary to produce required mortar color.
- F. Mortar Pigments: ASTM C 979/C 979M, compounded for use in mortar mixes, and having a record of satisfactory performance in masonry mortars.
- G. Water: Potable.

## 2.4 MANUFACTURED REPAIR MATERIALS

- A. Brick Patching Compound: Factory-mixed cementitious product that is custom manufactured for patching brick masonry.
  - 1. Use formulation that is vapor and water permeable (equal to or more than the masonry unit), exhibits low shrinkage, has lower modulus of elasticity than masonry units being repaired, and develops high bond strength to all types of masonry.
  - 2. Use formulation having working qualities and retardation control to permit forming and sculpturing where necessary.
  - 3. Formulate patching compound in colors and textures to match each masonry unit being patched. Provide sufficient number of colors to enable matching of the color, texture, and variation of each unit.

# 2.5 ACCESSORY MATERIALS

- A. Setting Buttons and Shims: Resilient plastic, nonstaining to masonry, sized to suit joint thicknesses and bed depths of masonry units, less the required depth of pointing materials unless removed before pointing.
- B. Masking Tape: Nonstaining, nonabsorbent material; compatible with mortar, joint primers, sealants, and surfaces adjacent to joints; and that easily comes off entirely, including adhesive.
- C. Other Products: Select materials and methods of use based on the following, subject to approval of a mockup:
  - 1. Previous effectiveness in performing the work involved.
  - 2. Minimal possibility of damaging exposed surfaces.
  - 3. Consistency of each application.
  - 4. Uniformity of the resulting overall appearance.
  - 5. Do not use products or tools that could leave residue on surfaces.

# 2.6 MORTAR MIXES

- A. Measurement and Mixing: Measure cementitious materials and sand in a dry condition by volume or equivalent weight. Do not measure by shovel; use known measure. Mix materials in a clean, mechanical batch mixer.
- B. Colored Mortar: Produce mortar of color required by using specified ingredients. Do not alter specified proportions without Architect's approval.
  - 1. Mortar Pigments: Where mortar pigments are indicated, do not add pigment exceeding 10 percent by weight of the cementitious or binder materials, except for carbon black

which is limited to 2 percent, unless otherwise demonstrated by a satisfactory history of performance.

- C. Do not use admixtures in mortar unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Mixes: Mix mortar materials in the following proportions to match existing in color and physical properties.
- 2.7 Reinforcement and Anchorage
  - A. Adjustable Multiple Wythe Joint Reinforcement: ASTM A951/A951M.
    - 1. Type: Truss, with adjustable ties or tabs spaced at 16 in (406 mm) on center.
    - 2. Material: ASTM A1064/A1064Msteel wire, hot dip galvanized after fabrication to ASTM A153/A153MClass B.
    - 3. Size: 0.1875 inch (4.8 mm) side rods with 0.1483 inch (3.8 mm) cross rods and adjustable components of 0.1875 inch (4.8 mm)wire, width of components as required to provide not less than 5/8 inch (16 mm) of mortar coverage from each masonry face.
    - 4. Vertical adjustment: Not more than 1 1/4 inches (32 mm).
    - 5. Seismic Feature: Provide lip, hook, or clip on extended leg of wall ties to engage or enclose not less than one continuous horizontal joint reinforcement wire of 0.1483 inch (3.8 mm) diameter.
    - 6. Insulation Clips: Provide clips at tabs or ties designed to secure insulation against outer face of inner wythe of masonry.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 REPAIR SPECIALIST

A. Brick Masonry Repair Specialist Firms: Subject to compliance with requirements, and have 5 years of experience in historic brick repair.

## 3.2 PROTECTION

- A. Prevent mortar from staining face of surrounding masonry and other surfaces.
  - 1. Cover sills, ledges, and other projecting items to protect them from mortar droppings.
  - 2. Keep wall area wet below rebuilding and repair work to discourage mortar from adhering.
  - 3. Immediately remove mortar splatters in contact with exposed masonry and other surfaces.
- B. Remove gutters and downspouts and associated hardware. Coordinate installation of new gutters and downspouts with brick work.
  - 1. Provide temporary rain drainage during work to direct water away from building.

## 3.3 MASONRY REPAIR, GENERAL

A. Appearance Standard: Repaired surfaces are to have a uniform appearance as viewed from 10 feet away by Architect.

## 3.4 ABANDONED ANCHOR REMOVAL

- A. Remove abandoned anchors, brackets, wood nailers, and other extraneous items **no longer in use unless indicated to remain**.
  - 1. Remove items carefully to avoid spalling or cracking masonry.
  - 2. Notify Architect before proceeding if an item cannot be removed without damaging surrounding masonry. Do the following where directed:
    - a. Cut or grind off item approximately 3/4 inch (20 mm) beneath surface and core drill a recess of same depth in surrounding masonry as close around item as practical.
    - b. Immediately paint exposed end of item with two coats of antirust coating, following coating manufacturer's written instructions and without exceeding manufacturer's recommended dry film thickness per coat. Keep paint off sides of recess.
  - 3. Patch hole where each item was removed unless directed to remove and replace masonry unit.

#### 3.5 BRICK REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT

- A. At locations indicated, remove bricks that are damaged, spalled, deteriorated **or are to be reused**. Carefully remove entire units from joint to joint, without damaging surrounding masonry, in a manner that permits replacement with full-size units.
  - 1. When removing single bricks, remove material from center of brick and work toward outside edges.
- B. Support and protect remaining masonry that surrounds removal area.
- C. Maintain flashing, reinforcement, lintels, and adjoining construction in an undamaged condition. Coordinate with new flashing, reinforcement, and lintels, which are specified in other Sections.
- D. Notify Architect of unforeseen detrimental conditions including voids, cracks, bulges, and loose units in existing masonry backup, rotted wood, rusted metal, and other deteriorated items.
- E. Remove in an undamaged condition as many whole bricks as possible.
  - 1. Remove mortar, loose particles, and soil from brick by cleaning with hand chisels, brushes, and water.
  - 2. Remove sealants by cutting close to brick with utility knife and cleaning with solvents.
  - 3. Store brick for reuse. Store off ground, on skids, and protected from weather.
  - 4. Deliver cleaned brick not required for reuse to Owner unless otherwise indicated.
- F. Clean masonry surrounding removal areas by removing mortar, dust, and loose particles in preparation for brick replacement.
- G. Replace removed damaged brick with other removed brick in good condition, where possible. Contact Architect and Preservation Specialist prior to use of new brick to match existing.]matching existing brick. Do not use broken units unless they can be cut to usable size.
- H. Install replacement brick into bonding and coursing pattern of existing brick. If cutting is required, use a motor-driven saw designed to cut masonry with clean, sharp, unchipped edges.

- 1. Maintain joint width for replacement units to match existing joints.
- 2. Use setting buttons or shims to set units accurately spaced with uniform joints.
- I. Lay replacement brick with rebuilding (setting) mortar and with completely filled bed, head, and collar joints. Butter ends with enough mortar to fill head joints and shove into place. Wet both replacement and surrounding bricks that have ASTM C 67 initial rates of absorption (suction) of more than 30 g/30 sq. in. per min. (30 g/194 sq. cm per min.) Use wetting methods that ensure that units are nearly saturated but surface is dry when laid.
  - 1. Tool exposed mortar joints in repaired areas to match joints of surrounding existing brickwork.
  - 2. Rake out mortar used for laying brick before mortar sets according to Section 040120.64 "Brick Masonry Repointing." Point at same time as repointing of surrounding area.
  - 3. When mortar is hard enough to support units, remove shims and other devices interfering with pointing of joints.
- J. Curing: Cure mortar by maintaining in thoroughly damp condition for at least 72 consecutive hours, including weekends and holidays.
  - 1. Hairline cracking within the mortar or mortar separation at edge of a joint is unacceptable. Completely remove such mortar and repoint.

## 3.6 PAINTING STEEL UNCOVERED DURING THE WORK

- A. Notify Architect if steel is exposed during masonry removal. Where Architect determines that steel is structural, or for other reasons cannot be totally removed, prepare and paint it as follows:
  - 1. Surface Preparation: Remove paint, rust, and other contaminants according to SSPC-SP 2, "Hand Tool Cleaning" as applicable to comply with paint manufacturer's recommended preparation.
  - 2. Antirust Coating: Immediately paint exposed steel with two coats of antirust coating, following coating manufacturer's written instructions and without exceeding manufacturer's recommended rate of application (dry film thickness per coat).
- B. If on inspection and rust removal, the thickness of a steel member is found to be reduced from rust by more than 1/16 inch (1.6 mm), notify Architect before proceeding.

## 3.7 MASONRY UNIT PATCHING

- A. Patch the following masonry units unless another type of repair or replacement is indicated:
  - 1. Units indicated to be patched.
  - 2. Units with holes.
  - 3. Units with chipped edges or corners. Patch chipped edges or corners measuring more than 3/4 inch (19 mm).
  - 4. Units with small areas of deep deterioration. Patch deep deteriorations measuring more than 3/4 inch (19 mm) in least dimension and more than 1/4 inch (6 mm) deep.
- B. Remove and replace existing patches unless otherwise indicated or approved by Architect.
- C. Patching Bricks:

- 1. Remove loose material from masonry surface. Carefully remove additional material so patch does not have feathered edges but has square or slightly undercut edges on area to be patched and is at least 1/4 inch (6 mm) thick, but not less than recommended in writing by patching compound manufacturer.
- 2. Mask adjacent mortar joint or rake out for repointing if patch extends to edge of masonry unit.
- 3. Mix patching compound in individual batches to match each unit being patched. Combine one or more colors of patching compound, as needed, to produce exact match.
- 4. Rinse surface to be patched and leave damp, but without standing water.
- 5. Brush-coat surfaces with slurry coat of patching compound according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- 6. Place patching compound in layers as recommended in writing by patching compound manufacturer, but not less than 1/4 inch (6 mm) or more than 2 inches (50 mm) thick. Roughen surface of each layer to provide a key for next layer.
- 7. Trowel, scrape, or carve surface of patch to match texture and surrounding surface plane or contour of masonry unit. Shape and finish surface before or after curing, as determined by testing, to best match existing masonry unit.
- 8. Keep each layer damp for 72 hours or until patching compound has set.
- 9. Remove and replace patches with hairline cracks or that show separation from brick at edges, and those that do not match adjoining brick in color or texture.

# 3.8 FINAL CLEANING

- A. After mortar has fully hardened, thoroughly clean exposed masonry surfaces of excess mortar and foreign matter; use wood scrapers, stiff-nylon or -fiber brushes, and clean water applied by low-pressure spray.
  - 1. Do not use metal scrapers or brushes.
  - 2. Do not use acidic or alkaline cleaners.
- B. Clean adjacent nonmasonry surfaces. Use detergent and soft brushes or cloths.
- C. Clean mortar and debris from roof; remove debris from gutters and downspouts. Rinse off roof and flush gutters and downspouts.
- D. Remove masking materials, leaving no residues that could trap dirt.

# 3.9 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Testing Agency: Owner will engage a qualified testing agency to perform tests and inspections. Allow inspectors use of lift devices and scaffolding, as needed, to perform inspections.
- B. Architect's Project Representatives: Architect will assign Project representatives to help carry out Architect's responsibilities at the site, including observing progress and quality of portion of the Work completed. Allow Architect's Project representatives use of lift devices and scaffolding, as needed, to observe progress and quality of portion of the Work completed.
- C. Notify Owner in advance of times when lift devices and scaffolding will be relocated. Do not relocate lift devices and scaffolding until Owner has had reasonable opportunity to make inspections and observations of work areas at lift device or scaffold location.
# 3.10 MASONRY WASTE DISPOSAL

- A. Salvageable Materials: Unless otherwise indicated, excess masonry materials are Contractor's property.
- B. Masonry Waste: Remove masonry waste and legally dispose of off Owner's property.

END OF SECTION

# SECTION 040120.64 - BRICK MASONRY REPOINTING

## PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Repointing joints with mortar.
  - 2. Repointing joints with sealant.

#### 1.3 UNIT PRICES

- A. Work of this Section is affected by unit prices specified in Section 012200 "Unit Prices."
  - 1. Unit prices apply to authorized work covered by estimated quantities.
  - 2. Unit prices apply to additions to and deletions from Work as authorized by Change Orders.

## 1.4 DEFINITIONS

A. Low-Pressure Spray: 100 to 400 psi (690 to 2750 kPa); 4 to 6 gpm (0.25 to 0.4 L/s)

## 1.5 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

- A. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at **Project site**.
  - 1. Review methods and procedures related to repointing brick masonry including, but not limited to, the following:
    - a. Verify brick masonry repointing specialist's personnel, equipment, and facilities needed to make progress and avoid delays.
    - b. Materials, material application, sequencing, tolerances, and required clearances.
    - c. Quality-control program.
    - d. Coordination with building occupants.

#### 1.6 SEQUENCING AND SCHEDULING

A. Order sand **portland cement** for pointing mortar immediately after approval of samples and mockups. Take delivery of and store at Project site enough quantity to complete Project.

- B. Work Sequence: Perform brick masonry repointing work in the following sequence, which includes work specified in this and other Sections:
  - 1. Remove plant growth.
  - 2. Inspect masonry for open mortar joints and permanently or temporarily point them before cleaning to prevent the intrusion of water and other cleaning materials into the wall.
  - 3. Clean masonry.
  - 4. Rake out mortar from joints surrounding masonry to be replaced and from joints adjacent to masonry repairs along joints.
  - 5. Repair masonry, including replacing existing masonry with new masonry materials.
  - 6. Rake out mortar from joints to be repointed.
  - 7. Point mortar and sealant joints.
  - 8. After repairs and repointing have been completed and cured, perform a final cleaning to remove residues from this work.
  - 9. Where water repellents are to be used on or near masonry work, delay application of these chemicals until after pointing and cleaning.
- C. Scaffolding shall not attach to the existing structure.

# 1.7 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
  - 1. Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes.
  - 2. Include recommendations for product application and use. Include test data substantiating that products comply with requirements.
- B. Shop Drawings:
  - 1. Include plans, elevations, sections, and locations of repointing work on the structure.
  - 2. Show provisions for expansion joints or other sealant joints.
  - 3. Show locations of scaffolding and points of scaffolding in contact with masonry. Include details of each point of contact or anchorage.
- C. Samples for Initial Selection: For the following:
  - 1. Pointing Mortar: Submit sets of mortar for pointing in the form of sample mortar strips, 6 inches (150 mm) long by 1/2 inch (13 mm) wide, set in aluminum or plastic channels.
    - a. Have each set contain a close color range of at least six Samples of different mixes of colored sands and cements that produce a mortar matching existing, cleaned mortar when cured and dry.
    - b. Submit with precise measurements on ingredients, proportions, gradations, and source of colored sands from which each Sample was made.
  - 2. Sand Type Used for Pointing Mortar: Minimum 8 oz. (240 mL) of each in plastic screwtop jars.
  - 3. Sealant materials.
  - 4. Include similar Samples of accessories involving color selection.
- D. Samples for Verification: For the following:

- 1. Each type, color, and texture of pointing mortar in the form of sample mortar strips, 6 inches (150 mm) long by 1/2 inch (13 mm) wide, set in aluminum or plastic channels.
  - a. Include with each Sample a list of ingredients with proportions of each. Identify sources, both supplier and quarry, of each type of sand and brand names of cementitious materials and pigments if any.
- 2. Sealant materials.
- 3. Accessories: Each type of accessory and miscellaneous support.

# 1.8 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Qualification Data: For brick masonry repointing specialist, including field supervisors and workers and testing service.
- B. Preconstruction Test Reports: For existing masonry units and mortar.
- C. Quality-control program.

## 1.9 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Brick Masonry Repointing Specialist Qualifications: Engage an experienced brick masonry repointing firm to perform work of this Section. Firm shall have completed work similar in material, design, and extent to that indicated for this Project with a record of successful inservice performance. Experience in only installing masonry is insufficient experience for masonry repointing work.
  - 1. Field Supervision: Brick masonry repointing specialist firms shall maintain experienced full-time supervisors on Project site during times that brick masonry repointing work is in progress.
- B. Quality-Control Program: Prepare a written quality-control program for this Project to systematically demonstrate the ability of personnel to properly follow methods and use materials and tools without damaging masonry. Include provisions for supervising performance and preventing damage.
- C. Mockups: Prepare mockups of brick masonry repointing to demonstrate aesthetic effects and to set quality standards for materials and execution.
  - Repointing: Rake out joints in two separate areas, each approximately 36 inches (900 mm) high by 48 inches (1200 mm) wide for each type of repointing required, and repoint one of the areas.
  - 2. Approval of mockups does not constitute approval of deviations from the Contract Documents contained in mockups unless Architect specifically approves such deviations in writing.
  - 3. Subject to compliance with requirements, approved mockups may become part of the completed Work if undisturbed at time of Substantial Completion.

# 1.10 PRECONSTRUCTION TESTING

A. Preconstruction Testing Service: **Engage** a qualified testing agency to perform preconstruction testing on masonry units as follows:

- 1. Provide test specimens as indicated and representative of proposed materials and existing construction.
- 2. Existing Brick: Test each type of existing brick indicated for repointing according to testing methods in ASTM C 67 for compressive strength, 24-hour cold-water absorption, five-hour boil absorption, saturation coefficient, and initial rate of absorption (suction). Carefully remove **five** existing units from locations designated by Architect. Take testing samples from these units.
- 3. Existing Mortar: Test according to ASTM C 295/C 295M, modified as agreed by testing service and Architect for Project requirements, to determine proportional composition of original ingredients, sizes and colors of aggregates, and approximate strength.
- 4. Temporary Patch: As directed by Architect, provide temporary materials followed by permanent repairs at locations from which existing samples were taken.

# 1.11 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver packaged materials to Project site in manufacturer's original and unopened containers, labeled with manufacturer's name and type of products.
- B. Store cementitious materials on elevated platforms, under cover, and in a dry location. Do not use cementitious materials that have become damp.
- C. Store hydrated lime in manufacturer's original and unopened containers. Discard lime if containers have been damaged or have been opened for more than two days.
- D. Store sand where grading and other required characteristics can be maintained and contamination avoided.

## 1.12 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Weather Limitations: Proceed with installation only when existing and forecasted weather conditions permit repointing work to be performed according to product manufacturers' written instructions and specified requirements.
- B. Temperature Limits, General: Repoint mortar joints only when air temperature is between 40 and 90 deg F (4 and 32 deg C) and is predicted to remain so for at least seven days after completion of the Work unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Cold-Weather Requirements: Comply with the following procedures for mortar-joint pointing unless otherwise indicated:
  - 1. When air temperature is below 40 deg F (4 deg C), heat mortar ingredients and existing masonry walls to produce temperatures between 40 and 120 deg F (4 and 49 deg C).
  - 2. When mean daily air temperature is below 40 deg F (4 deg C), provide enclosure and heat to maintain temperatures above 32 deg F (0 deg C) within the enclosure for seven days after pointing.
- D. Hot-Weather Requirements: Protect mortar-joint pointing when temperature and humidity conditions produce excessive evaporation of water from mortar materials. Provide artificial shade and wind breaks, and use cooled materials as required to minimize evaporation. Do not apply mortar to substrates with temperatures of 90 deg F (32 deg C) and above unless otherwise indicated.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 MATERIALS, GENERAL

A. Source Limitations: Obtain each type of material for repointing brick masonry (cement, sand, etc.) from single source with resources to provide materials of consistent quality in appearance and physical properties.

### 2.2 MORTAR MATERIALS

- A. Portland Cement: ASTM C 150/C 150M, Type I or Type II, except Type III may be used for coldweather construction; white or match existing in color, type and material makeup.
  - 1. Provide cement containing not more than 0.60 percent total alkali when tested according to ASTM C 114.
- B. Hydrated Lime: ASTM C 207, Type S.
- C. Masonry Cement: ASTM C 91/C 91M.
- D. Mortar Cement: ASTM C 1329/C 1329M.
- E. Mortar Sand: ASTM C 144.
  - 1. Match size, texture, and gradation of existing mortar sand as closely as possible. Blend several sands if necessary to achieve suitable match.
  - 2. Color: Natural sand or ground marble, granite, or other sound stone of color necessary to produce required mortar color.
- F. Mortar Pigments: ASTM C 979/C 979M, compounded for use in mortar mixes, and having a record of satisfactory performance in masonry mortars.
- G. Water: Potable.

### 2.3 ACCESSORY MATERIALS

- A. Sealant Materials:
  - 1. Sealant manufacturer's standard elastomeric sealant(s) of base polymer and characteristics indicated below and according to applicable requirements in Section 079200 "Joint Sealants."
    - a. Type: Single-component, nonsag urethane sealant.
  - 2. Colors: Provide colors of exposed sealants to match colors of mortar adjoining installed sealant unless otherwise indicated.
  - 3. Ground-Mortar Aggregate: Custom crushed and ground pointing mortar sand or existing mortar retrieved from joints. Grind to a particle size that matches the adjacent mortar aggregate and color. Remove all fines passing the **No. 100** sieve.
- B. Joint-Sealant Backing:

- 1. Cylindrical Sealant Backings: ASTM C 1330, **Type C (closed-cell material with a surface skin)**, and of size and density to control sealant depth and otherwise contribute to producing optimum sealant performance.
- 2. Bond-Breaker Tape: Polyethylene tape or other plastic tape recommended in writing by sealant manufacturer for preventing sealant from adhering to rigid, inflexible, joint-filler materials or joint surfaces at back of joint where such adhesion would result in sealant failure. Provide self-adhesive tape where applicable.
- C. Masking Tape: Nonstaining, nonabsorbent material; compatible with mortar, joint primers, sealants, and surfaces adjacent to joints; and that easily comes off entirely, including adhesive.
- D. Other Products: Select materials and methods of use based on the following, subject to approval of a mockup:
  - 1. Previous effectiveness in performing the work involved.
  - 2. Minimal possibility of damaging exposed surfaces.
  - 3. Consistency of each application.
  - 4. Uniformity of the resulting overall appearance.
  - 5. Do not use products or tools that could leave residue on surfaces.

## 2.4 MORTAR MIXES

- A. Measurement and Mixing: Measure cementitious materials and sand in a dry condition by volume or equivalent weight. Do not measure by shovel; use known measure. Mix materials in a clean, mechanical batch mixer.
  - 1. Mixing Pointing Mortar: Thoroughly mix cementitious materials and sand together before adding any water. Then mix again, adding only enough water to produce a damp, unworkable mix that retains its form when pressed into a ball. Maintain mortar in this dampened condition for 15 to 30 minutes. Add remaining water in small portions until mortar reaches desired consistency. Use mortar within one hour of final mixing; do not retemper or use partially hardened material.
- B. Colored Mortar: Produce mortar of color required by using specified ingredients. Do not alter specified proportions without Architect's approval.
  - 1. Mortar Pigments: Where mortar pigments are indicated, do not add pigment exceeding 10 percent by weight of the cementitious or binder materials, except for carbon black which is limited to 2 percent, unless otherwise demonstrated by a satisfactory history of performance.
- C. Do not use admixtures in mortar unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Mixes: Mix mortar materials in the following proportions to match existing.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 REPOINTING SPECIALIST

A. Brick Masonry Repointing Specialist Firms: Subject to compliance with requirements, 5 years experience in brick historic preservation.

### 3.2 PROTECTION

- A. Prevent mortar from staining face of surrounding masonry and other surfaces.
  - 1. Cover sills, ledges, and other projecting items to protect them from mortar droppings.
  - 2. Keep wall area wet below pointing work to discourage mortar from adhering.
  - 3. Immediately remove mortar splatters in contact with exposed masonry and other surfaces.
- B. Remove **gutters and** downspouts and associated hardware. Coordinate installation of new gutters and downspouts with brick work.
  - 1. Provide temporary rain drainage during work to direct water away from building.

### 3.3 MASONRY REPOINTING, GENERAL

A. Appearance Standard: Repointed surfaces are to have a uniform appearance as viewed from 10 feet away by Architect.

### 3.4 REPOINTING MASONRY

- A. Rake out and repoint joints to the following extent:
  - 1. All joints in areas indicated.
  - 2. Joints indicated as sealant-filled joints.
  - 3. Joints at locations of the following defects:
    - a. Holes and missing mortar.
    - b. Cracks that can be penetrated 1/4 inch (6 mm) or more by a knife blade 0.027 inch (0.7 mm) thick.
    - c. Cracks 1/8 inch (3 mm) or more in width and of any depth.
    - d. Hollow-sounding joints when tapped by metal object.
    - e. Eroded surfaces 1/4 inch (6 mm) or more deep.
    - f. Deterioration to point that mortar can be easily removed by hand, without tools.
    - g. Joints filled with substances other than mortar.
- B. Do not rake out and repoint joints where not required.
- C. Rake out joints as follows, according to procedures demonstrated in approved mockup:
  - 1. Remove mortar from joints to depth of joint width plus 1/8 inch (3 mm) 2 times joint width, but not less than 1/2 inch (13 mm) or not less than that required to expose sound, unweathered mortar. Do not remove unsound mortar more than 2 inches (50 mm) deep; consult Architect for direction.
  - 2. Remove mortar from masonry surfaces within raked-out joints to provide reveals with square backs and to expose masonry for contact with pointing mortar. Brush, vacuum, or flush joints to remove dirt and loose debris.
  - 3. Do not spall edges of masonry units or widen joints. Replace or patch damaged masonry units as directed by Architect.
- D. Notify Architect of unforeseen detrimental conditions including voids in mortar joints, cracks, loose masonry units, rotted wood, rusted metal, and other deteriorated items.

- E. Pointing with Mortar:
  - 1. Rinse joint surfaces with water to remove dust and mortar particles. Time rinsing application so, at time of pointing, joint surfaces are damp but free of standing water. If rinse water dries, dampen joint surfaces before pointing.
  - 2. Apply pointing mortar first to areas where existing mortar was removed to depths greater than surrounding areas. Apply in layers not greater than 3/8 inch (9 mm) until a uniform depth is formed. Fully compact each layer, and allow it to become thumbprint hard before applying next layer.
  - 3. After deep areas have been filled to same depth as remaining joints, point joints by placing mortar in layers not greater than 3/8 inch (9 mm). Fully compact each layer and allow to become thumbprint hard before applying next layer. Where existing masonry units have worn or rounded edges, slightly recess finished mortar surface below face of masonry to avoid widened joint faces. Take care not to spread mortar beyond joint edges onto exposed masonry surfaces or to featheredge the mortar.
  - 4. When mortar is thumbprint hard, tool joints to match original appearance of joints as demonstrated in approved mockup. Remove excess mortar from edge of joint by brushing.
  - 5. Cure mortar by maintaining in thoroughly damp condition for at least 72 consecutive hours, including weekends and holidays.
  - 6. Hairline cracking within mortar or mortar separation at edge of a joint is unacceptable. Completely remove such mortar and repoint.
- F. Pointing with Sealant: Comply with Section 079200 "Joint Sealants." and as follows:
  - 1. After raking out, keep joints dry and free of mortar and debris.
  - 2. Clean and prepare joint surfaces. Prime joint surfaces unless sealant manufacturer recommends against priming. Do not allow primer to spill or migrate onto adjoining surfaces.
  - 3. Fill sealant joints with specified joint sealant.
    - a. Install cylindrical sealant backing beneath the sealant. Where space is insufficient for cylindrical sealant backing, install bond-breaker tape.
    - b. Install sealant using only proven installation techniques that ensure that sealant is deposited in a uniform, continuous ribbon, without gaps or air pockets, and with complete wetting of the joint bond surfaces equally on both sides. Fill joint flush with surrounding masonry and matching the contour of adjoining mortar joints.
    - c. Install sealant as recommended in writing by sealant manufacturer but within the following general limitations, measured at the center (thin) section of the bead:
      - 1) Fill joints to a depth equal to joint width, but not more than 1/2 inch (13 mm) deep or less than 1/4 inch (6 mm) deep.
    - d. Tool sealant to form smooth, uniform beads, slightly concave. Remove excess sealant from surfaces adjacent to joint.
    - e. Sanded Joints: Immediately after first tooling, apply ground-mortar aggregate to sealant, gently pushing aggregate into the surface of sealant. Lightly retool sealant to form smooth, uniform beads, slightly concave. Remove excess sealant and aggregate from surfaces adjacent to joint.
    - f. Do not allow sealant to overflow or spill onto adjoining surfaces, or to migrate into the voids of adjoining surfaces, particularly rough textures. Remove excess and spillage of sealant promptly as the work progresses. Clean adjoining surfaces by the means necessary to eliminate evidence of spillage, without damage to adjoining surfaces or finishes, as demonstrated in an approved mockup.

G. Where repointing work precedes cleaning of existing masonry, allow mortar to harden at least 30 days before beginning cleaning work.

### 3.5 FINAL CLEANING

- A. After mortar has fully hardened, thoroughly clean exposed masonry surfaces of excess mortar and foreign matter; use wood scrapers, stiff-nylon or -fiber brushes, and clean water applied by low-pressure spray.
  - 1. Do not use metal scrapers or brushes.
  - 2. Do not use acidic or alkaline cleaners.
- B. Clean adjacent nonmasonry surfaces. Use detergent and soft brushes or cloths.
- C. Clean mortar and debris from roof; remove debris from gutters and downspouts. Rinse off roof and flush gutters and downspouts.
- D. Remove masking materials, leaving no residues that could trap dirt.

### 3.6 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Testing Agency: Owner will engage qualified testing agency to perform tests and inspections. Allow inspectors use of lift devices and scaffolding, as needed, to perform inspections.
- B. Architect's Project Representatives: Architect will assign Project representatives to help carry out Architect's responsibilities at the site, including observing progress and quality of portion of the Work completed. Allow Architect's Project representatives use of lift devices and scaffolding, as needed, to observe progress and quality of portion of the Work completed.
- C. Notify **inspectors and Owner** in advance of times when lift devices and scaffolding will be relocated. Do not relocate lift devices and scaffolding until **inspectors and Owner** have had reasonable opportunity to make inspections and observations of work areas at lift device or scaffold location.

END OF SECTION 040120.64

## SECTION 060320 - WOOD RESTORATION

# PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Restoration and replacement of deteriorated wood.
  - 2. Refinishing.
- B. Related Sections:
  - 1. Division 01: Administrative, procedural, and temporary work requirements.
  - 2. Section 09 9100 Painting.

# **1.2 DEFINITIONS**

- A. Category 0: No Repair
  - i. Sand down to next sound level of paint using gentlest means possible; new paint coating.
- B. Category 1: Basic Repair
  - No wood deterioration observed, or wood deterioration is less than 1/8 inch; paint may be peeling; sand down to next sound level of paint using gentlest means possible; new paint coating
- C. Category 2: Minor Repair
  - i. Wood deterioration observed, greater than 1/8-inch deep, but less than 3/8-inch or half-member thickness and occupies less than 50% of member surface area. Repair with wood epoxy consolidants, in addition to basic repairs. New paint coating.
- D. Category 3: Dutchman Repair
  - i. Wood deterioration observed, greater than ½-inch deep, but less than half member thickness and occupies less than 50% of member surface area. Remove loose or rotted wood sections. Cuts into the original wood element to be smooth and straight to ensure a tight Dutchman joint; chisel out damaged wood to create a straight edge. Repair with wood element of same species. Level the repair joint with the adjacent wood element. New paint coating.
- E. Severe Deterioration: Deteriorated of the whole or part of an element to include voids and where the structural integrity of the element or the assembly in which the element is located is jeopardized. (Repair Categories 4, 5)
- F. Moderate Deterioration: Deterioration of the whole or part of an element to include voids and where the element is punctured under moderate pressure from a screwdriver, but where the structural integrity of the element or the assembly in which the element is located is not jeopardized. (**Repair Categories 2, 3**)
- G. Minor Deterioration: Deterioration of the whole or part of an element to the point where it feels soft but is not punctured under light pressure from a screwdriver, and voids do not exist. (Repair Categories 0, 1)

# **1.3 SUBMITTALS**

- A. Submittals for Review:
  - 1. Shop Drawings:
    - a. Include locations, dimensions, profiles, relationship to adjacent construction, and attachments.
- B. Quality Control Submittals:
  - 1. Qualifications: Restorer qualifications, including previous projects.

## 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Restorer Qualifications:
  - 1. Minimum 3 years' experience in work of this Section.
  - 2. Successful completion of at least 3 projects of similar scope and complexity within past 5 years.

### B. Mockup:

- 1. Size: One typical conditions for wood trim, fascia, ornamental elements and soffits.
- 2. Show: Each wood restoration process, epoxy application, finishing, and painting.
- 3. Locate where directed by Owner, Architect and preservation specialist.
- 4. Approved mockup may remain as part of the Work.

## **1.0** PART 2 PRODUCTS

## 2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Hardware: Material, profile, and finish to match original as from standard manufacturer's catalogs. Not custom.
- B. Epoxies (Wood Consolidants)
  - a Epoxy consolidants, two-part liquid, architectural grade designed for the repair of decayed wood in architectural elements.
  - b Epoxy filler, two-part putty, cellulose base epoxy, compatible with liquid epoxy, architectural grade.
- C. Sealants (polyurethane-based, <u>not</u> silicone)
- D. Adhesives
- E. Preservatives (Borate-based)
- F. Solvent (For cleanup)

## 2.2 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Acceptable Manufacturers (As applicable):
  - 1. Epoxies (Wood Consolidants)
    - i. Abatron LiquidWood and WoodEpox
      - 1. <u>http://www.abatron.com/buildingandrestorationproducts/woodrestorat</u> ionmaintenance/liquidwood.html
    - ii. PC-Rot Terminator (or approved equal)

- 1. <u>http://www.pcepoxy.com/our-products/wood-repair/pc-rot-</u> terminator.php
- iii. Approved Equal
- 2. Sealants: polyurethane-based
  - i. Sika 1a
    - 1. <u>http://usa.sika.com/dms/getdocument.get/544c923d-fe4b-3379-</u> 8416-deecbdda0df1/pds-cpd-Sikaflex1a-us.pdf
  - ii. Approved Equal

# 2.0 PART 3 EXECUTION

- 3.1 RESTORATION
  - A. This Section describes the overall restoration of existing wood trim, fascia, ornamental elements and soffits. Other sections referenced under "Related Sections" specify portions of the Work in more detail.

### 3.2 REPAIR AND REPLACEMENT OF WOOD

- A. Minor Deterioration: Consolidate soft wood
- B. Moderate Deterioration:
  - 1. Consolidate soft wood.
  - 2. Patch voids.
- C. Severe Deterioration:
  - Replace deteriorated wood wood trim, fascia, ornamental elements and soffits with new material that closely matches original (Dutchman Repair). Clear grain, old growth salvaged redwood is required.
  - 2. Match new wood to species, profile and grain of existing wood.
  - 3. Stapling not permitted.
- D. Missing Elements:
  - 1. Match replacement wood material to species, profile and grain of existing original wood.
  - 2. Stapling not permitted.

## 3.3 APPLICATION OF WOOD CONSOLIDANTS

- A. Remove paint from wood trim, fascia, ornamental elements and soffits. Minimize damage to the wood. Paint can be left in place when the paint film is in good condition.
- B. Treat the wood trim, fascia, ornamental elements and soffits with borate preservative, if deemed necessary. Bore holes in top surface of the sill near the interior stool. Fit holes with wooden plugs set below the surface in preparation to fill with epoxy materials.
- C. Dry the wood of the wood trim, fascia, ornamental elements and soffits to 5% less than the equilibrium moisture content (EMC) of the neighboring exterior woodwork.
- D. Prime wood trim, fascia, ornamental elements and soffits with epoxy primer or consolidant. Apply with artist's pallet knife to keep the primer in limit the spread of the primer onto the

surface of the wood trim, fascia, ornamental elements and soffits. Apply a few or several times as it soaks in to assure complete penetration.

- E. Fill the checks with epoxy paste filler and allow time to cure.
- F. Trim filler flush with surrounding wood. Minimize damage to the wood.
- G. Sand surface of wood trim, fascia, ornamental elements and soffits.

### 3.4 DUTCHMAN REPAIR

- A. If part of the wood trim, fascia, ornamental elements or soffits are deteriorated beyond repair or the use of consolidants, the Dutchman method of partial replacement is recommended.
- B. Remove the rotted piece of the existing wood trim, fascia, ornamental elements and soffits by sawing it and splitting it out, taking care not to damage surrounding building elements.
- C. Chisel out a straight edge in the solid part of the wood trim, fascia, ornamental elements and soffits to glue the Dutchman to.
- D. Examine the removed portion's dimensions, shape, and profile.
- E. Fashion a new piece to exactly match the old, damaged piece in shape and in size. Match the existing slope of the wood trim, fascia, ornamental elements and soffits.
- F. Test fit the piece to assure that the patch fits snug and flush with all mating surfaces.
- G. Dampen the unpainted surfaces of the wood trim, fascia, ornamental elements and soffits slightly, and then spread the glue onto the raw wood on both the patch and the old wood trim, fascia, ornamental elements and soffits.
- H. Attach the Dutchman after drilling pilot holes into the patch. Hold the patch in place with a couple of stainless steel trim screws driven just below the wood surface.
- I. Once the glue has dried, use 100-grit sandpaper to level the joint, and 150-grit to ready it for spot priming.
- J. Cover the screw heads with glazing putty, and paint both the patch and the old wood trim, fascia, ornamental elements and soffits.

## 3.8 REFINISHING WOOD

- A. Refinish wood as specified in Section 09 9100.
- B. Refinish exterior wood trim, fascia, ornamental elements and soffits.

# END OF SECTION

## SECTION 070150.19 - PREPARATION FOR REROOFING

PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Partial roof tear-off.
  - 2. Temporary roofing membrane.
  - 3. Re-roof preparation.
  - 4. Removal of accessory roof components.

#### 1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. Roofing Terminology: Definitions in ASTM D 1079 and glossary of NRCA's "The NRCA Roofing and Waterproofing Manual" apply to work of this Section.
- B. Partial Roof Tear-Off: Removal of a portion of existing membrane roofing system from deck or removal of selected components and accessories from existing membrane roofing system.
- C. Remove: Detach items from existing construction and legally dispose of them off-site unless indicated to be removed and reinstalled.
- D. Existing to Remain: Existing items of construction that are not indicated to be removed.

## 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Temporary Roofing: Include Product Data and description of temporary roofing system. If temporary roof will remain in place, submit surface preparation requirements needed to receive permanent roof, and submit a letter from roofing membrane manufacturer stating acceptance of the temporary membrane and that its inclusion will not adversely affect the roofing system's resistance to fire and wind **or its FM Global rating**.

## 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: Installer of new metal roofing system, licensed to perform asbestos abatement in the State or jurisdiction where Project is located and approved by warrantor of existing roofing system to work on existing roofing.
- B. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with governing EPA notification regulations before beginning roofing removal. Comply with hauling and disposal regulations of authorities having jurisdiction.
- C. Reroofing Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.
  - 1. Meet with Owner; Designer; roofing system manufacturer's representative; roofing Installer, including project manager and superintendent.

- 2. Review methods and procedures related to roofing system tear-off and replacement, including, but not limited to, the following:
  - a. Reroofing preparation, including roofing system manufacturer's written instructions.
  - b. Temporary protection requirements for existing roofing system that is to remain during and after installation.
  - c. Existing roof drains and roof drainage during each stage of reroofing, and roof drain plugging and plug removal.
  - d. Construction schedule and availability of materials, Installer's personnel, equipment, and facilities needed to avoid delays.
  - e. Existing roof deck conditions requiring notification of Designer.
  - f. Condition and acceptance of existing roof deck.
  - g. Structural loading limitations of roof deck during reroofing.
  - h. Sheet metal flashings, special roofing details, drainage, penetrations, equipment curbs, and condition of other construction that affect reroofing.
  - i. Asbestos removal and discovery of asbestos-containing materials.
  - j. Governing regulations and requirements for insurance and certificates if applicable.
  - k. Existing conditions that may require notification of Designer before proceeding.

# 1.5 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Existing Metal Roofing System: components and accessories between deck sheet metal roofing.
- B. Owner will occupy portions of building immediately below reroofing area. Conduct reroofing so Owner's operations are not disrupted. Provide Owner with not less than 72 hours' notice of activities that may affect Owner's operations.
  - 1. Coordinate work activities daily with Owner so Owner can place protective dust and waterleakage covers over sensitive equipment and furnishings, shut down HVAC and fire-alarm or detection equipment if needed, and evacuate occupants from below work area.
  - 2. Before working over structurally impaired areas of deck, notify Owner to evacuate occupants from below affected area. Verify that occupants below work area have been evacuated before proceeding with work over impaired deck area.
- C. Protect building to be reroofed, adjacent buildings, walkways, site improvements, exterior plantings, and landscaping from damage or soiling from reroofing operations.
- D. Maintain access to existing walkways, corridors, and other adjacent occupied or used facilities.
- E. Weather Limitations: Proceed with reroofing preparation only when existing and forecasted weather conditions permit Work to proceed without moisture entering existing roofing system or building.
  - 1. Remove only as much roofing in one day as can be made watertight in the same day.
- F. Hazardous Materials: A report on the presence of hazardous materials in included in the Available Project Information Section included in this Project Manual.

Retain subparagraph below to cover instances where hazardous materials are unexpectedly found and must be remediated.

1. Some of the aluminized coating on the base flashing is asbestos containing roofing material (ACRM).

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 TEMPORARY ROOFING MATERIALS

A. Design and selection of materials for temporary roofing are Contractor's responsibilities.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Prior to commencement of any work, inspect and thoroughly water test all existing roof drains for free flow operation with Owner's maintenance personnel present. Report water conveyance restrictions to Owner. Should drainage obstruction occur at any time after the start of work due to Contractors' work, correct the condition at no additional expense to the Owner.
- B. During removal operations, have sufficient and suitable materials on-site to facilitate rapid installation of temporary protection in the event of unexpected rain.
- C. Maintain water conveyance system in functioning condition to ensure roof drainage at end of each workday. Prevent debris from entering or blocking roof drains, scuppers and conductors. Use roof-drain plugs specifically designed for this purpose. Remove roof-drain plugs at end of each workday, when no work is taking place, or when rain is forecast.
  - 1. If water conveyance are temporarily blocked or unserviceable due to roofing system removal or partial installation of new roofing system, provide alternative drainage method to remove water and eliminate ponding. Do not permit water to enter into or under existing roofing system components that are to remain.
- D. Extend all existing vents through the roof to the height required by the local plumbing code but not less than 8 inches above finished roof level.

## 3.2 ROOF TEAR-OFF

- A. General: Notify Owner each day of extent of roof tear-off proposed for that day.
- B. Remove metal panels and components as required.
  - 1. Remove vapor retarder, roof insulation, roofing membrane, base flashing, miscellaneous metal components (ie; parapet caps, gutters, downspouts) and metal counter flashings and discard.
    - a. Carefully remove, gutters, downspouts and metal counter flashings for reuse.
  - 2. Remove fasteners/clips from deck if present.

# 3.3 ASBESTOS CONTAINING ROOFING MATERIAL (ACRM) REMOVAL

- A. The following is the recommended precautionary work practices to follow for removal of asbestos containing roof materials. Where these practices conflict with current EPA and OSHA regulations, use the methods described in the regulations.
  - 1. Wet asbestos containing roofing materials with water and establish a regulated area.
  - 2. Do not allow asbestos containing roofing materials to become friable by use of drilling, sawing, sanding or cutting with power tools.
  - 3. Perform any air monitoring as required to verify exposure limits. Provide written report of air monitoring process and results.
  - 4. Coordinate ACRM removal such that roof assembly remains in watertight condition after ACRM removal with either temporary or permanent roof materials.
  - 5. Lower asbestos containing roofing materials to ground by a means that will not generate airborne dust.
  - 6. Transport asbestos containing roofing materials to an approved landfill in a covered truck.
  - Contractor shall document the disposal of all asbestos waste as required by local Department of Natural Resources department. The contractor shall complete the "Waste Shipment Record" form, or similar type form, for each load of waste delivered to the landfill.
  - 8. The original copies of the executed "Waste Shipment Record" from shall be delivered to the Consultant/Owner for the Owner's records.

# 3.4 DECK PREPARATION

- A. Inspect deck after tear-off of roofing system.
- B. Verify that roof deck substrate is visibly dry and free of moisture.
- C. If deck surface is unsuitable for receiving new roofing or if structural integrity of deck is suspect, immediately notify Designer. Do not proceed with installation until directed by Designer.
  - 3.5 DISPOSAL
- A. Collect demolished materials and place in containers. Promptly dispose of demolished materials. Do not allow demolished materials to accumulate on-site.
  - 1. Storage or sale of demolished items or materials on-site is not permitted.
- B. Transport and legally dispose of demolished materials off Owner's property.

## 3.6 SITE REPAIR

- A. Repair or replace any damaged curbs, sidewalks, rutted yard areas, shrubs, trees, sprinkler system, etc.
- B. Restore areas and items to their original condition prior to construction at the Contractor's expense.

# 3.7 CLEAN-UP AND DAMAGE REPAIR

A. Any existing items, structures, or areas damaged during the course of the construction shall be repaired and restored to a condition at minimum, equal to than it was prior to commencement of work.

END OF SECTION 070150.19

# SECTION 074113 - STANDING-SEAM METAL ROOF PANELS

# PART 1 - GENERAL

- 1.1 SUMMARY
- A. Section includes:
  - 1. Standing Seam Metal Roof Panels
  - 2. Underlayment

### B. Related Sections:

- 1. 076200 "Sheet Metal Flashing and Trim"
- 2. 079200 "Joint Sealants"

### 1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
  - 1. Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes for each type of panel and accessory.
- B. Shop Drawings:
  - 1. Include fabrication and installation layouts of metal panels; panel clip spacing, details of edge conditions, joints, panel profiles, corners, anchorages, attachment system, trim, flashings, closures, and accessories; and special details.
  - 2. Accessories: Include details of the flashing, trim, and anchorage systems.
- C. Samples for Initial Selection: For each type of metal panel indicated with factory-applied color finishes.
  - 1. Include similar Samples of trim and accessories involving color selection.
- D. Materials List: Give written notification of the brand name and manufacturer of each material proposed for use and include a statement that all proposed materials meet the specifications requirements. Obtain approval prior to placing orders.
- E. Submittal of catalog cut sheets, etc. in lieu of the materials list required above is not acceptable. Do not submit cut sheets, etc. unless specifically requested.
- F. Manufacturers standard prefinished color cart.
- G. Manufacturer Certificates: Signed by roofing manufacturer certifying that roofing system complies with the requirements specified in "Performance Requirements" Article.
- H. Manufacturer Certificates: Original document signed by a responsible officer of the manufacturing firm, notarized, on manufacturer's standard letterhead, certifying materials furnished for project comply with the referenced standard. Certificate shall specifically reference the project and applicable compliance standard.

I. Warranties: Special warranties specified in this Section.

## 1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Qualification Data: For Installer.
- B. Product Test Reports: For each product, for tests performed by a qualified testing agency.
- C. Field quality-control reports.
- D. Shop drawings show methods of erection, elevations, and plans of roof panels, sections, and details, anticipated loads, flashings, roof curbs, vents, sealants, interfaces with all materials not supplied and proposed identification of component parts and their finishes.
- E. Color chip samples.
- F. Sample Warranties.

# 1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance Data: Provide as part of closeout documents a complete list of maintenance items as required by the manufactures warranty, including roof inspections and sample inspection form bound in a 3-ring binder labeled roof maintenance manual.

## 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: An entity that employs installers and supervisors who are trained and approved by manufacturer. Minimum 5 years.
- B. UL-Certified, Portable Roll-Forming Equipment: UL-certified, portable roll-forming equipment capable of producing metal panels warranted by manufacturer to be the same as factory-formed products. Maintain UL certification of portable roll-forming equipment for duration of work.
- C. Mockups: Build mockups to verify selections made under Sample submittals and to demonstrate aesthetic effects and set quality standards for fabrication and installation.
  - 1. Build mockup of typical roof area and eave, including fascia and/or soffit as shown on Drawings; approximately 48 inches square by full thickness, including attachments, underlayment and accessories.
  - 2. Approval of mockups does not constitute approval of deviations from the Contract Documents contained in mockups unless Architect specifically approves such deviations in writing.
  - 3. Approved mockups may become part of the completed Work if undisturbed at time of Substantial Completion.

## 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Deliver components, metal panels, and other manufactured items so as not to be damaged or deformed. Package metal panels for protection during transportation and handling.

- B. Unload, store, and erect metal panels in a manner to prevent bending, warping, twisting, and surface damage.
- C. Stack metal panels horizontally on platforms or pallets, covered with suitable weathertight and ventilated covering. Store metal panels to ensure dryness, with positive slope for drainage of water. Do not store metal panels in contact with other materials that might cause staining, denting, or other surface damage.
- D. Retain strippable protective covering on metal panels during installation.

## 1.7 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Weather Limitations: Proceed with installation only when existing and forecasted weather conditions permit assembly of metal panels to be performed according to manufacturers' written instructions and warranty requirements.

### 1.8 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate sizes and locations of roof curbs, equipment supports, and roof penetrations with actual equipment provided.
- B. Coordinate metal panel installation with rain drainage work, flashing, trim, construction of soffits, and other adjoining work to provide a leakproof, secure, and noncorrosive installation.

### 1.9 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of metal panel systems that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. Structural failures including rupturing, cracking, or puncturing.
    - b. Deterioration of metals and other materials beyond normal weathering.
  - 2. Warranty Period: Two years from date of Substantial Completion.
- B. Special Warranty on Panel Finishes: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair finish or replace metal panels that show evidence of deterioration of factory-applied finishes within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Exposed Panel Finish: Deterioration includes, but is not limited to, the following:
    - a. Color fading more than 5 Hunter units when tested according to ASTM D 2244.
    - b. Chalking in excess of a No. 8 rating when tested according to ASTM D 4214.
    - c. Cracking, checking, peeling, or failure of paint to adhere to bare metal.
  - 2. Finish Warranty Period: **20** years from date of Substantial Completion.
- C. Special Weathertightness Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace standing-seam metal roof panel assemblies that fail to remain weathertight, including leaks, within specified warranty period.

1. Warranty Period: **20** years from date of Substantial Completion.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Wind Uplift Resistance: Provide metal roof panel assemblies that comply with UL 580 and UL 1897 for wind-uplift resistance class indicated.

Use following paragraph if FMG insured project.

- B. FMG Listing: Provide metal roof panels and component materials that comply with requirements in FMG 4471 as part of a panel roofing system and that are listed in FMG's "Approval Guide" for Class 1 or noncombustible construction, as applicable. Identify materials with FMG markings.
- C. Fire/Windstorm Classification: UL Class 1A-[60] [75] [90] [105] [120] < Insert number>.
- D. Hail Resistance: [MH] [SH].
- E. Structural Performance: Provide metal roof panel assemblies capable of withstanding the effects of gravity loads and the following loads and stresses within limits and under conditions indicated, based on testing according to ASTM E1592.
- F. Wind Loads: Determine loads based on the following minimum design wind pressures:
  - 1. Uniform pressure of **<Insert number>** psf, acting inward or outward.
  - 2. Uniform pressure as indicated on Drawings.
- G. Snow Loads: < Insert number> psf.
- H. Deflection Limits: Architect metal roof panel assemblies to withstand design loads with vertical deflections no greater than [1/180] [1/240] of the span.
- I. Thermal Movements: Provide metal roof panel assemblies that allow for thermal movements resulting from the following maximum change (range) in ambient and surface temperatures by preventing buckling, opening of joints, overstressing of components, failure of joint sealants, failure of connections, and other detrimental effects. Base Architecting calculation on surface temperatures of materials due to both solar heat gain and nighttime-sky heat loss.
- J. Temperature Change (Range): [120]°F, ambient; [180]°F, material surfaces.
- K. UL Listing: Provide metal roof panels that meet the requirements of a UL Class A assembly
- L. Water Penetration under Static Pressure: No water penetration when tested according to ASTM E 1646 at the following test-pressure difference:
  - 1. Test-Pressure Difference: [2.86 lbf/sq. ft.] [6.24 lbf/sq. ft.]
- M. Hydrostatic-Head Resistance: No water penetration when tested according to ASTM E 2140.
- N. Wind-Uplift Resistance: Provide metal roof panel assemblies that comply with UL 580 for wind-upliftresistance class indicated.

1. Uplift Rating: [UL 30] [UL 60] [UL 90].

# 2.2 STANDING-SEAM METAL ROOF PANELS

- A. General: Provide factory-formed metal roof panels designed to be installed by lapping and interconnecting raised side edges of adjacent panels with joint type indicated and mechanically attaching panels to supports using concealed clips in side laps. Include clips, cleats, pressure plates, and accessories required for weathertight installation.
- B. Vertical-Rib, Mechanically Seamed, Standing-Seam Metal Roof Panels: Formed with vertical ribs at panel edges and a **flat pan** between ribs; designed for sequential installation by mechanically attaching panels to supports using concealed clips located under one side of panels, engaging opposite edge of adjacent panels, and mechanically seaming panels together.
  - 1. <u>Basis-of-Design Product</u>: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide [**product indicated on Drawings** to match existing or comparable product by one of the following:
    - a. AEP Span; a BlueScope Steel company.
    - b. Fabral.
    - c. MBCI; a division of NCI Building Systems, L.P.
    - d. McElroy Metal, Inc.
    - e. Merchant & Evans.
    - f. Metal Sales Manufacturing Corporation.
    - g. Petersen Aluminum Corporation.
    - h. Or approved equivalent.
  - Metallic-Coated Steel Sheet (Galvalume): Zinc-coated (galvanized) steel sheet complying with ASTM A 653, G90 coating designation, or aluminum-zinc alloy-coated steel sheet complying with ASTM A 792, Class AZ50 coating designation; structural quality. Prepainted by the coil-coating process to comply with ASTM A 755/A.
    - a. Nominal Thickness: 0.022 inch
    - b. Color: Match existing.
  - 3. Clips: One-piece fixed to accommodate thermal movement.
    - a. Material: match existing nominal thickness, zinc-coated (galvanized) or aluminum-zinc alloy-coated steel sheet.
    - b. Material: Match existing, stainless-steel sheet.
  - 4. Joint Type: Match existing.
  - 5. Panel Coverage: Match existing.
  - 6. Panel Height: match existing

# 2.3 UNDERLAYMENT MATERIALS

A. Self-Adhering, High-Temperature Underlayment: Provide self-adhering, cold-applied, sheet underlayment, a minimum of 40 mils thick, consisting of slip-resistant, polyethylene-film top surface laminated to a layer of butyl or SBS-modified asphalt adhesive, with release-paper backing. Provide primer when recommended by underlayment manufacturer.

- 1. Thermal Stability: Stable after testing at 240 deg F; ASTM D 1970.
- 2. Low-Temperature Flexibility: Passes after testing at minus 20 deg F; ASTM D 1970.

Retain "Products" Subparagraph and list of manufacturers and products below to require specific products or a comparable product from other manufacturers.

- 3. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, available products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - a. Carlisle Construction Materials; WIP 300HT.
  - b. Grace Construction Products, a unit of W. R. Grace & Co.; Grace Ice and Water Shield HT
  - c. Firestone Building Products: Clad-Guard SA.
  - d. Owens Corning; WeatherLock Metal High Temperature Underlayment.
- B. Slip Sheet: Manufacturer's recommended slip sheet, of type required for application.

# 2.4 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

- A. Miscellaneous Metal Subframing and Furring: ASTM C 645; cold-formed, metallic-coated steel sheet, ASTM A 653 G90 hot-dip galvanized coating designation or ASTM A 792, Class AZ50 coating designation unless otherwise indicated. Provide manufacturer's standard sections as required for support and alignment of metal panel system.
- B. Panel Accessories: Provide components required for a complete, weathertight panel system including trim, copings, fasciae, mullions, sills, corner units, clips, flashings, sealants, gaskets, fillers, closure strips, and similar items. Match material and finish of metal panels unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Closures: Provide closures at eaves and ridges, fabricated of same metal as metal panels.
  - 2. Closure Strips: Closed-cell, expanded, cellular, rubber or crosslinked, polyolefin-foam or closedcell laminated polyethylene; minimum 1-inch thick, flexible closure strips; cut or premolded to match metal panel profile. Provide closure strips where indicated or necessary to ensure weathertight construction.
- C. Flashing and Trim: Provide flashing and trim formed from same material as metal panels as required to seal against weather and to provide finished appearance. Locations include, but are not limited to, eaves, rakes, corners, bases, framed openings, ridges, fasciae, and fillers. Finish flashing and trim with same finish system as adjacent metal panels.
- D. Gutters: Formed from same material as roof panels, complete with end pieces, outlet tubes, and other special pieces as required. Fabricate in minimum 96-inch long sections, of size and metal thickness according to SMACNA's "Architectural Sheet Metal Manual." Furnish gutter supports spaced a maximum of 36 inches o.c., fabricated from same metal as gutters. Provide wire ball strainers of compatible metal at outlets. Finish gutters to match existing.
- E. Downspouts: Formed from same material as roof panels. Fabricate in 10-foot long sections, complete with formed elbows and offsets, of size and metal thickness according to SMACNA's "Architectural Sheet Metal Manual." Finish downspouts to match gutters.
- F. Panel Fasteners: Self-tapping screws designed to withstand design loads.
- G. Panel Sealants: Provide sealant type recommended by manufacturer that are compatible with panel materials, are nonstaining, and do not damage panel finish.
  - 1. Sealant Tape: Pressure-sensitive, 100 percent solids, gray polyisobutylene compound sealant tape with release-paper backing. Provide permanently elastic, non-sag, nontoxic, non-staining tape 1/2 inch wide and 1/8 inch thick.

- 2. Joint Sealant: ASTM C 920; elastomeric polyurethane or silicone sealant; of type, grade, class, and use classifications required to seal joints in metal panels and remain weathertight; and as recommended in writing by metal panel manufacturer.
- 3. Butyl-Rubber-Based, Solvent-Release Sealant: ASTM C 1311.
- H. Gypsum Board: ASTM C 630, Type X, water-resistant gypsum backing board.
- I. Gypsum Board: ASTM C 728, non-structural gypsum board with embedded glass mat, pre-primed.
- J. Fiber Glass Roof Insulation: ASTM C 726, thermal insulation board combining glass fibers with thermosetting resin binders and faced on one side with asphalt-coated fiber glass scrim and kraft paper.

# 2.5 FABRICATION

- A. General: Fabricate and finish metal panels and accessories at the factory, by manufacturer's standard procedures and processes, as necessary to fulfill indicated performance requirements demonstrated by laboratory testing. Comply with indicated profiles and with dimensional and structural requirements. Fabricate to match existing.
- B. On-Site Fabrication: Subject to compliance with requirements of this Section, metal panels may be fabricated on-site using UL-certified, portable roll-forming equipment if panels are of same profile and warranted by manufacturer to be equal to factory-formed panels. Fabricate according to equipment manufacturer's written instructions and to comply with details shown.
- C. Provide panel profile, including major ribs and intermediate stiffening ribs, if any, for full length of panel.
- D. Fabricate metal panel joints with factory-installed captive gaskets or separator strips that provide a weathertight seal and prevent metal-to-metal contact, and that minimize noise from movements.
- E. Sheet Metal Flashing and Trim: Fabricate flashing and trim to comply with manufacturer's recommendations and recommendations in SMACNA's "Architectural Sheet Metal Manual" that apply to design, dimensions, metal, and other characteristics of item indicated.
  - 1. Form exposed sheet metal accessories that are without excessive oil canning, buckling, and tool marks and that are true to line and levels indicated, with exposed edges folded back to form hems.
  - 2. Form seams and seal.
  - 3. Seams for Other Than Aluminum: Fabricate nonmoving seams in accessories with flat-lock seams. Tin edges to be seamed, form seams, and solder.
  - 4. Sealed Joints: Form non-expansion, but movable, joints in metal to accommodate sealant and to comply with SMACNA standards.
  - 5. Conceal fasteners and expansion provisions where possible. Exposed fasteners are not allowed on faces of accessories exposed to view.
  - 6. Fabricate cleats and attachment devices from same material as accessory being anchored or from compatible, noncorrosive metal recommended in writing by metal panel manufacturer.
    - a. Size: As recommended by SMACNA's "Architectural Sheet Metal Manual" or metal panel manufacturer for application, but not less than thickness of metal being secured.

## 2.6 FINISHES

A. Protect mechanical and painted finishes on exposed surfaces from damage by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipping.

- B. Appearance of Finished Work: Variations in appearance of abutting or adjacent pieces are acceptable if they are within one-half of the range of approved Samples. Noticeable variations in same piece are unacceptable. Variations in appearance of other components are acceptable if they are within the range of approved Samples and are assembled or installed to minimize contrast.
- C. Steel Panels and Accessories:
  - 1. Two-Coat Fluoropolymer: AAMA 621. Fluoropolymer finish containing not less than 70 percent PVDF resin by weight in color coat. Prepare, pretreat, and apply coating to exposed metal surfaces to comply with coating and resin manufacturers' written instructions
  - 2. Premium Fluorocarbon coating produced with Kynar-500 resin.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances, metal panel supports, and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
  - 1. Examine primary and secondary roof framing to verify that rafters, purlins, angles, channels, and other structural panel support members and anchorages have been installed within alignment tolerances required by metal roof panel manufacturer.
  - 2. Examine solid roof sheathing to verify that sheathing joints are supported by framing or blocking and that installation is within flatness tolerances required by metal roof panel manufacturer.
    - a. Verify that air- or water-resistive barriers have been installed over sheathing or backing substrate to prevent air infiltration or water penetration.
- B. Examine roughing-in for components and systems penetrating metal panels to verify actual locations of penetrations relative to seam locations of metal panels before installation.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

## 3.2 PREPARATION

A. Miscellaneous Supports: Install sub-framing, furring, and other miscellaneous panel support members and anchorages according to ASTM C 754 and metal panel manufacturer's written recommendations.

## 3.3 UNDERLAYMENT INSTALLATION

- A. Self-Adhering Sheet Underlayment: Apply primer if required by manufacturer. Comply with temperature restrictions of underlayment manufacturer for installation. Apply at locations indicated **on Drawings**, wrinkle free, in shingle fashion to shed water, and with end laps of not less than 6 inches staggered 24 inches between courses. Overlap side edges not less than 3-1/2 inches. Roll laps with roller. Cover underlayment within manufacturer's exposure limits.
  - 1. Apply over the roof area indicated on Drawings.
  - 2. Apply on roof not covered by self-adhering sheet underlayment. Lap over edges of self-adhering sheet underlayment not less than 6 inches, in shingle fashion to shed water.

- B. Slip Sheet: Apply slip sheet as required by manufacturer over underlayment before installing metal roof panels.
- C. Flashings: Install flashings to cover underlayment to comply with requirements specified in Section 076200 "Sheet Metal Flashing and Trim."

# 3.4 METAL PANEL INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install metal panels according to manufacturer's written instructions in orientation, sizes, and locations indicated. Install panels perpendicular to supports unless otherwise indicated. Anchor metal panels and other components of the Work securely in place, with provisions for thermal and structural movement.
  - 1. Shim or otherwise plumb substrates receiving metal panels.
  - 2. Flash and seal metal panels at perimeter of all openings. Fasten with self-tapping screws. Do not begin installation until air- or water-resistive barriers and flashings that will be concealed by metal panels are installed.
  - 3. Install screw fasteners in predrilled holes.
  - 4. Locate and space fastenings in uniform vertical and horizontal alignment.
  - 5. Install flashing and trim as metal panel work proceeds.
  - 6. Fix panels at mid-span with non-moving clips.
  - 7. Align bottoms of metal panels and fasten with blind rivets, bolts, or self-tapping screws. Fasten flashings and trim around openings and similar elements with self-tapping screws.
  - 8. Provide weathertight escutcheons for pipe- and conduit-penetrating panels.
  - 9. Install panels continuous from ridge to eave.
- B. Fasteners:
  - 1. Steel Panels: Use stainless-steel fasteners for surfaces exposed to the exterior; use galvanizedsteel fasteners for surfaces exposed to the interior.
- C. Anchor Clips: Anchor metal roof panels and other components of the Work securely in place, using manufacturer's approved fasteners according to manufacturers' written instructions. Secure panels with 2 fasteners per clip.
- D. Metal Protection: Where dissimilar metals contact each other or corrosive substrates, protect against galvanic action as recommended in writing by metal panel manufacturer.
- E. Standing-Seam Metal Roof Panel Installation: Fasten metal roof panels to supports with concealed clips at each standing-seam joint at location, spacing, and with fasteners recommended in writing by manufacturer.
  - 1. Install pressure plates at locations indicated in manufacturer's written installation instructions.
  - 2. Seamed Joint: Crimp standing seams with manufacturer-approved, motorized seamer tool so clip, metal roof panel, and factory-applied sealant are completely engaged.
  - 3. Watertight Installation:
    - a. Apply a continuous ribbon of sealant or tape to seal joints of metal panels, using sealant or tape as recommend in writing by manufacturer as needed to make panels watertight.
    - b. Provide sealant or tape between panels and protruding equipment, vents, and accessories.
    - c. At panel splices, nest panels with minimum 6-inch end lap, sealed with sealant and fastened together by interlocking clamping plates.

- F. Accessory Installation: Install accessories with positive anchorage to building and weathertight mounting and provide for thermal expansion. Coordinate installation with flashings and other components.
  - 1. Install components required for a complete metal panel system including trim, copings, corners, seam covers, flashings, sealants, gaskets, fillers, closure strips, and similar items. Provide types indicated by metal roof panel manufacturers; or, if not indicated, types recommended by metal roof panel manufacturer.
- G. Flashing and Trim: Comply with performance requirements, manufacturer's written installation instructions, and SMACNA's "Architectural Sheet Metal Manual." Provide concealed fasteners where possible, and set units true to line and level as indicated. Install work with laps, joints, and seams that will be permanently watertight and weather resistant.
  - 1. Install exposed flashing and trim that is without buckling and tool marks, and that is true to line and levels indicated, with exposed edges folded back to form hems. Install sheet metal flashing and trim to fit substrates and achieve waterproof and weather-resistant performance.
  - 2. Expansion Provisions: Provide for thermal expansion of exposed flashing and trim. Space movement joints at a maximum of 10 feet with no joints allowed within 24 inches of corner or intersection. Where lapped expansion provisions cannot be used or would not be sufficiently weather resistant and waterproof, form expansion joints of intermeshing hooked flanges, not less than 1 inch deep, filled with mastic sealant (concealed within joints).
- H. Gutters: Join sections with riveted and soldered or lapped and sealed joints. Attach gutters to eave with gutter spacers spaced not more than 36 inches o.c. using manufacturer's standard fasteners. Provide end closures and seal watertight with sealant. Provide for thermal expansion with expansion joints a minimum 50 feet apart.
- I. Downspouts: Join sections with telescoping joints. Provide fasteners designed to hold downspouts securely 1 inch away from walls; locate fasteners at top and bottom and at approximately 60 inches o.c. in between.
  - 1. Provide elbows at base of downspouts to direct water away from building.
- J. Roof Curbs: Install flashing around bases where they meet metal roof panels.
  - 1. Provide integral saddle on upslope side of all curbs.
- K. Pipe Flashing: Form flashing around pipe penetration and metal roof panels. Fasten and seal to metal roof panels as recommended by manufacturer.

# 3.5 ERECTION TOLERANCES

A. Installation Tolerances: Shim and align metal panel units within installed tolerance of 1/4 inch in 20 feet on slope and location lines as indicated and within 1/8-inch offset of adjoining faces and of alignment of matching profiles.

# 3.6 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to inspect metal roof panel installation, including accessories. Report results in writing.
- B. Remove and replace applications of metal roof panels where inspections indicate that they do not comply with specified requirements.

- C. Additional inspections for any deficient installation, at Contractor's expense, are performed to determine compliance of replaced or additional work with specified requirements.
- D. Prepare inspection reports.

# 3.7 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Remove temporary protective coverings and strippable films, if any, as metal panels are installed, unless otherwise indicated in manufacturer's written installation instructions. On completion of metal panel installation, clean finished surfaces as recommended by metal panel manufacturer. Maintain in a clean condition during construction.
- B. Replace metal panels that have been damaged or have deteriorated beyond successful repair by finish touch-up or similar minor repair procedures.
- C. Utilize metal panel manufacturer approved touch-up coating material applied as recommended by metal panel manufacturer.

END OF SECTION 074113

## SECTION 076200 - SHEET METAL FLASHING AND TRIM

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including owner provided General Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

### 1.2 SUMMARY

#### A. Section Includes:

- 1. Formed low-slope roof sheet metal fabrications.
- 2. Formed equipment support flashing.
- 3. Sheet metal flashing and trim

## B. Related Requirements:

- 1. Section 061000 "Rough Carpentry" for wood nailers, curbs, and blocking.
- 2. Section 074113 "Standing-Seam Metal Roofing" for materials and installation of sheet metal flashing and trim integral with roofing.

### 1.3 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate sheet metal flashing and trim layout and seams with sizes and locations of penetrations to be flashed, and joints and seams in adjacent materials.
- B. Coordinate sheet metal flashing and trim installation with adjoining roofing and wall materials, joints, and seams to provide leakproof, secure, and noncorrosive installation.

# 1.4 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

- A. Pre-installation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.
  - 1. Review construction schedule. Verify availability of materials, Installer's personnel, equipment, and facilities needed to make progress and avoid delays.
  - 2. Review special roof details, roof drainage, roof-penetration flashing, equipment curbs, and condition of other construction that affect sheet metal flashing and trim.
  - 3. Review sheet metal flashing observation and repair procedures after flashing installation.

#### 1.5 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Materials List: Give written notification of the brand name and manufacturer of each material proposed for use and include a statement that all proposed materials meet the specification requirements. Obtain approval prior to placing orders.
  - 1. Submittal of catalog cut sheets, etc. in lieu of the materials list required above is not acceptable. Do not submit cut sheets unless specifically requested.

- B. Manufacturer Certificates: Original document signed by a responsible officer of the manufacturing firm, notarized, on manufacturer's standard letterhead, certifying materials furnished for project comply with the referenced standard. Certificate shall specifically reference the project and applicable compliance standard.
- C. Color Chart: Manufacturer's standard range of colors for prefinished metals, including available gauges.
- D. Obtain approval of shop drawings, samples and certifications prior to fabrication and installation.
- E. Do not purchase, fabricate or install any sheet metal item until all required shop drawings and related submittals for each item are approved. Items purchased, fabricated and/or installed which are not in compliance with approved shop drawings are subject to immediate removal from the project at contractor's expense.
- F. Product Data: For each type of product.
  - 1. Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes for each manufactured product and accessory.
- G. Shop Drawings: For sheet metal flashing and trim.
  - 1. Include plans, elevations, sections, and attachment details.
  - 2. Detail fabrication and installation layouts, expansion-joint locations, and keyed details. Distinguish between shop- and field-assembled work.
  - 3. Include identification of material, thickness, weight, and finish for each item and location in Project.
  - 4. Include details for forming, including profiles, shapes, seams, and dimensions.
  - 5. Include details for joining, supporting, and securing, including layout and spacing of fasteners, cleats, clips, and other attachments. Include pattern of seams.
  - 6. Include details of termination points and assemblies.
  - 7. Include details of expansion joints and expansion-joint covers, including showing direction of expansion and contraction from fixed points.
  - 8. Include details of roof-penetration flashing.
  - 9. Include details of edge conditions, including eaves, ridges, valleys, rakes, crickets, and counterflashings as applicable.
  - 10. Include details of special conditions.
  - 11. Include details of connections to adjoining work.
  - 12. Detail formed flashing and trim at scale of not less than 3 inches per 12 inches.
- H. Samples for Initial Selection: For each type of sheet metal and accessory indicated with factory-applied finishes.

## 1.6 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Qualification Data: For fabricator and installer
- B. Product Test Reports: For each product, for tests performed by a qualified testing agency.
- C. Sample Warranty documents.

## 1.7 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance Data: For sheet metal flashing and trim, and its accessories, to include in maintenance manuals.

### 1.8 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Fabricator Qualifications: Employs skilled workers who custom fabricate sheet metal flashing and trim similar to that required for this Project and whose products have a record of successful in-service performance.

## 1.9 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Do not store sheet metal flashing and trim materials in contact with other materials that might cause staining, denting, or other surface damage. Store sheet metal flashing and trim materials away from uncured concrete and masonry.
- B. Protect strippable protective covering on sheet metal flashing and trim from exposure to sunlight and high humidity, except to extent necessary for period of sheet metal flashing and trim installation.

### 1.10 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty on Finishes: Manufacturer agrees to repair finish or replace sheet metal flashing and trim that shows evidence of deterioration of factory-applied finishes within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Exposed Panel Finish: Deterioration includes, but is not limited to, the following:
    - a. Color fading more than 5 Hunter units when tested according to ASTM D2244.
    - b. Chalking in excess of a No. 8 rating when tested according to ASTM D4214.
    - c. Cracking, checking, peeling, or failure of paint to adhere to bare metal.
  - 2. Finish Warranty Period: Minimum 20 years from date of Substantial Completion.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. General: Sheet metal flashing and trim assemblies shall withstand wind loads, structural movement, thermally induced movement, and exposure to weather without failure due to defective manufacture, fabrication, installation, or other defects in construction. Completed sheet metal flashing and trim shall not rattle, leak, or loosen, and shall remain watertight.
- B. Sheet Metal Standard for Flashing and Trim: Comply with SMACNA's "Architectural Sheet Metal Manual" requirements for dimensions and profiles shown unless more stringent requirements are indicated.
- C. Thermal Movements: Allow for thermal movements from ambient and surface temperature changes to prevent buckling, opening of joints, overstressing of components, failure of joint sealants, failure of connections, and other detrimental effects. Base calculations on surface temperatures of materials due to both solar heat gain and nighttime-sky heat loss.

1. Temperature Change: 120 deg F, ambient; 180 deg F, material surfaces.

### 2.2 SHEET METALS

- A. General: Protect mechanical and other finishes on exposed surfaces from damage by applying strippable, temporary protective film before shipping.
- B. Steel Sheet: Provide zinc-coated (galvanized) steel sheet according to ASTM A 653/A 653M, G90 coating designation, Grade 40; prepainted by coil-coating process to comply with ASTM A 755/A 755M.
  - 1. Surface: Smooth, flat.
  - 2. Exposed Coil-Coated Finish:
    - a. Three-Coat Fluoropolymer: AAMA 621. Fluoropolymer finish containing not less than 70 percent PVDF resin by weight in both color coat and clear topcoat. Prepare, pretreat, and apply coating to exposed metal surfaces to comply with coating and resin manufacturers' written instructions.
  - 3. Color: Match existing.
  - 4. Concealed Finish: Pretreat with manufacturer's standard white or light-colored acrylic or polyester backer finish, consisting of prime coat and wash coat with minimum total dry film thickness of 0.5 mil.

# 2.3 UNDERLAYMENT MATERIALS

- A. Self-Adhering, High-Temperature Sheet: Minimum 40 mils thick, consisting of a slip-resistant polyethylene- or polypropylene-film top surface laminated to a layer of butyl- or SBS-modified asphalt adhesive, with release-paper backing; specifically designed to withstand high metal temperatures beneath metal roofing. Provide primer according to written recommendations of underlayment manufacturer.
  - 1. Thermal Stability: ASTM D 1970; stable after testing at 240 deg F or higher.
  - 2. Low-Temperature Flexibility: ASTM D 1970; passes after testing at minus 20 deg F or lower.

## 2.4 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

- A. General: Provide materials and types of fasteners[, solder], protective coatings, sealants, and other miscellaneous items as required for complete sheet metal flashing and trim installation and as recommended by manufacturer of primary sheet metal[ or manufactured item] unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Fasteners: Wood screws, annular threaded nails, self-tapping screws, self-locking rivets and bolts, and other suitable fasteners designed to withstand design loads and recommended by manufacturer of primary sheet metal.
  - 1. General: Blind fasteners or self-drilling screws, gasketed, with hex-washer head.
    - a. Exposed Fasteners: Heads matching color of sheet metal using plastic caps or factoryapplied coating. Provide metal-backed EPDM or PVC sealing washers under heads of exposed fasteners bearing on weather side of metal.
    - b. Blind Fasteners: stainless-steel rivets suitable for metal being fastened.

- c. Spikes and Ferrules: Same material as gutter; with spike with ferrule matching internal gutter width.
- 2. Fasteners for Stainless-Steel Sheet: Series 300 stainless steel.
- 3. Fasteners for Zinc-Tin Alloy-Coated Stainless-Steel Sheet: Series 300 stainless steel.
- 4. Fasteners for Galvanized Steel Sheet: Series 300 stainless steel or hot-dip galvanized steel according to ASTM A 153/A 153M or ASTM F 2329.
- C. Sealant Tape: Pressure-sensitive, 100 percent solids, polyisobutylene compound sealant tape with release-paper backing. Provide permanently elastic, nonsag, nontoxic, nonstaining tape 1/2 inch wide and 1/8 inch thick.
- D. Elastomeric Sealant: ASTM C 920, elastomeric **polyurethane** polymer sealant; of type, grade, class, and use classifications required to seal joints in sheet metal flashing and trim and remain watertight.
- E. Butyl Sealant: ASTM C 1311, single-component, solvent-release butyl rubber sealant; polyisobutylene plasticized; heavy bodied for hooked-type expansion joints with limited movement.

# 2.5 FABRICATION, GENERAL

- A. General: Custom fabricate sheet metal flashing and trim to comply with details shown and recommendations in cited sheet metal standard that apply to design, dimensions, geometry, metal thickness, and other characteristics of item required. Fabricate sheet metal flashing and trim in shop to greatest extent possible.
  - 1. Fabricate sheet metal flashing and trim in thickness or weight needed to comply with performance requirements, but not less than that specified for each application and metal.
  - 2. Obtain field measurements for accurate fit before shop fabrication.
  - 3. Form sheet metal flashing and trim to fit substrates without excessive oil canning, buckling, and tool marks; true to line, levels, and slopes; and with exposed edges folded back to form hems.
  - 4. Conceal fasteners and expansion provisions where possible. Do not use exposed fasteners on faces exposed to view.
- B. Fabrication Tolerances: Fabricate sheet metal flashing and trim that is capable of installation to a tolerance of 1/4 inch in 20 feet on slope and location lines indicated on Drawings and within 1/8-inch offset of adjoining faces and of alignment of matching profiles.
- C. Expansion Provisions: Form metal for thermal expansion of exposed flashing and trim.
  - 1. Form expansion joints of intermeshing hooked flanges, not less than 1 inch deep, filled with butyl sealant concealed within joints.
  - 2. Use lapped expansion joints only where indicated on Drawings.
- D. Sealant Joints: Where movable, non-expansion-type joints are required, form metal to provide for proper installation of elastomeric sealant according to cited sheet metal standard.
- E. Fabricate cleats and attachment devices from same material as accessory being anchored or from compatible, noncorrosive metal, but not less than thickness of metal being secured.
- F. Fabricate cleats and attachment devices of sizes as recommended by cited sheet metal standard[ and by FM Global Property Loss Prevention Data Sheet 1-49] for application, but not less than thickness of metal being secured.

G. Do not use graphite pencils to mark metal surfaces.

# 2.6 ROOF-DRAINAGE SHEET METAL FABRICATIONS

- A. Hanging Gutters: Fabricate to cross section required, complete with end pieces, outlet tubes, and other accessories as required. Fabricate in minimum 96-inch- long sections. Furnish gutter spacers fabricated from same metal as gutters, of size recommended by cited sheet metal standard but with thickness not less than twice the gutter thickness. Fabricate expansion joints, expansion-joint covers and gutter accessories from same metal as gutters. Shop fabricate interior and exterior corners.
  - 1. Gutter Profile: To match existing according to cited sheet metal standard.
  - 2. Expansion Joints: Butt type with cover plate or as approved by Architect.
  - 3. Accessories: Continuous, removable leaf screen with sheet metal frame and hardware cloth screen, and Wire-ball downspout strainer.
  - 4. Gutters with Girth up to 15 Inches: Fabricate from the following materials:
    - a. Aluminum: 0.027 inch thick.
- B. Downspouts: Fabricate to match existing downspouts to dimensions indicated, complete with mitered elbows. Furnish with metal hangers from same material as downspouts and anchors. Shop fabricate elbows.
  - 1. Fabricated Hanger Style: to match existing according to SMACNA's "Architectural Sheet Metal Manual."
  - 2. Manufactured Hanger Style: As approved by Architect.

# 2.7 STEEP-SLOPE ROOF SHEET METAL FABRICATIONS

- A. Apron, Step, Cricket, and Backer Flashing: Fabricate from the following materials:
  1. Galvanized Steel: 0.025 inch thick.
- B. Valley Flashing: Fabricate from the following materials:1. Galvanized Steel: 0.028 inch thick.
- C. Drip Edges: Fabricate from the following materials:1. Galvanized Steel: 0.025 inch thick.
- D. Eave, Rake, Ridge, and Hip Flashing: Fabricate from the following materials:1. Galvanized Steel: 0.025 inch thick.
- E. Counterflashing: Shop fabricate interior and exterior corners. Fabricate from the following materials:
   1. Galvanized Steel: 0.025 inch thick.
- F. Flashing Receivers: Fabricate from the following materials: 1. Galvanized Steel: 0.025 inch thick.

# 2.8 EXAMINATION

A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances, substrate, and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
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- 1. Verify compliance with requirements for installation tolerances of substrates.
- 2. Verify that substrate is sound, dry, smooth, clean, sloped for drainage, and securely anchored.
- 3. Verify that air- or water-resistant barriers have been installed over sheathing or backing substrate to prevent air infiltration or water penetration.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

## 2.9 UNDERLAYMENT INSTALLATION

A. Self-Adhering Sheet Underlayment: Install self-adhering sheet underlayment, wrinkle free. Prime substrate if recommended by underlayment manufacturer. Comply with temperature restrictions of underlayment manufacturer for installation; use primer for installing underlayment at low temperatures. Apply in shingle fashion to shed water, with end laps of not less than 6 inches staggered 24 inches between courses. Overlap side edges not less than 3-1/2 inches. Roll laps and edges with roller. Cover underlayment within 14 days.

#### 2.10 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. General: Anchor sheet metal flashing and trim and other components of the Work securely in place, with provisions for thermal and structural movement. Use fasteners, protective coatings, separators, sealants, and other miscellaneous items as required to complete sheet metal flashing and trim system.
  - 1. Install sheet metal flashing and trim true to line, levels, and slopes. Provide uniform, neat seams with minimum exposure of sealant.
  - 2. Install sheet metal flashing and trim to fit substrates and to result in watertight performance. Verify shapes and dimensions of surfaces to be covered before fabricating sheet metal.
  - 3. Secure cleats to substrate with fasteners specifically manufactured for the purpose at spacings of 6 inches on center. Provide ring shank fasteners or screws at wood substrates. Locate fasteners as close to hem of cleat as practical but no more than 2 inches from hem unless specifically indicated otherwise herein or on Drawings.
  - 4. Fabricate cleats to be a minimum of one gauge heavier than fascia metal.
  - 5. Install exposed sheet metal flashing and trim with limited oil canning, and free of buckling and tool marks.
  - 6. Torch cutting of sheet metal flashing and trim is not permitted.
  - 7. Do not use graphite pencils to mark metal surfaces.
- B. Metal Protection: Do not place dissimilar metals in direct contact or in positions where water sheds across both metals. Where metal contacts pressure-treated wood or other corrosive substrates, protect against galvanic action or corrosion by painting contact surfaces with bituminous coating or by other permanent separation as recommended by sheet metal manufacturer or cited sheet metal standard.
  - 1. Underlayment: Where installing sheet metal flashing and trim directly on cementitious or wood substrates, install underlayment and cover with slip sheet.
- C. Expansion Provisions: Provide for thermal expansion of exposed flashing and trim. Space movement joints at maximum of 10 feet with no joints within 24 inches of corner or intersection.
  - 1. Form expansion joints of intermeshing hooked flanges, not less than 1 inch deep, filled with sealant concealed within joints.
  - 2. Use lapped expansion joints only where indicated on Drawings.
- D. Fasteners: Use fastener sizes that penetrate wood blocking or sheathing not less than 1-1/4 inches for nails and not less than 3/4 inch for wood screws substrate not less than recommended by fastener manufacturer to achieve maximum pull-out resistance.

- E. Conceal fasteners and expansion provisions where possible in exposed work and locate to minimize possibility of leakage. Cover and seal fasteners and anchors as required for a tight installation.
- F. Install metal to be water- and weathertight with lines and angles sharp and true and with plane surfaces free of waves or buckles. Hem all raw edges of exposed or finish sheet metal.
  - Use sealant-filled joints unless otherwise indicated. Embed hooked flanges of joint members not less than 1 inch into sealant. Form joints to completely conceal sealant. When ambient temperature at time of installation is between 40 and 70 deg F, set joint members for 50 percent movement each way. Adjust setting proportionately for installation at higher ambient temperatures. Do not install sealant-type joints at temperatures below 40 deg F.
  - 2. Prepare joints and apply sealants to comply with requirements in Section 079200 "Joint Sealants."
- G. Rivets: Rivet joints in where necessary for strength.
- H. Follow recommendations of Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors' National Association (SMACNA) Architectural Sheet Metal Manual for fabricating in-shop and on-site, and for installation, unless otherwise specified herein or on Drawings.
- I. Follow published instructions of the product manufacturer for installation of extruded or proprietary metal products, unless otherwise specified herein or on Drawings.
- J. Use nails, screws, bolts, cleats or other fasteners of the same material or, if approved by Architect, of material chemically compatible with the contacted metal.
- K. Install shop-formed metal in 10 foot lengths maximum and with minimum number of pieces in each straight run.
- L. Shop form all metal shapes, which are to be formed of prefinished metal, with protective plastic film in place. Do not remove plastic film until just prior to (or, if possible, after) installation.

## 2.11 ROOF-DRAINAGE SYSTEM INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install sheet metal roof-drainage items to produce complete roof-drainage system according to cited sheet metal standard unless otherwise indicated. Coordinate installation of roof perimeter flashing with installation of roof-drainage system.
- B. Hanging Gutters: Install new gutters at locations indicated on drawings. Refer to SMACNA Architectural Sheet Metal Manual Figure.
- C. Join sections with joints sealed with sealant. Provide for thermal expansion. Attach gutters at eave or fascia to firmly anchor them in position. Provide end closures and seal watertight with sealant. Slope to downspouts.
  - 1. Refer to sheet metal schedule for gauge and metal type.
  - 2. Size gutters to match existing.
  - 3. Provide butt-type expansion joints in gutters at 50 foot maximum intervals. Refer to SMACNA Architectural Sheet Metal Manual.
  - 4. Provide gutter spacers sized to fit gutter 1/8 inch spaced 3 feet on center. Refer to SMACNA Architectural Sheet Metal Manual.
  - 5. Fasten gutter spacers to front and back of gutter.
  - 6. Anchor and loosely lock back edge of gutter to continuous eave.
  - 7. Anchor back of gutter not more than 24 inches apart.

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- 8. Install continuous gutter screens on gutters with noncorrosive fasteners.
- D. Downspouts: Install new downspouts to match existing at locations illustrated on the drawings as specified herein. Refer to SMACNA Architectural Sheet Metal Manual.
  - 1. Refer to sheet metal schedule for gauge and metal type.
  - 2. Size downspouts to match existing.
  - 3. Install downspouts at existing locations.
  - 4. Join sections with 1-1/2-inch telescoping joints.
  - 5. Provide hangers with fasteners designed to hold downspouts securely to walls. Locate hangers at top and bottom and at approximately 60 inches o.c.
  - 6. Form downspout hangers from the same material as downspouts using material not less than 2 gauges heavier than downspouts.
  - 7. Secure downspouts to wall with hangers spaced not more than 5 feet on center. Refer to SMACNA Architectural Sheet Metal Manual.
  - 8. Connect downspouts to outlet tubes. Refer to SMACNA Architectural Sheet Metal Manual Figures 1-24C and 1-33, Detail 1.
  - 9. Provide elbows at base of downspout to direct water away from building.
  - 10. Connect downspouts to underground drainage system.
- E. Splash Pans: Where downspouts terminate at grade, provide new precast concrete splash blocks. Set blocks on grade with uniform solid support. Provide elbows at base of downspouts which turn out 12" x 24" x 3.125", 3500 PSI.

#### 2.12 ROOF FLASHING INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install sheet metal flashing and trim to comply with performance requirements and cited sheet metal standard. Provide concealed fasteners where possible, and set units true to line, levels, and slopes. Install work with laps, joints, and seams that are permanently watertight and weather resistant.
- B. Roof Edge Flashing: Anchor to resist uplift and outward forces according to recommendations in cited sheet metal standard unless otherwise indicated. Fasten roof edge flashing to substrate at 3-inch centers, staggered.
- C. Roof Edge Flashing: Anchor to resist uplift and outward forces according to recommendations in FM Global Property Loss Prevention Data Sheet 1-49 for FM Approvals' listing for required windstorm classification.
- D. Metal Drip Edge Flashing: Install new metal drip edge at as specified herein. Refer to SMACNA Architectural Sheet Metal Manual.
  - 1. Refer to sheet metal schedule for gauge and metal type.
  - 2. Install metal drip edge under underlayment assembly at downslope eaves and over underlayment assembly at rake edges.
  - 3. Secure drip edge to substrate with appropriate fasteners spaced not more than 3 inches on center, staggered.
  - 4. Lap ends 4 inches.
- E. Copings: Anchor to substrate as shown in Drawings.
  - 1. Install new coping cap at locations shown in the Drawings.
  - 2. Refer to sheet metal schedule or plans for gauge and metal type.

- 3. Prior to installation of coping cap, apply self-adhering membrane across the top of the parapet and extending down the inside face approximately the width of the vertical sections of the coping cap and as shown on the Drawings. Use strips as long as practical, lapping the ends 6 inches.
- 4. Refer to the Drawings for locations and dimensions.
- F. Counterflashing: Coordinate installation of counterflashing with installation of base flashing.
  - 1. Install new counter-flashings at locations as shown in the Drawings and as specified herein. Refer to SMACNA Architectural Sheet Metal Manual Figure.
  - 2. Refer to sheet metal schedule for gauge and metal type.
  - 3. Insert upper edge of counterflashing in reglet.
  - 4. Insert upper edge of counterflashing in metal receiver. Bend receiver neatly and snugly to face of counterflashing.
  - 5. Secure counterflashing to vertical surface with appropriate fasteners.
  - 6. Notch and lap joints and inside corners. Notch and seam outside corners. Do not rivet or otherwise secure joints and corners.
  - 7. Fill reglet to full depth with permanent, non-shrinking sealant.
  - 8. Lap ends of counterflashing 4 inches. Crimp hem of overlapping section around hem of underlapping section.
- G. Roof-Penetration Flashing: Coordinate installation of roof-penetration flashing with installation of roofing and other items penetrating roof. Seal with butyl sealant and clamp flashing to pipes that penetrate roof.

### 2.13 METAL VALLEY LINER INSTALLATION

- A. Install new metal valley liner at location shown in the Drawings and as specified herein. Refer to SMACNA Architectural Sheet Metal Manual.
- B. Refer to sheet metal schedule for gauge and metal type.
- C. Form valley liner from minimum 16" wide metal in sections not over 10 feet long, with hook edges and center vee-crimp.
- D. Secure each valley liner section at the top with appropriate fasteners and overlap next lower section at least 8 inches. Secure the full length along each side with cleats spaced not over 24 inches on center.

#### 2.14 WALL FLASHING INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install sheet metal wall flashing to intercept and exclude penetrating moisture according to cited sheet metal standard unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Reglets: Installation of reglets is specified in Section 042000 "Unit Masonry".
- C. Base Flashing Closures: Install new base flashing closures where base flashings abruptly end as specified herein. Refer to Drawings.
  - 1. Refer to sheet metal schedule for gauge and metal type.
  - 2. Completely seal all joints to be watertight.
  - 3. Install closures over roof membrane and under base flashings.
  - 4. Extend closures up under counterflashings, where present or specified.
  - 5. Install closures to completely seal ends of base flashings, membrane and cants as well as end joints of gravel stop-fascia or drip edge, if present.

### 2.15 ERECTION TOLERANCES

- A. Installation Tolerances: Shim and align sheet metal flashing and trim within installed tolerance of 1/4 inch in 20 feet on slope and location lines indicated on Drawings and within 1/8-inch offset of adjoining faces and of alignment of matching profiles.
- B. Installation Tolerances: Shim and align sheet metal flashing and trim within installed tolerances specified in MCA's "Guide Specification for Residential Metal Roofing."

# 2.16 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Clean exposed metal surfaces of substances that interfere with uniform oxidation and weathering.
- B. Clean and neutralize flux materials. Clean off excess solder.
- C. Clean off excess sealants.
- D. Remove temporary protective coverings and strippable films as sheet metal flashing and trim are installed unless otherwise indicated in manufacturer's written installation instructions. On completion of sheet metal flashing and trim installation, remove unused materials and clean finished surfaces as recommended by sheet metal flashing and trim manufacturer. Maintain sheet metal flashing and trim in clean condition during construction.
- E. Replace sheet metal flashing and trim that have been damaged or that have deteriorated beyond successful repair by finish touchup or similar minor repair procedures.
  - 2.17 SHEET METAL SCHEDULE
- F. Eave Metal-Fascia: 24 GA prefinished steel.
- G. Counterflashing: 24 ga. prefinished galvanized steel.
- H. Base Flashing Closure: 24 ga. prefinished galvanized steel.
- I. Gutters: .027 prefinished aluminum.
- J. Downspouts: .027 Prefinished aluminum.

END OF SECTION 076200

#### SECTION 079200 - JOINT SEALANTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

- 1.1 SUMMARY
- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Silicone joint sealants.
  - 2. Nonstaining silicone joint sealants.
  - 3. Urethane joint sealants.
  - 4. Silyl-terminated polyether joint sealants.
  - 5. Butyl joint sealants.
  - 6. Joints between metal panels.
- B. Related Section include the following:
  - 1. Division 074113 Section "Standing Seam Metal Roof Panels"

#### 1.2 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

A. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

#### 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each joint-sealant product.
- B. Samples for Initial Selection: Manufacturer's color charts consisting of strips of cured sealants showing the full range of colors available for each product exposed to view.
- C. Samples for Verification: For each kind and color of joint sealant required, provide Samples with joint sealants in 1/2-inch wide joints formed between two 6-inch long strips of material matching the appearance of exposed surfaces adjacent to joint sealants.
- D. Joint-Sealant Schedule: Include the following information:
  - 1. Joint-sealant application, joint location, and designation.
  - 2. Joint-sealant manufacturer and product name.
  - 3. Joint-sealant formulation.
  - 4. Joint-sealant color.

#### 1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Qualification Data: For qualified testing agency.
- B. Product Test Reports: For each kind of joint sealant, for tests performed by manufacturer and witnessed by a qualified testing agency.
- C. Preconstruction Laboratory Test Schedule: Include the following information for each joint sealant and substrate material to be tested:

- 1. Joint-sealant location and designation.
- 2. Manufacturer and product name.
- 3. Type of substrate material.
- 4. Proposed test.
- 5. Number of samples required.
- D. Preconstruction Laboratory Test Reports: From sealant manufacturer, indicating the following:
  - 1. Materials forming joint substrates and joint-sealant backings have been tested for compatibility and adhesion with joint sealants.
  - 2. Interpretation of test results and written recommendations for primers and substrate preparation are needed for adhesion.
- E. Preconstruction Field-Adhesion-Test Reports: Indicate which sealants and joint preparation methods resulted in optimum adhesion to joint substrates based on testing specified in "Preconstruction Testing" Article.
- F. Field-Adhesion-Test Reports: For each sealant application tested.
- G. Sample Warranties: For special warranties.

#### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: An authorized representative who is trained and approved by manufacturer.
- B. Product Testing: Test joint sealants using a qualified testing agency.
  - 1. Testing Agency Qualifications: Qualified according to ASTM C 1021 to conduct the testing indicated.
- C. Mockups: Install sealant in mockups of assemblies specified in other Sections that are indicated to receive joint sealants specified in this Section. Use materials and installation methods specified in this Section.

### 1.6 PRECONSTRUCTION TESTING

- A. Preconstruction Laboratory Testing: Submit to joint-sealant manufacturers, for testing indicated below, samples of materials that will contact or affect joint sealants.
  - 1. Adhesion Testing: Use ASTM C 794 to determine whether priming and other specific joint preparation techniques are required to obtain rapid, optimum adhesion of joint sealants to joint substrates.
  - 2. Compatibility Testing: Use ASTM C 1087 to determine sealant compatibility when in contact with glazing and gasket materials.
  - 3. Stain Testing: Use ASTM C 1248 to determine stain potential of sealant when in contact with masonry substrates.
  - 4. Submit manufacturer's recommended number of pieces of each type of material, including joint substrates, joint-sealant backings, and miscellaneous materials.
  - 5. Schedule sufficient time for testing and analyzing results to prevent delaying the Work.
  - 6. For materials failing tests, obtain joint-sealant manufacturer's written instructions for corrective measures, including use of specially formulated primers.
  - 7. Testing will not be required if joint-sealant manufacturers submit data that are based on previous testing, not older than 24 months, of sealant products for adhesion to, staining of, and compatibility with joint substrates and other materials matching those submitted.

- B. Preconstruction Field-Adhesion Testing: Before installing sealants, field test their adhesion to Project joint substrates as follows:
  - 1. Locate test joints where indicated on Project or, if not indicated, as directed by Architect.
  - 2. Conduct field tests for each kind of sealant and joint substrate.
  - 3. Notify Architect seven days in advance of dates and times when test joints will be erected.
  - 4. Arrange for tests to take place with joint-sealant manufacturer's technical representative present.
    - a. Test Method: Test joint sealants according to Method A, Field-Applied Sealant Joint Hand Pull Tab, in Appendix X1.1 in ASTM C 1193 or Method A, Tail Procedure, in ASTM C 1521.
      - For joints with dissimilar substrates, verify adhesion to each substrate separately; extend cut along one side, verifying adhesion to opposite side. Repeat procedure for opposite side.
  - 5. Report whether sealant failed to adhere to joint substrates or tore cohesively. Include data on pull distance used to test each kind of product and joint substrate. For sealants that fail adhesively, retest until satisfactory adhesion is obtained.
  - 6. Evaluation of Preconstruction Field-Adhesion-Test Results: Sealants not evidencing adhesive failure from testing, in absence of other indications of noncompliance with requirements, will be considered satisfactory. Do not use sealants that fail to adhere to joint substrates during testing.

### 1.7 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Do not proceed with installation of joint sealants under the following conditions:
  - 1. When ambient and substrate temperature conditions are outside limits permitted by joint-sealant manufacturer or are below 40 deg F.
  - 2. When joint substrates are wet.
  - 3. Where joint widths are less than those allowed by joint-sealant manufacturer for applications indicated.
  - 4. Where contaminants capable of interfering with adhesion have not yet been removed from joint substrates.

#### 1.8 WARRANTY

- A. Special Installer's Warranty: Installer agrees to repair or replace joint sealants that do not comply with performance and other requirements specified in this Section within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Warranty Period: Two years from date of Substantial Completion.
- B. Special Manufacturer's Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to furnish joint sealants to repair or replace those joint sealants that do not comply with performance and other requirements specified in this Section within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Warranty Period: 10 years from date of Substantial Completion.
- C. Special warranties specified in this article exclude deterioration or failure of joint sealants from the following:

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- 1. Movement of the structure caused by stresses on the sealant exceeding sealant manufacturer's written specifications for sealant elongation and compression.
- 2. Disintegration of joint substrates from causes exceeding design specifications.
- 3. Mechanical damage caused by individuals, tools, or other outside agents.
- 4. Changes in sealant appearance caused by accumulation of dirt or other atmospheric contaminants.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 JOINT SEALANTS, GENERAL

- A. Compatibility: Provide joint sealants, backings, and other related materials that are compatible with one another and with joint substrates under conditions of service and application, as demonstrated by joint-sealant manufacturer, based on testing and field experience.
- B. VOC Content of Interior Sealants: Sealants and sealant primers used inside the weatherproofing system shall comply with the following:
  - 1. Architectural sealants shall have a VOC content of 250 g/L or less.
  - 2. Sealants and sealant primers for nonporous substrates shall have a VOC content of 250 g/L or less.
  - 3. Sealants and sealant primers for nonporous substrates shall have a VOC content of 775 g/L or less.
- C. Low-Emitting Interior Sealants: Sealants and sealant primers shall comply with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Health's (formerly, the California Department of Health Services') "Standard Method for the Testing and Evaluation of Volatile Organic Chemical Emissions from Indoor Sources Using Environmental Chambers."
- D. Colors of Exposed Joint Sealants: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

## 2.2 SILICONE JOINT SEALANTS

- A. Silicone, S, NS, 100/50, NT: Single-component, nonsag, plus 100 percent and minus 50 percent movement capability, nontraffic-use, neutral-curing silicone joint sealant; ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade NS, Class 100/50, Use NT.
  - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, available products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. GE Construction Sealants; SCS2700 SilPruf LM.
    - b. Sika Corporation U.S.; Sikasil WS-290, Sikasil WS-290 FPS.
    - c. Approved equivalent.
- B. Silicone, S, NS, 50, NT: Single-component, nonsag, plus 50 percent and minus 50 percent movement capability, nontraffic-use, neutral-curing silicone joint sealant; ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade NS, Class 50, Use NT.

Retain "Products" Subparagraph and list of manufacturers and products below to require specific products or a comparable product from other manufacturers.

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, [provide the following] [provide one of the following] [available products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following]:

- a. Dow Corning Corporation; 791.
- b. GE Construction Sealants; SCS2000 SilPruf.
- c. May National Associates, Inc., a subsidiary of Sika Corporation U.S.; Bondaflex Sil 265 LTS.
- d. Pecora Corporation; PCS.
- e. Sika Corporation U.S.; Sikasil WS-295, Sikasil WS-295 FPS.
- f. Approved equivalent.
- C. Silicone, S, NS, 35, NT: Single-component, nonsag, plus 35 percent and minus 35 percent movement capability. nontraffic-use, neutral-curing silicone joint sealant; ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade NS, Class 35, Use NT.
  - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, available products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. GE Construction Sealants; SWS.
    - b. Approved equivalent.
- D. Silicone, S, NS, 25, NT: Single-component, nonsag, plus 25 percent and minus 25 percent movement capability, nontraffic-use, neutral-curing silicone joint sealant; ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade NS, Class 25, Use NT.
  - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, available products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. Dow Corning Corporation; 758.
    - b. GE Construction Sealants; SCS2350.
    - c. Polymeric Systems, Inc.; PSI-631, PSI-641.
    - d. Schnee-Morehead, Inc., an ITW company; SM5731 Poly-Glaze Plus.
    - e. Approved equivalent.
- E. Silicone, Acid Curing, S, NS, 25, NT: Single-component, nonsag, plus 25 percent and minus 25 percent movement capability, nontraffic-use, acid-curing silicone joint sealant: ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade NS, Class 25, Use NT.
  - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, available products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. Bostik, Inc.; Chem-Calk 1200.
    - b. Dow Corning Corporation; 999A.
    - c. May National Associates, Inc., a subsidiary of Sika Corporation U.S.; Bondaflex Sil 100 GC, Bondaflex Sil 100 GP, Bondaflex Sil 100 HT.
    - d. Pecora Corporation; 860.
    - e. Polymeric Systems, Inc.; PSI-601.
    - f. Sika Corporation U.S.; Sikasil-GP.
    - g. Approved equivalent.
- F. Silicone, S, NS, 100/50, T, NT: Single-component, nonsag, plus 100 percent and minus 50 percent movement capability, traffic- and nontraffic-use, neutral-curing silicone joint sealant; ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade NS, Class 100/50, Uses T and NT.
  - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, available products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. Dow Corning Corporation; NS.
    - b. May National Associates, Inc., a subsidiary of Sika Corporation U.S.; Bondaflex Sil 728 NS.

- c. Approved equivalent.
- G. Silicone, S, NS, 50, T, NT: Single-component, nonsag, plus 50 percent and minus 50 percent movement capability, traffic- and nontraffic-use, neutral-curing silicone joint sealant; ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade NS, Class 50, Uses T and NT.
  - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, [provide the following] [provide one of the following] [available products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following]:
    - a. Dow Corning Corporation; 799 CCS.
    - b. Soudal USA; RTV 50.
    - c. Approved equivalent.
- H. Silicone, S, NS, 25, T, NT: Single-component, nonsag, plus 25 percent and minus 25 percent movement capability, traffic- and nontraffic-use, neutral-curing silicone joint sealant; ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade NS, Class 25, Uses T and NT.
  - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, [provide the following] [provide one of the following] [available products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following]:
    - a. May National Associates, Inc., a subsidiary of Sika Corporation U.S.; Bondaflex Sil 199 PG, Bondaflex Sil 200 GPN, Bondaflex Sil 201 FC, Bondaflex Sil 211 FC.
    - b. Sika Corporation U.S.; Sikasil-N Plus US.
    - c. Approved equivalent.
- I. Silicone, S, P, 100/50, T, NT: Single-component, pourable, plus 100 percent and minus 50 percent movement capability traffic- and nontraffic-use, neutral-curing silicone joint sealant; ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade P, Class 100/50, Uses T and NT.
  - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, [provide the following] [provide one of the following] [available products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following]:
    - a. May National Associates, Inc., a subsidiary of Sika Corporation U.S.; Bondaflex Sil 728 SG, Bondaflex Sil 728 SL.
    - b. Approved equivalent.
- J. Silicone, S, P, 25, T, NT: Single-component, pourable, plus 25 percent and minus 25 percent movement capability, traffic- and nontraffic-use, neutral-curing silicone joint sealant; ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade P, Class 25, Uses T and NT.
  - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, [provide the following] [provide one of the following] [available products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following]:
    - a. May National Associates, Inc., a subsidiary of Sika Corporation U.S.; Bondaflex Sil 200 SC, Bondaflex Sil 200 MJS.
    - b. Approved equivalent.

## 2.3 NONSTAINING SILICONE JOINT SEALANTS

A. Nonstaining Joint Sealants: No staining of substrates when tested according to ASTM C 1248.

- B. Silicone, Nonstaining, S, NS, 100/50, NT: Nonstaining, single-component, nonsag, plus 100 percent and minus 50 percent movement capability, nontraffic-use, neutral-curing silicone joint sealant; ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade NS, Class 100/50, Use NT.
  - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, available products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. May National Associates, Inc., a subsidiary of Sika Corporation U.S.; Bondaflex Sil 290 FPS-NB, Bondaflex Sil 290 NB.
    - b. Pecora Corporation; [890FTS/TXTR] [890 NST].
    - c. Tremco Incorporated; Spectrem 1.
    - d. Approved equivalent.
- C. Silicone, Nonstaining, S, NS, 50, NT: Nonstaining, single-component, nonsag, plus 50 percent and minus 50 percent movement capability, nontraffic-use, neutral-curing silicone joint sealant; ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade NS, Class 50, Use NT.
  - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, available products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. Dow Corning Corporation; 756 SMS, 795.
    - b. GE Construction Sealants; SilPruf NB.
    - c. May National Associates, Inc., a subsidiary of Sika Corporation U.S.; Bondaflex Sil 295 FPS NB.
    - d. Pecora Corporation; 864NST, 895NST, 898NST.
    - e. Tremco Incorporated;[Spectrem 2, Spectrem 3.
    - f. Approved equivalent.

### 2.4 URETHANE JOINT SEALANTS

- A. Urethane, S, NS, 25, NT: Single-component, nonsag, nontraffic-use, plus 25 percent and minus 25 percent movement capability, urethane joint sealant; ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade NS, Class 25, Use NT.
  - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, available products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. BASF Construction Chemicals, LLC, Building Systems; Sonalastic TX1.
    - b. Bostik, Inc.; Chem-Calk [GPS1] [900] [915] [916] [2000].
    - c. ER Systems, an ITW Company; Pacific Polymers Elasto-Thane 230 MP.
    - d. Pecora Corporation; Dynatrol I-XL.
    - e. Polymeric Systems, Inc.; Flexiprene 1000.
    - f. Schnee-Morehead, Inc., an ITW company; Permathane SM7108.
    - g. Sherwin-Williams Company (The); [Stampede-1] [Stampede-TX].
    - h. Sika Corporation U.S.; Sikaflex Textured Sealant.
    - i. Tremco Incorporated; Dymonic.
    - j. Approved equivalent.

### 2.5 MILDEW-RESISTANT JOINT SEALANTS

A. Mildew-Resistant Joint Sealants: Formulated for prolonged exposure to humidity with fungicide to prevent mold and mildew growth.

- B. Silicone, Mildew Resistant, Acid Curing, S, NS, 25, NT: Mildew-resistant, single-component, nonsag, plus 25 percent and minus 25 percent movement capability, nontraffic-use, acid-curing silicone joint sealant; ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade NS, Class 25, Use NT.
  - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, available products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. Dow Corning Corporation; 786-M White.
    - b. GE Construction Sealants; SCS1700 Sanitary.
    - c. May National Associates, Inc., a subsidiary of Sika Corporation U.S.; Bondaflex Sil 100 WF.
    - d. Soudal USA; RTV GP.
    - e. Tremco Incorporated; Tremsil 200.
    - f. Approved equivalent.

### 2.6 BUTYL JOINT SEALANTS

- A. Butyl-Rubber-Based Joint Sealants: ASTM C 1311.
  - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, [provide the following] [provide one of the following] [available products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following]:
    - a. Bostik, Inc.; Chem-Calk 300.
    - b. Pecora Corporation; BC-158.
    - c. As approved by metal roof panel manufacturer.

## 2.7 JOINT-SEALANT BACKING

- A. Sealant Backing Material, General: Nonstaining; compatible with joint substrates, sealants, primers, and other joint fillers; and approved for applications indicated by sealant manufacturer based on field experience and laboratory testing.
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - 2. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide suitable product by one of the following:
    - a. BASF Construction Chemicals, LLC, Building Systems.
    - b. Construction Foam Products, a division of Nomaco, Inc.
    - c. Approved equivalent.
- B. Cylindrical Sealant Backings: ASTM C 1330, Type C (closed-cell material with a surface skin) and of size and density to control sealant depth and otherwise contribute to producing optimum sealant performance.
- C. Bond-Breaker Tape: Polyethylene tape or other plastic tape recommended by sealant manufacturer for preventing sealant from adhering to rigid, inflexible joint-filler materials or joint surfaces at back of joint. Provide self-adhesive tape where applicable.
  - 2.8 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

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- A. General: Provide sealant backings of materials and type that are nonstaining; are compatible with joint substrates, sealants, primers, and other joint fillers; and are approved for applications indicated by sealant manufacturers based on field experience and laboratory testing.
- B. Primer: Material recommended by joint-sealant manufacturer where required for adhesion of sealant to joint substrates indicated, as determined from preconstruction joint-sealant-substrate tests and field tests.
- C. Cleaners for Nonporous Surfaces: Chemical cleaners acceptable to manufacturers of sealants and sealant backing materials, free of oily residues or other substances capable of staining or harming joint substrates and adjacent nonporous surfaces in any way, and formulated to promote optimum adhesion of sealants to joint substrates.
- D. Masking Tape: Nonstaining, nonabsorbent material compatible with joint sealants and surfaces adjacent to joints.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine joints indicated to receive joint sealants, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for joint configuration, installation tolerances, and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

#### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Surface Cleaning of Joints: Clean out joints immediately before installing joint sealants to comply with joint-sealant manufacturer's written instructions and the following requirements:
  - 1. Remove all foreign material from joint substrates that could interfere with adhesion of joint sealant, including dust, paints (except for permanent, protective coatings tested and approved for sealant adhesion and compatibility by sealant manufacturer), old joint sealants, oil, grease, waterproofing, water repellents, water, surface dirt, and frost.
  - 2. Clean porous joint substrate surfaces by brushing, grinding, mechanical abrading, or a combination of these methods to produce a clean, sound substrate capable of developing optimum bond with joint sealants. Remove loose particles remaining after cleaning operations above by vacuuming or blowing out joints with oil-free compressed air. Porous joint substrates include the following:
    - a. Masonry.
  - 3. Remove laitance and form-release agents from concrete.
  - 4. Clean nonporous joint substrate surfaces with chemical cleaners or other means that do not stain, harm substrates, or leave residues capable of interfering with adhesion of joint sealants. Nonporous joint substrates include the following:
    - a. Metal.
- B. Joint Priming: Prime joint substrates where recommended by joint-sealant manufacturer or as indicated by preconstruction joint-sealant-substrate tests or prior experience. Apply primer to comply with joint-sealant manufacturer's written instructions. Confine primers to areas of joint-sealant bond; do not allow spillage or migration onto adjoining surfaces.

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C. Masking Tape: Use masking tape where required to prevent contact of sealant or primer with adjoining surfaces that otherwise would be permanently stained or damaged by such contact or by cleaning methods required to remove sealant smears. Remove tape immediately after tooling without disturbing joint seal.

# 3.3 INSTALLATION OF JOINT SEALANTS

- A. General: Comply with joint-sealant manufacturer's written installation instructions for products and applications indicated, unless more stringent requirements apply.
- B. Sealant Installation Standard: Comply with recommendations in ASTM C 1193 for use of joint sealants as applicable to materials, applications, and conditions indicated.
- C. Install sealant backings of kind indicated to support sealants during application and at position required to produce cross-sectional shapes and depths of installed sealants relative to joint widths that allow optimum sealant movement capability.
  - 1. Do not leave gaps between ends of sealant backings.
  - 2. Do not stretch, twist, puncture, or tear sealant backings.
  - 3. Remove absorbent sealant backings that have become wet before sealant application, and replace them with dry materials.
- D. Install bond-breaker tape behind sealants where sealant backings are not used between sealants and backs of joints.
- E. Install sealants using proven techniques that comply with the following and at the same time backings are installed:
  - 1. Place sealants so they directly contact and fully wet joint substrates.
  - 2. Completely fill recesses in each joint configuration.
  - 3. Produce uniform, cross-sectional shapes and depths relative to joint widths that allow optimum sealant movement capability.
- F. Tooling of Nonsag Sealants: Immediately after sealant application and before skinning or curing begins, tool sealants according to requirements specified in subparagraphs below to form smooth, uniform beads of configuration indicated; to eliminate air pockets; and to ensure contact and adhesion of sealant with sides of joint.
  - 1. Remove excess sealant from surfaces adjacent to joints.
  - 2. Use tooling agents that are approved in writing by sealant manufacturer and that do not discolor sealants or adjacent surfaces.
  - 3. Provide concave joint profile per Figure 8A in ASTM C 1193 unless otherwise indicated.
  - 4. Provide flush joint profile according to Figure 8B in ASTM C 1193.
  - 5. Provide recessed joint configuration of recess according to Figure 8C in ASTM C 1193.
    - a. Use masking tape to protect surfaces adjacent to recessed tooled joints.
  - 3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL
- A. Field-Adhesion Testing: Field test joint-sealant adhesion to joint substrates as follows:

- 1. Extent of Testing: Test completed and cured sealant joints as follows:
  - a. Perform 2 tests for the first 10 feet of joint length for each kind of sealant and joint substrate.
  - b. Perform one test for each 100 feet of joint length thereafter or one test per each floor per elevation.
- 2. Test Method: Test joint sealants according to Method A, Field-Applied Sealant Joint Hand Pull Tab, in Appendix X1 in ASTM C 1193 or Method A, Tail Procedure, in ASTM C 1521.
  - a. For joints with dissimilar substrates, verify adhesion to each substrate separately; extend cut along one side, verifying adhesion to opposite side. Repeat procedure for opposite side.
- 3. Inspect tested joints and report on the following:
  - a. Whether sealants filled joint cavities and are free of voids.
  - b. Whether sealant dimensions and configurations comply with specified requirements.
  - c. Whether sealants in joints connected to pulled-out portion failed to adhere to joint substrates or tore cohesively. Include data on pull distance used to test each kind of product and joint substrate. Compare these results to determine if adhesion complies with sealant manufacturer's field-adhesion hand-pull test criteria.
- 4. Record test results in a field-adhesion-test log. Include dates when sealants were installed, names of persons who installed sealants, test dates, test locations, whether joints were primed, adhesion results and percent elongations, sealant material, sealant configuration, and sealant dimensions.
- 5. Repair sealants pulled from test area by applying new sealants following same procedures used originally to seal joints. Ensure that original sealant surfaces are clean and that new sealant contacts original sealant.
- B. Evaluation of Field-Adhesion-Test Results: Sealants not evidencing adhesive failure from testing or noncompliance with other indicated requirements will be considered satisfactory. Remove sealants that fail to adhere to joint substrates during testing or to comply with other requirements. Retest failed applications until test results prove sealants comply with indicated requirements.

#### 3.5 CLEANING

A. Clean off excess sealant or sealant smears adjacent to joints as the Work progresses by methods and with cleaning materials approved in writing by manufacturers of joint sealants and of products in which joints occur.

#### 3.6 PROTECTION

A. Protect joint sealants during and after curing period from contact with contaminating substances and from damage resulting from construction operations or other causes so sealants are without deterioration or damage at time of Substantial Completion. If, despite such protection, damage or deterioration occurs, cut out, remove, and repair damaged or deteriorated joint sealants immediately so installations with repaired areas are indistinguishable from original work.

### 3.7 JOINT-SEALANT SCHEDULE

A. Joint-Sealant Application: Exterior joints in vertical surfaces and horizontal nontraffic surfaces.

- 1. Joint Locations:
  - a. Control and expansion joints in unit masonry.
  - b. Joints between different materials listed above.
  - c. Other joints as indicated on Drawings.
- 2. Joint Sealant: Silicone, nonstaining, S, NS, 50, NT.
- 3. Joint-Sealant Color: As selected by Owner from manufacturer's full range of colors.

END OF SECTION 07920

#### 090325 - REPLICATING ORNAMENTAL PLASTER TRIM

#### PART 1---GENERAL

#### 1.01 SUMMARY

A. This procedure includes guidance on replicating ornamental plaster trim work to replace that which is deteriorated or missing.

B. See 01100-07-S for general project guidelines to be used along with this procedure. These guidelines cover the following sections:

- 1. Historic Structures Precautions
- 2. Submittals
- 3. Quality Assurance
- 4. Delivery, Storage and Handling
- 5. Project/Site Conditions
- 6. Sequencing and Scheduling
- 7. General Protection (Surface and Surrounding)

These guidelines should be reviewed prior to performing this procedure and should be followed along with recommendations from the State Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO).

#### 1.02 REFERENCES

A. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) www.astm.org

#### 1.03 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: Submit manufacturer's product data for plaster materials, lath and accessories.

B. Design Data/Test Reports/Certificates:

- 1. Material Certificates: Submit producer's certificates for plaster aggregates to show that materials comply with requirements.
- 2. Schedule of Work: Submit a schedule of locations that require ornamental plaster, and a list of ornamental plaster items or areas that require repair or replacement in each of the affected exterior surfaces. Indicate procedures to be used, and time requirements.

#### **1.04 QUALITY ASSURANCE**

A. Regulatory Requirements: Reference Standards: Comply with applicable requirements of Chapter 9 - Ornamental Plaster, in "Plastering Skills", published by American Technical Publishers, Inc. Comply with other specified standards.

### 1.05 PROJECT/SITE CONDITIONS

A. Environmental Requirements:

- 1. General: Comply with requirements of referenced plaster application standards and recommendations of plaster manufacturer for environmental conditions before, during and after application of plaster.
- 2. Cold Weather Protection: When outdoor temperature is below 55 degrees F., maintain continuous uniform temperature of not less than 55 degrees F., nor more than 70 degrees F., for not less than 1 week prior to plaster application, during its application, and until plaster is dry but for not less than one week after application is complete. Distribute heat evenly; prevent concentrated or uneven heat from contacting plaster near heat source.
- 3. Ventilation: Ventilate building spaces as required to remove water in excess of that required for hydration of plaster. Begin ventilation immediately after plaster is applied and continue until it sets.
- 4. Protection: Protect adjacent work from soiling, splattering, moisture and other harmful effects which might result from plastering. Obtain approval of the protection from the contracting officer.

PART 2---PRODUCTS

2.01 MANUFACTURERS A. National Gypsum Co. Gold Bond Building Products Division www.nationalgypsum.com

B. USG Corporation www.usg.com

C. Perma-Flex Mold Company www.perma-flex.com

D. Charles Street Supply Co. www.charlesstsupply.com

### 2.02 MATERIALS

- A. After testing the existing stucco for material type contractor should use the correct mixture for stucco.
- B. Gypsum Plaster Materials:
- 1. Base coat plasters: ASTM C28, types as indicated below.
  - a. Gypsum neat plaster such as "Red Top Gypsum Plaster" (USG.com), "Two-Way Hardwall Gypsum Plaster" (National Gypsum Co.), or approved equal
  - b. High strength gypsum neat plaster with a minimum average dry compressive strength of 2,800 psi per ASTM C472 for a mix of 100 lbs. plaster and 2 cu. ft. of sand such as "Structo-Base" (USG), or approved equal.
- 2. Finish coat plasters: Types as indicated below:
  - a. Gypsum gauging plaster, ASTM C28; for flatwork such as, "Red Top Gauging Plaster" (USG), "Gold Bond Gauging Plaster" (National Gypsum Co.), or approved equal.
  - b. Gypsum molding plaster, ASTM C59; for crown moldings such as "USG No. 1 Moulding Plaster" (USG) "Gold BondMoulding Plaster" (National Gypsum Co.), or approved equal.
  - c. Gypsum casting plaster, ASTM C59; for ornamental plaster such as "USG No. 1 Casting Plaster" (USG), or approved equal.
- 3. Finishing Hydrated Limes: ASTM C206; Type S, or approved equal.
- 4. Aggregates for Base Coat Plasters: ASTM C35, sand.
- 5. Bounding Component for Gypsum Plaster: ASTM C631.

C. Lime Plaster Materials:

- 1. Lime should conform to ASTM C207, Type S, Hydrated Lime for Masonry Purposes.
- 2. Sand should conform to ASTM C144 to assure proper gradation and freedom from impurities. Sand, or other type of aggregate should match the original as closely as possible.
- 3. Cement should conform to ASTM C150, Type II (white, nonstaining) portland cement.
- 4. Water should be fresh, clean and potable.
- 5. If hair or fiber is used, it should be goat or cattle hair, or pure manilla fiber for good quality, ½" to 2" in length, clean and free of dust, dirt, oil, grease or other impurities.
- C. Clean, potable water

D. Plaster Molds: Urethane rubber liquid mold material that can produce detailed impressions (Perma Flex Mold Co.), or approved equal.

E. Reinforcing Fibers: Sisal hemp fibers, or polypropylene fibers, not more than 2" long (Plastic Tooling Co.), or approved equal.

F. Anchors for Reattachment of Existing Plaster: Zinc plated washers with appropriate mechanical fasteners for existing substrates, (Charles Street Supply Co.), or approved equal.

#### 2.03 MIXES

A. Plaster Base Coat Compositions: Comply with ASTM C842 and manufacturer's directions for gypsum plaster base coat proportions for three-coat work:

- 1. Scratch Coat: High strength gypsum gauging plaster with job-mixed sand.
- 2. Brown Coat: High strength gypsum gauging plaster with job-mixed sand.

B. For Finish Coat: Proportion casting plaster and molding plaster to comply with the manufacturer's instructions. Proportion gypsum gauging plaster to comply with ASTM C842; 1 part plaster and 2 parts lime.

C. American Portland Cement Stucco Specifications (c. 1929)

- 1. Base Coats:
  - a. 5 pounds dry, hydrated lime.
  - b. 1 bag Portland cement (94 lbs.)
  - c. Not less than 3 cubic feet (3 bags) sand (passed through a #8 screen)
  - d. Water to make a workable mix.
- 2. Finish Coat:

a. Use WHITE Portland cement in the mix in the same proportions as above. To color the stucco add not more than 10 pounds pigment for each bag of cement contained in the mix.

### PART 3---EXECUTION

#### 3.01 EXAMINATION

A. Examine surfaces to receive ornamental plaster and conditions under which the ornamental plaster will be installed. Proceed with the ornamental plaster work only when substrate surfaces and conditions comply with referenced standards, to ensure satisfactory installations.

1. Promptly notify the contracting officer of conditions that need to be corrected or coordinated.

#### 3.02 PREPARATION

A. Surface Preparation:

- 1. Remove ornamental plaster that is damaged or loose and requires replacement, or that has to be reset.
- 2. Reinforce and secure loose ornamental plaster that is to remain, using appropriate concealed methods (see 09210-04-R for guidance).
- 3. Make molds or screeds as necessary for replacement of ornamental plaster. Match existing plaster profiles.
- 4. Make accurate reproductions for missing, deteriorated or damaged ornamental plaster.
- 5. Clean plaster surfaces to be restored, to remove loose and deleterious materials that may affect adhesion or application of new plaster. Re-attach loose lath or install new lath as required.
- 6. Spray existing plaster to be pointed or patched with water, or use bonding agent, to ensure adhesion of new plaster. Install keying systems for larger pieces as necessary. Comply with referenced standards.
- 7. All existing plaster to be painted shall be stripped down to a bare finish plaster surface with a nonwater based solvent of paint stripper which cannot be water flushed clean.
- 8. Measure and layout ornamental plaster accurately to maintain pattern and alignment of the work.

#### 3.03 ERECTION, INSTALLATION, APPLICATION

NOTE: Conform to the requirements of the latest edition of "Gypsum Construction Handbook" published by USG Corporation concerning application of ornamental plaster.

A. Make a template from sheets of metal (brass) cut full-scale in shapes to match existing; use to screed or form gypsum plaster to desired shapes and contours.

- 1. Coat metal sheet with layout dye a blue dye that makes the scribed pattern easier to follow.
- 2. When the dye is dry, scribe, cut and carefully file the template to remove any roughness or other imperfections that might be transferred to the finished work.
- 3. Use a sled to guide the template as it is pushed through the plastic mass. Basic parts of the sled include a "slipper-board" and the board to which the template is nailed.
  - a. For bench work the sled is guided by the table edge. Bench-run molds are installed on the job with mechanical fasteners or adhesively attached with gypsum plaster.
  - b. For run-in-place work, a guide strip is attached to the wall or ceiling and forms one edge of the pattern; after work is completed the guide strip is removed.
- 4. For circular shapes:
  - a. Follow procedures described in Section 3.03 A.1.- A.3. above, except scribe the center line of the circular shape on the template.
  - b. Center a pivot plate to this line and attach to the template board.

B. Mix Plaster: Use special plaster designed and manufactured for ornamental plaster work.

NOTE: More lime will make the mixture more plastic, but stucco mortar with a very large proportion of lime to sand is more likely to crack because of greater shrinkage; it is also weaker and slower to set. More sand or aggregate, will minimize shrinkage, but make the mixture harder to trowel smooth, and will weaken the mortar.

NOTE: Mix the plaster a little below normal consistency for the first mix, then allow the mix to "cream" a bit before placing it on the bench in front of the template. For run-in-place work a slightly stiffer consistency is desirable.

- 1. For Hand Mixing:
  - a. Weigh the plaster, and measure or weigh the water.
  - b. Sift plaster into water evenly. Do not drop hands full of plaster into the water at one time.
  - c. Allow to soak 2 minutes undisturbed, then mix thoroughly. Stir from bottom, forcing material to top. Take care to avoid beating air into mix. Proper mixing forces air out of mix.
  - d. Continue mixing until a smooth, even mass is produced.
- 2. For Mechanical Mixing: Mechanically mix cementitious and aggregate materials for plasters to comply with applicable referenced application standards and with recommendations of plasters manufacturer.
  - a. Weigh plaster and measure water accurately.
  - b. Sift or strew plaster slowly and evenly.
  - c. Allow it to soak 2 to 5 minutes, and mix for 2 to 5 minutes.

NOTE: For batches of 10 to 50 lbs., use a 3" diameter, 3-blade, 25 degree pitch propeller with 1/4 or 1/3 hp. 1,760 rpm direct-drive motor. For batches of 50 to 200 lb., use a 4" diameter, 3-blade, 25 degree pitch propeller with 1/2 hp. 1,760 rpm direct-drive motor.

#### 3.04 ADJUSTING/CLEANING

A. When replication and plasterwork is completed, remove unused materials, containers and equipment. Clean floors and adjacent surfaces of all plaster debris, including plaster droppings daily.

B. Provide final protection and maintain conditions, in a manner suitable to the RHPO, which ensure ornamental plaster being without damage or deterioration at time of substantial completion.

## END OF SECTION

Krug Activity Center Exterior Historic Repairs Kyle, Texas

## SECTION 099100 - PAINTING

# PART 1 GENERAL

### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Surface preparation and field application of paints to exterior wood trim, fascia, ornamental elements and soffits.
  - 2. Interior surfaces are Not In Contract.
- B. Related Sections:
  - 1. Division 01: Administrative, procedural, and temporary work requirements.

### 1.2 REFERENCES

- A. ASTM International (ASTM):
  - 1. D4442 Standard Test Method for Direct Moisture Content Measurement of Wood and Wood-Base Materials.
- B. Green Seal, Inc. (GS) 11 Standard for Paints and Coatings.
- C. Master Painters Institute (MPI)- Architectural Painting Specification Manual.
- D. Society for Protective Coatings (SSPC) Painting Manual.
- E. South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) Rule 1113 Architectural Coatings.

### 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittals for Review:
  - 1. Product Data: Manufacturer's data on materials proposed for use including:
    - a. Product designation and grade.
      - b. Product analysis and performance characteristics.
      - c. Standards compliance.
      - d. Material content.
    - e. Mixing and application procedures.
  - 2. Paint Schedule: Indicate types and locations of each surface, paint materials, and number of coats to be applied.
  - 3. Samples for Initial Selection: Provide two pre-mixed custom color options per original window color.

## 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Applicator Qualifications: Minimum 3 years documented experience in work of this section.
- B. Materials, Preparation, and Workmanship: Conform to MPI Painting Manual.
- C. Mockup:
  - 1. Construct mockups consisting of one 2 foot x 2 foot portion of overhang condition.
  - 2. Show: Each color and texture. Provide two pre-mixed custom color options per original trim, fascia, and soffit color.
  - 3. Provide example of full preparation. Stripping to bare wood is not included.
  - 4. Location as chosen by architect and owner
  - 5. Approved mockup may remain as part of the Work.

## 1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Container Labels: Include manufacturer's name, type of paint, brand name, lot number, brand code, coverage rates, surface preparation, drying time, cleanup requirements, color designation, and instructions for mixing and reducing.
- B. Paint Materials: Store at ambient temperature from 45 to 90 degrees F in ventilated area, or as required by manufacturer's instructions.

## 1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Do not apply materials when surface and ambient temperatures or relative humidity are outside ranges required by paint manufacturer.
- B. Maintain ambient and substrate temperatures above manufacturer's minimum requirements for 24 hours before, during, and after paint application.
- C. Do not apply materials when relative humidity is above 85 percent or when dew point is less than 5 degrees F different than ambient or surface temperature.

## 1.7 MAINTENANCE

A. Extra Materials: 5 gallons of each color and sheen.

# PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Acceptable Manufacturers – Wood trim, fascia, and soffit:

- 1. Benjamin Moore and Co. (www.benjaminmoore.com)
- 2. Devoe Paint Co. (www.devoepaint.com)
- 3. Glidden. (www.gliddenprofessional.com)
- 4. Kelly-Moore Paints. (www.kellymoore.com)
- 5. PPG Architectural Finishes, Inc. (www.pittsburghpaints.com)
- 6. Pratt and Lambert Paints. (www.prattandlambert.com)
- 7. Sherwin Williams. (www.sherwin-williams.com)
- 8. Approved Equal

# 2.2 MATERIALS

- A. Paints:
  - 1. As scheduled at end of Section, or approved substitute.
  - 2. Free from all forms of lead and mercury.
- B. Color:
  - 1. More than one color of paint may be present on the wood trim, fascia, ornamental elements and soffits. Include two custom colors in bid.
  - 2. Final color designation for each area will be established by Architect and preservation specialist during the submittal phase.
- C. Gloss Ratings:

1. Match existing gloss for each area of paint application. Using sample of actual existing paint have paint analyzed to establish gloss.

Gloss Designation	Units at 60 Degrees	Units at 85 Degrees

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10 to 25	10 to 35
20 to 35	Minimum 35
35 to 70	
70 to 85	
Minimum 85	
	10 to 25 20 to 35 35 to 70 70 to 85 Minimum 85

# 2.3 ACCESSORIES

A. Accessory Materials: Paint thinners and other materials required to achieve specified finishes; commercial quality.

## 2.4 MIXES

- A. Deliver paints pre-mixed and pre-tinted. Provide two pre-mixed custom color options per original trim, fascia, ornamental elements and soffits color.
- B. Uniformly mix to thoroughly disperse pigments.
- C. Do not thin in excess of manufacturer's recommendations.
- D. Re-mix paint during application; ensure complete dispersion of settled pigment and uniformity of color and gloss.

# PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Shop primer should be part of a single manufacture's system.
- B. Measure moisture content of surfaces using electronic moisture meter. Do not apply coatings unless moisture content of surfaces are below following maximums:
  - 1. Wood: 15 percent, measured to ASTM D4442.

# 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. General:
  - 1. Protect adjacent surfaces by masking.
  - 2. Remove, or mask, hardware prior to preparing surfaces or finishing.
  - 3. Correct defects and clean surfaces capable of affecting work of this section.
- B. Aluminum: SSPC Method SP1 Solvent Cleaning.
- C. Exterior Wood:
  - 1. Remove dust, grit, and foreign matter.
  - 2. Seal knots, pitch streaks, and sappy sections.
- D. Existing Surfaces:
  - 1. Remove loose, flaking, powdery, and peeling paints.
  - 2. Lightly sand glossy painted surfaces.

- 3. Fill holes, cracks, depressions and other imperfections with patching compound; sand flush with surface.
- 4. Remove oil, grease, and wax by scraping; solvent wash and thoroughly rinse.
- 5. Remove rust by wire brushing to expose base metal.

# 3.3 APPLICATION

- A. Re-paint the exterior wood elements that include the trim, fascia, ornamental elements and soffits.
- B. Apply paints in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- C. Apply primer or first coat closely following surface preparation to prevent recontamination.
- D. Do not apply finishes to surfaces that are not dry.
- E. Apply coatings to minimum dry film thickness recommended by manufacturer.
- F. Apply each coat of paint slightly darker than preceding coat unless specified otherwise.
- G. Apply coatings to uniform appearance without laps, sags, curtains, holidays, and brush marks.
- H. Allow applied coats to dry before next coat is applied.
- I. When required on deep and bright colors apply an additional finish coat to ensure color consistency.
- J. Match final coat to approved color samples.
- K. Stripping of the trim, fascia, ornamental elements and soffits to bare wood is not included. Wood trim, fascia, ornamental elements and soffits are to be scraped and sanded such that only sound original paint exists.

## 3.5 CLEANING

A. Mask adjacent surfaces prior to painting. Remove masking once painting is completed.

# END OF SECTION